# RECIPROCITY WILL BENEFIT EVERYONE

## WINNIPEG ALDERMAN APPROVES AGREEMENT

### Middle West Will Vote for Freer Trade—Hypocrisy of the Annexation Cry

Alderman R. C. McDonald, of Winnipeg, who is a guest at the Empress hotel, while completing some business on Vancouver Island, where he has considerable financial interests, had a long talk Tuesday with a Times representative about the reciprocity agreement, and its effect on the industries of British Columbia, as well as the broader question as it affects the Dominion as a whole.

As one who has had a good opportunity of knowing the trend of public opinion in the Middle West, and particularly of the men who have a large stake in the country, he said the feeling was overwhelming in favor of reciprocity, and he expected Sir Wilfrid Laurier to be returned by a majority of between forty and fifty at the coming election. There would be defections here and there, he said, and the Bourassa influence in Quebec was likely to jeopardise some dozen seats, but taking the country throughout many Conservatives had assured him they should vote Liberal on Sept. 21, not because of a change in their general sentiment in matters political, but because of the Liberal party representing in this election the reciprocity issue.

He did not expect to see many changes in Manitoba itself, although one or two of the present Conservative seats would be recovered on the reciprocity issue alone. In Winnipeg there had been a surprising variation in public sentiment, and in J. H. Ashdown, the party had a candidate who had become wealthy without any of the devious ways of close corporations, a self-made man who had acquired his money by honest energy and ability, and who represented an ideal available to every Canadian of determination. Again, the lists in Manitoba would be clean this year, through being made up recently under Dominion auspices, the whole batches of hotel mens' absentee votes being thrown out on this occasion, and this would give the Liberals an opportunity in the province which they had not possessed in recent years. Just before leaving he was assured the chances of the Liberal candidate were excellent, and Winnipeg would certainly return to the Liberal column.

As a Canadian he resented deeply, and he believed the people would at the polls, the declarations of Conservative speakers that they were endangering their nationality by seeking to do more trade with their neighbors to the south. The British spirit was so strong that he believed the Opposition themselves did not believe the fears they used as a bogey.

The Canadian love of law and order made our people observe cheerfully laws which were obeyed on the other side of the border; a great difference existed between "observe" and "obey." The day must come when the United States would cease to be an exporting nation. Their wheat crop had fallen back from 850 to 650 million bushels, while the population was increasing from about 70 to 90 millions, and the whole tendency was for the line of wheat culture to roll back northward, and with it must come the people to cultivate the soil.

In consequence large parties of Americans were coming to Saskatchewan and Alberta yearly, and as a member of a real estate firm in Winnipeg, advertising largely in the States, he had not found one man who had come north by their agency to settle on the Canadian prairies who longed for annexation or absorption because he had been brought up in the southern half of this continent. The American immigrants saw that the laws were better preserved, and life and property was more secure.

To them in Winnipeg the effect of reciprocity on the grain dealers and brokers was one of great importance, as the Winnipeg Grain Exchange was one of the largest in the world. He believed there would be just as much business done eastward over the lines to Fort William in handling the grain as ever before, even with reciprocity.

The farmers in the south raised a soft wheat which must be mixed with the Manitoba No. 1 hard to get a good milling quality wheat, and they must pay the price for it. Last year a broker from Virginia had come to Winnipeg, and bought 75,000 bushels in order to mix with his softer qualities. He had to have it, duty or no duty. The price of grain was fixed in Liverpool, and not Minneapolis, and whatever the American brokers might do under reciprocity the price to the farmer would remain dependent on European quotations.

The railways were making much of the danger to their east-and-west trade, but they should bear in mind that while articles might be bought, say, in Seattle which now came from Montreal the difference between the present high prices under a tariff, and the new price under the reduced list which the consumer saved, would enable him to do business in other commodities which the railways would carry, and any loss they might suffer would be more than made up in the general business development of the country. He could not possibly see how trading with another ninety millions of people could affect the patriotism of Canada. The Canadian and the American might come to understand one another more readily, but they would not feel any special affection for one anothers' flags because they exchanged butter and eggs at lower rates. What Canada wanted was population and capital, and these requisites the United States had to offer them.

