The Weekly Observer.

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SAINT JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1852.

VOL. XXV.—NO. 15.

The Weekly Observer.

Published on TUESDAY, by DONALD A. CAMERON at his Office, corner of Prince William and Church Streets, over the Store of Messrs. Flewwelling & Reading.—TERMS: 15s. per annum, half in advance.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company is prepared to receive applications for Insurance against FIRE upon Buildings and other Property, at the Office of the subscriber. I. WOODWARD.

St. John, Nov. 11, 1846. *Secretary.*

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Of Boston.

No connection with Fire, Marine, or Health Insurance.

PERSONS Insured in this Company on the *Mutual* plan,—"the only plan" says Chamber's Edinburgh Journal, "which the *Public at large* are concerned to support,"—will have returned to them *all the Profits*, instead of a *portion only*, as in the *Stock* or mixed Companies.

The *advantages* offered by this Company are, *Annual Dividends* of 50 per cent., paid during the life of the party, in the order of rotation from the excess of a capital of profits of $200,000.

Parties may insure for 1 year or 7 years, for life, or until they attain the ages of 40, 50 or 60, and *for any sum* from $100 up to $5000, and at *any age* from 14 to 67.

Parties insuring for 1 or 7 years enjoy many advantages of a *mercantile* nature, at a *very small* expense.

Parties insuring for Life, can provide for those *dependent upon them*, notwithstanding *contingencies of trade*, as to which this Company's *Charter offers peculiar facilities*—See Section 9,—and those who insure until they arrive at the age of 40, 50, or 60, make a *sure provision for old age* and their families, in case of death—(the attention of the Public is *earnestly solicited to this*, and this Company's rates therefore.)

Parties may insure for Life *without profits* at a reduction of 30 per cent., from *life rates*.

Parties insuring for Life or until the ages of 40, 50 or 60, when the premiums amount to $40, can have a *credit* for half at interest, *without any increase of premium*—such *credit* for the *whole term* and not merely for the first 5 years. After payment of three premiums on surrender of Life Policy, the holder will receive its *equitable value in cash*.

This Office insures from the *nearest* birth-day, instead of the *next*, as in other offices. The Charter makes it "*unlawful to loan any sum of money to any Director or Officer of said Company upon any security whatever.*" In no case is the person insured liable beyond the amount of premium.

The Board of Finance (who are among the most reliable financiers of the country,) viz: Franklin Haven, President Merchant's Bank, Boston; Thomas Thacher, Merchant, Boston; and Ruel Williams, President Kennebec Rail Road, *superintend all investments* of the Company; 12 Directors, Hon. David Henshaw, and others.

—LOCAL REFEREES—

Boston.—Hon. Abbot Lawrence, Hon. David Henshaw, Hon. Robert G. Shaw, Hon. William Sturgis, and Hon. Charles Sumner.

Smith, Levi H. Waterhouse, athan S. DeMill, and Samuel L.

and statements of Company's affairs ice, who will receive applications and on.

IEWAY, *Barrister at Law*, St. John.
AGENT FOR NEW-BRUNSWICK.

, 1351.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON Fire & Life Insurance Company,

(Established in 1836.)

Capital £2,000,000—in Shares of Twenty Pounds.

THE Stockholders of this Company are responsible to the full extent of their property for the liabilities of the Company.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Public of New Brunswick, that the above named Company have empowered him, by a full and ample Power of Attorney, to open an Office in the City of Saint John, for the Insurance of PROPERTY against loss or damage by FIRE, in any part of the Province, and to sign and issue Policies in the name of the Company; and that in virtue of the power vested in him by the said Power of Attorney, he has appointed MR. ADAM JACK to act as Agent for the said Company, in the receiving of proposals for Insurance, and the inspection of premises proposed for Insurance, and all other the usual duties of an Agent; and to collect and receive the amount of premium on any policy issued by the undersigned in the name of the said Company, or for the renewal of the same.

The Deed of settlement, and the supplemental Deed of settlement, lies with Mr. JACK, at the Office of the *New-Brunswick Marine Assurance Company*, also the pamphlets issued by the Office at Liverpool, affording ample details of the mode of transacting business by the Company.

The rates of premium will be as low as any other respectable Company, and the undersigned trusts a fair portion of public patronage will be accorded to the Company.

Losses not exceeding £500, will be settled without referring to the head Office at Liverpool.

