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CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

OUR ENGLISH BISHOPS

HOW THE CHURCH IS GOVERNED IN MOTHER COUNTRY.

Hold Appointments for Life and Cannot Be Deposed Except for Derogatory Reasons—Their Incomes and Duties—Patronage Is Very Large—Palaces Are Magnificent in Some Cases—Colonial Bishops.

The government of the Church of England is exercised on, by two archbishops and thirty-five bishops. The former and twenty-four of the latter sit in the House of Lords. Bishops are nominated by the Sovereign as head of the church, and their appointment formally ratified by the dean and chapter of the diocese. Practically, however, the choice is made on the recommendation of the Prime Minister.

By the canons of the Church of England a bishop has the power of dispensing with the proclamation of banns before marriage, and is the only person who can ordain candidates for the sacred ministry. It is the duty of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners to manage the estates of cathedrals and bishoprics, as well as to pay the incomes of bishops.

Their incomes were fixed some years ago at certain annual sums. The annual income of the Primate is £15,000, and that of the Archbishop of York £5,000 less. The three most wealthy bishops are London, £10,000; Durham, £8,000, and Winchester, £6,500. The Bishop of Sodor and Man receives £2,000, and the average income of the remainder is about £4,000.

Often, however, the income is not proportionate to the expenditure, the cost of keeping up some of the old palaces being very great. Bishops have been declining with thanks for this reason.

Perhaps the most interesting episcopal palaces are Lambeth and Fulham, while the palace of Durham is magnificent to a degree. It has a remarkable history, and for 400 years

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

OUR SICK HEADACHE.

REFLECTED GLORY.



It is Just as Much Fun and Less Trouble Than Real Glory.

It is a profound truth that reflected glory is far better worth having than real glory, as far as the actual fun of the thing is concerned. The man who after much struggling has won through to fame knows all the drawbacks to it and realizes that the game is hardly worth the candle. But the man whose only claim to glory lies in the fact that he is an acquaintance of the famous man has a splendid time, getting most of the kudos with none of the disadvantages. We see a great, good man, let us say Algernon Ashton, and we envy him. But we feel that his position must have its disadvantages. The strain of being universal letter provider to the papers of London must be enormous. Far better the lot of the man who merely knows Mr. Ashton and can call him Algy. Mr. Murphy, the orator, supports this view. "It is well," he says, "sometimes in speaking to treat great men's names familiarly. In bracketing yourself thus with the great men of the world reminds one of an eastern saying that there are only two creatures that can surmount the pyramids, the eagle and the snail." We know of scores of men who have acquired reputations through their friends. It is the simplest thing in the world. The wonder is that everybody does not do it, for it needs but little labor.—London Globe.

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PICTURES BY TELEGRAPH

Photographs May Be Transmitted Over Wires In Three Minutes.

A machine for duplicating photographs by telegraph will be in actual operation in Berlin, Germany, this spring, and it is expected to be put to practical use by a number of newspapers in the near future. The device is the invention of Professor Korn of Munich. In a recent interview with P.T.O. of London, Mr. Alexander Kenealy, the pioneer of illustrated journalism and editor of the London Daily Mirror, said:

"We have the exclusive rights for England and the Colonies of Professor Korn's wonderful invention of photography by telegraph. It will be in practical use here in July, and the instruments are now being made for us by Carpentier, of Paris. "How does it work?" echoed Mr. Kenealy with a good-natured smile. "Oh, that is very simple. Professor Korn can telegraph a degree of light. You see, there is a strong electric light burning at each end of the wire. Then he shows his photograph to the light a minute or so, and the light is registered at a time, and is reflected by a corresponding degree of light at the other end. Thus, one is able to see by telegraphy, shades or degrees of light being transmitted instead of signs, the cost being reckoned by the time."

