8

) LE NO THS, MARRIA

CRON'S FORM nd guaranteed : ROSS & L

s and Corner dilly Sts., Lo . S. PRESBY gs of the Ger

the Presbyter hearing of the appeal of the past the action ok in dismissing s in the here s in order. xed the capac re the assemb , for the app swhy the apposite of N sed upon the f the book of nerally be talliciary, stock the floornt of the apposite of

ring

erson

DUNDA

e Public

N YOU WAT

& Kellam's

nt House,

RIDOU

FAIR

ASHIONAE

I. HE

LUMBE

Bed Bug

at Portland,

stock the floosint of the apout responsible
rry and for it is
morelled to appe.
Presbytery.
account of the
ted his reaso:
i that strong
my departure i
uld be allowed.
McCook had
grs. the mode ggs, the mod s whether the

the motion w

ion then was y, recommend ck to the Synnthe report wote of 385 to 122 then adopted we the question engthy disputed in the minutes the minutes dge Strevell g the admission the admission of the admission of the Polymer to the admission of the Polymer the admission of the admission

ods Store, cor herein prope to the Presh y of 1892 is co CHTS THAT ACE YOUR ountain to pie od's love in a rother to ever

oly under the

nmittee were

and recomm

l is not able

the main readily to be converted to the ke an adequation religion lyation for manas Christianity nd see an

Politics vs. Sci. UNDA e two subjects
conversationa
at present, an
ussing. One
tuation and t
ry of science, R J'S ladies are par now on the nell as in gentler OCK

IMPORTER .

ESALE AND d warran

ndon, Ont

arket Sck B

The Advertiser

74.E DAILY ADVERTISER. Daily, by mail, per year (8 to 12 pages). . . . \$4 00 Daily, by mail, for three months 1 00 All subscriptions payable in advance. IN LONDON:
Morning Edition, \$6 per annum; Evening Edition, 10c. per week, delivered.

THE WESTERN ADVER ISER. OUR WEEKLY EDITIC

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

ADVERTISING RATES Made known on application at orli Address all communications to ADVERTISER PRINTING CO'Y, LONDON. . . CANADA.

BRANCH OFFICES: Toronto—E. Dickie, 260 Dunn avenue, Montreal and Maritime Provinces—A. McKim & Co., Montreal, Que,

> God's in His heaven, All's right with the world. -[BROWNING.

London, Friday, May 27.

IF you desire to be cremated, you can now arrange for this disposal of your remains by paying \$20 to the Cremation Society of England.

"WHAT with franchise acts, gerryman ders and Judge Elliots, the minority has been inhumanly used," remarks the Toronto Telegram, which is an independent Conservative journal.

IN TORONTO, the Bible Society directors number some twenty. The three principal denominations, Church of England, Methodist and Presbyterian-have an equal number of directors, namely, five each, the Baptists three and the Congregationalists two.

IT is said that another effort will be made to have Newfoundland become part of Canada. There will be time enough to talk business when the right of France to the Newfoundland foreshores is settled by Great Britain. Canada has enough of "burning questions" on her hands now without undertaking the settlement of so grave a national complication as that now existing between France and Great Britain with regard to the right of French fishermen to use the shores of Newfoundland, despite the protests of the Newfound-

LORD DUFFERIN has sent to the Foreign Office a report on the increase of the French army since 1870. This has been very large, as the following shows:

Battalions of infantry.....

battalion, and there is also a large territorial army. The report says that the con dition of the military force and of the defenses is unsurpassed, and that they are well worth the cost of bringing them up to their present standard. It all depends.
The workers who have to toil long hours, on the poorest of fare, to earn the taxes that pay for this military display cannot be very well satisfied with the state of affairs that is held to necessitate expenditures of so huge proportions.

THE FREE LIBRARY.

It is now made evident that the dispute between the Board of the Workingmen's Free Library and the London Ministerial Association was the result of a misunderstanding. There cannot be a doubt that the practical outcome will be the drawing closer together of the two bodies. They both aim at the bettering of the human and it should not be difficult for them to co-operate in every forward movement.

The candid discussion of the points upor which the Ministerial Association asked for light cannot fail to help the movement to extend the influence of the Free Library, while it must convince citizens generally that the Ministerial Association can, when it chooses, do a great deal to promote discussion of questions affecting the moral and social welfare of the people.

