

## CLEARING SALE

10 doz. Middies, worth \$1.50 to \$1.75; on sale at . . . . .96c  
 5 doz. White Skirts, values to \$1.50; on sale at . . . . .96c  
 Silk Hosiery . . . 50c to \$2.25 pr.  
 Lisle Hosiery . . . 25c to 75c pr.  
 Childrens Dresses  
 Travellers Samples 50c to \$2.00, extra value.  
 Bargains in Every Department.

*Wims & Co.*

## Picked Up Around Town

Some citizens would like to know if the city hall clock is "on strike" against striking the hours. The old familiar sound of the bell is never heard now except for a police call and this condition is an inconvenience to the public.

A large tree at the corner of Bridge street and James street is at the point of falling to pieces. Some of the limbs look as if they might fall at any time, and endanger the safety of pedestrians. Such an old landmark ought to be removed or at least trimmed.

A complaint has been received of boys bathing at Zwick's Island without proper clothing. The practice, if such is the case, must cease says Chief Newton.

The remains of the late Mrs. Albige Elsworth who died in Chicago at the age of 81 years, arrived here on Saturday and were taken to the home of her nephew, Mr. George Kerr, 20 Benjamin street. The body was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Elsworth. The funeral was held this afternoon, Rev. J. N. Clarry officiating. The interment was made at Vantassel's cemetery.

The funeral of the late Pauline Mildred Twiddy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Twiddy, Meira street, was held on Saturday afternoon. Rev. J. N. Clarry officiating. Many flowers had been contributed by sympathizers and friends. The interment was in Belleville Cemetery, the bearers being—Arthur Herby, Arnold Wessela, Edward Hector and Ross Farrell.

On Pine street grounds tonight at 6.45 there will take place the opening game of a series between the Grand Trunk office staff and the G. T. R. shops for a cup. There are just the two teams in the league but the promise is given of a warm series.

Crown Attorney Carnow and T. D. Ruston are in Trenton this afternoon on the case of a man named Ralph Harden accused of abducting a ward of the Children's Aid Society from Bath to Colborne. Captain Ruston happened to be in Trenton on Saturday and saw Harden whom he had been looking for, for several weeks. He accordingly arrested Harden. Harden is said to be a married man and the ward is an eighteen year old girl. Harden lived in Bath for a time but his home is in the United States.

A citizen suggests that the globes of the electric light lamps on Front and Bridge street be cleaned so that the light from the lamps may be shed on the street.

Before His Honor Judge Wills, Charles McConnell and William Bell are on trial today on a charge of assaulting and occasioning bodily harm to J. J. Barry on July 15th. W. Carnow for the crown; A. Abbott for accused.

Mr. Shaw, travelling auditor of the Imperial Munitions Board, Ottawa, is in the city checking up component account records with the local munitions firms.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Brown and little daughter Marjorie left yesterday for their home at Scriber, after spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Harker, West Bridge St.

Mr. F. H. Henry spent Sunday at the home of Reeve Bush, Richmond Td. The district back of Napanee and Deseronto was visited yesterday afternoon with a couple severe electrical storms.

## "WHAT ABOUT LEAVE" PREMIER WAS ASKED

"Every Man Has Leave Now—to Fight the Hun." Was Sir Robert's Reply—Sergt. Lapp Writes on Conditions as They Exist at the Front.

There has been so much written concerning the world war and the part that our own Canadian forces have played in it, that it would be presumption on my part to attempt to add anything concerning the greater issues; but I thought it might be of some interest to you to know what the men in the trenches are thinking and saying among themselves.

In "funk hole," "dugout" and billeting gatherings men will express themselves on subjects that they won't ordinarily mention in writing home, or in conversation outside of their own particular circle of comrades. The things that affect us personally—rations, mail from home, leave, working parties, patrols, vermin, mud, etc.—are talked of most, but the range of subjects includes politics, religion, literature, poetry, art, science, agriculture, sports, and some times war. No debating society ever had more earnest speakers than I have heard in my experience of some five months in France.