EDWARD ALLISON.

Dated at St. John, N. B. 4th August, 1851.

Oakum, Paints, Oils & Putty.

Landing ex *Fayside*, from London—

3 TONS London Best Parish Picked *OAKUM*;
3 casks boiled } Brandram's best Paint Oil;
3 casks raw }
2 casks No 1 } Brandram's best White Lead,
2 casks No 2 } in 56 and 28 lb. kegs;
1 cask Putty, in 14 lb. & 7lb. bladders;
20 half-chests best Congo *TEA*.

GEORGE THOMAS,
May 4. *South Market Wharf.*

SPRING SUPPLY
OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL Paper Hangings and Borders.

The subscriber has received per steamer *Admiral*, the first part of his Spring Supply of NEW and beautiful PAPER HANGINGS, which he will sell cheaper than at any other Store in the City—qualities compared.

As BORDERINGS have come into fashion, I have just opened a very handsome variety, which will be sold cheap. S. K. FOSTER.

St. John, April 3, 1852.

London Goods.

Landing ex "Fayside," from London;—

20 CHESTS fine Congo TEA,
2 chests fine Old Hyson.
5 casks Day & Martin's Blacking,
30 kegs Colman's MUSTARD,
15 boxes Blue STARCH,
1 chest E. I. INDIGO,
10 bags Black PEPPER,
Cases Cayenne Pepper, Isinglass, Sago, Salad Oil, Pickles and Sauces, &c. For sale by

April 27. JARDINE & CO.

REMOVAL.

Mr. G. BLATCH,

Barrister and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, &c.,

HAS removed to the Office adjoining that of J. M. Robinson, Esq., over Mr. J. Dougherty's store, Prince William-street.

May 11 185[illegible].

SHEFFIELD HOUSE, Market square, April 17th, 1852.

NEW GOODS, Per steamer "Canada."

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just received a large and rich assortment of GOLD JEWELLERY, consisting of new styles of BROOCHES, set with Agua-Marine Carbuncle, Topaz, Amethyst and other settings; Ladies and Gent's. Finger RINGS, set with gems and other fancy and rare stones; new patterns VEST CHAINS, in gold and silver; GOLD CHAINS and GUARDS in variety; Gold, Silver, Scotch Pebble, and Hair BRACELETS; Lockets; Watch Brooches; Watch Keys and Seals; Gold Snaps and Crosses; Gold Spectacles; Gold and Silver Pencil Cases and Tooth Picks; Gold Enamel and Cornelian Studs, latest patterns.

☞ Silver Brooches and Shawl Pins, in great variety; Silver Butter Knives and Pickle Forks; Silver Thimbles; Ladies' Companions; Fish Carvers and Cake Knives; in cases; Silver Fruit Knives; Silver sugar Spoons and Caddy Shells; Silver Knive, Fork and Spoon, in cases; Silver Rattles with Coral; Silver Bonnet Holders; Silver Card Cases; Silver Fittings for Work Boxes, &c.; Silver Taper Stands; best English Side Combs.

GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, &c.

The above Goods having been purchased in the first Markets by one of the firm, they can with confidence recommend them as being of the first quality. They are offered at such prices as will ensure a continuance of the liberal patronage hitherto enjoyed by this Establishment for the last ten years.—Having renewed the lease of their Store, and made extensive enlargements and improvements, purchasers will do well to inspect their Goods, which, when complete, will be found to consist of every variety and price, suitable to the wants and wishes of all classes.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Daily expected per Ships *Devon* and *Alciope*—55 packages, consisting of Cutlery; Plated Electro and Albata Wares; Fancy Goods, &c., &c., &c. Particulars in future advertisements.

Expected per steamer early next week—1 case English Silver Spoons, &c. April 17.—6i.

Books, Stationery, Threads, &c.

Per ship 'Royalist,' Kerr, Master, from Liverpool, Landing for the Subscriber—

6 CASES of well-assorted STATIONERY, containing Superfine and Fine Quality Foolscap; Post and Pott PAPER; Letter and Note Paper; Envelopes; Single and Double Crown Paper; a few Calf-bound Elastic Ledgers, 4 and 7 quires; Long Folio and Day Books, Calf bound, 4 and 10 quires; Gilt and Plain Metallic Books; Sacred Music Book; Songs of Scotland, &c, &c. The above well adapted for Counting-house use.

