SUFFRAGETTE THROWS STALWART POLICEMAN

Expert of Japanese Art of Jiu-Jitsu Trains Women's Freedom League.

London, Aug. 8. — A most remarkable exhibition of suffragette jiu-jitsu has been given by Mrs. Garrud, an expert in the Japanese art, and two policemen. Mrs. Garrud is one of the organizers of the women athletes' branch of the Women's Freedom League, and her object in giving the exhibition was to show what a formidable weapon for defence jitu-jitsu may be made by properly trained women. In making the test, Mrs. Garrud picked up a very big policeman, who smilingly doubted that the lady could bring him down in any way whatsoever.

Big Policeman Smiled.

"Why," he said, "you're only a little dot of a woman." "Well, I'm not exactly a giant," admitted the suffragette. "If you're sure you aren't frightened of getting hurt, I think I'll throw you." And the big policeman smiled. It was so very, very foolish. His great red hands played idly about his forty-two inch chest, and in a moment of vanity he clenched his right fist so that the muscles of his forearm stood out in heavy lumps. Mrs. Garrud is four feet ten inches in height, and she, too, smiled. "I'm glad you're not more than two hundred pounds," she murmured. The policeman immediately became generous. "Yes, there are lots of fellows in the force heavier than I am," he said. "In any case, I'm too big for a little woman like you. Why, you couldn't even hold me." "I'm glad you're not more than two hundred pounds," repeated the gentle suffragette, "because the heavier you are the more I'd hurt you, and I simply hate to, you know."

Then the struggle commenced. As a huge mastiff would bend down upon an insolent kitten, the man swooped on the woman. First, he tried for a catch-as-catch-can body hold, but the suffragette eluded his grasp. Their hands met, and the giant tried to pull her to him, but that was the very last thing she intended to allow. Pulling away from him, she ran lightly backwards, with the policeman pressing heavily after her. Desperately he exerted all his strength striving to push the woman off her balance and on the mat.

Then, suddenly, the thing happened. In a flash the woman fell flat on her back, with the massive policeman towering above her. Up shot one of her feet to meet his diaphragm. Her little arms strained, and as he pulled against himself, the man lost his balance, swirled over her head, turned a somersault in midair, and fell heavily on the back of his head. In less than ten seconds the suffragette had thrown the policeman. Five minutes later, when he once more condescended to stand upright, the puzzled policeman again carefully regarded Mrs. Garrud. Contempratively he scratched his head. "If that had happened on the pavement instead of these mats the police force would be one man short at this moment," he said. "That fall would have cracked my skull."

Man's Superior Strength.

With a second policeman, who was a skillful exponent of jiu-jitsu. Mrs. Garrud was not so fortunate. She made a gallant struggle for over five minutes, countering every hold the constable tried to make. At last the man's superior strength and great advantage in weight commenced to tell. Desperately she tried for a side-hold, and then the end came. Just failing to effect a grip, the woman was at the man's mercy. High in the air he swung her, and then down on the mat she went. But even as she fell she made for a wrist-hold, missing it by an inch. Two taps on the floor as a signal that she was defeated and the woman smilingly arose.

Mrs. Garrud daily gives lessons to other suffragettes.

U. S. JACKIE SHOT.

New York, Aug. 8. — Without provocation, it is claimed, James Smith, 36 years old, a sailor on the United States battleship North Dakota, now at the Brooklyn navy yard, was shot by an unidentified man on Sands street near the navy yard today. Smith, with two other jackies, was accosted by the stranger, who asked a civil question, and received a civil reply. Without a word, however, the man drew a revolver and shot Smith in the groin. The other sailors gave chase, but Smith's assailant made good his escape and the police so far have failed to find him. The police think the act was that of an insane man. The bullet in Smith's groin will be extracted at the Naval Hospital and his recovery is expected by the surgeons.

Hungry Folks

find delightful satisfaction in a bowl of toothsome

Post Toasties

with Cream and Sugar.

When the children want lunch, this wholesome, nourishing food is always ready to serve right from the package without cooking, and saves many steps for mother.

Let the youngsters have Post Toasties—superb summer food.

"THE MEMORY LINGERS"

Canadian Trade supplied by Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ontario.

