

He will also keep... as swine, cattle... trespassing on his... and destroying... hay, during the... and he will then... good his stock is...

our is worth a... of would-be... only call to get... or to drive home... es that have been... community in the... —Corr.

small onion, chop... e, cooked in rapid... drain and add 1... d parsley.

—2 cups mashed... d salt, 2 teaspoons... oons hot milk, beat... baking powder and... to roll out, using... ard instead of flour...

—1 cup granted car... ed onions, 2 cups... 4 cups of boiling... per. Boil till cook... tleken with 2 table... 2 tablespoons mar... s chopped parsley.

—The Dominion government's... new steamers are to be put into... commission for the development of... the foreign trade of Canada. Three... vessels of 8,100 tons capacity will... be ready this month and will be... used wherever there is a demand... for space.

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St. Peters Bote, the oldest Catholic newspaper in Saskatchewan, is published every Wednesday at Muenster, Sask. It is an excellent advertising medium. SUBSCRIPTION: \$2.00 per year, payable in advance. Single numbers 5 cents. ADVERTISING RATES: Transient advertising 50 cents per inch for first insertion, 25 cents per inch for subsequent insertions. Reading notices 10 cents per line. Display advertising \$1.00 per inch for 4 insertions, \$10.00 per inch for one year. Discount on large contracts. Legal Notices 12 cts. per line nonpareil 1st insertion, 8 cts. later ones. No advertisement admitted at any price, which the publishers consider unsuited to a Catholic family paper. Address all communications to ST. PETERS BOTE, Muenster, Sask., Canada.

St. Peters Bote. Ein Familienblatt zur Erbauung und Belehrung. The oldest Catholic newspaper of Saskatchewan, recommended by Rt. Rev. Bishop Pascal of Prince Albert and + Most Rev. Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, and published by the Benedictine Fathers of St. Peter's Abbey at Muenster, Saskatchewan, Canada. VOLUME 15 No. 48 MUESTER, SASK., WEDNESDAY JANUARY 15, 1919. WHOLE No. 776

St. Peters Bote is published every Wednesday. Contributions, Advertisements or changes in advertisements should reach us not later than the preceding Saturday in order to be inserted in the next following issue. Notices of change of address should contain not only the new address, but also the old one. SUBSCRIPTION: \$2.00 per year, payable in advance. Single numbers 5 cents. Remittances should be made only by Registered Letter, Postal Note or by Money Order, payable at Muenster, Sask. Address all communications: ST. PETERS BOTE, Muenster, Sask., Canada.

In The Wake Of The War

LONDON, Jan. 5. — The past week has witnessed a strong and general demand from the most influential British newspapers for the prompt meeting of the peace conference and prompt action to stem the tide of chaos which is threatening Germany because of Bolshevism.

WARSAW, Jan. 5. — Members of the Conservative and Liberal parties of Poland, under the leadership of Prince Eustace Hapich, made an attempt early today to gain control of the government, because General Pilsudski, dictator, refused to re-organise the cabinet and admit other parties than the socialists.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 5. — Riga is in the hands of the Lithuanian soviet troops according to a wireless dispatch from the Russian Bolshevik headquarters received here.

PARIS, Jan. 6. — President Poincare will probably visit the United States late in July or early in August. This announcement was made by the president himself.

LONDON, Jan. 6. — The Dutch government, according to an official announcement made today, has met favorably the request of the British government that facilities be granted for the transport of provisions for troops of occupation in Germany through Dutch waterways, particularly the Scheldt, and for the use of this river for the passage of demobilisation of troops returning home.

COBLENZ, Jan. 6. — Ten million marks arrived here from Berlin today by special train, this sum being the first payment by the German government of the 25,000,000 marks due in January for the expenses of the American army of occupation. The arrival of today's shipment makes a total of 64,000,000 marks which has been turned over to the American authorities.

SOFIA, Jan. 6. — Bulgaria's losses in the war were: Killed and missing, 101,224; Wounded, 1,152,399; Prisoners, 10,825. These figures do not include the losses during the retreat from Macedonia, when many died of influenza, exhaustion and famine, and 90,000 were taken prisoner. There is a serious development of spotted typhus fever in Bulgaria, more than 400 cases having been found in Sofia.

is 894 feet long and will carry eight 15-inch guns.

PARIS, January 7. — President Wilson has completed his swing through England and Italy, returning to Paris at ten o'clock this morning. The president is ready for the gathering of the premiers and statesmen of the entente powers.