When we can forget our surroundings for a few minutes our thoughts naturally turn to the home folks and home activities. The Canadian Daily Record, a publication giving the news of Canada by cable, keeps us in touch with passing events, and our letters and papers give us the details.

Confidence in the Union Government, under the leadership of Sir Robert Borden, prevails generally, though it is not considered perfect by any means. There was general dissatisfaction with the working of the Military Service Act until the amendment which has done away with the wholesale exemptions.

Comments concerning the severity of food regulations, as published in Canadian papers, have caused many a smile. "Let 'em try European rations for a year," is what we generally hear at such times.

The numerous strikes and threatened strikes cause great irritation. It is incomprehensible to us that a man earning \$7.50 a day, with all the comforts of home and family, should choose a time of crisis to ask for 100 per cent. increase, such as some of the C.P.R. men have recently done. Compared to \$1.10 a day and a hole in the ground under constant shell fire, the majority of the workmen at home are enjoying the extreme of luxury.

Of our own little troubles, I think that irregular rations dominates the conversation. Sometimes there is plenty and to spare; at other times our allowance only aggravates our hunger. Of course we fully appreciate the various causes that would make for the latter situation, but when we know that the non-combatant and other units back of the line are getting a satisfactory allowance we begin to question why that with the added physical and mental strain of life in the line, that we should not get at least the same. The office-

ers and senior N.C.O.'s seldom experience the same difficulty, but it is very real at times to us. No man can stand eight hours' labor with pick and shovel with one spoonful of vegetable, a piece of meat two inches square (cut thin), and a drink of tea, to sustain him. In common with others I have tried it more than once. I am convinced that the trouble could be adjusted here in France, for we know there is no lack of supplies at the base.

There is a great deal of discussion concerning the numerous working parties which fall to the lot of the men in the line, but these are generally recognized as being necessary, so grudging is usually reserved for blisters and sore feet. The pick and shovel certainly supercede the rifle and bayonet in the ordinary work of the line.

The vermin of the trenches and billets—body lice, rats, etc.—cause more discomfort than talk, among the men. They are accepted as part of the game for no one can keep absolutely free of them—unless one has a batman—but it is the general opinion that there should be a regular supply provided of some deterrent to alleviate the discomfort.

The question of leave to Paris and "Brighty" is one of great moment to us of the rank and file. At various times and for various reasons leave has been closed, or the numbers going each week cut to a fraction of the usual percentage. Every delay means that the men near the end of their list will have to wait longer for their turns. This often means a year, and more, continually going in and out of the line, while the stipulated period is, I understand, six months. At the Canadian Corps sports on July 1st one of the 10,000 men present shouted to Sir Robert Borden, "What about leave?" The premier replied, "Every man has leave now—to fight the Hun." And I guess we will have to be satisfied with that.

Most of us have no illusions about the possible duration of the war. While we hope for an early finish, we are not building any hopes on leaving the shores of France before the close of 1919. In the popular estimation next year will mark our lasting triumph; even at that, allowance should be made for some great unthought-of event either shortening or lengthening it. With this delightfully (?) indefinite deduction, we cease to puzzle our minds further. The main point is—we must win; and win we will, regardless of the time or price.

I am writing this from a forward line where daily the price in blood is paid. One never knows who may be the next, but we do know that if we go under that Canada will see that the vacant places are filled without delay, so that while our fair Dominion is carrying on in the fight for peace and right, her dead shall sleep in peace.

T. C. Lapp.

## MISSING OFFICERS AND MEN

The following are the steps taken by the War Office to ascertain whether officers and men who have been reported missing are prisoners of war, or if not, whether any definite information is obtainable as to their fate:

1. The Commanding Officer.—The officer commanding the unit, before making his report, ascertains as far as possible from the officers and men present with the unit, whether any reliable evidence is forthcoming. If not, he reports the soldier missing.
2. The British Red Cross and Order of St. John.—Lists of the missing are supplied by the War Office to the inquiry Department of the Red Cross, 18 Carlton House Terrace, London.

