

BRILLIANT NIGHT ATTACK WAS MADE BY CANADIANS

Two Small Parties From 5th and 7th Battalions Bombed the Enemy's Trenches and Took 15 Prisoners With a Loss of Two Men—Congratulated by Sir John French.

Ottawa, Nov. 22.—The Minister of Militia, Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, last night received a communique from Sir Max Aitken, the Canadian Record Officer now serving with the Canadian Army Corps in France. In it is recorded the success of some Canadians in rushing a trench and taking some prisoners. His exploit was mentioned by Gen. French, who, however, did not mention the regiments taking part as the Canadian Eyewitness does. The report says:

GETTING INFORMATION "In order to gain information a minor operation was undertaken by our 2nd Brigade on the night of November 16-17 against two points on the enemy's front line. Small parties of our 5th Western Canada and 7th British Columbia Battalions were selected for the enterprise, and for several days previously underwent special training and preparation. On the afternoon of November 16 our artillery cut the German wire opposite the points of attack. The wire was cut in other places also in order to mislead the enemy. Trees interferred somewhat with the wire-cutting operations in front of our 7th Battalion, and scouts were sent forward after dark to complete the work. These scouts, under command of Lieut. W. Holmes, 7th Battalion, remained out for several hours, and succeeded in cutting three lines through the German wire without attracting attention.

BOMBARD ENEMY'S TRENCHES Punctually at 2.30 on the morning of November 17 the two parties moved forward. The 5th Battalion party, under command of Lieuts. J. T. Purlow and K. T. Campbell, was checked in front of the enemy's parapet by a ditch twelve feet wide. Both officers entered the ditch which was shoulder high with water, and found the bottom entangled with barbed wire. Efforts were made to overcome this obstacle, but without success. The German trenches were then bombed from positions close to the ditch, causing casualties among the enemy. The party returned safely to our trenches.

ENTERED FOE'S TRENCHES "The 7th Battalion party, consisting of brigade bombers under Capt. C. T. Costigan, and riflemen under Lieuts. Wright and McIray, reached the enemy's parapet unobserved under cover of a heavy rainstorm and entered his trenches. A telephone was carried with the party, and touch was maintained throughout with Lieut. Col. Odium in the front trenches. The party bombed its way down German trenches and communicating trenches. Many Germans were bayoneted or killed by bombs in their dugouts. Twelve prisoners were taken.

"This objective having been achieved, our party was then recalled by pre-arranged signals and returned to its trenches with its prisoners. Our casualties were only one accidentally

killed and one wounded. This is the operation recently reported by General French, who, however, did not mention the regiments.

ARTILLERY'S SUPPORT. "During the above operation our artillery prevented the enemy in adjoining trenches from rendering assistance at the point of attack. On the return of our party our artillery shelled heavily the German front line trenches and all roads, tracks and communicating trenches along which reinforcements might be sent. Retaliation by the enemy's artillery was weak. The prisoners taken afforded useful information as to the composition of the forces opposing us. In anticipation of an attack the enemy had manned his trenches, thereby affording our party an exceptional opportunity for taking prisoners and inflicting loss.

SIR JOHN FRENCH PLEASSED "Field Marshal Sir John French sent a message congratulating our troops to the success of the enterprise. "The health and spirits of our troops remain excellent.

CLEANING UP THE TRENCHES. The report also says— "During the week November 12 to 19 the general situation on the Canadian front remained unchanged. Weather conditions showed an improvement over the preceding week. The temperature was generally lower, with occasional frosts at night. Heavy rainstorms were less frequent. "Good progress has been made by our working parties in the improvement and drainage of our trenches, and, profiting by recent experience, measures are being taken to guard against any further flooding of sections of our lines owing to abnormal rains.

"The enemy does not yet appear to have completed repairs to his trenches, and sounds of pumping and baling continue to be heard. His working parties on several occasions have been dispersed by the fire of our artillery and machine gun batteries. "A bright moon and the marshy condition of the land between the opposing trenches have added to the difficulties of night patrol work. The enemy has displayed little inclination to leave his trenches, and our patrols have been hampered in their work by prevailing conditions.

SNIPERS ARE BUSY. "Owing to the poor state of his communicating trenches the enemy has been forced to show himself in the open more frequently than usual. Full advantage has been taken of this condition by our snipers, with good results. Retaliation by the enemy snipers has been generally ineffective. "There has been considerable artillery activity on the part of the enemy during the period, but on each occasion prompt retaliation by our artillery, with its superior weight of fire, has reduced the hostile batteries to silence."

Allies Blockade Greece; Constantine Suspected

Entente Powers Do Not Wish Greece to Abandon Her Neutrality, But Want All Doubts Removed as to Just What She Will Do.