Also—3 Cases of 3 and 6 cord White Sewing THREADS, numbered from 10 to 90. 100 to 300 Yard Reels, of very best quality and description.

Will be sold low by the Subscriber,

JOHN V. THURGAR,
March 30. North Market Wharf.

Sheffield House, Market Square, April 17, 1852.

To Watchmakers, Jewellers, &c.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just opened an assortment of WATCH MATERIALS, TOOLS, &c., which they offer to the Trade at very low prices, consisting of English and Geneva Gold, Steel, and Metal WATCH HANDS—Butterfly, moon, swell, spade and other patterns; Steel Seconds; Gold and Metal centres; best Lever Fusee Chains; French do. do.; English and Geneva Hair Springs; Verge do.; Chain Hooks; Lever Staffs; Lever and Verge Screws; Case Springs and Buttons; Jewel Holes, &c.; Ruby Pins; Brass Curbs; Brass Ratchets; Geneva Ratchet Work; Indexes; Silver and G. S. Bows and Pendants; Watch Dials, Watch Glasses, Joints; Catches and Ornaments for repairing Brooches; Brooch Pins in Gold, G. S., Steel and Brass; Ear-ring hoops, Cramps, and Claws; Screw Ferrules; French Drills; Drill Stocks, self-acting do.; Pivot Broaches, Watch do.; endless screw Keys; Chamfering Tools; Calipers; Watch Pliers, cutting do.; Sliding Tongs; Hand Vices; Clams; Pinion Gauges; Dividers Hammers; Main Spring Winders; Joint Pushers, Tweezers, Burnishers, English and French Screw Drivers; drill, bow, and spring Gut, &c. &c. &c.

☞ An inspection is respectfully solicited. ☜

Apr 17.—4i.

GOODS

From London, Liverpool, &c., now landing—

900 BOXES 7x9, 8x10, 9x12 and 10x12 Sheet Window GLASS,
200 Kegs Brandram's WHITE LEAD,
200 Kegs *Hubbuck's* White ZINC PAINT,
100 Bags assorted Cut NAILS,
2000 Pieces London PAPER HANGINGS,
5 Hhds. Crushed SUGAR,
20 Barrels Dried CURRANTS,
15 Bags Black PEPPER,
6 Bales CLOVES,
20 Chests TEA,
1 Chest INDIGO; 1 bbl. NUTMEGS,
1 Case of Bottle INK,
50 Boxes Common SOAP,
20 Boxes Castile, Windsor, and Toilet SOAPS.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR,
April 27, 1852. *Prince Wm. Stree*

Guano, Pickles, &c.

Landing, ex '*Sarah Louisa*,' from Liverpool—

80 BAGS best Peruvian GUANO;
35 dozen SICKLES;
15 dozen Grass HOOKS; 10 doz. Steel Pointed SHOVELS; 10 doz. CATTLE TIES; 8 doz. GARDEN RAKES.

Ex schr. *Martha Greenow*, from Boston—

15 boxes Cummington *SCYTHE STONES*;
5 Spring Teeth Horse Rakes;
5 Revolving Horse Rakes,—with a large assortment of SNEATHS, Cradle Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, &c. &c.—For sale by

June 22. JARDINE & CO.

New Molasses.

166 HHDS., 17 Tierces, } Early Crop Molasses.

Now landing from Matanzas ex brig Zero, will be sold low while landing.

FLEWWELLING & READING.

March 16.

Brandy and Venegar.

Per *Oberon*, from Charente—

22 HHDS. Henessey's Dark and Pale BRANDY;
25 cases very old Bottled ditto;
6 casks French White Wine *VINEGAR*.

June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

SHIP'S PROVISIONS!

Beef, Pork and Bread.

LANDING ex Mary, from Boston:—40 barrels Mess BEEF; 20 barrels extra Prime PORK;
25 barrels Pilot } BREAD;
70 barrels Navy }
In bond, for Ships' Stores.

Sept. 7. GEORGE THOMAS.

Window Glass and Champagne.

Landing this day by schr. 'Charles' from Halifax:

100 BOXES WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes, 10x8 to 15x11;
20 Baskets Sparkling CHAMPAGNE.

Daily expected from Glasgow:—

200 Boxes TOBACCO PIPES;
3 cases COTTON REELS.

JOHN V. THURGAR,
Sept 7, 1852. North Market Wharf.