The representatives of this body are given facilities at the hospitals and camps at home and overseas to collect information from wounded soldiers.

Information so collected, if likely to establish the fate of the officer or man, is passed to the War Office and in the case of the rank and file is taken up officially without request from relatives.

In the case of officers, these reports, if sufficiently definite, are also investigated, but the initiative is a rule left to the relatives, since it is found that the relatives have in many cases received more reliable information direct from the officers

of the unit. Inquiries addressed to 18 Carlton House Terrace, London, S.W.1, will also be answered direct, and all reliable information collected will be communicated. The inquiry should give the name, Christian name, regimental number, regiment, battalion, company or platoon, and date of casualty. For Royal Artillery the battery is necessary, and for the Royal Engineers and Army Service Corps the company or other unit.

3. Inquiries in Germany and other enemy countries.—Full lists of the missing are prepared in the War Office, and a large number of copies sent monthly to the Foreign Office for transmission through the good offices of the Netherlands Government to Germany and to other enemy countries. These lists are circulated through prisoners of war camps and hospitals and are accompanied by forms on which evidence can be furnished regarding officers and men whose names are on the list. By this means in an appreciable number of cases, information has been received showing what has been the fate of the missing.

4. General Remarks.—It will be seen that by these arrangements an endeavor is made to cover broadly the whole field of possible witnesses of the missing soldier's fate, and he has unfortunately met his death upon the battlefield, to place his rel-

atives in possession of definite information upon the subject.

If on the other hand he is in fact a prisoner of war, news is in the great majority of cases received direct from him in the first instance by means of letters addressed to his relatives. In a few cases his name first appears upon an official German list, but unfortunately in a number of these, the list shows that he has died in hospital a few days after capture. In all but very exceptional cases, the news of his being a prisoner comes through before there would have been time for an inquiry to be sent to Germany or for an answer to be received.

Individual inquiries sent to Germany in missing cases have been found by experience to produce no correct information that was not already in the possession of the War Office, and as the issue of the lists of missing ensures much wider circulation of the names, individual inquiries are not now sent.

The placing of the name on the missing list is done by the War Office automatically, and it is therefore not necessary for relatives to take any steps to ensure that official inquiries in Germany are set on foot. It is particularly requested that letters should not be sent to the Netherlands Legation or to the Foreign Office, as applications of this description cannot be dealt with there.

It should be noted also that the Prisoners of War Information Bureau, Wellington Street, London, is concerned solely with enemy prisoners of war, and can give no information concerning missing British soldiers.

It has been brought to the notice of the War Office that in certain cases, where relatives of missing soldiers have advertised in the press for information, fictitious particulars have been supplied by imposters with a view of obtaining money. Relatives who advertise are warned to be on their guard against this fraud, and to refer to the Secretary, War Office, for confirmation of the information in all cases.

## Form Canada Air Force

New Service for Defence of Canada's Coast—Pilots and Balloonists Required.

Ottawa, Aug. 15.—Hon. A. K. Maclean, Acting Minister of the Department of Naval Service, yesterday announced the formation of the Royal Canadian Air Service. This organization will come under the direction of the Naval Department, and has for its primary object the defence of Canada's coasts, but men enlisting in the Air Force will be liable for service outside the Dominion if necessary. Candidates accepted for the Royal Canadian Air Service will be entered as cadets, and will be required to sign on for three years, or for six months after the duration of the war.

It was stated at the Department that pilots for seaplanes, airplanes, and kite balloons were required immediately in connection with the organization. Only young men, British-born, or naturalized British subjects, between the ages of 17½ and 26, and in the highest medical category, will be accepted.

Applications should be made on the forms supplied for the purpose, which may be obtained by writing to the Recruiting Secretary, Department of the Naval Service, Wellington street, Ottawa.

## WEST LAKE

Mr. Albert Mills is very ill and under the care of Dr. Calhoun. Miss Cora Pettigill of Wellington, visited Mrs. Angus Lake for a few days.