Certain isolated industries must suffer under any tariff scheme, but he confidently believed the whole population would benefit. The market of the Middle West was of the greatest importance to British Columbia, and how could it suffer from closer trade relations with the United States? Lumber might be a little cheaper to the prairie homesteader, but the people would have a larger market across the line to level up prices, and it was significant that already lumber men in Washington were forecasting all sorts of dire results with the adoption of reciprocity, and threatening to have to close up their mills.

Turning to civic matters in Winnipeg, with which he has been closely identified for some years, he said the commanding question at the present time was the proposed purchase of the street railway from the Mackenzie interests, the terms of which he did not agree with, as it left too much to the valuers, and the danger was that the city in paying 12 1-2 millions was giving too much for a franchise, the value of which at the present time they did not really know.

The power would be available from Lac du Bonnet this week, and, for the 19,000 units to commerce, there would be immediate demand, so fast were the industries of Winnipeg extending. Facilities would be available at the Falls to reach 60,000 units. The high pressure fire protection system would also shortly be extended to safeguard more adequately the centre of the city. Winnipeg was moving very fast in industrial and commercial lines, and nothing could stay its growth.

WEDDING TRAGEDY.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 13.—When William Fisher opened fire on a wedding party near Springfield, Tenn., in an attempt to prevent the wedding of his niece to Benjamin Manlow, Manlow returned the fire, killing Fisher instantly.

The party then repaired to the home of a parson, where the wedding knot was tied. Fisher was the only member of the bride's family who did not favor Manlow's suit. No prosecution is expected.

# WILL SELL ELECTRIC POWER TO BLAINE

### B. C. Electric Company to Erect Large Station Near International Line

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—G. H. Westcott of Blaine, has closed a deal for an acre of land at the international boundary line where the British Columbia Electric Railway Company will build a large electric station to commence the sale of electric power to the city of Blaine. This company, which controls all electric railroads and power lines in British Columbia, has built three power lines to the international boundary and proposes to sell power at a rate of two cents per kilowatt. Blaine now has a municipal plant which gives a lighting service only and the new arrangement will give the city its first electric power.

The company has selected an acre at the intersection of the international highway and it will invest in the neighborhood of $20,000 in a concrete station and equipment.

This company has now a railway line within seven miles of Blaine. It proposes to extend that line to Blaine as quickly as the Nooksack Valley Traction Company builds its proposed interurban from Bellingham to Blaine and thence to Sumas via Lynden. This line is practically assured of early construction, since J. Edward Walter, the London civil engineer sent out by the British underwriters, has reported favorably on the project and the contracts are now being arranged.

In the meantime the Dominion government has given the British Columbia company license to export 10,000 electric horse-power and the power station will be supplying Blaine by January 1. The power comes from Coquitlam lake.

DONCASTER RACES.

Doncaster, Eng., Sept. 13.—Racing opened here yesterday on the famous heath. J. B. Joel was to some extent compensated for the scratching of his Derby winner from the St. Leger by the victory of the colt's own brother, White Star, in the Champagne stakes, one of the most important of the two-year-old events of the season. White Star was a warm favorite at 6 to 4. Meldoy, 10 to 1, was second and Jingling Geordie, 11 to 4, was third. The race is worth over £1,500 to the winner, and is run over five furlongs, 152 yards. The Great Yorkshire handicap, £1,000, one mile six furlongs, resulted in a dead heat between Toyshop, 9 to 4, and Rodean, 5 to 4, Carbiner, 5 to 4, being third. These were the only starters.

NANAIMO ATHLETIC CLUB.

Nanaimo, Sept. 12.—Carpenters are rushing work on repairs and improvements to the Athletic Club building. In order to make the institution first class and put it in a position to do good work it has been necessary to make an expenditure of a large sum of money. With this object in view the management and members of the club have started a campaign with the object of raising $10,000 by way of subscription and so liberal has been the response to this demand the goal arrived at has been reached and the amount called for even exceeded.