ADVERTISER CORRESPONDENCE

The Milk Supply.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

There appears to be an impression in the minds of some persons that the quality of the milk supplied to our citizens is not what it should be. Now, as medical health officer, I wish to say that as far as I can learn, there is no place in Ontario where milk of better quality is sold, than in London. I am speaking of the percentage of butter-fat which the milk contains, and that alone. As to cleanliness, there is, of course, considerable difference, some dairies being kept much cleaner than others. Too much credit cannot be given to the physicians and ladies who have organized the movement to supply certified milk for the use of infants, as analysis showed it contained only 500 bacteria to the cubic centimeter, making it the purest and best milk in Canada. Its use will materially lessen infant mortality. I understand that certified milk in some of our cities is approved if it does not contain over 5,000 to the cubic centimeter. Yours truly,

T. V. HUTCHINSON.

London, Aug. 8.

A Protest.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Will you kindly permit me to make use of some of your valuable space in calling the attention both of the public generally and of those whom it concerns, more especially, to a condition of affairs existing in this city, which ought not to be tolerated for one moment in any self-respecting Canadian community?

The remarks which I have to make are in reference to moving picture shows. This evening, in search of recreation, I strolled into one such conspicuously advertised institution on one of the main streets, where, on a former occasion, I had been delighted with the entertainment provided. But great indeed was the change, for never before had I beheld a set of moving pictures so offensive, from the aesthetic, the national and the social standpoints.

A very few words will be sufficient in dealing with the first two points of view, the aesthetic and the national, for they are comparatively unimportant, in view of the social question involved. Two of the pictures were of the stereotyped class, which depicted the havoc caused on the street by a runaway dog, in the one instance, and a runaway balloon in the second, where each victim joined the ever-increasing throng following the perpetrators of all the mischief, and finally took vengeance on the unfortunate mortals who were considered responsible for the damage done. Such exhibitions, seen occasionally, might be highly amusing, but from the fact that they are so prevalent, they degenerate into the "silly" rather than remaining ludicrous.

From the national standpoint, the third film was of a type too common in this country. It was American from start to finish. "Old Glory" occupied a conspicuous position, and the whole plot centred around it. The only worthy comment which can be made is that it inculcated patriotism in the minds of the rising generation so numerously represented in the audience, but—and here's the rub—it was American patriotism. Throughout the whole performance there was not a single sign to show that all this was taking place beneath the folds of the flag that has "braved a thousand years the battle and the breeze."

But it is against the fourth film that I desire to register my most vigorous and emphatic protest. This picture depicted a state of affairs which, thank God, is extremely rare in this country. In the unrestrained presentation of such scenes before the younger members of the community can be read the cause of much of the breaking-up of homes, divorce, murder and suicide, which curses the life of our southern neighbors. A man and has wife part very affectionately in the morning ere the former goes to his daily work. Even at that very moment the young wife has a lover concealed in an adjoining kitchen or woodshed, and as soon as the husband is out of sight, she admits him. Plainly, indeed, is the unfaithfulness of the wife depicted in the scene which follows. In the meantime, the husband reaches his shop, finds the works shut down for the day, returns to his home, through the window sees his wife and her lover entwined in each other's arms, enters the house, shoots both of them, and then, in all probability, commits suicide, for at this point I could stand it no longer, and left the hall as a protest ineffective and unnoticed it may be, against such an exhibition.

Now, were such pictures placed before men and women of mature years, little harm might perhaps result. But a large percentage of the average audience at one of these shows is comprised of boys and girls, just at the most impressionable age, and distorted conceptions of life so vividly acquired will be enduring, and will inevitably have a powerful degrading influence upon their minds. That such is the case is proven by a dispatch from Muncie, Ind., under date of Aug. 5, as follows: "While a crowd of boys were 'playing Indian,' it was decided to burn one of them at the stake, as described in the picture film which some of them had seen. Newspapers were placed under the lad; some were twined about his body, and fire was applied, with the result that the lad is not expected to live." In the teaching profession there is an invariable rule never to place the incorrect form before the pupil, and if such a rule obtains in such comparatively insignificant issues as grammar, arithmetic and spelling, why not put it into practice in protecting the children of our community from the sin and suffering of life.

Something must be done. The pictures which I have mentioned were all declared to have been approved by the board of censors. If there is such a board in this city, and if the above pictures were approved by it, then the board of censors is the biggest farce I have ever heard of.