## TO FRANCE OR ENGLAND

Wallbridge & Clarke pack overseas parcels in a manner to stand pressure, rain or hard usage. There is no extra charge for this service. You simply pay for the goods to be sent and the postage. Wallbridge & Clarke attend to all other details.

## NEW GOODS NOW IN FOR OVERSEAS.

New Fruit Cakes, in tins  
 New Fancy Biscuits, in tins  
 New California Fruits—Peaches, Pears, Cherries and Apricots.  
 Hawaiian Sliced Pineapple.  
 Lemonade Powder Dates  
 Maple Sugar Maple Butter  
 Peanut Butter Table Raisins.  
 Spearmint and Juicy Fruit Gum  
 Nelson's Delicious Chocolates.  
 New kinds New styles  
 2,000 Nut and Milk Chocolate Bars 5c.

Cigars, Tobaccos, and Cigarettes, etc. etc. etc.

At Wallbridge & Clarke  
 Canada's Finest Biscuits  
 8-2222 A. S-2222

few days.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Burlingham, of Toronto and family are guests at O. Burlingham's.

Elmer McConnell and family were Sunday guests at Byron Hyatt's. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Whattam are very busy those days with a full house.

Jim Tubbs and family are at Bloomfield for a few days. Mrs. Susan Dainard spent several days visiting friends here.

Miss Reta Wright has been entertaining friends from Picton. Mr. and Mrs. Roy Cooper entertained company from Toronto last week.

Mr. Frank Huff sold \$700 worth of stock on Friday.

## Hun General Beat it Tank After Him

And He Was Not Lacking in Company

With the British Army in France, Aug. 9.—Where the tanks and armored car batteries pressed forward in the rolling country there was much agitation among the enemy. A report came back that a British tank, probably one of the fast little whippets, had been seen chasing a frightened German General up the road. But the enemy general was not alone in the direction he was going. Observers reported considerable columns of enemy transport going eastward in a hurry during the middle of the day.

## Liquor Buried Under Coal

Mike Marakos Faces Charge Under the O. T. A.

On Saturday night the Belleville police made a seizure of liquor in the living premises occupied by Mr. Mike Marakos, on the west side of Front street below the lower bridge. A basket full of whiskey in bottles was found buried under coal in the coal bin.

A charge of infraction of the Ontario Temperance Act has been laid and Mike is bailed out until August 15th. Mike was recently fined \$200 and costs for selling liquor.

## Horse Missing for Whole Day

Some One Took Outfit from Hotel Yard and Horse Stood in Harness 24 Hours.

Mr. Ernest Pope, Gilbert street, drove to town on Saturday night and left his horse and rig in the Crystal Hotel yard. When he returned, it was missing. The police were notified but not until Sunday night was the outfit found. It was located in the rear of Walton's factory in a place where it was not likely to be noticed. If the police can find the person who removed the outfit from the hotel yard, there will be a prosecution for horse stealing and one for cruelty to an animal. The horse had to go all night Saturday and all day Sunday without food or drink, hitched to a wagon.

## Sentenced to Two Months in Gaol

Last week in Cobourg Sylvanus Godfrey Burnham appeared before P. M. Floyd for sentence on a charge of obtaining money by false pretences from F. M. Field, K.C., in 1916, and was sentenced to two months in Cobourg goal. An endeavour was made to have the old man sent to Burwash Farm, but owing to his age, 78 years, they refused to take him, and as a six months sentence would release him in the winter it was thought advisable to give him a short term in Cobourg goal. The old man is troubled with rheumatism, and the care he will receive at the gaol would be better than what he might receive at a larger institution, consequently he will spend the two months in Cobourg. He has had quite a career, at one time being a prosperous lawyer, but has for some years fallen on evil lines.

## TODAY'S CASUALTIES Killed in Action

H. J. Duddy, Orillia  
 Died—  
 Capt. K. F. A. Williams, Kingston  
 Gassed—  
 W. E. Collins, Pembroke  
 P. R. Blackwell, Peterboro

# Sinclair's La Diva Corsets

Super Bone—Non-Rustable



This is one of the big attractions of our Corset Department.