## TOBACCO HABIT

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few days. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price $2.

## LIQUOR HABIT

Marvellous results from taking his remedy for the liquor habit. Safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections, no publicity, no loss of time from business, and a cure guaranteed.

Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 75 Yonge street, Toronto, Canada.


# CRIPPLE FROM RHEUMATISM

## NOW IN PERFECT HEALTH THANKS TO 'FRUIT-A-TIVES'

"Vancouver B. C. Feb. 1, 1910.

"I am well acquainted with a man, known to thousands in Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster, who for nearly a year was practically a cripple from Rheumatism. He was so troubled with the disease that he found it difficult to even turn over in bed. His heart appeared so weak that he could hardly walk up stairs.

"Last June he received a sample of 'Fruit-a-tives.' He used them and dates his recovery from that time. To-day there is no man in Vancouver enjoying better health.

"He was building a house this fall and shingled a good part of the roof in a driving rain, without suffering any bad effects.

"JOHN B. LACY."

Mr. E. E. Mills (assistant postmaster at Knowlton, Que.), also writes:

"I honestly believe that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the greatest Rheumatism cure in the world." Try it yourself.

Fifty cents a box, 6 for $2.50; trial size, 25c. At dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

# JAMES THOMSON GETS HIGHER APPOINTMENT

### Popular Hudson's Bay Official Becomes Company's Land Commissioner at Winnipeg

James Thomson, manager of the Hudson's Bay Company in Victoria and in charge of the British Columbia district and the steamship service of the company, has been appointed land commissioner for the company with headquarters at Winnipeg.

He has been stationed at Victoria for many years. He recently made his annual inspection of posts in the northern part of the province, and then went to Winnipeg to consult with the other officials regarding his new appointment.

Mr. Thomson is one of the best informed men on British Columbia, having travelled it extensively from time to time in connection with the business of the company. His departure from Victoria will be generally regretted, not only at the headquarters on Wharf street, but in the city and the province generally.

Mr. Thomson's promotion is the matter for congratulations from merchants. The name of his successor here has not yet been announced.

VICTIM OF AUTO WRECK.

Binghampton, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Miss Carola Woerishoffer, 26 years of age, daughter of the late Charles S. Woerishoffer, of New York, heiress to millions, suffered injuries from which she died in an automobile accident near Cannonsville. A woman companion escaped unhurt. Miss Woerishoffer was touring the state investigating labor conditions for the Women's Trades Union League.

# LARGE SMELTER TO BE BUILT AT NELSON

### A. G. French Says Experiments With New Process Have Been Success

Nelson, B. C., Sept. 12.—A. Gordon French, the noted metallurgical chemist, announces that the experiments which he has been conducting in Nelson for some months past with a view to discovering a satisfactory treatment of refractory zinc ores of the Kootenay have been crowned with complete success and that the recently-formed French Complex Ore Reduction Company, Limited, of Vancouver, has determined to erect in Nelson a large smelter for treatment of ores by the new process. The experiments have been watched with the keenest interest by mining men and its success will be of vast importance to the mining industry of the interior, as they will remove the greatest impediment to the prosperity of many of the districts. In many mines having large bodies of ore, operation has been handicapped and in some cases made unprofitable by the penalty imposed by smelters on zinc.

The new process is expected to render working of huge bodies containing millions of tons of ore profitable and will mean a tremendous increase in mining activity in which Slocan and Kootenay will benefit enormously.

In connection with the new smelter it is proposed to erect a factory for the manufacture of dry batteries. Zinc which will also be produced from the zinc extracted by the new process, and mangenese dioxide will be a by-product.

