

Fifteen could ask less of the Assembly, we naturally stand by our resolution reserving our right to speak on the resolutions at a later date.

It is, however, quite clear from what I have said that my delegation regards the Geneva Conference as having ended in failure and in present circumstances will therefore oppose the Soviet resolution which would reconvene at an early date a conference of this type.

The Soviet Delegation, however, now calls on us to support a resolution which would convene another conference, along the lines of the Geneva Conference, in the immediate future. However, there has been no

Voting Results Following is the text of a resolution (U.N. Doc. A/C.1/L.119) adopted by the First Committee on December 8, 1954, by a vote of 50 in favour (including Canada) to 5 against (Soviet bloc), with 4 abstentions; and by the 38th plenary meeting on December 11, 1954, by a vote of 50 in favour (including Canada) to 5 against, with 4 abstentions (Burma, India, Saudi Arabia and Syria):

Text of Resolution

The General Assembly,

Having noted the report of the UNCURK (A/2711) signed at Seoul, Korea on 17 August 1954,

Having received the report (A/2786) on the Korean Political Conference held in Geneva from 26 April to 15 June 1954, in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 711 (VII) of 28 August 1953,

Noting that the negotiations in Geneva have not resulted in agreement on a final settlement of the Korean question in accordance with the United Nations objective in Korea,

Recognizing that this objective should be achieved by peaceful methods and constructive efforts on the part of the governments concerned,

Noting that article 62 of the Armistice Agreement of 27 July 1953 provides that the Agreement "shall remain in effect until expressly superseded either by mutually acceptable amendments and additions or by provision in an appropriate agreement for a peaceful settlement at a political level between both sides",

1. Approves the report on the Korean Political Conference (A/2786);
2. Reaffirms that the objectives of the United Nations remain the achievement by peaceful means of a unified, independent and democratic Korea under a representative form of government and the full restoration of international peace and security in the area;
3. Expresses the hope that it will soon prove possible to make progress toward these objectives;