"No, there is nothing to prevent our having stations even in Canada and Australia, while we have at present a private wire to Paris, to which we can connect the instrument; and the patent can also be used in conjunction with an ordinary telephone wire, the photograph taking only three minutes to transmit. "Professor Korn is about forty-three years of age, and is engaged at the University of Munich. I have been in correspondence with him for a year and a half, and went to Paris recently to secure the rights for the 'Mirror,' to attend the special representation given before a critical audience, including the French Postmaster-General and several Ministers of State, while King Edward showed great interest in this invention on his recent visit. "Of course, there is a good deal of scepticism rife at present, especially in England, as there was in the case of Marconi, but Korn is sure to make a fortune in royalties from his remarkable invention."

HERO OF FAMOUS RAID.

Now Attends Imperial Conference as Premier From Cape.

Dr. Jameson, the hero of the futile raid upon Johannesburg, is the son of R. W. Jameson, a writer to the Signet in Edinburgh. He was born in the Scottish capital in 1853, and was educated for the medical profession at University College Hospital, London. After acting as house physician and house surgeon, his health broke down, and he went to South Africa, settling at Kimberley, where he continued his practice. He numbered amongst his patients President Kruger and the native chief Lobengula, and came much in contact with Mr. Cecil Rhodes.

ECZEMA COVERED HANDS 11 YEARS

Cracked and Bleeding in Many Places—Became so Bad that Nail Came Off Finger—Tried Many Remedies and Consulted Three Doctors, but Got No Relief—Now Cured and Is Very Proud of Having Tried CUTICURA REMEDIES

"I had eczema on my hands for about eleven years. The hands cracked open in many places and bled. One of my fingers was so bad that the nail came off. I had often heard of cures by the Cuticura Remedies, but had no confidence in them as I had tried so many remedies, and they all had failed to cure me. I had seen three doctors, but got no relief. Finally my husband said that we would try the Cuticura Remedies, and I bought a box of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment, and two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent Pills. Of course I kept Cuticura Soap all the time for my hands, but the one cake of Soap and half a box of Cuticura Ointment cured them. It is surely a blessing for me to have my hands well, and I am very proud of having tried Cuticura Remedies, and recommend them to all suffering with eczema. Mrs. Eliza A. Wiley, R. F. D. 2, Liscomb, Iowa, Oct. 18, 1906."

ITCHING PIMPLES

Resulted from Poisoning. Cured by Two Sets of Cuticura Remedies.

"My husband got a blood disease from wearing woolen underwear. He was all full of pimples, and he had an awful itching. He took a good many so-called blood remedies, and nothing did him good. Then we saw in a newspaper about Cuticura Remedies, and they cured him after using in all two sets of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills. I wouldn't do without Cuticura Soap. Mrs. Harner, 1080 Benner St., Reading, Pa., Jan. 25, 1906."

Perfidious Albion.

A remarkable anti-English story, originally emanating from The Allegmeine Marine Correspondenz, which published it from a "reliable English source," is now going the round of the German newspapers, which are giving it prominence, and profess to see in it a proof of insincerity of the British proposal for the discussion of the reduction of armaments.

The Allegmeine Marine Correspondenz says that three "Dreadnoughts" are now being built at Armstrong's in the order of the Argentine Government, and adds that the English press recently announced that Messrs. Vickers, Son, and Maxim are building a giant battleship for the Brazilian Government. The correspondent asks whence these South American states get the money for this very considerable outlay, and points out that these four ships just form a division, which could be purchased by Great Britain at the opportune moment.

Very Good. "Has he given up the stage for good?" "Yes. They say he couldn't have done better."

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Look for this

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QUARTER SIZES

This style is also made in Elk Brand at 3 for 50c. MANDU, Despatch the Brand.

THE ISLAND OF FIRE.

Java's Geological Eccentricity the Lake of Boiling Mud.

The greatest natural wonder in Java, if not in the entire world, is the justly celebrated Gheko Kamdha Gumbo or home of the "Island of Fire." This geological eccentricity is really a lake of boiling mud, situated at about the center of the plains of Grobogan, and is called an island because of the great emerald sea of vegetation which surrounds it and gives it that appearance. The "island" is about two miles in circumference and is situated at a distance of almost exactly fifty miles from Solo. Near the center of this geological freak immense columns of soft hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great timbers thrust through the boiling substratum by giant hands and then quickly withdrawn.