La Diva Corsets are made with the most satisfactory supple Woven-Wire Boning ever invented, which fact enables us to Guarantee every Steel as Non-Rustable and Unbreakable. These Corsets sell for \$2.50 \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.00

### Silk Boot Hose Shan-Tung Silks

It's because every woman wears Silk Boot Stockings that we show many qualities in these in Black, White, Greys, Tans, Navy, Sky, Pink, Green, Brown, Sand, Leather and Ponce colors, to sell at 65c, 75c, 90c and \$1.00 pair.

This is a season of Shan-Tung and we show these very serviceable Silks in many colors also natural shade, all 34 inches wide, to sell at 75c, \$1.00, 1.15 and 2.50 per yard.

## Ladies' White Wash Skirts

At Every Price From \$1.00 to \$7.50 Each

Never have we shown such values in Ladies Wash Dress Skirts and certainly never greater variety in styles and White Cotton Fabrics. These Wash Skirts are shown in sizes to fit every figure in Waist Bands from 23 to 36 inches and in Lengths from 32 to 40. These Skirts sell at \$1.00, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.50 and 7.50 each.

### Duchesse 40 in. wide \$3 yd. Silk Suits \$22.50 to \$32.50 each

This is one of our Richest Dress or Suit Silks, and we think one of the best values we will offer for the coming Fall Season, a very heavy Satin Duchesse, 40 inches wide in Black and Colors to sell at \$3.00 yard.

We have a few smart styles in Ladies' Black and Colored Silk Suits just the proper thing for early Fall Wear and selling for \$22.50, 25.00, 27.5 and 32.50 each.

## Clearing Table at \$1.00

This is a table of this season's left overs in Cotton Wash Garments including Ladies' Wash Skirts, Voile Waists, Middies Princess Slips, Cambric Gowns, Girl's Middies and Boy's Wash Suits, all to clear at one price, your choice \$1.00

## Pictorial Review Patterns

The September Pictorial Review Patterns, Quarterlies and Review are now on sale—Once tried you will always use Pictorial Review Patterns.

## New Fall Garments

We have now in stock a few advanced styles in Ladies' New Fall Suits, New Fall Coats and New Fall Dresses.

# Sinclair's

## ESTABLISHED Married

"Many Married Men Fight," Says Sec

Washington, August 14.—The new marriage law tending the draft of the Senate next Thursday presents to the Senate the agreement reached by the two houses. No general exemption men simply because status is contemplated. Department in preparation of extension of duty of War Baker. "There are many men in the country who ought as well as single men

## No More Love

Now longer will "in France, England enabled to build up with some equally to other kind-hearted homeland through the "personal" columns in newspaperment of Militia and decreed, and headquarter District No. 2 had the orders to the Not that the author such romances being ding into maturity. that by this means cotary information is hands of strangers a propaganda is circula

Accordingly the t has been issued. It has been brought to the attention of headquarters correspond with solid made through the pre ed out that while me are bona fide, such me of obtaining military circulating propaganda ly officers and all of forbidden.

## Oldest Sen Born in

LATE JACOB H. GALT AT HOME IN NEW FRANKLIN, N.H. At Senator Jacob H. Galt Hampshire, died at his last week. He was 81 years old. When Senator Galt from Washington to home at Salisbury He in July, he was in a few days ago his co so much worse that his physician he was hospital here. Death to arterio-sclerosis. Senator Jacob H. Galt New Hampshire, was a member of the United States in years and in po Ever since 1881 he h spective figure in the not only a leading p sions, but ranking a figure in its leadersh councils of the Repu minority leader the se active until quite re his advancing years, seconding speech for rison for President t Convention of 1888. Born on a farm at 81 years ago, he cro early in life. He was then studied medicin as a physician and years. In 1872 he Hampshire House tives, beginning pol that year, and contin to the end of his life.