Mr. French has many important inventions to his credit and is well known to mining and smelter men in Great Britain, Canada and the United States. Mr. French also announces that platinum, palladium, and iridium are undoubtedly present in paying quantities in the dyke of the Granite-Poorman mine. He was the first discoverer of these metals and his discovery, ridiculed at the time by persons who had only a theoretical knowledge of conditions, has since proven to be correct.

SHOT BY PERSONS UNKNOWN.

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—The jury, inquiring into the death of John J. McDonald, who met his death at Powell river on September 3, while out on a shooting expedition, brought in a verdict to the effect that the deceased came to his death as the result of a rifle shot fired at some distance from the deceased by some person unknown. Some of the witnesses testified that they had entertained the idea that the deceased might have himself fired the shot that resulted in his death, but the testimony of the doctor who performed the post-mortem, showed that the bullet had struck the deceased in the back. Other witnesses, who were with McDonald when he met his death, said that they had seen no smoke from the deceased's rifle and that it was impossible for him to have fired the shot himself without them being aware of it.

# ANNUAL FAIR AT NEW WESTMINSTER

### Will Be Opened on October 3—Horse Show New Feature of Exhibition

New Westminster, Sept. 12.—The annual agricultural and horticultural show will be held in this city from October 3 to 7. During the past month entries from all parts of the Province of British Columbia have been pouring into the offices of the management.

Twenty-five thousand dollars will be paid out in prize money to the successful exhibitors, together with hundreds of special prizes consisting of medals, diplomas, ribbons, and articles of value which have been contributed by the larger manufacturing firms. Fruits, dairying and horticulture are given their place, while the fine arts and industrial display of Canadian staple articles of commerce is representative of the whole Dominion.

the first annual horse show will be one of the added attractions of the 1911 show. Owing to unforseen circumstances it was impossible to finish the construction of a mammoth horse show building so that the show will probably be held under canvas.

# HUMBOLDT ROBBERY MYSTERY CLEARED UP

### Man Serving Term for Fraud Has Confessed—Additional Indictments Expected

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—The confession of Charles Everett, alias John P. Blocker, a bank swindler who has operated under many aliases and who victimized the People's Savings Bank in this city last year under the name of Roy R. Thorpse, has cleared up the mystery of the Humboldt gold bullion robbery of August 10, 1910. As a result of this confession Frank Barrett and Orville Cabaniss, known as members of the gang, and one well known man and one woman, it is predicted, will be indicted for robbery on the high seas. Another well known Seattle man, and two others not so well known, say Burns detectives, will be charged with blackmail.

To date $15,000 of the stolen $56,000 has been recovered from the woods in the city limits where it was hidden by the robbers.

Frank Barrett, now under bond to stand trial at Portland for disposing of stolen gold, and Orville Cabaniss, now serving five years in San Quentin for the same, are two members of the Humboldt gang and have made partial confessions. The complete confession by Everett was given at Canon City, Colo., where he was recently sentenced to serve ten years for defrauding the Fremont County National Bank, clears up many points heretofore obscured, and for the first time lays bare the whole story of the Humboldt bullion robbery.

Burns detectives refused to make public the names of the local man and woman in the Humboldt case until they have placed the evidence in the hands of the grand jury. They assert that all concerned in the robbery and all the features of the case are now known to them.

REGIMENTAL ROAD RACE.

New Westminster, Sept. 12.—At a meeting of the officers of the 104th regiment it was decided to hold a five-mile road race in this city on Thanksgiving Day. It is safe to predict that the event will in future be an annual one and already there is a deal of interest being taken among the soldier boys. The event will be open to the companies at Chilliwack and Cloverdale and the officers have decided to offer a costly silver cup for competition, while gold and silver medals will be put up for those who finish in prominent positions. The premier prize will be held for one year by the team scoring the highest number of points.

# FOURTEEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE

### Float Capsizes, Throwing Men, Women and Children Into Water—All Rescued

Labor Day in Prince Rupert narrowly escaped being marred by a terrible drowning disaster. The float for transferring passengers to and from the railway grade and the Davis boathouses turned turtle about 9 p. m. Fourteen persons including two infants were thrown into ice cold water twenty feet deep, and but for the heroism of the men of the party four women and the babies might have been drowned with probably several of the men also. Providentially all escaped with their lives, but the result of the immersion and shock which threw the women into hysterics must yet be considered. One of the babies was unconscious when rescued.

