

IN DANGER.

Matters Very Critical at Prince Albert.

AN ATTACK IMMINENT.

Rumboldt also in a Perilous Position.

ASSISTANCE BADLY NEEDED.

A and B Batteries on Their Way to Qu'Appelle.

OUR BOYS AT PORT ARTHUR.

Expectation That They Will Reach Winnipeg To-day.

ARCHBISHOP LYNCH ON THE RISING.

The G. C. E. G. to Leave This Morning.

OTTAWA, April 5.—The official news in reference to the Northwest for the last thirty hours is confined to the movements of the troops going west. All along the line from Ottawa westward the onward march is being made with the most satisfactory progress. Public opinion fully sustains the wisdom of the government in choosing the route north of Lake Superior in point of time, and especially as a safeguard against the accidents of possible complications via Chicago.

OTTAWA, April 5.—The United States army, left here at 10 this evening en route for the Northwest, when he goes as an artillery instructor to the Canadian forces in the use of the Gatling gun. These guns are two in number, each capable of discharging 500 cartridges per minute.

OTTAWA, April 5.—The dispatches received here today from the Northwest are full of interest. The frontiers are being watched with the most vigilant attention, and especially as a safeguard against the accidents of possible complications via Chicago.

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2. In what year was the Mackenzie government formed? 1873.

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AN INGLORIOUS ENDING.

THE SOUDAN BEHAVIOURED BY THE BRITISH.

Diagnos of the Australians—Inability of the Troops to Live in the Desert—Abandonment of Wadai.

LONDON, April 4.—The latest information in connection with the disappearance of the civic flag from Lord Mayor O'Connor's residence is that he hid the flag himself and shouted "cheer" in order to escape from his embarrassment and to avoid the wrath of the loyalists and the lancers. The prince and princess of Wales will arrive at Dublin on Wednesday morning. A. the lord mayor has not procured a new flag the mansion house is imperfectly equipped to make a suitable demonstration.

The prince and princess will be accorded a quiet but respectful reception in Dublin. Lord Dufferin also reports that there is a likelihood of hostile demonstrations against the visitors here or elsewhere in Ireland.

United Ireland denounces O'Donovan Rossa's murderous sentiments against the Prince of Wales. This paper says: "While all intelligent and patriotic Irishmen know that the integrity of Rossa and his followers are nothing but a bundle of straw, they do the Irish cause a great deal of mischief. The paper declares the prince and princess will be perfectly safe in any part of Ireland and asserts that no true Irishman would dream of offering them either insult or injury."

The Controversy at Cork. CORK, April 4.—The controversy for and against a public reception to the Prince and Princess of Wales is particularly bitter here. The loyalists having failed to secure the co-operation of the nationalists for a general welcome have raised a large fund and will endeavor to impress the royal visitors with the idea that the city is loyal.

The Mahdi at Mecca. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 4.—The grand shah of Mecca has issued a proclamation declaring the Mahdi an outlaw and notifying the British consul that the British have the right to treat him as a common murderer. The proclamation declares that the Mahdi has murdered hundreds of true believers and caused the murder of General Gordon for whom prayers had been offered at Mecca as the true friend of Mohammedans.

Frisk of the Australians. LONDON, April 4.—General Graham, describing the commendable behavior of the British troops during the trying marches between Suakin and Tama, says the Australian soldiers bore their share of the hardships in a manner entirely worthy of British conduct.

Deviating Themselves. DONGOLA, April 4.—The deserters from the rebel army at Khartoum report heavy fighting between the Mahdi and a portion of his army which wishes the campaign to be concluded. The Mahdi was severely wounded and retreated. The Mahdi has summoned the Emir of Berber with his army to Khartoum to assist in the recovery of the city.