CORNER OF KING & GERMAIN STREETS.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES BURRELL

HAS received per *St. John* from Glasgow, *Fayside* from London, *Alciope* and *Devon* from Liverpool, and also from the United States—a choice assortment of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, viz:

LONG & SQUARE SHAWLS;

DRESS MATERIALS—In fancy Delaines; Cachmeres: Circassian Cloth; Orleans; Coburgs; Printed Muslins; black and coloured Silks.

An excellent assortment of STRAW BONNETS; French and English Bonnet and Cap RIBBONS;
Artificial Flowers; Parasols;
5-4 *PRINTED COTTONS*, choice patterns;
Grey and White Cottons; Red and White Flannels; Cotton Warps, Wadding and Batting;
Bed Ticks; Regatta Shirtings;
LINENS, LAWNS, Hollands, Towellings, Diapers, Table Cloths, Linen GINGHAMS;
CLOTHS, TROWSERINGS & VESTINGS;
Counterpanes, Toilette Covers;
Worsted and Cotton FRINGES;
Furniture Dimity; MUSLINS; Harnes Filled Book Muslin; HOSIERY and GLOVES in great variety; Thread and Cotton Laces, Edgings and Insertions; Infant's Robes, Frock Bodies and Caps; Sewed Muslin Habit Shirts, Chemizetts and Collars;
Black and Coloured Veils;
Fancy Neck Ties;
Patent Elastic Bands;
Hair Nets and Platts;
Co'rd and White Stays.
Gents. Linen SHIRTS, FRONTS, and COLLARS, in newest patterns;
Silk Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs;
UMBRELLAS, Braces, Spring *STOCKS*; *BRUSHES*, Combs, SMALLWARES, &c. &c. &c.

MILLINERY.

The Subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to his present STOCK OF GOODS, which having been carefully selected will be sold Wholesale and Retail at the lowest prices for Cash.

JAMES BURRELL,
May 18. *Corner of King & Germain-streets.*

PORT, SHERRY AND MADEIRA

WINES.

The subscriber has just received, and which is now in course of landing—a shipment of superior *WINES*, consisting of

15 HHDS. and 30 quarter casks PORT WINES, of different qualities,
10 hhds. } Brown and Pale SHERRIES,
15 qr. casks }
5 qr. casks old E. I. MADEIRA.

The above Wines have been selected expressly for the St. John market, and will be sold low by

JOHN V. THURGAR,
Aug. 14. North Market Wharf.

S. K. FOSTER'S Ladies' Fashionable SHOE STORE, Foster's Corner, Germain-street.

Just received per Steamer.

LADIES' white and Black Satin SLIPPERS,
Do. White, Black and Bronzed Kid ditto;
Do. French Cachmere BOOTS, *very light*;
Do. *Exhibition Slippers*, Silk Lin'd for Dancing,
Do. Black and Coloured French Merino—"*Cossacks*" for Walking;
Misses and Children's very Fine, Medium and Low priced BOOTS and SHOES, in almost endless variety.

And always on hand—Every description of BOOTS & SHOES that may be required for City or Country wear.

Further Supplies of the Newest and most Fashionable work, shortly expected per Ship *Mary Caroline* and Steamer.

Ladies and Families visiting our City are most respectfully invited to call.

Domestic Manufactures.

Men's Black and Drab Cloth Congress BOOTS;
Do. Patent, Enamelled, French Calf and Morocco Side Spring BOOTS—Dress and Walking;
Do. Light Soled Peg'd Patent, Morocco, Enamelled, Calf and Grain BOOTTEES;
Boys, Youths, and Children's Calf, Grain, Morocco, Patent, and Enamelled BOOTTEES;
Youths and Children's Strong BOOTS and Boottees.
Children's Patent and Enamelled fancy *Boots* and *Shoes*, in several styles;
Women's strong Shoes for service.

☞ Orders from the Country attended to.

Aug. 17, 1852. S. K. FOSTER.

LONDON HOUSE, MARKET SQUARE, May, 1852.

THE Spring Stock of this Establishment comprising the usual extensive assortment, has just been received by the late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States—

IN DRESS MATERIALS; LADIES VISITES SHAWLS; PARASOLS; RIBBONS; GLOVES, &c. &c. &c.
are many new styles and makes.

And in the WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT will be found a very general assortment, carefully selected for that extensive branch of the business of this Establishment.

May 11. T. W. DANIEL.

Goods Just Received.

