

HARDING IS ELECTED BY GREAT LEAD

At Nine O'clock Almost Every New York Paper Conceded His Election.

NEW YORK CELEBRATES IN POURING RAIN

Harding Carries Maine by Largest Plurality Ever Given a Presidential Candidate.

(Continued from page 1)

New York city showed that it was celebrating the election of the president that made. All day long street carriages made carnival of the city and a whole crowd got heart in the play and then an opening fight ensued. The scene was a riotous one of political rejoicing.

Broadway on which every New York celebration is staged—was the scene of the merry making. Theaters reported record crowds and the 19th amendment notwithstanding, taverns and restaurants were jammed full.

West Hill Unhappy

At 10:00 o'clock heading had rolled up Broadway and the rain had fallen but the west was still pouring and the New York Times reported on the face of the Republican candidate the Republican candidate's election as President.

West Virginia, on which the Cox managers had been banking, showed a tie to the Harding column. Harding carried the state by a margin of 1,000 votes that had reported complete return of that hour. The Republican candidate also carried the home state of Charles F. Murphy, Tammany Hall leader in this city.

Landslide Growing Bigger.

At 11:15 o'clock Eastern time, with the West and Middle West still scarcely heard from, the Harding landslide in the East was continuing with gathering momentum. At the rate the Harding column was growing at that hour the Republican plurality in the State of New York would be around the unprecedented figure of more than a million. New York city, normally Democratic, was going for Harding by at least half a million. The Governorship fight continued close with Republican managers claiming the defeat of Governor Smith.

Pennsylvania returns at that hour showed Harding leading Cox three to one, and Senator Paerco elected, Massachusetts was promising Harding the greatest plurality ever given a Presidential candidate in that State. Boston had gone for a Republican for the second time in its history and had given Harding a greater lead over Cox than it gave McKinley over Bryan in 1896.

Returns from half of Vermont showed Harding a three to one lead over Cox. Hughes beat Wilson two to one there in 1912.

In the home district of Chas. F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, Harding beat Cox two to one. Maine reported Harding leading Cox by the largest plurality ever given a Presidential candidate. Ohio, one-third complete, showed a growing vote for Harding.

Harding carried two wards in the city of Atlanta, Ga., and two parishes in the Louisiana sugar belt, both Democratic territories. In the New York Senatorial race, Senator Wadsworth was leading his Democratic opponent, Lieutenant-Governor Walker. Senators Brandegee and Connors, both Democrats of New Hampshire, opponents of the League of Nations, both seemed certain of re-election.

The late closing of polls in the Western States, the difference in time, local ballots and a greatly increased vote were the causes of the late returns from the West.

GAVE OPTION ON GERMAN PAYMENTS

France Suggested Cattle Might be Sent in Place of Cash on Debt.

Paris Nov. 1.—Reports from Berlin have recently appeared in the Liberal press that France has demanded 500,000 mitch cows from Germany, where babies are represented as dying for lack of milk.

From a highly authoritative source—not French or Belgian—I have received the facts of the affair. The treaty provides that the firm installment of German bonds, amounting to 20,000,000 marks gold, may be redeemed by payments in kind. Early in the summer the Reparations Commission asked the Allied Governments to inform it what sort of payments in kind they would like to have. Having received the facts, the commission forwarded them to the German Government in one for its guidance and information in case it preferred to redeem its bonds in kind rather than cash. There was nothing in the nature of a command to "stand and deliver."

The French and Belgian lists contained requests for cattle amounting to 800,000 head together—cattle, not mitch cows.

Surprising as it may seem, Germany has hardly fewer cattle now than before the war. The official agricultural journal of Berlin, 1914, gave the total as 21,000,000 head for all Germany, including Alsace-Lorraine and German Poland. The same publication for the month of June of the present year placed the total at 17,000,000 head. In other words, the proportion of cattle to population has hardly fallen, and the combined demands of France and Belgium do not reach five per cent of the total. It is also worth remembering that the most restrictions in Germany have recently been removed.

New York Times in Montreal edition to decline slightly being now 100,000,000 marks gold, 100,000,000 marks gold.

NEW MEMBERS FOR HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Large Number of Valuable Donations Received, Interesting Talks Heard.

An interesting programme, consisting of the formal presentation of a large number of valuable donations recently received, and several enlightening talks about them, marked the monthly meeting of the Historical Society at their rooms, Union street, last evening.

Mr. H. Emerson, the newly elected president, was in the chair, and presided over a well-attended meeting. The donations were divided into several groups: Dr. George S. Mathew described those of a geological nature, and gave an interesting talk on the fossils and minerals.