Indignation in England. LONDON, April 5.—There is a terrible indignation here over the Sudan fiasco. It is said if Gen. McNeill were a German he would have been shot for martial law before this, and if Gen. Graham were a Frenchman he would have been drummed out of the army. As the British army is organized to provide post places and fine uniforms for a long time, the British are surprised and in Friday's ludicrous remarks to Tama and back. Osman has apparently learned enough to hold back and let the sun do its deadly work in the Sudan. He has not yet found the country practically unexplored in its demand to quit the Sudan, and indeed, Russia has not yet found the country so important a reason for it.

Getting Along Slowly. SUAKIM, April 4.—The arrangements for the evacuation of the British troops from the Sudan are proceeding slowly. The Australian contingent are greatly pleased for their plucky behavior in the recent fighting. The weather is hot and the ground is very dry. All hands are working night and day on the Suakin-Berber railway.

Half a Million Pounds in the English Coal Districts Affected. LONDON, April 5.—The colliery owners in Derbyshire and Staffordshire have requested to join those of Yorkshire in making a ten per cent. reduction in the wages of their miners. The miners in Yorkshire are on a strike against this reduction, which went into operation in that county on April 1, amounting nearly 30,000. The Derby and Staffordshire miners are on strike, and the colliery owners are subscribing heavily to a mutual assistance fund, to enable them to resist the strikers. The Miner's association of England has levied upon its members for a special fund to support the men on strike. The present strike has lasted for many months and has cost many thousands of people who depend upon coal mining for a livelihood.

The Fappenberg Concert Company. There will be a bumper house to greet this company at the gardens on Wednesday, judging from the large sale of seats at the Sorling's piano warehouses on Saturday. We recommend all our readers to try and hear this company, who are all first-class artists.

The Most Popular Daily. From the Chronicle. The Toronto World is a refreshing change from the ponderous, heavy, and uninteresting morning papers. It is beyond dispute that the World is the most popular daily paper published in this city. We are pleased to note that the public appreciation of its merits and its cheerfulness has secured for it a large and increasing readership.

McKerrick's Barbers. Two barbers, fully accoutred, members of the legion artillery, came into The World office last night to get their hair cut. They were full of fight and said "if we only have razors we'll cut you any way."

Steamship Arrivals. At Queen's Quay, Balic from New York. At New York: Elbe from Bremen. Republic from Liverpool. At Rotterdam: Washburn. At Hamburg: Lessing from New York.

The De Duane's recently sent a telegram to the Toronto World, saying that the money was forwarded in response to the Saturday appeal for the relief of the poor of the city. The money was forwarded in response to the Saturday appeal for the relief of the poor of the city. The money was forwarded in response to the Saturday appeal for the relief of the poor of the city.

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THE PRINCE IN IRELAND.

Lord Mayor O'Connor and the Civic Flag—The Festivities at Cork.

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A PROBABLE CASUS BELLI.

ENGLAND FORMS AN ALLIANCE WITH AFGHANISTAN.

Creation of Fortresses Agrees as a step that may lead to War—The Russian Reply Considered by the Cabinet.

LONDON, April 4.—The reports from Lord Dufferin indicate that his negotiations with the amir of Afghanistan are making satisfactory progress. The negotiations tend strongly towards a joint military alliance between England and the amir that their very success may be accepted by Russia as a message. Lord Dufferin today reported that the amir has obtained from India a special subsidy for the maintenance of an Afghan garrison of 10,000 men, which will insure the integrity of the entire district. An English engineer and a number of English officers will superintend the construction of a series of fortresses along the Afghan frontier, to be garrisoned and defended by Afghan exclusively. The amir is gratified at this scientific and professional military aid openly given by England. Lord Dufferin also reports that the amir has agreed that the English shall construct a railway from Bolan to Candahar and a military road from Herat to Kandahar, which crosses the line of fortresses between Balkh, Herat and Candahar by a telegraph system.

The Russian reply to the amir's proposal is that the amir is to be a dummy. The Russian army corps at St. Petersburg declares that if England advises that Herat be fortified, and the fortification follows as a result of English counsel and with English assistance, it will constitute a casus belli.