Besides the phenomenon of the boiling mud columns, there are scores of gigantic bubbles of hot slime that fill up like huge balloons and keep up a series of constant explosions, the intensity of the detonations varying with the size of the bubble. In times past, so the Javanese authorities say, there was a tall, spire-like column of baked mud on the west edge of the lake, which constantly belched a pure stream of cold water, but this has long been obliterated, and everything is now a seething mass of bubbling mud and slime, a marvel to the visitors who come from long distances to see it.

A LIVING GHOST!

That is What Her Friends Said About Her

Read how Mrs. James Steel, Waterville, Que., was cured by the use of MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

she writes: "For the past fourteen months I was nervous all the time, and became so run down I was unable to walk across the house without getting dizzy. My friends told me I looked like a living ghost and advised me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I got two boxes and within two weeks I had improved wonderfully and after finishing the fourth box I was completely cured. They are the greatest pills I ever used and I can recommend them to all sufferers."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills act directly on the disordered heart and nerves, and restore them to healthy action. They have no equal for reviving and strengthening the heart beat, invigorating the nervous system, and acting as a food for the blood, improving its quality, making it rich and red.

Prices 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Foundation of Japan.

Every Feb. 11 is celebrated in Japan the great annual festival of Kigenetsu, the anniversary of the foundation of the empire by the first emperor, Jimmu-tanno, B. C. 660. The Japanese reckon their present era as from this date, and it was on Feb. 11, 1859, that Mutsuhito, the one hundred and twenty-first of the dynasty, promulgated the present constitution of the empire of Japan, the fundamental principle of which is clearly stated in its first article. "The empire of Japan shall be reigned over and governed by a line of emperors unbroken from ages eternal." The organization of a parliament took place in 1890, which in the Japanese reckoning would be 2550 from Jimmu's setting up his capital at Kashihara, in the province of Yamato, which is regarded by Japanese historians as the beginning of the empire.

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WILSON, PIKE & CO.—Barristers, Solicitors of the Supreme Court, Notaries Public, etc. Money to loan on Mortgages at lowest rates. Office: Fifth Street. Matthew Wilson, K.C., J. M. Pike.

LODGES

PARTHENON LODGE, No. 57, A. F. & A. M., G. R. C. meets first Wednesday of every month in Masonic Temple, King Street. Visiting brethren always welcome. J. M. PIKE, W.M. J. W. FLIHRS, Sec'y.

WELLINGTON LODGE, No. 48, A. F. & A. M., G. R. C. meets first Monday of every month in the Masonic Hall, King Street East, at 7 o'clock. Visiting brethren heartily welcomed. GEO. MUSSON, W.M. J. O. SALES, Sec'y.

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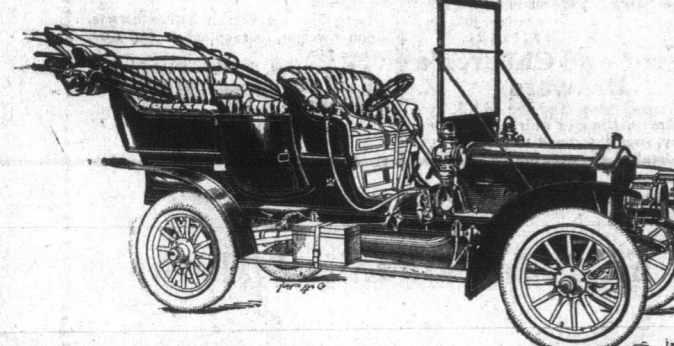
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REV. DR. INGRAM, BISHOP OF LONDON.

the bishops palatine held court there, and exercised the rights of independent sovereignty.

Ireland and the Colonies.

The Disestablished Church of Ireland has two archbishops and eleven bishops, the latter receiving from £1,500 to £2,000, and the archbishops £2,500 with houses free of rent.

The oldest English bishopric is that of London, which is said to have been founded in 179. Sixteen other bishoprics, including York, Canterbury, Hereford and Worcester, were founded between the fourth and seventh centuries, while the last bishopric to be founded was Southwark in 1905.

Colonial bishops may perform all episcopal functions in the United Kingdom, but they have no jurisdiction in Ireland and the Colonies.

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