There were doubts in the minds of many as to the condition of the Free Library; the clergymen have been the means of having these doubts met with full and free explanations by the Board, as well as of bringing forth declarations in favor of the Free Library movement by almost every association of workers in the city. That is a good deal to accomplish in ten days.

WOMEN AND THE CONFERENCE. The question of admitting women hereafter to the General Conference of the American Methodist Church was yesterday practically settled in the affirmative at Omaha. The amendment which carried provides that the word "laymen" as applied to the lay delegates must mean male delegates, and in case this interpretation of the word is not sustained by a two-thirds vote of the annual conferences, and a threefourths vote of the general conference, then the word "laymen" shall mean both men and women as lay delegates. This was carried by 241 to 160. It is well understood that this vote practically admits the women, as the final result does not now

Well done, General Conference at

Philadelphia has six day nurseries where three months to eight years in age can leave them from 6:30 in the morning until 6:30 at night. Three meals and ample amusements are given, costing the mother six cents a day. These institutions are supported by voluntary contributions. Other cities have them on much the same plantities have them on much the same plantities have them on by our widows.

Serving us contained to prepare herestly and the formuring by a scientific training is Nancy Cornelius of the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., who has just received a diploma in the Hartford training school for nurses. working women with children, ranging from

HOW THE SEATS SHOULD BE RE DISTRIBUTED

The Redistribution of Seats Bill, it is now announced, will be proceeded with this session, and the ruthless carving up of constituencies and destruction of county boundaries, begun in Ontario in 1882, is to be continued in every Province of the Dominion, unless better counsels are made to prevail at Ottawa. It is admitted by newspaper supporters of the present Administration that the rearrangement is not made on the basis of providing that the constituencies shall be equalized. They even freely confess that their object is, as far as possible, to give their friends a partisan advantage. They have learned the lesson taught by Sir John Macdonald, who boasted after the infamous gerry. mander of 1882 that he had "hived the Grits," and they chuckle with glee while they count up the partisan gains that will accrue from the dishonest manipulations of county divisions that are found in every section of the new gerrymander act.

Appealed to if they think it is British

fair play for the dominant political party to endeavor to stifle public opinion by gerrymandering the constituencies, the followers of Sir John Thompson reply that it may not be that, but if "the Grits were in power they would do the same, therefore it is excusable." Suppose this were true, would it be the right position for an hones man to assume? Surely no decent Con-servative who desires the country to be ruled well, and that the majority shall prevail on every occasion, can uphold such a doctrine, so long as there is ample oppor-tunity for the best men of both politica parties to join hands, and compel such change as shall prevent any political party, be it Liberal, Conservative, or yet unde fined, from using its power to stifle th voice of the constituencies.

Such tactics as is apologized for on the miserable subterfuge that "they all do it," and therefore it is right, would not be tolerated for one moment by British public opinion. Why should Canadians be less chivalrous, less honest, less anxious to let the best men win in a fair field?

When Mr. Gladstone brought up his Re-distribution Bill in 1885, he called in the leader of the Conservative party, and told him the principle upon which he proposed that the constituencies should be re-adjusted, and informed him that he proposed leaving the duty of arranging the new con stituencies in the hands of thoroughly independent public officials. The Opposition leader admitted the fairness of the proposition, and the consequence was that when the scheme was laid before the House it received the unanimous sanction of Parliament, and ther was absolutely no discussion on the prac tical revolution in the constituency boun As it turned out Premier Gladstone's friends got the worst of it, but look at the satisfaction that both he and they