The party was a part of a large one just returned from Metlakatla in the launch Roseball. They landed at 9 p. m. at the Davis float and crowded to the pulley hauled raft. The first crowd got across safely but on the second trip, the raft carrying twelve adults, four women and two infants in arms, upset. Wild shrieks for help rang out as the men and women struggled in deep water in the darkness. Those ashore did what they could to help the drowning. Mr. Davis was in his office at the moment. He rushed out to help.

With the pitiful scream of "Oh, my baby, my baby!" a woman was kept by main strength from throwing herself back into the water. Another, Mrs. McLeod, rose below the float and would have drowned but for the heroism of Alex Mackay who dived for her groping under the heavy logs of the raft. Her husband saved the baby swimming with it in his arms. The other litle one was rescued in an unconscious condition, and it took Dr. McNeil two hours of constant work to restore it to a safe state. Both mothers and both the other ladies suffered severely from shock and were in hysterics when rescued. Thanks to the prompt action of young Allen McRae who ran for McNeill after having plunged to the rescue of others, the infant's life was saved. The non-swimmers amongst the men were saved by clinging to the float and upturned raft.

FRASER MEMORIAL.

New Westminster, Sept. 12.—The bust of Simon Fraser, the discoverer of the Fraser river, which was ordered some months ago, has at last arrived, and will be erected in honor of the famous explorer in a few weeks. The pedestal, on which the bust is to rest, has been in place for a number of years, and was ceremoniously uncovered at a provincial fair. It has been suggested to unveil the monument at the fair which opens here on October 3, and arrangements toward this end may be made.

MINE MANAGER RESIGNS.

Cumberland, Sept. 12.—John Stewart, manager of the local coal mines, has resigned that important position and has left for West Virginia. The retiring manager was tendered a banquet by the colliery employees, at which he was presented with a very handsome and valuable suit case, suitably inscribed and a purse of gold.

# LOCAL COUNCIL DEBATE WORK OF THE Y.W.C.A.

### Miss Little Sketches Useful Energies of Association Among Girl Immigrants

Before the Victoria branch of the Local Council of Women yesterday Miss Stevenson, world's secretary of the W. C. T. U., told of work done in France, Belgium, Russia, Bulgaria, Turkey, and other parts of the Balkans.

Among local matters discussed was the milk supply, and Dr. Helen Ryan, for the committee, reported that the medical officer of health, Dr. G. A. B. Hall, had said that the dairies were being inspected, and the reports were favorable of a wholesome supply being afforded. However, if the householder had cause for suspicion she might send a specimen for analysis to the government bacteriologist. It appeared that inspection of cows for tuberculosis is not compulsory. The committee will continue its investigation work.

The proposed college at Coquitlam for women, as suggested by the Imperial Intelligence League, and the women's settlement at Cowichan will, it is felt, meet the need for an agricultural college for women in this province, which the Local Council wishes to see inaugurated.

The Daughters of Empire and the Canadian Club was felt to be the right bodies to deal with the inculcation of patriotism, rather than the local council. The local councils will also have to solve the problem created by the vote for provincial vice-president in consequence of which the B. C. councils are without that officer.

The finance committee will report on an application for financial assistance to the funds of the National Council, which is handicapped by lack of money at the present time. Miss Crease presided over the meeting.

KILLED BY HEAT.

Fort Smith, Ark., Sept. 13.—Cora Higginbotham, 12 years of age, of Hartford, Ark., Monday was overcome by heat and died. Temperatures in Western Arkansas and Eastern Oklahoma ranged from 95 to 100 degrees.


**RUPTURE!!** The well known HEARD TRUSS, the only reliable one for Children, Ladies and Gentlemen. Ask your Doctor or Druggist. Made and Fitted by T. MacN. JONES, 1218 Fort. Consultation Free. Phone 1472.