J. W. OSCAR ROGERS.

244 Queen's avenue, London, Aug. 6.

The Publication of the Assessment.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

There is no doubt in my mind that the proposition of Ald. Richter to publish the assessment would do no harm; but I have my doubts as to his getting it done at the figures he has given, namely, $800. I do not think this class of work can be done any cheaper than it was done before, if as cheap, for two reasons: First, labor cost has not got any less, rather increased, since the former publication; second, the work to be done now is very much greater. But assuming his figures are correct, basing the average ratepayer's indifference on questions of this kind, as shown by the very few who took the trouble to go and get a copy of the last issue, and from another viewpoint, when a money bylaw is to be voted upon, a time and subject that one would naturally think every interested voter would register for or against, we find in practice a very small fraction take the trouble to mark their opinion on the ballot.

I think, with this experience as a guide, it would be well to sell the right to publish to the highest bidder, and let some enterprising printer enter into the scheme, at, say, 25 or 50 cents per copy. I took two copies of the last, which I got, of course, for nothing. I would be willing to pay for an up-to-date, properly set up copy, 25 of 50 cents now.

There are about 6,000 voters directly interested. I doubt very much if half that number would take the trouble to go to the city hall for a copy free. I also doubt if one-quarter that number would care to even pay 10 cents in order to help the thing along.

And, after all, what benefit, would the city, as a whole, derive? Is not the experience and judgment of the assessors to be trusted? We appeal to them in person. If there is no redress, we still have the court of appeal, in the court of revision. Publishing the assessment would not correct the system or principle we are now working under; that is a supposition value. I claim the only true way of getting at the values is from its earnings. Anyone can put his price on his property; but can he get it? Let him call for tenders for, say, a month, in a regular advertisement, or longer, and there will be some surprises to consider.

What has that property averaged, say, five years, in its rent returns? Never mind what it cost. It's what it brings in the regular current of events. There are nearly one thousand vacant places in this city now, and a good many of them have been two years and over idle. It is useless for realty agents to argue they are not in good order or of good quality. It's simply a case of supply and demand, and I think in justice to any owner he should never have to contribute a cent to the tax collector on idle property.

In other words, at the end of the current year, if his place has stood idle one month, or six months, he should get a rebate of one-twelfth or six-twelfths as the case may be. No person should ever have to pay for something he does not get. In the case of the speculator, who buys land, expecting to make a rise in value, the price he purchases at should be a gauge on which to make a level assessment, as its true value is in its last price. In holdings, it is not what somebody else is getting for a similar frontage, or what somebody might think he ought to get. It's simply what he can or does get should rule. Yours,

JOHN M. PARSONS.

London, Aug. 8.

Not a Layman's Work.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

One reads with surprise that the Provincial Legislature has so far forgotten what is due to the medical profession as to appoint an outsider to the position of superintendent of the Orillia Asylum.

The position is one of great responsibility, and should only be given to men who have been trained in the care of the physically and mentaliy weak. An ex-editor and an M. P. may be an excellent man, but his want of knowledge of medicine and clinical psychiatry is not conducive to the welfare of the patients in the institution to which he has been appointed. There are a number of assistant superintendents, who have spent years in the service, and have made a special study of psychosis, fully qualified for the position, to say nothing of a number of very clever physicians in the Province, deserving of some recognition by the Government, on account of the services rendered to the profession and humanity.

Too great care cannot be exercised in selecting men for positions of this nature. The appointment of medical men who have no knowledge of clinical psychiatry, and who make no effort to qualify in this subject, is the cause of much needless suffering to patients.

Not only does this apply to the physicians, but to the subordinate staff of these provincial institutions. The very small remuneration paid male attendants, $20 to $25 per month, and nurses, $13 to $18, is the chief cause of the difficulty of superintendents and others in obtaining really good men and women for the care of the insane. Why not raise the status of these employees? A standard of efficiency could then be demanded. I trust that all right-thinking men and women will protest against this appointment of a man totally unfitted for the position.

SANDPAPER.

London, Aug. 8.

SHARPS IN LONDON DOTE ON YANKEES

Even "Wise Ones" From Chicago Are Taken in by Ancient Tricks.

London, Aug. 8. — London confidence men during the summer specialize on Americans. It is a sad fact that they find Americans the easiest marks of all the tourists that come to London.

