

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1921

VOL. XLIX.

NO. 46

TRY EUREKA TEA

The TEA that has pleased our Customers for twenty years. 60 cents per pound.

Fleischman's Yeast

We are Agents for the celebrated Fleischman's Yeast used by all First-class Bakers. Sold by all City Grocers.

R. F. MADDIGAN & Co.
CHARLOTTETOWN

Now the Prices you've been waiting for are here

The old year took away, for ever, we hope, the old burden of war prices. For months conditions have been working toward the great climax that brought the remarkable merchandise that is here assembled for this our greatest January Carnival of Economy.

The results came in two ways: 1st. The drastic lowering of prices on our own stocks, down to the new low basis, and often far below it—to double your interest in January buying in our store.

2nd. We have combed the markets—taking utmost advantage of the opportunities created by far sighted manufacturers who were ready to co-operate with us in presenting to you now the lowest prices that will be possible, for the next six months, at least.

We can just see the delight of our Customers when they see the splendid assortment of goods, in every department of our store, and then realize that prices are away down to the bottom, where it is a pleasure to buy things.

Many Manufacturers have ACCEPTED LARGE LOSSES.

We shall forgo a large part of our profits on the new goods and accept large losses on our own mark downs—to inaugurate this first New Year under the New Management.

THE MOST STIRRING PRICE-UPSET THAT THIS COMMUNITY HAS EVER KNOWN.

No matter what you need or desire, now is the best time for months to come to buy it. Some of the reasons are told on this page; but scores of others are here that can get no mention today, even in this broad space.

Patons, Ltd

January 5, 1921—1st

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW. CALL UP

DEBLOIS BROS.
Water Street, Phone 211.

W. E. Bentley, K. C. — J. A. Bentley

MCLEOD & BENTLEY
Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors

MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

J. D. STEWART
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.

OFFICE:
NEWSON BLOCK
Charlottetown

Branch Office Georgetown

LIME

We have on hand quantity of

St. John LIME

C. LYONS & Co.

Furs. Furs.

—SHIP TO US DIRECT—
THE TOP MARKET PRICE PAID
AND EQUITABLE GRADING MADE
—NO DELAYS AT ANY POINT—

We are registered with and recognized by the United States War Trade Board and all of the Collectors for Customs under licence P. B. F. 30 and you can send your furs to us direct by our tag or any tag, changed to suit to marked "Furs of Canadian Origin" and your furs will come right through.

St. Louis Fur Exchange

Canadian National Railways

The National Way

Across Canada

The Continental Limited
Dep. Montreal, Bonaventure St.
9:00 P.M. Daily
Fastest Time
Short Line
Superior Road Bed
Superior Service

All Steel Equipment

Through Compartment-Observation-Library Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Dining and Colonist Cars and Coaches.

For Fares, Reservations, &c., apply to

W. K. ROGERS,

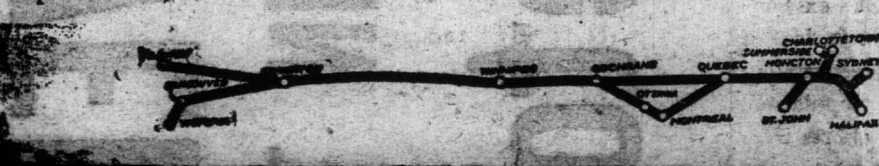
City Ticket Agent.

W. M. FLYNN,

Station Ticket Agent.

or **W. T. HUGGAN,** District Passenger Agent.

September 21, 1921—51



Catholic Mutual Benefit Association

"OF CANADA"

An Exclusive Catholic and Canadian Fraternal Insurance Company for Men and Women. Incorporated by Act of Dominion Parliament. Adequate Rates, Whole Life and Twenty and Thirty Years Assessment Policies.

Over Eight Million Dollars Paid to the Families of Deceased Members

For further information address

J. E. H. HOWISON,
Grand Secretary,

59 St. Denis St, Montreal, P.Q.

April 14, 1920—17

DEPARTMENT OF CUSTOMS AND INLAND REVENUE.

EXCISE TAX LICENSES

Retailers, Jewellers, Manufacturers and Sales Tax Licenses as required under the Amendment to the Special War Revenue Act, 1915, are ready for issue, and application forms may be had from the undersigned.

Firms not in possession of Licenses on the 15th November, 1920, will be subject to penalty as provided in the Act.

PENALTY

For neglect or refusal to take out a License shall be a sum not exceeding

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

F. J. CASEY,

Collector of Inland Revenue for Charlottetown.

Look. Read. Realize.

We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor.

