### A BACHELORIC BALLAD.

ove to sigh as I have sighed ... Times numbered by the score realize how grand it is To be a bachelor.

Minve to sew on buttons or Put neckbands on my shirts And run the needle through my thumb-Gee whiz, but how it hurts!

I love to put a patch upon My trousers and to know That life is full of trials for The man who tries to sew.

I love to crawl far underneath The bureau and to swear Because my collar button's gone And vanished in thin air.

I love to darn my socks and things-The accent on the things-I love to note the ruined clothes My washerwoman brings.

I love to come home at an hour I do not care to state And realize no one will ask Why I've been out so late.

I love to est my lonely meals At some chesp restaurant Where I can get all else on earth Except just what I want.

I love to laugh as I have laughed So often heretofore And realize how grand it is To be a bachelor.

L'ENVOI. I love-ah, me, but she is fair, The maid that I adore! She's promised very soon I'll cease To be a bachelor.

-Baltimore News.

### NEW YORK

A Shocking Elevator Accident-Two Lives Lost.

The Difficulties in Collecting Duties on Personal Effects; Protest From Merchants; Sisters of Charity to be Placed in Charge of the Grace Industrial School; A Woman Serves on a Jury; The Mercury Runs Up: Busy Politi cians; A School Census to be Taken.

New York, September 13.—Richard Neilson, engineer, and Isaac Bachrach, elevator boy, were instantly killed at 3:50 o'clock last night in a fall of nineteen stories in Elevator Car No. 6 of the American Tract Society Building, at Nassau and Spruce Streets. In some manner, as yet not comprehensively explained, the car was released from all of the cables, wires and safety attachments at the nineteenth floor and was plunged into a tangled mass of iron and woodwork with its human freight in the basement.

The engineer and the boy were the only occupants of the car. They were killed outright, and their bodies were frightfully mangled. Neilson was twenty-seven years of age, was married, and lived at 477 East Seventy-seventh Street. The boy lived with his parents on Tenth Street, Brooklyn, and was eighteen years of age.

When the car started on its trip from the ground floor there were two passengers, besides the two men who were killed. They were boys, carrying messages. One of them, William Young, got off at the ninth floor, and the other, Joseph O'Brien, employed in the New York Times Building, got off at the eighth floor. As O'Brien left the car, Neilson told him to hurry and he would wait for him, as none of the other cars were running at the time.

On the seventeenth floor of the building a woman was on her knees scrubbing the marble floor of the hallway in front of the iron grating of No. 6 elevator. She saw the car as it passed up, and received an idle word from the elevator boy. The smile was still fresh upon her lips when a gust of wind struck her, and a great black form shot down the shaft with frightful velocity. Following the long screech of the iron chains and cables that told of the descent of the car there came a crash that shook the building and that was heard in every nook and corner for a block. Janitor Henry Laundau, followed by the various employees, rushed to the basement, while people from the streets and neighboring buildings poured into the place. After gazing hopelessly for five minutes at the great tangled mass at the bottom of the shaft, which contained two human bodies, the janitor sent in an alarm of fire. It was responded to by Trucks 1 and 10 and Engines 7 and 12, with Battalion Chief Charles W. Kruger in com-

It is believed that the cables parted, for the reason that the heavy counterweight was found beside the wrecked car. The engineer and the elevator boy, after working on the attachment, made the ascent to see if all was right. The indicator on the ground floor registered the car at the nineteenth floor. The fall is estimated at about 240 feet.

Although almost every one in the building at the time of the accident was questioned last night, it was impossible to get any intelligent details of the failure of the safety gear to work. This is a mystery which will be investigated today. Even the statement and the g-neral conviction that the cables attached parted, cannot as yet be entirely relied on, and is only a conclusion accepted from the appearance of the wreck and from the fact that the counter weight was on the basement floor. There were many such conclusions drawn last night

Menthol Southing Syrup is an indis-pensable syrup for children. For sale everywhere; price, 25c per bottle.

but the real fault and the party or parties to be blamed can be brought out only by the investigation which will

GRACE INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE.