126 BOXES 10x12 GLASS;
20 pieces American Oil Cloth;
2 barrels Cream of Tartar; 5 cases Salad Oil;
20 kegs MUSTARD; 12 dozen Yeast Powder;
5 barrels Lard and Sea Elephant OILS;
New patterns of ROOM PAPERS;
Live Geese and Common FEATHERS;
20 dozen assorted CHAIRS;
500 assorted LOOKING GLASSES.
Assorted Wooden Wares; 30 boxes PIPES.—

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR,
Sept 7. *Prince Wm.-Street.*

100 Dozen Hats.

WE have just received per "*Alciope*" and "*Sir Harry Smith*," over 100 dozen Satin, Kossuth, and Rustic Hats. Also a lot of Cloth Caps, all of which will be disposed of wholesale or retail at a small advance on cost.

A large stock of our own manufacture on hand and constantly making up.

C. D. EVERETT & SON,
May . *East side Market Square and North side King stree*

STRYCHNINE.

FOR destroying WOLVES and FOXES, just received and for Sale by

THOMAS M. REED.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

The steamship *Atlantic* left Liverpool on the 22d ult., and arrived at New York a little before 8 o'clock on Saturday evening, making the passage in ten days and five hours. She had 120 passengers.

The Asia arrived out on the 20th ult., having experienced strong head winds during the entire passage.

There is no change to notice in Flour and Grain. Indian Corn is also unchanged in either demand or value.

Birmingham papers by last mail stated that the iron masters had determined to make an advance on the 1st of October of 50s. per ton on the prices of finished iron, equal to 15 per cent. It is thought by many that the advance will not rest at 20s., as several houses have refused to accept orders for some descriptions even at that rate. The advance in iron has caused a corresponding increase in all kinds of hardware and Birmingham wares generally.

Public attention is still occupied with the recent death of the Duke of Wellington, and the proposed honors to his memory. The obsequies will be at the cost of the nation, and probably according to the programme of the funeral of Nelson. It is expected that the body will be buried from St. Paul's Cathedral, but nothing definite is yet decided.

The Secretary at War, Beresford, is acting as Commander-in-Chief till the Duke's successor is appointed.

During the night of Friday the 17th ult., the ship Bhurtpore, which was cleared from Liverpool the previous day for New Orleans, went ashore on Long Bank, near Wexford, Ireland, and has since gone to pieces. She had on board 35 crew and 480 Irish emigrants, all of whom were saved excepting five drowned.

Hon. S. Cunard, in a letter to the London Times, says the Admiralty does not interfere in the construction of his line of steamers, and further that they are not in the habit of racing across the Atlantic. The Arabia is now getting boilers in.

A deputation headed by Earl Devon, concurred with the Board of Trade on the subject of Oceanic cummunication between the Atlantic and Pacific.

FRANCE.—The Paris papers are filled with details of the President's tour in the South of France—where, apparently, very enthusiastic receptions have taken place.

The parties concerned in manufacturing the Infernal Machine have been found guilty, and sentenced to imprisonment.

On the 19th, the Rhine at Strasburg rose 12 feet above high water in consequence of heavy rains in Switzerland. Much damage had been done.

SWEDEN.—Several outbreaks have taken place at Stockholm, owing to newspaper articles against Jews, but no serious consequences have ensued.

The cholera accounts from Posen are still unfavorable.

INDIA.—From the seat of war in Birmah, we learn that the town of Prome has been taken by a fleet of light steamers, without resistance; 28 guns were taken.

Several ships have lately been wrecked in the China seas.

AUSTRALIA.—Advices to the 1st of July have been received. The price of gold had risen at Sydney to 65s. per ounce; it had also advanced at Port Phillip, and the mining accounts are favorable. On Peel River and at Hanging Brock the yield is stated to be large. Severe floods had been experienced in many districts, and communication had been interrupted. The anti-convict movement is carried on with energy.—Another public meeting on the subject had been held at Sydney.

ARRIVAL OF THE "ASIA."

BOSTON, 7th October.

The Royal Mail-Steamer Asia, has arrived at New York, bringing English dates to 25th ult.

The Steamer America from Halifax, was going into Liverpool, when the Asia came out.

The Cotton market was rather dull, and prices remained same as last quoted.

The market for Breadstuffs remains much the same, and the value of Wheat, Corn, and Flour, unchanged.