Mr. Gordon Leitch gave a talk on the Ovens of New Brunswick, and described their habits in a pleasing manner. He added interest was given the talk by an exhibition of all the ovens of the province.

Mr. William McIntosh described the remaining objects. They were made up of wooden products, historical objects, and game heads.

Several names submitted for membership were approved and admitted to the society. They were those of Miss Adelaide Fitch, Miss Christine Mathew, and Mrs. R. R. Rankins.

Italy and Jugoslavia to Discuss Adriatic Question

Negotiations Will Begin on Nov. 5—Italy Will Claim Only Three Islands.

By GIULIEMMO EMANUEL. (Copyright 1920 by Public Ledger.)

Rome, Nov. 2.—It will be on November 5 at the delightful seaside resort on the Italian Riviera, Portofino, that the direct negotiations between Italy and Jugoslavia for settling the Adriatic questions will open.

The negotiations are expected to last one week, so that the results may be announced at the reopening of the Italian Parliament, while the Jugoslavia plenipotentiaries will be enabled to return home in time for the general election for the constituent assembly.

As has already been stated, the negotiations will follow along new lines, Italy renouncing sovereignty over "Pluma" and accepting instead that the town be made an independent state, in accordance with the latest developments there. In exchange Italy asks that the Belgrade government should recognize her natural eastern frontier, including Istria, as drawn by the London pact. Italy renounces also the occupation of Dalmatia, provided the town of Zara be recognized as Italian and free to claim Italian sovereignty and elect a member to the Italian Parliament.

Only three islands will be claimed by Italy—Cherso, Lussino and Unie, all the Dalmatian islands going to Jugoslavia. It is insignificant that this program is supported even by the Italian Socialists, whose organ, Avanti, stated that the natural eastern frontier is indispensable to Italy so that economic and political relations may be made possible. This understood that the Jugoslavia plenipotentiaries, Premier Veselich, Foreign Minister Turchinich and Finance Minister Stojanovich, are inclined to accept Italy's frontier program, although bent on severing the coastal towns, Volosca and Abbazia, from Jugoslavia.

In case the negotiations open favorably, Premier Giolitti will hasten to join the other Italian plenipotentiaries, Foreign Minister Sforza and Minister of War Bonomi at Portofino, sealing the agreement to which a most generous free trade treaty will be added. Should all the efforts fail to reach an understanding, the Italian Government will consider as useless any further attempts at direct negotiations. Having given practical proofs of its moderation and good will, the Italian Government will then ask the Allies to recognize her right, according to the treaty of London, to annex Trieste and Istria, as it will not be possible to delay further the delimitation of the frontier. As regards Fiume, nobody can discuss her right to be independent, and Italy so recognizes her. Finally, that part of Dalmatia which the London treaty assigned to Italy is now occupied by the military will be granted full autonomy.

Yorkton, Sask., Nov. 2.—Eugene Okolovik, a Russian of Kamnick district, was found guilty of murder and sentenced to be hanged on January 28, at the sitting of the court of King's Bench here today. The Russian murdered his wife last August by striking her on the head with a chair.

Counsel for the accused was granted leave to appeal the case at the sitting of the court of appeal, to be held November 25. Evidence submitted by the defence claimed Okolovik had been insane at intervals since 1911, and had once been committed to an asylum at Battledore.

Ouch! Aching Joints, Rub Rheumatic Pain

Rub Pain right out with small trial bottle of old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Rheumatism is "pain" only. Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" right into your aching joints, and relief comes instantly. "St. Jacobs Oil" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic pain, soreness and stiffness. "St. Jacobs Oil" is just as good for sciatica, neuritis, lumbago, sacroache, myalgia, neuralgia, etc., etc., etc.

MOTHERS

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

MEN AND BUSINESS

(By Richard Spillane)

New York, Nov. 1.—With acute shortage of dwellings and practically no building of houses for residential purposes, the anomaly is presented here of unparalleled activity in construction of business structures. Lower Manhattan, particularly the section south of Fulton street, is being transformed. There scarcely a block in which some building is not being torn down to make way for a large one or some towering edifice having more stories added to it or some structure being moved.

It would be moderate to put the building operations now under way in this one section at \$100,000,000.