The Grace Institute, founded by ex-Mayor William R. Grace, to furnish industrial training for young girls, will be in charge of Sister Marie Dolores of the Sisters of Charity. Sister Marie Dolores of the Sisters of Charity. Sister Marie Dolores was Miss Euphemia Van Rensselaer, sister of the Rev. Henry Van Rensselaer, S. J., who took recently final yows in the Society of Jesus. Sister Dolores's first mission. mission was among the negroes of Nassau, Bahama Islands, where she labored auccessfully from 1889 to 1894. She was recalled to take charge of the Seton Hospital for Consumptives, then opened at Spuyten Duyvil, which institution she will leave to resume the direction of the institute.

PERSONAL PROPERTY IMPORTS.

The Executive Committee of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Board of Trade met on Thursday at the board's rooms, 241 Fifth Avenue, and the matter of the adeged undervaluation of personal property imported by the passengers of the steamship Teutonic some time ago came up for discussion. It was reaffirmed that the amount of duties collected by the customs officials from the Teutonic passengers was greatly below that which a fair valuation of the goods imported would have produced. Detectives were on the track of the negligent officials, it was said, and already the board had evidence that justified it in condemning the cuatoms people for remissness

The board adopted the following resolution, copies of which will be sent to the Secretary of the Treasury and to the Collector of the Port: "Resolved, That it is the sense of the board that the dock officials have been and still are wilfully neglectful of their duty in the matter of inspection of baggage of first class passengers, that examinations are purposely imperfect, and a spirit of opposition to the law is to a great extent in the service : that this spirit can only be over come by the transfer or removal of such of these officials as have already openly expressed their disapproval of the law. and have in this and other ways laid themselves open to charges of disloyal-

In connection with this matter Collector George R. Bidwell said that he was responsible for the execution of the Treasury regulations in regard to passengers' baggage and not for their provisions. On the Teutonic \$12,000 was collected, and this taking of national revenue under the rules promulgated by Secretary Gage demanded time. Expedition in such cases could be had with a large force of custom officers, but the work had to be done with the present force. Mr. Bidwell added that he simed both at serving the Government and avoiding delay and embarrassment to \* \* \*

A WOMAN ON THE JURY.

A young woman has just sat in the jury box in one of the city's courts and acquitted herself admirably. She is the first female juror in this State. It was at Judge Goldfogle's Fifth Judicial District Court, in Clinton Street, when a landlord and tenant case came up for

John Duane wanted to dispossess Fannie Meisel from her small shop in Division Street. He claimed that her month was up on Sept. 1, and he had served the required notite on her to quit, and she, on the other hand, claimed that she was a yearly tenant, and had a right to stay until May, 1898. Mr. Duane and his agent, John J. McAdams, are well known on the east side, and the counsel on both sides kept challenging talesmen until two panels were exhausted and it seemed a hopeless task to get a jury.

Judge Goldfogle suggested that perhaps the vacant seat in the jury box might be filled by one of the lawyers present. The counsel objected, but when they looked in the direction in which the court's eye was turned and saw a weil dressed young lady they smiled and said they would be much pleased to have Miss Rosalie Loew fill the vacant chair.

Miss Loew was admitted to the bar a year ago, and was in court on business for clients. Judge Goldfogle called her up, and, after informing her of the lawyers' wish, asked her whether she would serve on the jury.

"I shall do so with great pleasure," replied Miss Loew, and she took her seat and was sworn in with the remainder of

One of the counsel in his opening address addressed the jury as "Gentlemen of the jury. The judge, however, did not make the same error, for he addressed them as "Mr Foreman and jurors."

Afterward Judge Goldfogle remarked that Miss Loewmade a model juror She paid the closest attention to all the testimony, and at no time did she allow it to be noticed that she wanted to be more lawyer than juryman.

HOTTEST DAY OF THE YEAR.

The mercury in the Weather Bureau thermometer on Friday broke all records for the summer. It was warm at sunrise, warm at breakfast, hot at noon, hotter an hour later, and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon the whole of Greater New York was sweltering. In the streets many thermometers registered as high

The extreme heat resulted in many prostrations. Men and women in many vocations were attacked. Some were overcome indoors, but the majority were

### AN AUTHORITY.

MONTREAL, March 27, 1893. - Messrs. Roy Boire Drug Co., Manchester, N. H., U.S A -Since the 8th of last February we have used your Menthol Cough Syrup, for cases of asthma, chronic bronchitis, catarrh, etc. This remedy has given general satisfaction, a few doses being only required to cure ordinary colds. It is agreeable to the taste. The small cost for a trial bottle will produce such beneficial results as to compensate you for the outlay.

THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, General Hospital of the Gray Nun. Menthol Cough Syrup is on sale every. where; price, 25c per bottle.

prostrated in the streets. John O'Nell, twenty two years old, a longshoreman of 214 Morris street, Jersey City, was sunstruck on the Fall River Line pier, at the foot of Murray street, and removed to the Hudson Street Hospital.

This hospital is said to be the best equipped institution in the United States for the treatment of such cases. Formerly the victims of heat were first subjected to a bath in ice, ground fine. This proved too great a shock for many patients, and a substitute treatment was evolved.

A large tank of ice water was erected on the roof of the building and connected with the ground floor by pipes. Now the physicians, instead of giving the former ice bath, spray the patient. First the water is ice cold, and then gradually brought down to the normal temperature of the body. O'Neill's was the first extreme case to be treated in this manner, and when he was brought out of danger the hospital staff was jubilant. When he was brought in they had very little hope of saving his life.

SCHOOL CENSUS TO BE TAKEN.

Superintendent Charles R Skinner of the State Department of Public Instruction has completed the arrangements for the compilation of the biennial school census which was provided for by the Legislature of 1895. In a circular letter on the subject, Supt. Skinner says :

"By a ruling of this department, the cesus will be taken in all cities, and also in incorporated villages of the State having a population of 10,000 or upward. Villages claiming a population of 10 000 will have their claims taken under consideration. A aufficient number of enumerators should be employed to faithfully and accurately perform the required work within the time specified. The expense incurred in taking this census will be a charge against the villages and oities respectively."

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

### CHRISTIAN DEMOCRACY

condemnation of the Democrats by the

Papacy. Rumors were spread with a wily persistency for the purpose of suggesting difficulties to men's minds and consciences. And this, despite the policy of Lee XIII., who had just imposed silence on The Corrier Nationale, of Turin, which, from motives that I shall abstain from analysing, had carried on an invidious and vigorous campaign against the Christian Democratic party. his, too, at the moment when the Holy Father had commissioned his social confident, Signor Toniolo, to publish in the Revista Internazionale, of Rome, a remarkable study on the Christian idea of Democracy, "Il Concetto Cristiano della Democrazia," a study which was a powerful justification of the existence of the new party, and which supplied a portion of the contents of the Encyclical "Rerum Novarum." These intrigues and premeditated measures bring the utterances of Rome into strong relief. A moderating power, obliged to be keenly alive to all the complex interests of the central government of the Church, the Holy See not only does not condemn Christian Democracy but blesses it and approves of its being put forward as an object of high esteem. Hostile newspapers have pretended that the word Democracy was not pronounced that the Pope dislikes it. What peculiar reasoning! What a strange conception of traditional doctrine! At all periods and in all circumstances Demo-cracy has been recognized as legitimate velopment in views of public policy and in the matter of their practical applicaby the Doctors of the Church—even by those who for accidental social reasons have given the preference to other forms of government. How could the Holy See, the Church have always held to be in agreement with the Gospel and tradition, whilst absolute power enjoyed. at a time when the tide of Democracy is whilst absolute power enjoyed every privilege? This is more than an error : it betrays a complete ignorance of the "sensus ecclesiasticus et Catholicus." as the Fathers express it. If the Pope has not pronounced the word, he has praised the thing. And he has approved of the address of M. Leon Harmel,

JUSTIFYING THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS. As is customary the "Bon Pere" had submitted this address to the Holy Father, who authorized the character istic passage. What more is necessary Leo XIII. encouraged, praised, and blessed the priests who "go to the people." This is clear enough. These democratic abbés," as opponents disdainfully call them in France, are exactly the men whom all the courts and the reactionaries desire to see put on the Index; and these social priests, as they are termed on the Continent, are precisely the clergy whom Leo. XIII. takes under his sovereign protection as the most faithful interpreters of his instructions. Cardinal Ferrata in presenting the pilgrims to the Pope insisted on this approbation and encouragement. And in a brilliant discurse Mgr. Radini Tedeschi, the bearer of the Pope's words of guidance to the Catholic Congresses, not only recognized the right of the Democratic priests, but pointed out how strict a duty it was for the clergy "to go to the people." Cardinal Agliardi, ex-Nuncio at Vienna, went still lurther. In his fervorino he warmly extolled social reforms and measures of protection for the workers Another former Nuncio. Mgr. Domenico Jacobini, has traced Christian Democracy to the eternal sources of the Christianity which brought to the world the glad tidings of liberty, equality and fraternity, that glorious trilogy of the social credo. Thus then we have the approbation of Christian demo cracy: a blessing and encouragement bestowed on the Social priests; and the appropriation of the democratic programmes. If adversaries consider these indications a disavowal of the Christian democratic party we must admire alike the case with which they are satisfied their ability in interpretation, and their unmeasured loyalty. The importance of the historical teaching is raised by the ensemble of the utterances on the subject. For the first time