AMERONGEN, Jan. 7. — Wilhelm Hohenzollern was able to walk about in the garden at Amerongen Castle today for the first time in several weeks.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8. — Loyal Russian troops of the Omsk Government defeated a large Bolshevik army, capturing 31,000 prisoners and large quantities of war material, according to a telegram from Omsk to the Russian Minister at Stockholm.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8. — Casualties in the French army, excluding colonial troops, up to Nov. 1st, were 4,762,800, according to official figures made public today by the French high commission. Men killed in action or died of wounds numbered 1,028,000, and to this total must be added 299,000 listed as missing and given up for lost, making a total of 1,327,800. The number of wounded was 3,000,000 with 435,000 listed as prisoners. Three-fourths of the wounded have recovered, so as to be fit to work again. Slightly less than 700,000 are absolutely unable to work and have been pensioned. To this figure must be added those who will come back from prison camps in Germany unfit.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 9. — A state of siege has been proclaimed in Berlin. The proclamation probably was made by the Ebert government.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 9. — Serious Spartacus riots are going on in Dresden, Brunswick, Essen and Dortmund, according to the Munich correspondent of the Politiken. Several towns are in the hands of the Spartacans.

COPENHAGEN, January 9. — Government troops have occupied all the public buildings in Berlin and thousands of government troops are still entering there.

LONDON, Jan. 9. — The United States, Great Britain and Italy have agreed upon a plan for taking over German passenger tonnage. The plan will be laid before the German and allied armistice commissions next Monday.

LONDON, Jan. 9. — Germany has fallen behind in the last month in turning over material required by the terms of the armistice. A checking date shows a shortage of 685 heavy guns, 7,000 machine guns, 1,000 trench mortars, 600 airplanes, 4,736 engines, 5,000 motor lorries, and 130,000 railroad cars.

PARIS, Jan. 9. — The meeting of the supreme war council, which has been set for the end of this week, probably will be postponed a few days because of the absence of the principal members.

BASEL, Jan. 9. — A dispatch from Prague dated Wednesday, says that an attempt has been made to assassinate Dr. Kramarz, premier of Czechoslovakia.

LONDON, Jan. 10. — The new Cabinet of Premier Lloyd George was announced tonight. It presents few surprises. The question the British newspapers are asking is whether Mr. Lloyd George will rule his Cabinet, or whether his Conservative advisers will dominate him. The majority of the members of the Cabinet in high places are Conservatives, notably Andrew Bonar Law, Earl Curzon, Arthur J. Balfour and Viscount Milner. Only four years ago their party regarded Mr. Lloyd George as the Conservatives today regard the Bolsheviks.

LONDON, Jan. 10. — Representatives of the four great Allied powers have been in conference in Paris for the past two days. President Wilson, as he was careful to state, acting as prime minister of the United States and not as the head of a nation, took part directly in these conferences, in which he met the premiers of France and Italy.

METZ, Jan. 10. — A large crowd paraded before the Grand Ducal Palace in Luxembourg today requesting the abdication of the Grand Duchess and the proclamation of a republic. A committee on public safety has been appointed and quiet is being maintained everywhere in Luxembourg.

BERLIN, January, 10. — The position of the Ebert-Scheidemann government is growing stronger every hour, while the number of insurgent demonstrators is rapidly diminishing, it was officially announced today. Fighting between government and Spartacan forces continued for possession of the newspaper offices, railway stations and other important buildings. Government troops recaptured the imperial printing works and the military supplies offices. All fighting ended in favor of the government, it was stated. The Spartacans still held a majority of the newspaper plants.

LONDON, Jan. 11. — Karl Liebknecht was shot in the head and instantly killed during Thursday's fighting in Berlin according to a German government official.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 11. — According to a Berlin telegram the Spartacan workers at Essen have resolved upon a general strike on January 19th in order to prevent the elections to the national assembly.

COLOGNE, Jan. 11. — One result of the renewed outbreak of violence in Berlin is a political compromise between the Catholics and the liberal industrial party here in Cologne, with the view of making common cause against the socialists.

OTTAWA, Jan. 11. — The order passed on Sept. 25th, 1918, respecting unlawful associations and publications, has been amended by requiring the assent to, or the approval of, any prosecution under the regulations by the attorney-general of the province in which the offence is alleged to have been committed,

and by giving the accused the right to elect whether he shall be tried by a magistrate or a jury.

BERLIN, Jan. 11. — George Ledebur and Ernest Mayor, independent socialists, have been arrested by officers and soldiers.