The exact details for the Public NATIONAL FUNERAL of the Duke of Wellington will not be finally decided upon until the meeting of Parliament, which, will be about the 11th November. His remains, however, will be deposited along side of Lord Nelson.

Sir Henry Hardinge has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the British Army.

All accounts from France appear to show most evidently, that Louis Napoleon is about to seize the title of Emperor.

Other news not important.

The Hartford *Courant*, states as a fact, that a traveller, not long since, was passing through a section of the town of Chester, Mass., where there appeared to be quite a settlement, and saw a school-house with no doors or windows. He enquired "if the School Master was abroad," and was informed, by the driver of the stage, that in the whole school district of more than two miles in extent, *there was not a child* young enough to attend school.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 29.—*Yellow Fever.*—Eight deaths from yellow fever occurred in this city for the twenty-four hours ending at nine o'clock on Tuesday evening. During the week there have been forty three deaths from the same cause.

NORFOLK, Sept 27.—A disease resembling the cholera or yellow fever, has suddenly broken out in Water-street, in this city. From thirty to forty cases have already occurred.

From the West Indies.—Captain Boyd, of schooner Isabella, from Port au Platt, 8th inst., reports business dull and markets overstocked with American produce. The inhabitants were daily expecting an attack from Souloque.

Poetry.

GIRL OF THE BLUE EYE BRIGHT AND BEAMING.

Oh, for the time of the Summer's dawn,
To hear the lark his carol singing;
Oh, for a walk in the dew-clad lawn,
When health from every breeze is springing;
Oh, for the shade of the hawthorn tree,
With mid-day sun above it gleaming;
Oh, for such hours to spend with thee,
Girl of the blue eye bright and beaming!

Oh, for the time of the evening's close,
With not a breath its peace destroying;
Oh, for a share of its sweet repose,
But not alone the bliss enjoying;
Oh, for the hearth and the Winter drear;
When joyous hearts with love are teeming;
Oh, for such hours with thee to share,
Girl of the blue eye bright and beaming!

Oh, for a life mid scenes like this,
Unclogged by worldly wealth or splendor;
Oh, 'twere a life of radiant bliss,
Shared with a feeling heart and tender;
Oh, that the fairy scene might be
In a land where freedom's flag is streaming;
'Twere heaven on earth to be there with thee,
Girl of the blue eye bright and beaming!

[*Dublin Nation.*

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON'S DOMESTIC LIFE.—The private life of the duke was simple, methodical, and familiar in most of its features to all inhabitants and visitors of the metropolis. His attendance at the early service at the Chapel Royal and at the Whitehall Sermons, his walk in the park in former years, and of late times his ride through the Horse Guards, with his servant behind him, are incidents which every newspaper has long chronicled for the information of the country. His personal habits were those of military punctuality, his daily duties were discharged systematically as they recurred, and his establishment was as thriftily regulated as the smallest household in the land. This economy enabled him to effect considerable savings, and it is believed that the property of the title must have been very largely increased. He married, in 1806, the Hon. Catherine Pakenham, third daughter of the second Baron Longford—a lady for whose hand, as Arthur Wellesley, with nothing but the sword of an infantry captain to second his pretensions, he had previously, we are informed, been an unsuccessful suitor. The duchess died in 1831, and the duke's name was recently coupled with that of numerous ladies who were successively selected by report as the objects of his second choice. He expired, however, a widower, leaving two sons to inherit his name. The duke's personal habits were extremely temperate, if not abstemious. He slept little, and, whether from old military associations or for health's sake, used a hard mattress and a camp bed. He appeared to avoid display in his dress, equipage, and attendants, preferring horse exercise to the state and luxury of a carriage. His Waterloo banquets, which for many years drew around him all his surviving companions in arms in the his last glorious field, were the only exceptions to his usual indifference to display.

WELLINGTON'S DESCRIPTION OF THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO.—You will have heard of the battle of the 18th. Never did I see such a pounding match. Both were what the boxers call "gluttons." Napoleon did not manœuvre at all. He just moved forward in the old style, in columns, and was driven off in the old style. The only difference was, that he mixed cavalry with his infantry, and supported both with an enormous quantity of artillery.