No man worthy of the name can object

to the redistribution of seats in the Do-

minion being made by a body as far re-moved from partisan influences as possible. Recent events have, in some measure, shaken our faith in the judiciary, but we would gladly indorse the passing of a law taking the redistribution of seats out of the hands of the partisan and intensely interested Government of the day, whose may be involved in the result, and placing the duty of rearranging the constituencies in the hands of an independent judicial body. The organization probably furthest removed from partisan influences is the Dominion Supreme Court. Its members sometimes complain of having too much to do, but as this work has to be done only once in ten years, and once properly performed, as it has never vet en, the task would be a comparatively light one. Parliament now has the right to delegate to this or to anyother court or body of men the work that in the past has of men the work that in the Pass has been so badly done, has caused so much ill-feeling, and has resulted in positive injustice to one-half of the people of Canada. Why should the present Parliament not make a beginning. Let the court have carte blanche to rearrange the constituencarte blanche to rearrange the constituens are nearly as possible according to the signing of a home rule bill would be a gracecies, as nearly as possible according to the population, taking every precaution to bserve civic and county boundaries. It is not too late to be honest, Sir John Thompson; it is not too late to be just, gentlemen o the House of Commons. Many of us in the west have good reasons to object not only to the present gerrymander, but to all previous carvings and cuttings. No one who desires, as does the ADVERTISER, that the majority shall rule, will object to a non-partisan distribution of seats. In every contest we support certain candidates because we believe in the principles which they profess to be willing to forward; but if in any fairly formed constituency such candidates found themselves in the minerity, then the voice of the people would be respected. It is the stifling of the public voice by partisan manipulation of municipalities that we protest against, and we should be supported by every fairminded elector in Canada. Can any person bring one valid objection against this pro-

posal? PAYMENT OF MEMBERS. The representatives of English labor in session at Leicester resolved to make the payment of members of Parliament a test question in the coming general election.

Those candidates who fail to declare themselves in favor of salaries for members are to be opposed by the influence and votes of organized labor. It seems to be reasonable that the servants of the people should be worthy of some indemnity for the loss of time entailed in working for their country.

At present it is only possible for men of unless their constituents are generous enough to put up the money. Why should the able, but poor, man be debarred from

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

The Toronto Telegram, stirred up by the rascality in connection with the East York election, and rebelling against the evils of the Dominion voters' list, remarks evils of the Dominion voters list, remarks:

"A revising officer's court is not a place
merely for putting on those who are entitled to vote. It is a gambling den where
the price of an advantage upon the liste
goes to the candidate who is aided by the
most unscrupulous perjurers and the most
expert tricksters." Strong language this,
but apparently justified by the facts. expert tricksters." Strong language this, but apparently justified by the facts.

Three Senators, Messrs. Hale, Dolph and Colquitt, discuss the Harrison Administra tion in the June number of the North American Review; they do so interestingly, but it is needless to say that the Senators do not agree in their conclusions. Sir William Dawson begins a series of articles of "Prehistoric Times in Egypt and Pales-tine," and Karl Blind discusses some "Mod-ern Revolutions." Mr. Garner tells of his hopes with regard to the monkeys and their language. Contributions from Murat Hali-stead, Archdeacon Farrar, Mrs. Barr and others make up an exceedingly interesting

The only counties in Quebec Province in which the Protestants are in a majority now are Brome, Compton, Argenteuil, Huntingdon and Stanstead. In Compton Huntingdon and Stanstead. In Compton and Huntingdon the population is about equally divided between Catholics and Protestants. In Missisquoi and Pontiac the Catholics now form the majority. In Kamouraska county, with 20,454 population, there are only 3 Protestants. In L'Islet there are 2, in Bellechasse 4, in Charlevoix 25, in Maskinonge 46, in Montmorency 9, in Nicolet 34, in St. Maurice 15, in Three Rivers 25, and in Vercheres 23.

Prof. David Swing, in the June Scrib ner's, tells of the flight of his family before the fire in Chicago in 1871; his account reproduces the great fire more vividly than any other attempted description of it. It is the third of the series of "Historic Moments." Prof. Shaler, in his geological series, describes the formation of sea beaches. Mr. A. F. Jaccaci describes a recent ascent of Mount Ætna, his illustrations giving a pointed idea of lava in its native beds, and of the difficulties of the ascent of a little-visited volcano. Mr. William T. Elsing describes "Life in a New York Tenement House," and Mrs. Hodgson Burnett tells of the founding of the "Drury Lane Boys' Club" in London—the club which she assisted in memory of her son, the "original" of Lord Fauntleroy. Mr. T. C. Clarke gives his solution of the rapid transit problem in cities—electricity. He is not the first to reach the same conclusion. Mr. Grant's "Reflections of a Married Man" is concluded, and Mr. Stevenson's "Wrecker" is almost ended. the fire in Chicago in 1871; his account re-

QUEEN VICTORIA. [N. Y. Press.]

[N. Y. Press.]
Queen Victoria was 73 years old yesterday and she is still fairly vigorous and may
live for many years longer. Personally she
has led a moral and exemplary life, and
while not a woman of uncommon ability she has led a moral and exemplary life, and while not a woman of uncommon ability she has exhibited a notable discretion in the performance of political duties.