If you wanted a Suit or an Overcoat would you go to see a Doctor, or a Shoemaker? Not at all. You would go to see a First Class Tailor.

WELL, there's where we shine. I!

We study the business. We know what suits a young man

we know what suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the man who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

Do not forget that we are sole agents for the famous W H Leishman & Co, Wholesale Custom Tailors. We have an elegant stock of Overcoats to show you at the present time.

Overcoats, Made-to-Order from.....\$30.00 to \$48.00

Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear.....\$15.00 to \$36.00

Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are successful or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Succeed is the only way to success.

Gloves

We have just the kind of Gloves you need lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both combination.

Price.....\$1.00 to \$4.00

MacLELLAN BROS.

Rather Vaughan On Gambling

(Father Bernard Vaughan, S.J., was born in 1847. Three of his uncles became priests. Five of his brothers were priests. He labored for many years in the East end slums of London. He became famous as a pulpit orator, attracting large and fashionable audiences, especially during the Lenten sermon season.)

DO NOT GAMBLE

"All things are lawful to me," says St. Paul, "but all things are not expedient." And first of all the evil of gambling, as we all know, is to be found in the liability to abuse; in the almost magnetic hold it gets of a man, robbing him of mind, of heart, and of will-power, so that having once let loose this passion he may find it, if not at once, yet later on, very difficult to control. Once a man begins to spend more upon this pleasure than he can afford to spend on it, he is indulging in vice; he has slipped on an inclined plane, and he will find himself only too soon tobogganing helplessly down a steep, leading to the precipice of ruin.

The safest and the best way for most of us to deal with the gambling instinct is to leave it severely alone, having nothing whatever to do with it; all the more because a gambler can never tell into what temptation he may be leading others; for remember gambling is a bi-lateral contract, in which if one must win the other partner must lose.

Gambling in some form or other is clearly the vice of the day, and we must attack it, not hysterically, but rationally. If we really have at heart the welfare of our fellows and the well-being of our country; if we are earnestly asking God's blessing upon ourselves and upon our Empire; and if we are in downright earnest and are resolved to rise to a sense of our responsibilities as citizens and Christians, in a word, we mean to be real and thorough, daring to make the very best of ourselves that we may become fitter instruments in God's hands for the edification and salvation of our neighbor; then, I say, let us one and all resolve to tear out of our being, no matter what its cost to flesh and blood, that special evil thing, be it betting or be it avarice, be it sensuality, be it jealousy or backbiting, which is thwarting God's designs in our souls. Let each one with the poet ask himself—

Am I mad that I should cherish that which bears but bitter fruit?
I will tear it from my bosom though my heart beat at the root.

"Seen, Not Heard."

Do I believe children should be seen and not heard? Well, sometimes it would be a blessed relief just to see them; but as a matter of right and justice they must be allowed to be both seen and heard. Not, however, without restriction. Children are eager and enthusiastic; they like to be "in the limelight," and, of course, they are not prepared to be good judges whether or not they shall occupy the center of the stage.

The old-fashioned idea of invariably keeping the child quiet in the presence of his elders was comfortable for them, but decidedly dull and uninteresting to the little ones.

Minard's Liniment used by Veterinaries.

To compel the child to silence, save when permission to speak is given, is an unnatural repression, lays a blight not only on happiness, but upon mental and character development, as well. The child should be taught to keep respectful and appropriate silence, but he should also have opportunities for self-expression.

Begin at once. Teach him that he is only one of the many, that his turn will come, but that he must wait for it. Then, when among strangers, he will seldom be called upon to accept reproof for interruptions. It might be well to arrange a word or signal so that each reproof be not too open. Save the children's self-respect all you can.

Important Industries Affected By New Platforms

Both the United Farmer and Liberal Platforms definitely state that agricultural implements shall be placed on the Free List. The very limited protection which the agricultural implement industry is now accorded is to be withdrawn completely and the industry to meet the formidable competition of U. S. manufacturers on a free trade basis.

Let us see what is at stake. According to a Bulletin of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, dated November, 1919, covering for the calendar year, 1919, there were 86 factories or plants manufacturing agricultural implements distributed by Provinces, as follows:

Ontario	51 plants
Quebec	20 "
Manitoba	7 "
Alberta	3 "
Saskatchewan	3 "
P. E. Island	5 "
Total	86 "

The total capital invested was \$33,276,450.

The employees numbered 10,308, and the pay-roll for the year was \$11,858,013.

Total value of products; \$37,715,331.

