above the leaves. Very variable. Leaves narrowly linear, from fine setaceous to 3-nerved in one wide leaved variety found at the Black Rapids.

2450. P. Robbinsh, Oakes.

A stiff dark-green plant growing in deep water and very rarely fruiting. Leaves linear, in two ranks, recurved, spreading. Meech's Lake. (J. F.) Buckingham. (J. Macoun.)

ZANNICHELLIA, Horned Pond-Weed.

2452, Z Palustris, L.

A slender branching plant Common. Growing under water, with opposite linear thread-like leaves, bearing monocious flowers in the axils; nutlets, usually 4 together, elongated, beaked.

NAIAS, L. Naiad.

2455. N. FLEXILIS, Rostk, and Schmidt.

A dwarf leafy plant growing on the bottom of ponds and streams. Common. Leaves linear, minutely serrulate, sessile, dilated at the base, somewhat crowded into whorls. Flowers solitary, axillary, sessile.

CYPERACEÆ-Sedge Family.

CYPERUS, L. Galingale.

2457. C. DIANDRUS, Tor.

Low ground. Annual. Common. Spikelets flattened, dark brown. 2459. C. ARISTATUS, Rottb.

C. inflexus, Muhl.

On gravelly or muddy river banks. Common. (B.) Spikel-ts at first yellowish, afterwards rusty-brown. Scales tapering to a long recurved point. A small diffusely spreading annual. Flowering plants may frequently be found half an inch high.

2461. C. ESCULENTUS, Linu.

C. phymatodes, Muhl.

River bank. Local. In abundance below Parliament Hill; along Bingham's Creek, Hull, and at Gatineau Point. Culm 1—2½ feet high. Umbel compound, much shorter than the long involucre; spikelets numerous, light straw coloured, 12—30 flowered. Roots bearing small nut-like tubers.