The reign of Queen Victoria has witnessed the progress almost to culmination of a revolution of vastly greater importance than that which placed Cromwell at the

than that which placed Cromwell at the head of the English nation. The common people of England have gradually shaken off the shackles which bound them as serfs oil the shackies which bound them as seris to the aristocracy, and have, step by step, mounted to nearly complete political control. The suffrage, from being confined to property owners, is now practically universal, and every man who has a name and a large and the property of the state of a home can obtain enrollment on the voting list. The shell of feudalism remains, but list. The shell of feudalism remains, but it is only a shell, and would be crushed but for the fact that, like the Roman walls of Chester, English feudalism does no harm and is interesting as a curiosity. The House of Lords, to take an American simile, will be spared as long as it plays the opossum. Whenever it gives a sign of actual life and possible mischief the lion in the hearts of the English people will soon put an end to it. At present the lion rather disadians to attack an apparently inrather disdains to attack an apparently in

animate object. animate object.

Queen Victoria's reign has witnessed the effacement of religious intolerance in British laws, the disestablishment of that edifice of injustice, the Irish Church, and the admission of the Hebrew to the Parliasigning of a home rule bill would be a grace ful rounding out of one of the greatest of English reigns.

THE GREAT SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION

This GREAT COUGH CURE, this success-ful CONSUMPTION CURE is sold by drug-gists on a positive guarantee, a test that no other Cure can stand successfully. If you have a COUGH, HOARSENESS or LA GRIPPE, it COUGH, HOARSENESS or LA GRIPPE, it will cure you promptly. If your child has the CROUP or WHOOPING COUGH, use it quickly and relief is sure. If you fear CONSUMPTION, don't wait until your case is hopeless, but take this Cure at once and receive immediate help. Large bottles, 50c, and \$1.00. Travelers convenient pocket size 25c. Ask your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. If your lungs are sore or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plasters. Price, 25c. Sold by W. T. Strong, London, Ont.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL FOR THE CURE OF CANCER BOOK FROM SWITCHAELD, N. Y. SANGERS EN, DUFFALO, N. Y.

LEADING HOTELS.

THE TECUMSEH HOUSE

LONDON, ONT.

Largest and Bost Hotel in Western
Ontario.

I arge sample recome free; no charge for baggape; elevator day and night. Rates \$2.56 and
\$2 per day. Execularates for boarders and excursion parties.

C. W. DAVIS,
Proprietor.

ROSSIN HOUSE TORONTO.

WONDER IN WELLAND!

A Representative Farmer Speaks.



MR. C. C. HAUN.

MR. C. C. HAUN.

The following remarkable facts are fully certified to as being undeniably correct in every particular. Mr. Haun is well known in the vicinity, having resided here over fifty years, and is highly respected as a man of the strictest honor, whose word is as good as his bond.

As will be seen from his letter, four bhysicians had attended him, and it was ally after he had given up hope of cure had he decided to try Burdock Blood witters on the recommendation of a neighbor who had been cured of a similar disease by its use. Mr. Haun writes as follows:

disease by its use. Mr. Haun writes as follows:

DEAR SERS,—I think I have been one of the worst sufferers you have yet heard of, having been six years in the hands of four of our best doctors without obtaining permanent relief, but continually growing worse, until almost beyond hope of recovery, I tried your Bitters and got relief in a few days. Every organ of my body was deranged, the liver enlarged, hardened and torvid, the heart and digestive organs was deranged, the liver enlarged, hardened and torpid, the heart and dispestive organs scriously deranged, a large abscess in my back, followed by paralysis of the right leg, in fact the lower half of my body was entirely useless. After using Burdock Blood Bitters for a few days the abscess burst, discharging fully five quarts of pus in two hours. I felt as if I had received a shock from a powerful battery. My recovery after this was steady and the cure permanent, seeing that for the four years since I have had as good health as ever I had. I still take an occasional bottle, not that I need it but because I wish to keep my system in perfect working order. I can think of no more remarkable case than what I have myself passed through, and no words can express my thankfulness for such perfect recovery.