I had the infantry for some time in squares, and we had the French cavalry walking about us as if they had been our own. I never saw the British infantry behave so well.—*Letter to Marshal Beresford, July 2, 1815.*

"UP GUARDS AND AT 'EM."—An eminent writer pronounced these words a whole epic; but Wellington, who knew nothing of poetry, repudiated them. The words were said to have been uttered in a crisis at Waterloo. "It was mooted," says Mr. Jerdan, who substitutes "boys" for "guards," "whether the action to be imparted to his statue should not represent the moment when his cry "Up boys and at 'em" roused his troops to their last irresistible and victorious charge. "'Up boys and at 'em!'" replied the duke, "I never could have said any such thing. I remember very well that I caused them to lie down for shelter behind a rising ground, and by that means saved many of their lives; but 'Up boys! and at 'em!' is all nonsense." In like manner Lord Brougham denies that he ever used the words, "The schoolmaster is abroad." Yet, who does not feel regret that both had not spoken as described.

THE DUKE PROVING HIMSELF AN IRISHMAN.—The following paragraph occurs in a despatch from Paris in August, 1815, in reference to the battle of Waterloo:—"Just to show you how little reliance can be placed even on what are supposed the best accounts of a battle, I mention that there are some circumstances mentioned in Gen. ——'s account, which did not occur as he relates them. *He was not on the field during the whole battle, particularly not during the latter part of it.*" When subsequently applied to by an eminent historian for facts respecting the battle of Waterloo, he refused, saying that so many behaved ill the truth could not be told at present without injury to individuals if not to the service.

TRAVELLING IN 1852.—The improvements effected in "Rail and Steam" communications with the continent have rendered it perfectly easy on any day to breakfast at a seasonable hour in London, to judge of the skill of a French *chef de cuisine* at an early dinner in France, and be again in London in time for an evening party, all on the same day. This may be accomplished by taking the Dover express train from the London bridge terminus at 8 10 A. M.

This train arrives in Dover at 10. 35 a. m., and half an hour afterwards a fast steamer sails for Calais, and lands her passengers on the French soil at a quarter to one o'clock. This steamer returns at a quarter past three; upwards of two hours can therefore be spent in Calais, besides two in Dover on the homeward bound journey, and yet the traveller will be again at the London bridge terminus at 10 p. m., having left Dover at half-past 7.—*London paper.*

Feats of Mental Calculation.—The Zurich Gazette gives an account of the wonderful calculating powers of a blind boy, named Winkler, brought up at the blind school of Unterstrass. He lately gave a public exhibition of his peculiar talent, extracting square and cubic roots to the extent of five decimals with the greatest rapidity and correctness. He solved quadratic and cubic equations also of the most difficult kind, and repeated a number composed of 71 figures, which had been written down and repeated to him once. He afterwards commenced the figures at the other end, and repeated them with perfect correctness.—*London paper.*

A clever female French writer says, women should not sit beside the man they wish to conquer, but opposite him. "Attack a heart by full front, not by profile," is her expression.

PRESIDENT TYLER AND THE IRISHMAN.—It is related of ex-President Tyler, that from the time of his election to the Vice Presidency until the death of General Harrison, he kept no carriage, on account of the insufficiency of his salary. When, however, he found himself accidentally elevated to the Chief Magistracy, the former difficulty being removed, he at once determined to set up an equipage. He accordingly bought a pair of horses, and engaged a coachman, and then began to look about for a vehicle. Hearing of one for sale which belonged to a gentleman residing in Washington, and which had only been driven a few times, the President went to look at it. Upon examination he was perfectly satisfied with it himself but still he thought it more prudent, before purchasing it, to take the opinion of his Hibernian coachman upon it. Pat reported that it was "jist the thing for his honor."

"But," said Mr. Tyler, "do you think it would be altogether proper for the President of the United States to drive a second-hand carriage?"

"And why not?" answered the Jehu, "*sure and ye're only a second-hand President!*"

THE SOLEMN JEWISH FAST.—RELIGIOUS CEREMONIES.—The various places of business occupied by the Jewish people scattered over the city, were closed during Thursday, and even the private houses of the members of that persuasion presented a sombre aspect, owing to the strict observance of the solemn annual fast which commenced at a certain hour the previous night. The Synagogues were thronged with highly respectable congregations, and the deep devotional exercises gone through and attended to with great fervor. The majority of the sermons were in the Hebrew tongue, but seemed to sink deep into the minds of the hearers. At the Shaary Tephilla Synagogue, Wooster street, the minister, S. M. Isaacs, addressed a congregation overflowing the church. Mr. Raphall preached eloquently, in the English language, upon the nature of the observance, at the Synagogue in Greenwich street. At the Beth Israel, Centre street, there was the same large attendance, and a sermon. In all the synagogues, and over the town, the day of humiliation was kept in a highly creditable manner.—*New York Herald, Sept. 25.*