Paris, Nov. 22.—The Athens correspondents of the Havas News Agency in a despatch filed yesterday confirm the report that the Entente powers have declared a commercial blockade of Greece. The announcement to this effect, made in the form of a note issued by the British Legation at Athens, is given as follows: "Because of the attitude taken by the Hellenic Government in regard to certain questions touching closely the security and liberty of action by which the allied troops have the right under the conditions of their disembarkment on Greek territory, the allied powers have deemed it necessary to take certain measures which will have the effect of suspending the economic and commercial facilities which Greece has received from them heretofore.

It is not the intention of the allied powers to constrain Greece to abandon her neutrality, to maintain which, in their eyes, is the best guarantee of her interests. The allied governments have been somewhat disturbed by certain allusions to eventual measures which, if taken by the Hellenic government, would appear to them to be contradictory to assurances they have received.

"As soon as their doubts on that subject—due, no doubt to a misunderstanding—have been dispelled, the powers will be happy to remove the obstacles now opposed to the arrival of merchandise in Greece and to accord any facilities which result from normal relations."

The allied fleets, it is alleged, have already begun searching all steamers flying the Greek flag in the Aegean and Mediterranean.

WILL INTERN SERBS Frankfort, Nov. 22.—An Athens despatch to The Frankfurter Zeitung says the Greek minister of state has informed the chiefs of the foreign legations that Greece, in order to maintain her neutrality, has decided to disarm and imprison in concentration camps all Serbian troops who may retreat into Greek territory.

Greece must prevent the war from spreading to her soil, the minister is quoted as declaring.

ANOTHER GRAND TRUNK HOTEL The last addition to the great chain of Canada's hotels, built by the Grand Trunk System, is The Macdonald, Edmonton, Alta. This beautiful hotel on the banks of the Saskatchewan, is described and pictured in a new booklet just issued by the Railway Company. The booklet is a very handsome one, containing a brief and concise description of this beautiful hotel, printed on India tint paper and illustrated with direct reproductions from photographs of the different rooms, the exterior of the hotel, and snapshots of Edmonton. The text is inserted in a cover printed in gold on hand-made paper, the tout ensemble making a very attractive publication, a copy of which may be had on application by writing to the Manager of The Macdonald Hotel, Edmonton, Alta.

Received by the Pope. Rome, Nov. 22.—The members of the Roman association for the preservation of the faith in the city of Rome were received to-day by Pope Benedict on the occasion of his 61st birthday. The Pope gave 25,000 lire (\$5,000) to the fund to carry on the work of the association.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

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BLOCKADE IS COMMENDED IN BRITAIN

Comments of Newspapers Show Government Has Taken Popular Step.

ALLIES MEAN TO HAVE THEIR WAY

New York, Nov. 22.—A cable from London this morning to The Herald says: "The economic and commercial blockade of Greece is heartily endorsed by all the newspapers this morning, this vigorous action being defended on the ground that the suppression of the constitution by the Hellenic people and the sinister threats of Gounaris and other pro-German ministers that the Serbian and Franco-British forces would be disarmed and interned if they were forced to retreat into Greek territory, warranted not only the blockade but even more drastic measures to prove to King Constantine that his treachery will mean the end of his reign. This is the attitude of the conservative Daily Telegraph, which says: "The allies mean to have their way, and that, to rescue gallant Serbia and safeguard the lives of the French and British soldiers, who are fighting where Greece, honoring her treaty should have shown an embattled front, they will use all legitimate means to secure the objects at which they aim. "The sooner that the pro-German party in Athens realizes the allies' inflexible determination, the better it will be for the Kaiser's brother-in-law and the Hellenic kingdom. These are also the views of other newspapers, such as The Daily Chronicle, The Daily News and The Times.

CONSCRIPTION CAN COME BY CABINET ORDER

Canada Law Journal States That is All That is Necessary to Enforce It Here.

MUST BE CALLED CLASS BY CLASS

That compulsory military service is on the statute books of Canada and requires only action by the Dominion Cabinet to put it into effect is pointed out in an article on the "Legal aspect of Military Service in Canada" in the Canada Law Journal. The liability of the militia of Canada for service is defined in Section 69 of the revised statutes of Canada (1906) as follows: "The Governor-in-Council may place the militia or any part thereof, on active service anywhere in Canada and also beyond Canada for the defence thereof, at any time when it appears advisable so to do by reason of emergency."

WHO MUST SERVE FIRST The Canadian Law Journal continues: "As to the individual liability of our male population for military service under Section 15 of the present Act their liability to serve shall be divided into four classes: Class 1 shall comprise those of 18 years and upward, but under 30, unmarried or widowers without children. Class 2, all those of the age 30 and upwards, but under 45, unmarried or widowers, without children. Class 3, all those of the age 18 and upward, but under 45, married or widowers with children. Class 4, all those of 45 and upward, but under 60. The said several classes shall be called upon to serve in the order in which they are referred to in this section."

This is a prudent and sensible classification, but by reason of the volunteer system has up to the present not been acted upon. There may be good reasons for a departure from it, owing to special circumstances, but the directions contained in the

Farm College on Wheels



The group of experts outside stock car.