In the district immediately north of the Grand Central Station it is the same thing. In the city of New York, looking out of the window of the New York office of the Public Ledger, in Madison avenue at Forty-sixth street, you may see operations with a comparatively few blocks that will add 150 acres of floor space for office purposes. One of the buildings is to be of thirty-two stories. A concern started to build a neighborhood today commands from 14 to 18 a square foot. There are 42,560 square feet in an acre. The 160 additional acres mean 6,968,000 feet of space. At \$5 a foot per year that would mean a rental of about \$35,000,000.

A Britisher visiting New York was asked by a proud Gothamite what he thought of Manhattan. He replied: "Wonderful." "If you ever finish it." Never was it more unfinished than today. Never was there more rippling up and making over of the city than now. Particularly in the Bowling Green neighborhood, is having more done to it than some of the sections of devastated Manhattan in 1914. The side street of which the same thing could not be said. More steel rivets are being driven a day on the top of Manhattan than ever were driven in like time in the history of New York. One group of blocks made up of Beaver, South William, Stone, Broad and William streets is being taken out; by the Marine Insurance Co. This serves as an illustration of the rise of the American merchant marine.

The tremendous demand for office space may be appreciated by the following: A concern started to build an eight-story fireproof structure in South William street for the storage of records, papers and boxes of Wall Street. The building is to be finished in a few days. The building is to be built on a lot of 150 square feet. The building is to be built on a lot of 150 square feet. The building is to be built on a lot of 150 square feet.

RENT PROTESTERS ARE HAVING A HARVEST. There is an office building in Broadway way here, in 1914, space was offered at fifty cents a square foot. Now it commands \$6 a square foot.

The present writer worked in a four-story building in South William street in 1914. The structure is no more than a century old. The whole building rented for \$16000 a year. Now it rents for \$30,000.

A fruiterer has a cellar in Broad street near Beaver. It is 20 by 20 feet. The ceilings are less than eight feet high. When the cellar is usually high that cellar is pretty damp. When it rains heavily you need overheads to move about the floor. The rent is \$50 a month—\$1800 a year. That is a square foot in 1914 the finest office in the finest building in New York did not command such a price. Most of the property of Lower Manhattan and particularly in the side streets that are so dark and uninviting previously, are owned by great estates. They are the ones who are getting the money.

DIED.

ROBINSON—In this city on 21st inst., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. G. Leonard, S. Jane, widow of the late Thomas W. Robinson, aged 78 years, leaving two brothers, one son and five daughters to mourn.

Funeral on Wednesday Nov. 3 at 2:30 o'clock from 256 Germain street.

HOPKINS—Eminent miter ran on November 1st, Winifred Louise, wife of Frank B. D. Hopkins, leaving her husband and one son.

Funeral on Wednesday, November 3 from her residence, 18 Coburg street. Service at 2:30 p.m.

PRINCE—On Nov. 1, 1920, Miss A. Prince, widow of late J. B. Prince, 58 Forest street, Three brothers and one sister survive.

Funeral Wednesday, two o'clock p.m. MAXWELL—in this city, Nov. 2, at 28 Cedar street, James Watt, wife of R. H. Maxwell.

Interment will take place on Friday. Funeral service private.

ELEWETT—In the General Public Hospital on Nov. 3, George F. Elewett, aged 65 years, leaving his wife and two sons.

Funeral from his late residence, 19 21st street; notice of time later.

F. A. Dykeman's Pre-Christmas CLEARANCE SALE

Starts Today, Wed., Nov. 3, and Ends Sat., Nov. 20

MONEY WANTED

Not to pay our trade liabilities because we have none—but in order that we might be enabled to continue our policy of paying for all goods the day they are received. Our Christmas goods are coming in, stocks in every department are far heavier than they should be and the unloading must take place at once. This store buys for cash and sells for cash. Its prices are always below the average, yet with these reductions the savings will be considerable. Look for bargains throughout the whole store.

All Records Broken For Low Silk Prices

36 inch Jap Silks, all colors, Clearance Sale \$1.00 yard. Regular \$2.25. Rajah Pongee, Six colors, Clearance Sale \$1.85 yard. Regular \$3.50. White Habutai, Clearance Sale \$98. yard. Regular \$1.50. Pencil shades, Clearance Sale \$2.19 yard. Crepe-de-Chine, the cheapest ever, Clearance Sale \$1.95 yard. 36 inch Poplin, plain colors, Clearance Sale, \$1.50 yard. Fancy Spot Habutai and Shantung, Clearance Sale, \$1.29 yard. Natural Shantung, fine weave, Clearance Sale, \$1.00 yard. 24 inch Plaid Japs, all colors, Clearance Sale, 60c. yard. 36 inch Paillette, all popular shades, Clearance Sale, \$2.50 yard. Pencil Silk and Wool Mixture imported from England, lavender, pink, grey and sky stripes on white grounds, Regular \$2.10 yard. Clearance Sale, \$1.79 yard.