Material purchased from other manufacturers, principally Canadian, comprising iron and steel and other metals in various forms, lumber, timber, paints, varnish, amounted in value for the year to \$16,520,146, the production of which (computed on the same basis as the agricultural implement industry) gave employment to 5,000 more people. As a matter of fact one of the large agricultural implement manufacturing firms buys raw materials and semi finished articles from no less than 400 different firms in Canada.

A huge industry of this kind also radiates a beneficial influence through all branches of trade and commerce. It constitutes a most important factor in railway traffic; merchants in all the cities and villages benefit by the employment given to labour; farmers are supplied with a home market in the needs of such printers and publishers benefit through advertising and so might go on.

This is the industry which the Hon. Mr. Crevar, Mr. Wood of Alberta, and the Hon. Mr. King as the leaders of their respective parties, without investigation, propose to wipe off the Canadian industrial map.

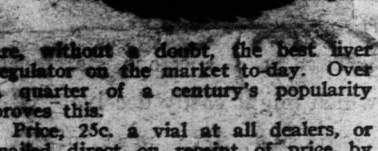
This is the industry which the application of either of their policies would transfer from Canada to the United States. In this connection, we quote from an article recently published in the press from the pen of Mr. Thomas Findlay, President of the Massey Harris Company:

"The putting of these industries and the resultant loss of free materials upon the list is so revolutionary a change in our fiscal system that we venture to say that neither the conventions adopting these resolutions, nor any one else, can see the ultimate result of such a policy. I appeal to the leaders that they ought in fairness to these important industries, to withdraw their specific pledges, and be free, if the responsibility of office falls upon them, to deal justly and according to their judgment with the issue at stake.

SYSTEM RUN DOWN HEADACHES AND DIZZY SPELLS ALSO CONSTIPATION

Mrs. Ernest P. Trimmer, Waldeck Lake, N.S., writes: "My system was greatly run down by head aches, dizziness, and spells, and I was so dizzy, at times, I would have to lie right down. I was also terribly troubled with constipation."

I got a vial of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills, and haven't had any trouble since. I feel that anyone who suffers like I did can get relief by using your pills."



Without a doubt, the best purgative on the market today. Over a quarter of a century's popularity proves this.

Price, 25c a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

My opinion is that free trade in implements means the inevitable shifting of the manufacture of Western Canadian implements from Ontario and Quebec to the western mid-states. If there is to be neither tariff nor sentimental preference to offset the geographical handicap, we shall be forced sooner or later to establish ourselves on equal terms with our competitors. So far as my company is concerned, we are not going to lose our Western Canadian trade, even if to retain it we have to build another factory in the western states. Therefore our workmen, other industries which furnish us with materials, and those generally dependent upon them, are much more vitally interested in this matter than we are."

It should be borne in mind that the average rate of duty on agricultural implements subject to customs duty is only 14 per cent, and the average rate on all imported implements, dutiable and free, is only 7 per cent.

We should imagine it would not be difficult to hazard a guess as to the mental attitude towards the Farmers and Liberal Leaders of the workingmen employed in his industry—especially those whose homes are at stake.

The Canning Industry is also to be put on a free trade basis under the plank in both the Farmer and Liberal platforms.

In this industry, in the year 1919 a total capital of \$15,956,395 was invested, distributed by Provinces as follows:

Ontario	\$12,669,592
British Columbia	1,847,459
Quebec	1,176,765
Nova Scotia	213,914
New Brunswick	33,506
Manitoba	15,167

The total number of employees was 2,561 male, 3,423 female, and the total pay roll \$3,184,663.

The 237 canning plants located in the different provinces bought from the farmers of Canada almost entirely fruits and vegetables of a total value of \$7,333,982.

BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY INDUSTRIES

Here is another exceedingly important native industry the products of which are to be made free of duty as specified in both the Liberal and Farmer platforms under the category of free food stuffs.

What do they mean to Canada? Look at the facts.

Number of factories or plants	195
Total capital invested	\$23,836,187
Total employees	10,742
Total annual pay roll	\$7,689,008

LETTERS FROM ALL OVER TELL HOW

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS RELIEVES DYSPEPSIA

Among many of those who have written us is Mr. A. Fleming, Scotland, Ont. He says in his letter: "I have been troubled with dyspepsia for some years. I tried several medicines, but only got relief for a short time. I suffered with pains in my stomach, also a mothering feeling after eating, and could not eat any meat at all. I got run down and was very weak from robbing the stomach of its necessary wants. I also suffered from pains in my neck, which would run up on both sides into my head causing terrible headaches. I used several bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters, and now am completely relieved."

B. B. B. has been on the market for the past 42 years; manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.