WE WITNESS THIS CONCOLING SPECTACLE. 

# THE FURTHER WINDESS MAND COMMITTION OF STREET STATES.

A SIGHT CONVINCES

that Cloak Selling here is the biggest thing in Montreal at the present time, in fact no one can touch us in this line. We lead and we are determined to keep to the front for Cloaks. Our assortment this season is really immense, and as for values we retail in most cases at less than wholesale houses ask for similar goods. This department is the largest in Canada, and everything in it is up to

Over 5000 Mantles

Put to stock this season already, and all hought in the best markets in the world.

Fit, Style, Finish. Cheapness Is what we claim to offer to our customers.

Examples

Black All Wool Bousle Cloth Capes. braided fronts and collar, only \$3 00.

Fancy Check Heavy Reversible Cloth Golf Capes, very stylish and well made.

only \$3 85, Navy and Black All Wool Cheviot Cloth Jackets, well finished and stylish, price only \$3.50

Capes with Fur Linings and Fur Collars, full sweep and fancy coverings, orly \$13 50.

For Jackets, Capes, Ulsters, we are headquarters, every conceivable style shown in qualities, up to \$125 00.

### JOHN MURPHY & CO.

2343 St. Catherine St. CORNER OF METCALFE STREET.

TELEPHONE No. 3833

TERMS, CANH

profuse encouragement. Men who have just lately been Nuncios and who are acquainted with all the forms of opposition which democracy everywhere encounters and also with the intentions of the Vatican, whose representatives they have been, do not heattate to show their adhesion to Christian Democracy. Have we not here a striking proof that Rome is permeated by a social atmosphere and democratic sympathies? Not only the Pope himself, aided by Cardinal Rampolls, but every member of energetic and enlightened "Young Rome" traces the saving Sign of the Cross on the structure of democracy. When Léon Harmel some years ago led the ambassadors of "the Fourth Estate" to the feet of the Sovereign Pontiff, M. de Vogue and other acute observers described this social phenomen n as "the coming of the people to the Vatican." Formerly it was the sovereigns and the great who were received with the warmest cordiality; now it is democracy—the humble and the lowly. From that period the Roman mind has undergone a wonderful de tion. To day the triumph of these ideas is complete. To the regret of the reactionaries, the Papacy guides, directs, and approves of the new currents in order to barmonise the eternal doctrines Pope of strong character and exceptionally broad views, who effects this adapta tion by means of the high gifts with which Christ has adorned the mind of His Vicar.

RESPONSIBLE RECOMMENDATION.

CONVENT DES SAINT-ANGES, West Manchester, N.H., March 2, 1893.

Messrs. Roy Boire Drug Co.:-It is with haste that I avail myself of this occasion to thank the Messrs. Roy, Boire Drug Co. for gratuitously sending their Menthol Syrup to our Convent. I may add, that all persons in our Convent who used Menthol Syrup fully recovered. One of our patients, suffering from a serious attack of lung trouble, in consequence of which she passed sleepless nights, was treated with this marvelons syrup, and to day she has recovered her health and is at present employed in performing her ordinary duties.

REV. SISTER RHEAUME,

Superioress Menthol Cough Syrup is on sale everywhere at 25c per bottle.

"Why is it." asked the young lad, who was being shown through the estab lishment, as she stopped beside the man who gets up the "funny column," "why is it that you humorists always look so

"Because if a fellow has to make a living at it this joking becomes a mighty serious business." solemn?

Then of course she said:
"Why, how funny!" - Cleveland Leader.