# NO SETTLEMENT YET OF V. & S. TROUBLE

### Council Committee Will Recommend Non-Acceptance of the G. N. Proposition

Mayor Morley has put an effective spike in the proposal to have the debt of the Victoria & Sidney Railway Company liquidated by the Great Northern, which concern is understood to be taking over the local road, paying the sum of $29,000, which sum has been given by the company as representing the earnings of the road over and above the operating expenses.

At a recent meeting of the council a committee was appointed to investigate the matter, and it is now understood that as a result of their deliberations the committee's report will not favor the acceptance of the proposition. It is probable, in view of this situation, that the city will endeavor to negotiate with the company for the gradual payment of the whole debt, which amounts to $170,000.

The idea of having the debt paid off in instalments was made by Mayor Morley when the matter was first discussed in the council chamber on the report of the city solicitor. He saw no reason why they should hustle the company into a speedy settlement, if by exercising patience it could get its money back.

Of course it is possible that the Great Northern will not consider this at all. They claim that while they now hold an operating lease on the road they are not the owners. When this defence was first put up it was suggested that it represented a dodge to evade the payment of debt, a suggestion which was resented by the company. In the event of the company failing to negotiate for better terms from the city, or failing to take over the road and assume the full responsibility for its debts, the only thing remaining for the city to do is to take over the road itself and sell it to the highest bidder, a course which does not commend itself to the mayor on account of the simple fact that the price likely to be realized in that way would scarcely justify such drastic action.

# ANGLICANS ARE TO REVISE PRAYER BOOK

### Amended Copies Will Be Submitted at Next Meeting of General Synod

London, Ont., Sept. 13.—The General Synod of the Anglican church has passed a recommendation of the committee on the adoption of the book of common prayer. By so doing the first step was taken in remodelling the prayer book to meet the needs of the Canadian church and the requirements of Canadian associations, something that one wing of the church has been agitating for in many synods for years.

The recommendation was not passed without bitter opposition, however. The evening session was devoted to the business end of the new prayer book and finally it was adopted that the Cambridge press would have copies of the new amended prayer book ready for the next general synod.

The Ne Temere was brought up at the morning session, Hon. S. M. Blake, of Toronto, making two motions, first to have the joint committee appointed from both the upper and lower houses of the General Synod to confer with other religious bodies to conduct the fullest investigation into the matter and to recommend any change in legislation to remedy the existing evils of the marriage law. The second was a memorial to the government to set aside the Court of Exchequer as a court to which all questions of the validity of marriage would be referred. Messrs. Jones, K. C., of Toronto, and Davidson, LL.D., of Montreal, lead the opposition against the resolutions, both declaring that the Ne Temere decree did not affect the marriage laws of Quebec, decisions and rulings on the cases in question being made on the civil law of the province, which had been broken when the marriage contract had not been solemnized in the manner prescribed by that city's civil law. The debate was a warm one.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC SYSTEM.

Prince Rupert, Sept. 12.—The light and water committee presented a report on the starting up stages of the hydro-electric scheme at a recent meeting of the city council. Its recommendations were first that the necessary surveys should be made, the blasting at the Shawatlans outflow arranged for, the trenching work within the city started, the Acropolis Hill reservoir surveyed again with a view to completion, and two extra engineers looked out to assist with the work. Accompanying the report which was adopted by the council, is a report by the city engineer on the first stages of the development of the Woodworth hydro-electric scheme.

First of all it is necessary to run a contour line around Woodworth lakeside 30 feet above the level of the lake to prepare for the letting of station gang contracts for clearing the timber there. Then particular surveys must be made at Shawatlans lake and through the valley of the creek up to Woodworth down which the pipe line is to come instead of by the line originally run for it had the scheme been for water supply only. On the city side of Shawatlans Passage trenches for the pipes must be excavated.