The games of London's confidence men have not even the merit of novelty to catch their victims. They were old even when Hungry Joe and Paper Collar Joe were small boys playing marbles. Nevertheless, the Americans fall for the suave London swindler's game with a frequency that distresses their compatriots who know London.

Even Chicago men have fallen into the net of London's "con" men. A Chicagoan was taken in and trimmed the other day for $700 by one of the oldest tricks in the confidence men's bag. The confidence men who work in Chicago may well weep to learn that a victim so rich got away from them, to be trimmed over here.

One hears only of the victims who make a complaint to the police. They average one a week through the summer. The numbers who are trimmed and do not complain are unknown. From the air of prosperity that marks the members of the "Charing Cross Confidence Men's Trust," as the brotherhood is called, it is obvious that this has been a prosperous summer for them, if not for their "easy marks."

One week free trial in Edison, Victor and Columbia phonographs from Williams Piano Company, Limited, 194 Dundas street. 15-tf

Skin Troubles Cured

To those who have suffered long and hopelessly with eczemas, tetters and similar torturing, disfiguring eruptions, the immediate relief afforded by the first warm bath with Cuticura Soap and gentle application of Cuticura Ointment is almost beyond belief. In even the severest cases, when treatment after treatment has been tried in vain, the itching and burning generally stop at once and sleep becomes possible. No stronger proof of the success and economy of the Cuticura Remedies in the treatment of affections of the skin and scalp, from infancy to age, could be given than such remarkable testimonials as these:

"GRATEFUL FOR WONDERFUL CURE"

I have been treated by doctors for twenty-five years for a bad case of eczema on my leg. They did their best, but failed to cure it. My own doctor had advised me to have my leg cut off, but I said I would try the Cuticura Remedies first. He said, "try them if you like but I do not think they will do any good." At this time my leg was peeled from the knee down, my foot was like a piece of raw flesh and I had to walk on crutches. I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent. After the first two treatments the swelling went down and in two months' use of the Cuticura Remedies my leg was cured and the new skin grown on. The doctor could not believe his own eyes when he saw that Cuticura had cured me and said that he would use Cuticura for his own patients. But for the Cuticura Remedies I might have lost my life. I am truly grateful for the wonderful cure that Cuticura wrought. I have many grandchildren and they are frequent users of Cuticura and I always recommend it most highly as a sure and economical cure for skin troubles.

MME. J. B. RENAUD,
277, Mentana St., Montreal.

ULCER HEALED BY CUTICURA REMEDIES

Some time ago I suffered from an ulcer which was caused by varicose veins. I was sitting off my foot, for three months and had a physician attending me, but the ulcer seemed to be getting worse and was breaking out in another place. I was, however, advised to use Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment by the physician. The ulcer gradually healed by using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and a perfect cure was the result. I do believe that only for the Cuticura Remedies the ulcer would never have been properly cured.

CHARLES SPARROW,
7, Virginia St., Belfast, Ireland.

"WOULD HAVE DIED BUT FOR CUTICURA"

When my boy was about three months old his head broke out with a rash which was very itchy and ran a watery fluid. We tried everything we could but he got worse all the time, till it spread to his arms, legs, and then to his entire body. He got so bad that he came near dying. The rash would itch so that he would scratch till the blood ran and a thin yellowish stuff would be all over his pillow in the morning. I had to put mittens on his hands to prevent him tearing his skin. He was almost a skeleton and his little hands were thin like claws.

He was bad about eight months when we tried Cuticura Remedies. I had not laid him down in his cradle in the daytime for a long while. I washed him with Cuticura Soap and put on one application of Cuticura Ointment and he was so soothed that he could sleep. You don't know how glad I was he felt better. It took one box of Cuticura Ointment and pretty near one cake of Cuticura Soap to cure him. I think our boy would have died but for the Cuticura Remedies and I shall always remain a firm friend of them. He was cured more than twenty years ago and there has been no return of the trouble.

MRS. M. C. MAITLAND,
Jasper, Ontario.