A little fresh-air child saw a herd of cows for the first time, and, after watching them chewing their cuds, in amazement he said deprecatingly to the farmer: "Oh, mister, do you have to buy gum for all those cows to chew?"

C. T. C. Pills give instant relief to all who are suffering from healaches. U. T. C. Pills are on sale everywhere. Price 25c per box.

The unremitting retention of simple It is not the theologians—Cardinals and and high sentiments in obscure duries is Prelates it is the Cardinals with the hardening the character to that temper ry. experience of di lomatists who have re which will work with honor—if need be coived those ideas and hose groups with in the tumult or on the scanoid.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

LONDON, September 18.—The trade in cattle was firmer to day, and, owing to there being no Argentine cattle or sheep at Deptioni, supplies were somewhat smaller than usual and a much better feeling prevailed. The market for States cattle was stronger, and prices advanced to since this day week, while Canadians were firm. States sold at 120 Canadians at 11c. and sheep at 111.

Mesara. John Olde & Son, live stock salesmen of Landon, Eng., write W. H. Beamen, live stock agent of the Board of Trade as follows, under dates of August 30 and September 2:—At Dept. ford to day the supply of beasts placed on the market numbered 2 675 head, for which trade was a little better, 1716 States outle realizing 54d to 54d, 735 Canadian 51 to 514, and 224 South American 414 to 5d per th. In the sheep market the demand was fair and prices without material alteration from last week. There were 2,440 sheep offered for sale, of which 1086 were fr m Canada and 1,354 from South America, and for which about 51d per lb was realized.

The cattle trade at the Deptford market to-day was better, on account of the supplies being shorter; 1,200 States cattle sold at 51d to 51d; 457 Canadians at 51d to 54d, and 209 South American at 41d to 5d. The number of sheep offered for sale amounted to 2,485, consisting entirely of South Americans. Trade for these was also better and prices higher, some realizing 5} i to 5†d.

MONTREAL, September 13.—There has heen no important change in the situ stion of the export live stock trade since this day week. The buying of choice export cattle by American shippers continues at western Ontario points, and, in consequence of which, this class of stock is still scarce in this market, and will, no doubt, remain so as long as American shippers keep on paying present prices, as they are much higher than local ex porters could pay with the present rates of freight ruling, they being 15, to 20, per head higher than B ston rates Cable advices to day were encouraging to shippers, as they reported the markets firm for Canadian stock, and noted a further advance in States cattle. At present prices exporters state that cattle is just about let out, so if the mar ket continues to improve or present values are maintained from now on, shippers will probably have a chance to recover some of their early losses.

At the East End Abattoir market this morning the offering of live stock were 800 cattle, 500 sherp 500 lambs, 100 calves and 75 bogs. The supply of cattle was again excessive, and, as there was no improvement in the quality of the stock, trade was slow, but not withstand ing these facts the market had a steady tone and prices show no material change from a week ago. The attendance of buyers was large, but they only bought sparingly, or only sufficient to fill actual wants, in the hopes of getting a better class of stock to pick from on Thursday. The demand from shippers was slow. there being no auitable stock on the market for this trade, and, in order to complete shipments, bought a few choice cows at 34c per 1b. The demand for stockers for shipment to Buffalo continues and buyers paid 2½c for steers and heifers, and 1½c to 1½c for bulls. Locally good cattle sold at 310 to 4; fair at 21c to 34 c; common at 2c to 21c, and inferior at 11c to 11c per 1b, live weight. The demand for sheep from shippers was better, owing to the recent improvement in the markets abroad no doubt, and suitable stock met with a sale at 3c to 3 c per lb., live weight Lambs were in good demand, and at though they are coming forward morfreely, prices are tairly well maintained sales being made freely at \$275 to \$3 50 each as to size and condition. The supply of calves was small, for which the demand was good at prices ranging from \$3 to \$10 each. Light weight hogs sold at 5%c and heavy at 5c per lb., live weight.

At the Point St. Charles stock yards the receipts were 250 cattle, 200 sheep and ismbs, and 300 hogs. There was some demand from local dealers for cattle and a few loads changed hands at from 2½c to 3½c per lb., live weight, while the balance were forwarded to the above market. An extra choice lot of export sheep sold at 3 c, and other sales of good stock were made at 3c to 34c per lb., live weight. Live hoge met with a good demand and prices ruled firm for lightweights, sales being made at \$5.80 per 1001bs.