C. C. Haun, and torpid, the heart and digestive organ C. C. HAUN, Welland P.O.

In this connection the following letter from T. Cumines, Esq., a leading druggist of Welland, Ont., speaks for itself:
Mesrs. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto.
Gentlemen,—I have been personally acquainted with Mr. C. C. Haun for the

acquainted with Mr. C. C. Haun for the last 20 years, and have always found him a very reliable man. You may place the utmost confidence in anything he says with regard to your medicine. He has on many occasions within the last four years told me that it was marvellous the way the Burdock Blood Bitters had cured him, and that he now felt as able to do a day's work as he ever felt in his life. Although quite well he still takes some B. B. B. occasionally, as he says, to keep him in perfect health.

h.
Yours truly,
THOMAS CUMINES,
Welland, Ont. The steadily increasing sale of B. B. B., the length of time it has been before the people, and the fact that it cures to stay cured, attest the sterling merit of this monarch of medicines, the people's favorite blood purifier, tonic and regulator.

Prices Still Falling.

45c all-wool French Challies for 35c 12½c to 38c Art Muslins for.....8c to 25c \$3 60 Children's Silk Hats for \$2 50 25c to \$3 75 embroidered Muslin Hats for......20c to \$2 50 35c to \$2 Ladies' Drawers for .. 25c to \$1 35 35c to \$2 Ladies' Chemises for . 25c to \$1 35 70c to \$3 Ladies' Night Dresses for50c to \$2 25 75c to \$3 Ladies' Blouse Waists for45c to \$2 20

90c to \$2 Ladies' White Skirts for60c to \$1 35 A large lot of Laces and Embroid-eries at half price.

The above are a few of the bargains to be had at

Summers & Orrell's,

180 Dundas St.

STORE, 180 KING ST. FERGUSON & SONS, Undertakers and Embalmers.

Intrest, best and cheatest in Canada.

Telephone connection. I esidence, 189 Dufferin Avenue.

LONDON Machine Tool Co.

Lathes, Planers, Drills, etc

Special Montreal Advertisements.

STEEL RAILS (New & Best Seconds. CEMENT, WASTE, STEEL & IRON FILES, ETC. ETC. WALTER TOWNSEND,

MONTREAL,
AGENT FOR BOLLING & LOWE, LONDON, ENG. MOTHERS Ask for and see that you get Dawson's Chocolate Creams,

250. PER BOX the Great Worm Remedy. Being in the Form of a

CHOCOLATE CREAM Children never refuse them.



Cie. Gen'le des Bazars. C. A. Chouillou & Cie. 12 & 14 St. JOHN ST.

IN PRICES.

A Sale that Has Never Been Equaled.

We will lose hundreds of dollars during the next 30 days in order to convert several thousand dollars worth of goods into hard cash. The most ferocious

Cutting of Prices

that has ever been attempted anywhere, either at auction sale, fire sale, flood sale, closing out sale or any other sale. We will make this sale the sale of sales; not a few articles cut, but the entire stock marked to sell at wreckage prices during the next 30 days. We have purchased several lots of

Dress Goods, Parasols and Prints

within the past few days, and will sell them

At ASTONISHING PRICES

These with the spring and summer portion of the Ralph Long bankrupt stock will enable us to sell goods at prices that are never equaled elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures, showing former price and sale price.

Dundas Street, Opposite the Market Lane.



LOST MANHOOD RESTORED. SPANISH MERVINE The great nerve and brain retee to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of
Brain Power, Fits and Neuralgua, Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions,
Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Kervoisness, Lassitude and all drains
or loss of power of the generative organs in either sex. Involuntary
Losses, or Self Abuse, caused by Over Exertion, Youthful Indiscretund the money, Price § 1. a package, or, of or § 5. By mail to any address. Ask your druggist for it,
if he offers you a substitute or imitation which pays him a larger profit, leave his dishonest after, and
mail price to us. A. A. BROWN & CO., Windsor, Ont., Agents for Can., Spanish Med. Co., Madrid.

For sale in London by C. McCa. 11mm.

MANUFACTURING

WM. MALLOCH & CO., MACHINISTS -MANUFACTURERS OF-

ELEVATORS, PULLEYS, SHAFTING, HANGERS and SPECIAL MACHINERY

Repairing a Specialty. 154 Fullerton Street, London

CHAS. CHAPMAN

Bookbinder, Account Book Manufacturer

AND DEALER IN-ARTISTS' MATERIALS

NO. 91 DUNDAS STREET. . LONDON, ONT