IMMIGRATION.—We first called attention to the extraordinary fact, that during two days of the past week—Thursday and Friday—as many as 6,832 foreign immigrants arrived in this port alone. We are pleased to announce that since that time, 8,721, arrived, of whom 5,208 are from Great Britain and Ireland. Is it not consoling to every human heart to think that our glorious country can, in a few days, afford a shelter at one of her ports for so many thousands; and that the downtrodden, the helpless, and beggared toilers of every clime, become erect, animated, and are well paid almost the moment they touch her sacred soil. If the thousands of immigrants would only move on, and scatter over her surface, far away from the temptations and vices of this and other cities, then indeed would they find true happiness, and become a source of strength to the country. An insatiable demand exists for their labor, and the country has room, and to spare, for tens of thousands more of them.—*Ib.*

Agriculture in New-York.—The census returns for 1850, show that there were under cultivation within the State that year 14,408,868 acres of land, leaving 6,710,120 acres of land unimproved. The cost value of farms, was $354,546,642, and the value of live stock was $73,570,499. There were raised 13,121,498 bushels of wheat and 17,858,400 of corn.

ROCK OIL SPRING.—The Mountain Messenger and Recorder says there is a spring or well, or rather a laboratory of Nature's own originating, near Hughes' river, in Wood county, from which Rock Oil is extracted at the rate of a barrel a day. The oil is closely intermingled with fine sand, several feet below the surface of the earth, and is separated by washing—the oil of course rising to the surface, where it is readily gathered.—It sells from $9 to $10 a barrel, and is said to possess curative virtues to a considerable extent. Near it is also a fine sulphur spring.

COMPASSES OF IRON SHIPS.—Mr. John Gray, the well known nautical instrument manufacturer of Liverpool, having just made an experiment with a view to ascertain the state of the magnets in the Sarah Sands, fitted up by him six years ago, "not the slightest alteration was discoverable." This fact will have a material effect in satisfying the public as to the complete success of iron vessels.

The Launch of the Fifty Gun Screw Frigate Imperieuse took place at Deptford, on Wednesday last. She proved to be an object of great attraction to many distinguished naval officers. Lady Walker, wife of the surveyor of the navy, performed the office of christening. The Imperieuse was commenced building on the 23d November, 1850, on the same slip from which those noble steam frigates the Terrible, Odin, and Leopard were launched. The Imperieuse was designed by Sir Baldwin Walker, and his assistants, and has been built under the able superintendence of Mr. Wilcox, the master shipwright.

THREE LOVERS.—Lady Gage, the wife of the first Baronet, Sir John, ancestor of Viscount Gaffe, when first a widow, was only seventeen, beautiful and rich; she was courted by her three husbands, Sir George Frenchard, Sir John Gage, and Sir Wm. Hervey, at the same time; and to appease a quarrel that had arisen, respecting her, between them, she threatened her everlasting displeasure to the first that should be the aggressor—which, as she had declared for neither, by balancing their hopes against their fears, stilled their resentments against each other; adding, good humoredly, that if they would keep the peace and have patience, she would have them all in their turns, which, singularly enough, did happen.

We saw a little fellow yesterday tumble into the dock. A sailor sprang in and brought him out again about half dead with fright and his excessive draughts of salt water. When he recovered the shock, he began to sob and cry most pitcously. We assured him sympathisingly that he was not hurt. "I know that well enough," said he, with a fresh burst, "but mother said she would lick me if I got drowned, and I know she'll do it, for she always does."—*N. Y. Times.*

Miserable is he who slumbers on in idleness. Miserable the workman who sleeps before the hour of rest, or who lies down in the shadow, while his brethren work in the sun. There is no rest from labour on earth. There are always duties to perform and functions to exercise; functions which are ever enlarging, and extend in proportion to the growth of our moral and mental station. Man is born to work, and he must work while it is day.

Sergeant Davy, of the English bar, was once accused of having disgraced the bar by taking silver from a client. "I took silver," he replied, "because I could not get gold, but took every farthing the poor fellow had in the world, and I hope you don't call that disgracing the profession."