BEDRIDDEN WITH ECZEMA SIX WEEKS

I suffered severely with a terrible eczema, being a mass of sores from head to feet and for six weeks confined to my bed. During that time I suffered continual torture from itching and burning. After being given up by my doctor I was advised to try the Cuticura Remedies. After the first bath with Cuticura Soap and application of Cuticura Ointment I enjoyed the first good sleep during my entire illness. I also used Cuticura Resolvent and the treatment was continued for about three weeks. At the end of that time I was able to be about the house, entirely cured, and have felt no ill effects since. I would advise any person suffering from any form of skin trouble to try the Cuticura Remedies as I know what they did for me.

MRS. EDWARD NENNING,
11 Lansing Blk., Watertown, N. Y.

Liberal Sample The Cuticura Remedies are sold by druggists throughout the world. Send to the Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., 128 Columbus Ave., Boston, U.S.A., for a liberal sample of Cuticura Ointment, with the latest 32-page Cuticura Book, an Invaluable Guide to the Treatment of Skin and Scalp Troubles, from Infancy to Age

GERMANS NOW SET PACE FOR EUROPE

Flock to All Swell Resorts and Spend Their Money Lavishly.

Berlin, Aug. 8. — That the Germans have been getting rich more or less quickly is obvious from the throngs of money-spending tourists of that nationality seen everywhere in Europe. Fifteen years ago the majority of tourists were English and American. Now they are German.

Monte Carlo and the resorts on the Riviera are thronged with money-spending Germans in the winter. Monte Carlo seems especially to appeal to wealthy Germans, and the majority of players at the Casino tables in the season not infrequently are German. Like the American, the German spends his money easily, although, perhaps, he has not yet acquired that distinctly American trait of lavishly over-tipping servants.

Switzerland this summer has been thronged with Germans. They outnumbered the Americans and English. Paris, too, has had as many Germans as English and Americans, and one hears German on the boulevards as much as English.

The German is a better dressed tourist today than he was fifteen years ago. Then he affected Tyrolean clothes and hats. Now he is got up to look like a sporting Englishman, wearing knickerbockers and caps of English cut. His spectacles and Baedeker prevent him from being mistaken for an Englishman.

The Germans do not yet seem to have discovered the fact that they have many beautiful mountain and seashore resorts of their own. The tourists one meets in the Hartz Mountains are more often than not English and Americans, with an occasional Frenchman with his family.

Like all other rich people the Germans have succumbed to the automobile craze, and German automobiles are as abundant on the high roads of Europe as American and English machines. It is estimated that the number of Germans who go abroad for their summer and winter vacations increases each year by 75 per cent. German economists, however, have not yet begun to complain that Germans spend too much money in foreign climes. That may come in time.

SCOTCH MEMBERS WANT HOME RULE

Twenty-One of Them Issue a Manifesto.

London, Aug. 8.—Now it is Scotland that demands home rule. This week 21 Liberal members of Parliament from Scotland issued a manifesto declaring that the time has come when that country should be ruled by the Scotch people. Scotland's particular grievance is that the country is too often legislated for as an afterthought. They add that Parliament gives no adequate time to the discussion of Scotch affairs; in other words that the country gets short shrift in matters of vital importance. They now demand that they be permitted to manage their own affairs in their own way, instead of having them managed from London as at present. The manifesto declares that Scotland is getting tired of being governed by absentee legislators. Whether the demand receives consideration at the hands of the ministry remains to be seen. Possibly the question of home rule for Ireland is about as much as the Government cares to take up at this time. Scotland will possibly have to wait until the ancient Irish grievance is settled one way or the other.

ENGINEER IN TROUBLE.

Montreal, Que., Aug. 8.—Armand Mueco-Vici, a mining engineer, appeared in the police court today to answer to a charge preferred by J. A. Brook, of this city, under the mining act, of having made a mining report for certain interests on some claims in the Montreal River district, in which he refrained from mentioning certain unfavorable conditions, and, on the other hand, made statements which were not in accordance with the facts. The amount involved in the deal was $60,000. Vici pleaded not guilty, and was remanded for trial.

When the digestion is all right, the action of theh bowels regular, there is a natural craving and relish for food. When this is lacking you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They strengthen the digestive organs, improve the appetite and regulate the bowels. Sold by all dealers. 2

Farm Laborers Wanted

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

FOR WORK IN WESTERN CANADA

$10 TO WINNIPEG and Points East of Moose Jaw. Trains Going

Friday, Aug. 12 and Tuesday, Aug. 16

From Kingston, Sharbot Lake and all Stations West in Ontario

Representative farmers, appointed by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Governments, will meet and engage laborers on arrival at Winnipeg.