This is the first work that can be done and City Engineer Davis recommends that it be got going as soon as possible as it may be possible to supply the city with water from Shawatlans Lake before the Woodworth pipe line is completed by transferring the pumping engine from Morse Creek to Shawatlans. The survey and construction of the Acropolis Hill reservoir also included in Colonel Davis's report on which the water committee's report is based.

ALLEGED SWINDLER ARRESTED

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 12.—S. A. Potter, alias George W. Pest, said by federal officers to be one of the best known gold brick and green goods confidence men in the world, was arrested by Chief Lowoody, division superintendent of the department of justice on a charge of operating a confidence game.

Potter and two companions, for whom federal officers are searching, are said to have netted $1,500,000 in the past few years by the operation of their schemes.


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# EPPS'S COCOA

Its fine invigorating qualities suit people of all ages.

**Rich in cocoa butter,** and **FREE FROM CHEMICALS**

Epps's Cocoa is the favourite cocoa of a million homes.

*Children thrive on "EPPS'S."*


LAND ACT

DISTRICT OF COAST, RANGE 3

Take notice that G. R. Talbot, of Victoria, B. C., gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner of L. 125 on the north side of Neclestscon river, N. Bentinck Arm, near Bella Coola government wharf, thence north along west boundary of L. 257 20 chains, thence west 20 chains more or less to L. 124, thence south 20 chains more or less to Dr. Grant's lot, thence west along north boundary line of L. 125 20 chains more or less to post of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

G. R. TALBOT
By B. FILLIP JACOBSEN, Agent.
July 10th, 1911.

LAND ACT

DISTRICT OF COAST, RANGE III

Take notice that Louis Erickson of Vancouver, clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted 20 chains west of the N. W. corner of Lot 4 on the south side of North Bentick Arm on the shore line, thence south 20 chains, thence west 60 chains, thence north 20 chains more or less to shore line, thence east 60 chains following shore line to post of commencement, containi. 120 acres more or less.

LOUIS ERICKSEN
B. FILLIP JACOBSEN, Agent.
June 26th, 1911.

LAND ACT.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that Thomas Hodgson of Vancouver, B. C., teamster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the south shore of Kains Lake, about 10 chains north of the N. E. corner of Section 21, Township 29, thence south 50 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence in a southeasterly direction along the southern shore of Kains Lake to point of commencement, containing 560 acres more or less.

THOMAS HODGSON
(Agent) MARSHALL S. OULTON
August 9th, 1911.

LAND ACT.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that Herbert Westcott of Vancouver, B. C., chemist, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the northwest shore of Kains Lake, about 40 chains south of the northwest corner of Section 33, Township 29, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 50 chains to Kains Lake, thence in a northeasterly direction along the northwest shore of Kains Lake to point of commencement, containing 20 acres more or less.

HERBERT WESTCOTT
(Agent) MARSHALL S. OULTON
August 9th, 1911.

LAND ACT.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that Ernest Morris, of Vancouver, B. C., bookkeeper, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the north shore of Kains Lake on the west boundary of Section 27, Township 29, thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence in a northwesterly direction along the north shore of Kains Lake to point of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

ERNEST MORRIS
(Agent) MARSHALL S. OULTON
August 10th, 1911.

LAND ACT.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that Burpee G. Cole of Vancouver, engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the southeast shore of Kains Lake on the eastern boundary of Section 27, Township 29, thence south 60 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence 50 chains north to Kains Lake, thence in a northeasterly direction along the southern shore of Kains Lake to point of commencement, containing 440 acres more or less.

BURPEE G. COLE.
(Agent) MARSHALL S. OULTON
August 9th, 1911.

LAND ACT.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT.
DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that John Frampton of Montreal, Quebec, chef, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the northeast shore of Kains Lake, about 40 chains north of the east corner of Section 22, Township 29, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence in a southeasterly direction along the northeast shore of Kains Lake to point of commencement, containing acres more or less.

JOHN FRAMPTON.
(Agent) MARSHALL OULTON
August 10th, 1911.