

- Photo by J. N-G.

brunswickan december 8, 1966

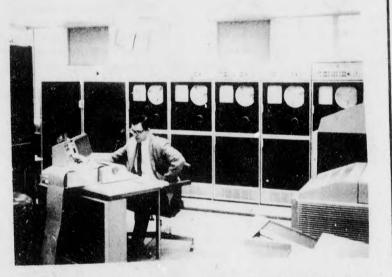
"The Centennial Building as seen from King Street. The new Government headquarters has six main stories plus a two story "penthouse. Out front are twin aluminum flagpoles."

that are set flush with the ceiling.

Partitions that may be removed and set up again in new positions are in use throughout the building. A change can be made in a few hours thus adding great flexibility to the office areas.

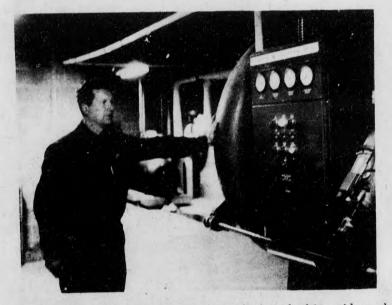
Executive offices are carpeted and wood-panelled. Picture windows give a view of the Playhouse, the Lord Beaverbrook Hotel and the St. John River.

Communications for the building is handled by a central switchboard. The Dept. of Public Works also maintains direct radio-telephone links with it's outlying branches.



Phil Lauterer





"Chief Engineer David Slipp stands beside his pride and joy - the 'Centro-Vac'-brain of the new building's air-conditioning system located on the top floor of the penthouse."

that desks do not have to be louves of the flourescent lightclose to wall outlets but can be distributed efficiently with- tem. The second zone, called out extension cords for elec- the perimeter zone, uses the



Shown conferring on a matter of state are, left to right: Deputy Minister of Public Works, Richard Palmer, building maintenance engineer, W.W. Colpitts, (UNB, Civil Engineering, 1960) and building administration supervisor, J.E. Thomas.

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system

"Centroe. This

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This is Lighting and air-conditionnidden in ing are integrated in a highcross the velocity system unique in the 'his means Maritimes. Streams of air actually circulate through the

conventionel system of registers under each window.

A particularly pleasing lighting effect is achieved in all the corridors by using very wide-diameter circular lights

ing as part of a two zone sys-

Security is controlled by the Canadian Corps of Commissionaires. Twenty-four hour service is provided. After 5:30 p.m. all doors but one are locked and anyone entering the building must sign in and out.

Fire protection is given by electronic sensors spotted through the building. There is a booster pump expressly for fire hoses and two outdoor outlets for fire department use if necessary. The building itself is built of fireproof materials. A General Motors auxilliary diesel stands by in case of power failure.

Snow melters will keep all entrances and loading ramps clear of ice and snow.

The Premier and his staff have their offices on the second floor. The Premier's desk is suitably decorated with a Provincial Coat of Arms carved in wood.

Adjacent to the Premier's office is the Executive Council Chamber. This room is considered by many to be the most beautiful single room in the building. The wall to wall carpeting and high-backed chairs are done in the same

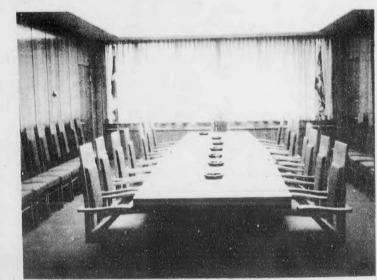
General Electric con uter spe the operating console of the new GE 415 computer. Magnetic tapes are visible in backgr ound."

shade of red. (please see il- will serve a most essential purlustration).

pose in improving the standard and efficiency of public

When Premier Robichaud services in New Brunswick."

laid the cornerstone of the The Brunswickar salutes building on March 26, 1965, he made the following com- both this magnificent new ment: "I am confident that building and the Government this new Centennial Building that made it a reality.



"The Executive Council Chamber. Note unique ceiling lighting. The door in the right hand corner leads to the Premier's office."