PARIS, January, 12. — Premier Lloyd George and the British delegates to the peace conference have arrived here.

LONDON, Jan. 12. — Fighting has been resumed in Berlin according to advices from Copenhagen. The Spartacan losses since the outbreak of the revolution are about 1,300 persons killed.

PARIS, Jan. 12. — The inaugural sitting of the peace conference will be held on Jan. 20th.

LONDON, Jan. 12. — Ignace Jan Paderewski, the Polish leader has been slightly wounded by an assassin, who entered the room of his hotel at Warsaw and fired one shot at him.

BASEL, Jan. 12. — Numerous persons were killed or wounded in Regensburg, Bavaria, during the fighting Friday afternoon.

Canadian News

Saskatchewan

REGINA. — Orders were received from Ottawa by Inspector J. H. Reid of the Dominion police, to disband the force immediately. About thirty members are affected by the order, including two sub-inspectors and one chief inspector.

The year 1918 has been one of unusual activity for the Saskatchewan Provincial police. Nine murder cases have been dealt with, and in every case the murderer has been brought to justice, or the one charged with the crime is now awaiting trial.

Alexander Beaudreau, of Carleton, former M. L. A. for Thunder Creek constituency, in the Saskatchewan legislative assembly, died on a C. P. R. train while en route to Rochester, Minn., where he was going for an operation.

There was an outbreak of smallpox in the city, three cases having been discovered. All known contacts with these cases being vaccinated and every precaution is being taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

On Jan. 8, the Legislature met again and passed the Martin Bill prohibiting the teaching of all languages than English and French in the government schools and greatly restricting the teaching of French.

resolutions, granting faculties to Ukrainian priests, who would join them (C), and condemning the Martin government for its legislation against foreign languages and for appointing Dr. Anderson as director of education for non-British settlements.

W. G. Wright, former secretary-treasurer for the rural municipality of Mount Hope, was committed to trial by magistrate J. McCullum in provincial police court at Semans. He was also sent up for trial on a charge of fraudulently dealing with public property.

RAMA. — Ilko Tortiak, who lived six miles from here, was shot dead, his wife was wounded in the head and left for dead, and their daughter dragged through the snow for over half a mile to a barn, outraged and held a prisoner. The culprit, Iwan Wolk, was later caught by the provincial police. After his arrest he is alleged to have admitted the crimes.

Alberta

EDMONTON. — As Mrs. Haskell and her friend, Miss Stewart, were entering a local department store, they were attacked by a vicious dog. Mrs. Haskell was severely bitten on the leg, and the services of a doctor were required to dress the injury. Miss Stewart was bitten on the hand.

PEACE RIVER. — It is feared that George McNab, a farmer of Griffin Creek, who left with a team and cutter December 18th, has lost his life. A trapper coming down from the region northwest of the settlement discovered the cutter upset on the trail and the team some distance off in the woods, and no sign of the driver. Mr. McNab, a brother of the Hon. A. P. McNab, cabinet minister for Saskatchewan, was a bachelor.

CALGARY. — Albert J. Wadlow, engineer, died in the General hospital, of burns suffered in a wreck on the C. N. R. when a snow plow crashed into a freight train head on. Tethill, the fireman, who was painfully scalded, is reported doing well.

Manitoba

WINNIPEG. — Hon. Valentine Winkler, minister of agriculture, announced recently that he estimated his department would require \$500,000 during 1919 to carry on the various enterprises which have been started.

In Manitoba, during the first ten months of the past year, 12,557 births were recorded by the provincial statistician. 3,376 marriages were recorded. Deaths ranked second with 3,798.

Freight shipments over Canadian National railways, including the Canadian Northern and Canadian Government railways, in future will be handled through the freight sheds now occupied by the C. N. R.

over 1917. The males born in 1918 numbered 3,040 and females 2,808, which is about the same percentage as in previous years. Marriages totalled 2,070, the lowest on record in many years. In 1917 they numbered 2,358.

Fred Shaid, of Arborg, snatched a lady's purse in the fifteen cent store the other day in a crowd, and was followed by a customer out on to the sidewalk, where he was pointed out to a policeman and arrested. He was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Ontario

OTTAWA. — Announcement is made from Ottawa that it is not intended to retain the Siberian force in the Far East longer than 12 months following the signing of the armistice.

Preliminary steps have been taken with the formation in view of a Liberal association for Eastern Ontario. A meeting of delegates from each of the Eastern Ontario ridings has been called for Jan. 14. The meeting is to be held in Ottawa.

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