Free transportation will be furnished at Winnipeg to points on C. P. R., where laborers are needed east of Moose Jaw, including branches, and at one cent a mile each way west thereof in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

A certificate is furnished with each tickets, and this certificate when executed by farmer showing that laborer has worked thirty days or more, will be honored from that point for a second-class ticket back to starting points in Ontario, at $18, prior to November 30, 1910.

Tickets are good going only on special Farm Laborers' trains, and will be issued to women as well as to men, but will not be issued at half fare to children.

Through trains from London and Ontario points to Winnipeg. For full particulars see nearest C. P. R. agent, or write R. L. THOMPSON, D. P. A., C. P. R., Toronto.

PERE MARQUETTE

Schedule of Train Service for Irish Benevolent Society's Picnic at Port Stanley on Thursday, August 11

Leave London—5:05, 9:30, 10:15, 11:00 a.m., 1:20, 2:30, 5:05, 7:00, 8:20 p.m.

Leave Stanley Beach—7:55, 11:35 a.m., 12:30, 3:25, 4:55, 7:00, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 p.m.

Plenty of coach accommodation. Fare, 35c return.

H. F. MOELLER, G. P. A.
53u W. H. HOOD, T. P. A.

Canadian Pacific Ry.

EMPRESSES

And other Steamships

MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND LIVERPOOL.

Lake Manitoba....Aug. 18, Sept. 15
Emp. of Britain....Aug. 26, Sept. 23
Lake Champlain.....Aug. 4, Sept. 1
Emp. of Ireland....Aug. 12, Aug. 26

Lake Manitoba and Lake Champlain carry only one class of cabin passengers, at very moderate rates. For rates and further information apply to any railway or steamship agent, or to I. E. SUCKLING, general agent for Ontario, S. E. corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto.

THE ATLANTIC ROYALS

TRIPLE SCREW TURBINE STEAMERS

Less Than Six Days From Port to Port

The "Royal Edward" completes the trip from Bristol to Quebec in

5 Days, 23 Hours, 30 Minutes

The new triple-screw turbine steamers of Canadian Northern Steamships, Limited, "Royal Edward" and "Royal George," sail fortnightly between.

Montreal, Quebec, Bristol

Apply local steamship agent, or H. C. Bourlier, General Agent, Toronto. tyw

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamers

Three Weekly Services from Montreal.

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.

Tunisian	Fri., Aug. 12	Sept. 9
Victorian	Fri., Aug. 19	Sept. 12
Corsican	Fri., Aug. 26	Sept. 23
Virginian	Fri., Sept. 2	Sept. 29

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.

Pretorian	Sat., Aug. 13	Sept. 10
Hesperian	Sat., Aug. 20	Sept. 17
Ionian	Sat., Aug. 27	Sept. 24
Grampian	Sat., Sept. 3	Oct. 1

Weekly Sailing Montreal to Havre

Reservation lists now open for Christmas and New Year's sailings.

Full information on application to F. B. Clarke, W. Fulton, R. E. Ruse and E. De La Hooke, local agents. THE ALLAN LINE, 77 Yonge street, Toronto.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.
Philadelphia—Queenstown—Liverpool.
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
New York—London Direct.
RED STAR LINE.
New York—Dover—Antwerp.
WHITE STAR LINE.
N. Y.—Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.
Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
New York and Boston—Mediterranean.
WHITE STAR—DOMINION LINE.
Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool.
E. DE LA HOOKE, W. FULTON, F. B. CLARKE OR E. RUSE, AGENTS.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—8:45 a.m., 10:30 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., 6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:00 a.m., *2:00 a.m., *11:30 a.m., 1:10 p.m., 4:10 p.m., 6:35 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *3:45 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *11:40 a.m., 3:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m.

Depart for the west—*2:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:10 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 3:18 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:25 a.m., *4:00 p.m., 6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *8:10 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*3:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:35 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:40 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the east—*11:25 a.m., †5:35 p.m., †7:02 p.m., *10:52 p.m.

Arrive from the west—4:30 a.m., †12:30 p.m., *5:27 p.m.

Depart for the east—*4:40 a.m., †7:45 a.m., †12:45 p.m., *5:35 p.m.