THE Ontario Department of Agriculture has been operating a course of demonstration cars over the C. P. R. lines in Ontario. The results following the instruction of two years ago, and the appreciation shown by the farmers, inspired the Department to hold evening meetings at most places, with moving pictures as a leading feature. The work began on October 4th and continued until November 13th. Thirty-seven places were visited, a whole day being spent at each point for the inspection of the cars. Not only the farmers, but the women and children found much of interest in the exhibits and literature distributed. The train included a live stock coach containing animals exhibiting desirable characteristics, of heavy horses, beef and dairy cattle, poultry, swine and sheep. To add interest arrangements were made to have some stock belonging to the farmers in various localities brought to the train to be compared with that furnished by the Department. Another coach was devoted to exhibits illustrating good selection and improvement, identification of weeds, testing of seed, drainage, soil moisture, growing alfalfa, corn, insect pests, protection from lightning, dairying, poultry raising, etc. Capable and experienced men accompanied the train for explaining and lecturing purposes and to demonstrate the judging of live stock. Since the inauguration of the "Better Farming Special" three years ago, the scheme has met extensive development and the rural districts throughout the whole Dominion, have benefited. The professors who were on the train were provincial Government men from the Agricultural Colleges. We used the "Farm College on Wheels" as a means to educate the

farmer, his wife and children to higher standards of farming, and have met with considerable success. The "better farming" methods demonstrated by the professors who were on the train were listened to with great interest, and the questions asked by the farmer were further evidence that the visit of the "special" was doing incalculable good. C. P. R., the Guelph Agricultural Col-

lege or the Department of Agriculture should have the ownership. After much discussion it was decided to raise the title animal and devote the proceeds to the Red Cross Fund.

Interior of Grain Coach. The experts on the train were drawn from the Agricultural College at Guelph, one of the most up-to-date in the country. An interesting incident occurred during the tour. A thoroughbred Shropshire we gave birth to a lamb on board the train, and the question arose as to who it belonged to, whether the "special" was doing incalculable good. C. P. R., the Guelph Agricultural Col-

Buffalo & Goderich From East—Arrive Brantford, 9:53 a.m., 8:00 p.m. From West—Arrive Brantford, 10:00 a.m., 5:42 p.m. W. G. & B. From North—Arrive Brantford, 9:06 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 4:29 p.m., 8:35 p.m. From Brantford & Tillsonburg From South—Arrive Brantford, 8:45 a.m., 5:30 p.m.

T. H. & B. Railway For Hamilton, etc.—7:32 a.m., 11:32 a.m., 2:27 p.m., and 6:47 p.m. For Waterford—9:46 a.m., 11:32 a.m., 4:10 p.m. and 9:22 p.m.

Brantford & Hamilton Electric Railway Leave Brantford—6:30 a.m., 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45, 12:45 p.m., 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 6:10, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:35. Arrive Brantford—7:35 a.m., 8:35, 9:35, 10:25, 11:25, 12:25 p.m., 1:25, 2:25, 3:25, 4:25, 5:25, 6:25, 7:25, 8:25, 9:25, 10:25, 11:25, 12:25.

Brantford Municipal Railway For Paris—Five minutes after the hour. For Galt—7:05 a.m., 9:05 a.m., 11:05 a.m., 1:05 p.m., 3:05 p.m., 5:05 p.m., 7:05 p.m., 9:05 p.m. Last car leaves Galt for Brantford 10:45 p.m. Misusing Red Cross. By Special Wire to the Courier. Paris, Nov. 22.—Walter Tate, an English veterinarian, has been arrested at Provins on the charge of using the American Red Cross as a lure to obtain gifts of money and clothing from charity inclined persons in the United States and Great Britain. In the journals in which he advertised, Tate is said to have represented that he was seeking gifts for the Americans in the French foreign legion.

WHOOPING COUGH No cough sufferer old or young can take Veno's Lightning Cough Cure without benefit. In whooping cough its quick, sure relief is truly startling. Mothers who do not know Veno's often think that whooping cough must go on until the season changes. They are wrong. Veno's cures whatever the season, cures at once and cures thoroughly. Won Grand Prix and Gold Medal, International Health Exhibition, Paris, 1910. There is nothing in Veno's Lightning Cough Cure that the most delicate child may not take freely. It contains no opium, morphine, or paregoric. The curative power of Veno's comes from strengthening principles which enable the breathing organs to throw off attack and not from narcotic drugs. It may be used with fullest confidence for old or young. Only real and speedy benefit can result. Veno's is the remedy for— Coughs and Colds, Bronchial Troubles, Nasal Catarrh, Whooping Cough, Blood Spitting, Asthma, Hoarseness. Price 30 cents. Large size containing 24 times the quantity 60 cents. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere, or direct, on receipt of price, from the sole agents for Canada, Harold F. White & Co., Ltd., 10, McCord Street, Toronto. Proprietors, The Veno Drug Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

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