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THE KANSAS EMIGRANTS.

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We cross the prairie as of old
The pilgrims crossed the sea,
To make the West, as they the East.
The homestead of the free.

We go to rear a wall of men
On Freedom's southern line,
And plant beside the cotton-tree
The rugged northern pine;

We're flowing from our native hills
As our free rivers flow;
The blessing of our Mother-land
Is on us as we go.

We go to plant her common schools
On distant prairie swells,
And give the Sabbaths of the wild
The music of her bells.

Upbearing, like the Ark of old,
The Bible in our van.
We go to test the truth of God
Against the fraud of man.

No pause, nor rest, save where the streams
That feed the Kansas run,
Save where our pilgrim gowalon
Shall flout the setting sun!

We'll sweep the prairies as of old
Our fathers swept the sea,
And make the West, as they the East,
The homestead of the free!

DESTRUCTION OF THE INQUISITION IN SPAIN.

In 1809 Colonel Lehmanowsky was attached to that portion of Napoleon's army which was stationed in Madrid. "While in this city," said Col. L., "I used to speak freely among the people about the priests and Jesuits and of the Inquisition." It had been decreed by the Emperor Napoleon that the Inquisition and monasteries should be suppressed; but the decree, like some of the laws enacted in this country, was not executed. Months had passed away, but the prisons of the Inquisition were still unopened. One night, about ten or eleven o'clock, as Col. L. was walking the streets of Madrid, two armed men sprang upon him from an alley, and made a furious attack. He instantly drew his sword, and put himself in a position of defence, and while struggling with them, saw at a distance the lights of the patrols—French soldiers mounted, who carried lanterns, and rode through the streets of the city at all hours of the night to preserve order. He called to them in French and as they hastened to his assistance, the assailants took to their heels and escaped, not, however, before he saw by their dress that they belonged to the guards of the Inquisition.

The Colonel went immediately to Marshal Soult, Governor of Madrid, told him what had taken place, and reminded him of the decree to suppress his institution. Marshal Soult replied that he might go and destroy it. Col. L., told him that a regiment (the ninth of the Polish lancers) was insufficient for such a service, but if he would give an additional regiment—the 117th he would undertake the work. The 117th was ready.

TORONTO, C. W., AUGUST 26, 1891.

IN

ders. When we arrived at the wall I addressed and I was sorry to give up the search, because one of the inmates, and survivor of the holocaust, told that this Inquisition was different from others, and that he had been compelled to surrender to the Imperial army, and open the gates of the Inquisition. The inmate, who was standing on the wall, appeared to enter into some conversation for a moment with me, and within a short time presented his master, and the close of which he shot one of my men. This was the signal for attack, and I ordered my troops to fire upon those who appeared upon the walls.

It was soon obvious that it was an unequal warfare. The walls of the Inquisition were crowded with the soldiers of the holocaust; there was also a breast-work upon the wall, behind which they but partially exposed themselves as they discharged their muskets. Our troops were in the open plain, and exposed to a destructive fire. We had no cannon, nor could we scale the walls, and the gates successfully resisted all attempts at forcing them. I could not notice and send for men to break through the wall without giving them time to lay a train and blow us up. I saw that it was necessary to change the mode of attack, and directed our men with their swords, and the soldiers with their bayonets to be cut down and trimmed, to be used bayonets, seeking to clear out the seam and the battering rams. Two of these were taken up the slab; others with the assistance of men as numerous as could work striking the slab with all their weight, and brought to bear upon the walls while the priests remained with all the powers they could exert, while the iron of their hot troops kept up a fire to protect them from the fire engaged a soldier who was striking with the hot basket, struck a spring, and the marble slab, suspended by cords, fell upon the head of the victim. The walls began to tremble, a shout was made, and now the Imperial troops fled to the Inquisition.

Here we met with an incident which nothing like it had ever been seen before. The Jesuitical effrontery is equal to the Inquisition. The Inquisitors the marble slab, now partly up, there was a horizontally placed basket, in which the victim was bound in their staircase. I stepped to the altar, and took from instrument which was placed between two be-

But Col. De Lai was not so ready as myself to relinquish our investigation, and said to me, "Colonel, you are commander today, and as it may so must it be, but if you will be advised by me, let this marble slab be examined. Let water be brought and poured upon it, and we will watch and see if there is any place which it passes more freely than others." I replied to him, "Please you, Colonel," and ordered water to be brought accordingly. The slab of marble was large and beautifully polished. When the water had been poured over the floor, much to the dissatisfaction of the Inquisitors a careful examination was made of every seam in the floor, &c., & of the water passed through. Presently Col. De Lai exclaimed that he had found it. By the side of one of those marble slabs the water passed through fast, as though there was an opening beneath. All hands were at work for further inspection, and I directed that every slab should have a hole bored in it, and then the

hands were at work for further inspection, and I directed that every slab should have a hole bored in it, and then the

We then proceeded to examine another room of every slab in which the water passed through, &c., & of the

describes four

"The first was a much

victim was an old, and then being the fingers, every joint in the hands, arms

the body was broken, or drawn, one after another,

the musketeer dashed. The second was a box, in

against our desire, so that he could not leave in any way

up. Then the faces of the Inquisitors grew pale, which caused the foundations to shake

pale as Belshazzar, when the handwriting appeared on its, and put the other to the

in their staircase. I stepped to the altar, and took from instrument which was placed between two be-