# Piano

### BARGAINS

We have removed from 213 St. James Street the last of the NORDHEIMER stock, some 25 pianos in all, which are now in our St. Catherine Street warerooms.

"These Pianos are new, choice, good, or Upright's and Squares of other makers that have been put in A1 order,

We wil', while they last, offer each Piano at a reduction of \$50 to \$100.

Terms: \$5 to \$10 monthly until paid,



2366 St. Catherine Street.

MONTREAL'S GREATEST STORE

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street. 192 to 194 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

he Store that is increasing Faster than any other Store in Montreal To-day."

# Novelties in Dress Goods

## French Robe Lengths.

---AND----

Richness of style, beauty of pattern and strict economy in price, stand out with vivid distinctness on every piece of our New Fall Dress Goods. Among them are many elegant French Robe Lengths in stylish patterns, no two slike. and which we luckily control, there's an exclusiveness of style in these Beautiful Robe Lengths that no description in cold type could do justice to.

### Colored Dress Goods.

New Amason Cloth Suitings in all the latest and standard colors, with nice bright finish, 67c.

New Covert Cloth Suitings in a spier. did range of dark grounds, shot with pretty combination colorings, 65c. New Silk and Wool Dress Goods, choice shot effects, with raised boucle

panterna, 97c. New Metallic Cloth, one of the latest Paris Dress Novelties, a full range of handsome designs, \$1.65.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., Limited,

### New Dress Patterns.

New Silk and Wool Dress Patterus, bright colored ground, with raised figures n black, \$6.75.

New French Broche Dress Robes, in rich combination colorings and pretty designs. 7 yards to each pattern, \$11 c5. New Silk Brocatelle Dress Roben, cie gant scroll designs in black on choice colored grounds, no two slike, \$17.50.

THE S. CARSLEY OO., Limited'

### High-Class Jackets and Capes High-Class Jackets.

Ludies' Stylish Black West of England Serge, double breasted, new high collar,

ined with silk serge, price \$8 50. Ladies' New Plain Black Beaver Cloth, satin finish, double breasted style, with fancy collar, and richly trimmed with mobair braid and jet ornaments, \$975. Lidies' high-class Black Bix Cloth Jacket, stylish cut, in double breasted ashion, sollar, revers and pockets, trimmed with handsome mohair braid and lined with new Silk Serge. Perfect fit-

ting, \$15 00. THE S. CARSLEY CO., Limited

### High-Class Capes.

Lidies' Stylish Fancy Black Cloth Capes in rough effects, cut full swe p, latest high collar, stylishly trinimed with Mohair Braid, manuish back \$7.25. Lidies' New Fancy Black Rough Cloth Capes, handsomely trimmed with New Mohair Braid, cut with full aweep and inncy collar, \$9.00.

Ladies' Model Cape in new fancy cloth, richly trimmed with Mohair Braid, new dolman back and stylish col-

lar. \$13 75. Ladies' New Black Cloth Cape, exclusive pattern, dolman back, new French

collar, square front and handsome pearl buttons, \$15 60. THE S. CARSLEY CO., Limited.

### Damask Table Cloths:

Good Quality Unbleached Linen Dam-sek Table Cloths, sizes about 1½ by 1½. yards, 32c. Fine Hand Loom Linen Table Cloths. good, clear, round yarn of extra quality, size about 2 yards by 2 yards, 96c.

Heavy Silver Flax Linen Table Cloths, very fine quality and extra bright yarn,

about 2 by 2 yards, \$1.25. Very Fine and Extra Heavy Bleached Linen Table Cloths, 2 by 2 yards. This. is a line of exceptional value and ladies would do well to see it, \$1.50.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., Limited.

### Towels at Mill Prices.

Special Line of White Turkish, with pretty colored borders and fringed ends, from 94c to 88c.

Colored Turkish Bath Towels, in variety of dainty colors, with fringed ends, from 94c to 38c. Very Fine Linen Bath Towels, extra size, extra quality, in smooth and tine surface, with colored borders and fringed

### ends, from 32c to \$1.00.

Turkish Sheets. White Turkish Bath Sheets, from \$3.15

Mail Orders carefully filled.

LIMITED,

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street 192 to 194 St. James Street. MONTREAL