Depart for the west—*8:00 a.m., *11:35 a.m., †7:10 p.m., *11 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—6:05, †6:05, x9:45 a.m., 1:20, x2:30, †4:45, 5:05, *7, x8:15 p.m.

Arrive—8:45, ‡11:25 a.m., x1:40, 4:30, 6, x8:05, *9:45, ‡10:40, x11:30 p.m.

†To Detroit. ‡From Detroit. xDaily. *Wednesdays and Saturdays only. All trains to and from Port Stanley except those marked †, ‡.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—7:04 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:35 p.m.

Depart—7:20 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:11 p.m.

WABASH

From June 1 to Sept. 30 the Wabash will have on sale daily Round Trip Summer Tourist Tickets at a very low rate, to California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia and other Pacific Coast points. Tickets good to return until Oct. 31, with stop-over privileges.

Special 90-day tickets at a much lower rate will be sold on different dates.

Tickets should read over the Wabash, the short and true route to all Pacific Coast points.

For full particulars see your nearest Wabash agent, or address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, No. 6 Yonge street, Toronto, and St. Thomas, Ont.

R & O Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co.

Shooting the Rapids to Montreal

Steamers "Toronto" and "Kingston" leave Toronto at 3 p.m. daily. Special rates from Toronto to

Thousand Islands and return	$12 50
Montreal and return	24 50
Quebec and return	33 50
Saguenay and return	46 50

Meals and berth are included in above rates.

STEAMER BELLEVILLE

Leaves Hamilton at 12 noon, and Toronto at 7:30 p.m., every Tuesday, for Bay of Quinte, Montreal and intermediate ports. Special rates for single and return tickets, including meals and berth.

For folders, rates, etc., apply to R. M. Ruse, W. Fulton, F. B. Clarke, or write to H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, A. G. P. A., Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Farm Laborers' Excursions

AUGUST 12 and 16

To certain points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, via Chicago, Duluth and Fort Frances.

$10 GOING; $18 ADDITIONAL RETURNING.

From all stations, Kingston, Renfrew, and west in Ontario.

Canada's National Exhibition, Toronto

Return tickets at single fare from all stations in Canada, west of Cornwall and Ottawa.

Good going August 27 to September 10, inclusive. Return limit, Tuesday, September 13, 1910.

Special low rate excursions on certain dates.

Full information and tickets from R. E. Ruse, C. P. and T. A., "Crock Corner"; H. M. Hayes, Depot Agent.

50c to Port Stanley

EVERY DAY ON THE TRACTION COMPANY.

Hourly Service Daily.

Special limited trains every week day leave London at 4:50, and on Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday (boat days), at 6:50, running direct to dock.

Michigan Central

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

The Short and Direct Route to

New York and Boston

Finest equipped through sleeping cars from St. Thomas.

Passengers for New York leave London 5:35 p.m.; arrive New York 9:03 a.m., at Grand Central Station, in the heart of the city.

Passengers desiring to travel Albany to New York by boat may do so without extra charge. This is an all-day trip, and pronounced by all the grandest water trip in America.

Full particulars gladly furnished at city office, 405 Richmond street. Phone 205.

THOMAS EVANS, C.P.A.
S. H. PALMER, D.P.A., St. Thomas.
O. W. RUGGLES, G.P.A., Chicago.

Pere Marquette

L. and P. S. Division, Daily Trains, Sunday Included, Commencing June 26, 1910

Leave London for Port Stanley—†5:05, *9:45 a.m., †1:20, *2:30, †5:05, ‡7, *8:15 p.m.

Leave Stanley Beach—†7:55 a.m., *12:30, †3:25, †4:55, *7, ‡8:45, *10:30 p.m.

*Daily. †Weekdays. ‡Wednesday and Saturdays.

One-day tickets, 30c return.
H. F. MOELLER, G. P. A.
zxv W. M. HOOD, T. P. A.

The Ontario & Ohio Navigation Co

CLEVELAND BOATS.

Leave Port Stanley 11 p.m., Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. $3 25 from London, good until Sept. 5. Saturday week-end rate, $2. Lake rides, 3:45 and 7:45, Monday, Wednesday, Friday; 7:45 on Saturday, two hours, 25c. Special rates to societies. W. FULTON, agent, corner Dundas and Richmond.