Where Can You Buy Coats as Cheap as These?

Just a few examples to show the bargains you may expect. A heavy Blanket Cloth Coat in a twilight blue, has big storm collar, belted ulster effect. Regular \$29.50. Clearance Sale, \$19.90. A beautiful dark brown coat with novelty broken check design in light green, belted style, patch pockets. Regular \$27.50. Clearance Sale, \$21.90. A very heavy imported Blanket Cloth Coat, a fancy check in light grey, has deep cape collar, novelty cuffs, pockets, etc. Regular \$60.00. Clearance Sale, \$39.00. Here's a Fur Collared Coat in dark brown silhouette, back shows fancy button trimmed, stappings, shoulders lined with fancy Poplin, was \$57.00. Clearance Sale Price, \$47.50. A Saxe Blue Silvertone finished with many rows of Knife Pleats, Hudson Seal collar and cuffs, fancy Satin lining, was \$88.00. Clearance Sale, \$59.50.

Dresses Cheaper Than They've Ever Been

Beautiful Silk Poplins in black, taupe, brown and navy silk and wool trimmed. Regular \$15.95. Clearance Sale, \$9.98. An Alice Blue Messaline, very effective style. Regular \$25.00. Clearance Sale, \$13.95. A Nigger Brown All Wool One-piece Dress, straight effect with girle. Regular \$21.00. Clearance Sale, \$23.75. Silver Grey Taffeta, silk and wool trimmed. Regular \$25.00 for \$16.95. Beautiful Beaded Georgette in the new Henna shade. Regular \$42.50. Clearance Sale, \$23.50. Smoke Grey Taffeta, gold embroidered. Regular \$29.90 for \$23.90. Black Taffeta, heavy silk, good style; very special for \$25.00. All Wool Plum Colored Serge, knife pleated skirt, silk and wool trimmed. Regular \$25.00 for \$19.95.

Look at These Wonderful Suit Bargains

Read these short descriptions and buy your New Suit today! An extremely attractive Suit of Reindeer Brown Velour, shows a fancy double-breasted front, lined throughout with white satin, finished with fur collar. Was \$94.00. Clearance Sale, \$65.00. Exclusively elegant is this Suit of Dove Grey Broadcloth, effectively set off with collar and cuffs of black plush, satin lined. Regular \$55.00. Clearance Sale, \$37.50. Navy Blue Gabardine with fancy gold cloth vestee, neatly belted and button trimmed, fancy silk lined. Regular \$75.00 for \$49.50.

Never Were Dress Goods So Much Reduced

42 inch Gabardine, Serges, Satin Cloth, Delaines, etc., in many colors. Regular to \$1.95 yard. Clearance Sale Price, \$1.29 yard. 36 inch Paillette, all popular shades. Clearance Sale, \$2.50 yard. 24 inch Plaid Japs, all colors. Clearance Sale, 60c. yard. 36 inch Paillette, all popular shades. Clearance Sale, \$2.50 yard. Pencil Silk and Wool Mixture imported from England, lavender, pink, grey and sky stripes on white grounds. Regular \$2.10 yard. Clearance Sale, \$1.79 yard.

Salts Seal Coats at Bargain Prices

Regular \$60.00 Big Convertible Collar, loose back, very smart. Clearance Sale, \$45.00. Regular \$43.00 Jaunty Short style draped back, deep shawl collar, satin lined. Clearance Sale, \$39.00. Regular \$45.00 Short Coat of Black Equimette Plush, Satin lined. Clearance Sale, \$35.00. And Lots of Others Equally as Cheap.

And Skirts, Too! Look at This!

Regular \$4.00 Black Poplin Skirts. Sale Price, \$2.75. Regular \$7.50 Black Serge Skirts. Sale Price, \$4.50. Taffeta Silk Skirts, both plain and striped. Clearance Sale Price from \$6.50. Beautiful Voile Blouses, all sizes. Regular \$4.00 value for \$2.19. Also regular \$5.00 value, Clearance Sale, \$2.69. CREPE-DE-CHINE AND GEORGETTE BLOUSES. Regular \$8.50 to \$10.00. Clearance Sale, \$6.39. Regular \$7.00 to \$8.50. Clearance Sale, \$5.39. Regular \$5.00 to \$7.00. Clearance Sale, \$3.38.

NO LAXITY IN IMMIGRATION LAWS IS CLAIMED

Dept. at Capital Denies Rumors That Are Printed in Soldier Paper.

WHY FOREIGNERS WORE PART GERMAN UNIFORM

Clothing Was Worn by Czecho-Slovaks in Order to Save Better Suits from Wear

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—Charges that there had been laxity in the part of immigration department officials in allowing foreign unskilled workmen to enter Canada, which were voiced in the latest issue of the Veteran, are denied by officials of the department. The Veteran based its charges on "rudy rumors," and these statements were taken up editorially by the Ottawa Journal.

One of the statements made was to the effect that at a Nova Scotia mine a number of recently imported miners appeared in their work in the grey uniforms and field caps of Hun soldiers, thereby nearly causing a riot.

Why Wearing Uniforms. Reports reaching the department from inspectors who were sent on the case to the effect that certain men in the employ of the Dominion Coal Company had gone to work wearing parts of German uniforms. These men, however, proved that they were nationals of Czecho-Slovakia, who had been pressed into service with the German and Austrian armies. They had worn their uniforms to work in the pits with the idea of economy in saving their better clothing for other purposes. The men in question, it is stated, were expert miners and could not be classed as unskilled foreign labor, as alleged.

Welsh Miner Case. Dealing with the case of a Welsh miner who entered "after having claimed to have been brought over under false pretences as to pay and living conditions, for work in a Nova Scotia coal mine," the department stated that the man had worked for the Dominion Steel Corporation, and his wages for six days had been \$37.77.

Journalist Dead After Long Career

Austen Mosher, One of Canada's Best Known Newspaper Men, Passes Away.

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Nov. 1.—Austen Mosher, widely known as a journalist, and who was for thirty years connected with the editorial staff of the Montreal Gazette, died last night at the Royal Victoria Hospital after a lingering illness. Mr. Mosher enjoyed the reputation of being the best known active political journalist of this province. He developed his career as a news writer and fluent command of both languages created for him hosts of friends, many of them those who moved in high places.

One of the interesting side lights of Mr. Mosher's character is that while he was brought up a Protestant, he received a classical education in a Roman Catholic college, which adapted him in a very large measure for understanding the racial and religious conditions existing in Quebec. In his career as a journalist, Mr. Mosher, for example, did not, like so many English-speaking Canadians, speak French haltingly. On the contrary, he spoke the tongue of Mollere like an educated French-Canadian, or, in other words, his knowledge of French was fluent and thorough.

Was Nova Scotian. Mr. Mosher, who was 58 years of age, was born in Mosherville, Hants County, Nova Scotia, where his parents lived and died. He was of United Empire Loyalist stock. He studied at St. Joseph's College at Memramcook, N. B. Later he followed a classical course in the College of St. Anne de la Pocatiere, and also at Rimouski College. Coming up to Montreal 35 years ago, Mr. Mosher joined the staff of the Montreal Daily Witness, where, after a brief period of service, he passed over to the larger family circle of the Montreal Gazette, where he developed his career as a news writer and fluent command of both languages created for him hosts of friends, many of them those who moved in high places.

For thirty-five years he was actively in the harness till eight months ago, when, on account of falling health, he ceased active journalistic labors. He was for a long time a patient in the Royal Victoria Hospital. Seemingly to be a little better he returned to his home, but it was understood by his personal friends that his sickness was of a grave nature. He returned to the hospital again last Friday, where he passed away last night. Mr. Mosher is survived by his widow.

GERMAN GUNS AT HILLSBORO

Two Machine Guns and Trench Mortar Received at That Town.

Special to The Standard. Hillsboro, Nov. 2.—New machine guns and one trench mortar have been received here from the War Trophies Department at Ottawa. The machine guns were captured from the Germans by the 25th Canadian Battalion and 102nd Canadian Battalion. They will be erected in town.

WHY BE AFRAID OF GOOD FOOD?

Eat What You Like Best But Follow It With a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet.

When the stomach sours or becomes gassy, with heartburn, it needs the alkaline effect to offset the acidness.

Relief is usually very prompt. The regular use of these tablets after meals gives the stomach and small intestines substantial help to digest food and you will then be bold enough to eat baked beans, fried eggs, dumplings, buckwheat cakes and many other things you thought would make your stomach miserable. Get a 40 cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at any drug store and you will then eat whatever you like and be forthright against the acid, sour stomach due to indigestion or dyspepsia.



Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets