

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1904.

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## HAPPENINGS IN NOVA SCOTIA

### TRURO.

Truro, Oct. 25.—One of the social events of the season was the celebration of the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Stevens, "Parkside." Invitations had been issued to some 100 people, and on Monday evening nearly that number gathered at "Parkside" to congratulate the happy aged couple, who "received" in state. Fifty years ago they were married at Wallace by Rev. Mr. McCarthy, assisted by Rev. Richard Smith. The latter sent his best wishes at this celebration. All of the five children are living, and all but one were present on Monday. The oldest son is living in Minneapolis, and owing to the serious illness of his wife, was unable to take part in person at the celebration. He sent, however, a handsome wedding cake and a beautiful bouquet, which was presented to the bride of fifty years by two little grandchildren—Greta and Ruby Stevens. Of the children, three, Mrs. Harry Stevens, Allison and William Stevens—reside in Truro, while Mr. Richard Stevens makes his home in St. John. The latter has not been home for eighteen years. Many valuable and handsome presents were given, the aged couple, including a purse of gold from the children and gold from friends and guests, were unharmed during the evening by Mr. DeForest Thompson, read an appropriate poem, speeches were made, and a delicious luncheon served. A quiet home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. J. W. Baird, when his youngest daughter, Miss Eva Fulton, was married to Mr. C. E. Taylor, of Halifax. The bride was given in marriage by her father, and the groom was escorted by a friend. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. DeForest Thompson, who read an appropriate poem, speeches were made, and a delicious luncheon served. A quiet home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. J. W. Baird, when his youngest daughter, Miss Eva Fulton, was married to Mr. C. E. Taylor, of Halifax. The bride was given in marriage by her father, and the groom was escorted by a friend. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. DeForest Thompson, who read an appropriate poem, speeches were made, and a delicious luncheon served.

returned from an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. F. McCarthy, at Buxton, (C. B.).  
Mr. Wm. Cummings preached in Zion Baptist church (colored) on Sunday.  
Last Sunday evening Rev. J. W. Atkins, pastor of Pleasant street Methodist church, began a series of sermons on the Story of the Crucifixion.  
The Misses Margaret and Viola Gillespie are visiting their aunt, Mrs. E. R. Gilmore, at Buxton.  
Mr. J. O'Brien has been in New Glasgow, a guest with his brother, Conductor E. K. O'Brien, of the I. C. R.  
Mr. J. McMoray, manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, returned on Saturday from a business trip in St. John, Montreal and Toronto.  
Mr. E. K. Morrison, of Jamaica Plain (Mass.) was in town last week, en route to his old home in Five Islands. He has been employed with the Boston Ice Company for the last fifteen years.  
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marsh, of Bridgetown, are in town, guests with Mrs. Wesley Boyd.  
Mrs. A. W. Fleming and Mrs. Urquhart attended the funeral services of the late Mr. Alfred Palfrey at Halifax and South Mount.

Friends of Mrs. H. V. Bigelow are glad to learn that she is recovering from her recent severe illness.  
**PARRSBORO.**  
Parrsboro, N. S., Oct. 25.—Rev. F. M. Young spent Sunday in Springhill, where he supervised the pulpit of the Baptist church most acceptably, and returned on Monday.  
Mrs. Grant is having a "rummage sale" for the Presbyterian church on Saturday.  
Mr. Frazee, of the Union Bank of Halifax, spent Sunday with his parents in Truro, and returned on Monday.  
Mrs. James Allen Price has been spending a few days with her brother, Dr. Price, in Truro.  
Miss Lizzie Dyas is at home with her parents, for a short visit.  
Rev. Mr. Estabrook and Rev. Mr. Des Brisay, of Springhill, have been in town for a few days.  
Miss Fannie Price is visiting friends in New Brunswick.  
Mrs. Lyons and Mrs. D. D. Layton have been visiting friends in Delavan, and returned on Tuesday.  
Mrs. C. C. Langille spent a day or two in Springhill this week.  
The ladies of the Baptist church have a notice out that they will feed the hungry multitude on election day.  
J. R. Cowan, with his family, returned to Springhill on Sunday after having enjoyed their summer outing at Partridge Island.

A pretty event took place at the residence of Mr. John Scott, Alto, not long ago, the occasion being the marriage of his daughter, Nellie, to Mr. John L. Campbell, head of the firm of John R. Campbell & Co., of Lunenburg. The ceremony was celebrated by the Rev. Father Kissella, of Truro, who was a particular friend of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and the groom was supported by Mr. R. S. McKinnon. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left for Halifax. A sewing circle was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. Fuller, of the government farm, have gone to St. Louis to attend the exposition.  
Miss Annie Mitchell has returned from an extended visit at her home in Buxton, Nova Scotia.  
Miss Mary E. Coffin has been appointed president of the Young Ladies' League for the coming year. Miss Minnie Barnes is secretary.  
Miss Pinkston has been visiting in New Glasgow.  
Ex-Mayor Stuart arrived in town on Saturday.  
Mrs. Bessie Stewart, who had a slight paralysis stroke, and was confined to her bed, died on Monday morning. Her friends extend hopes for her speedy recovery.  
Rev. J. B. Macdonald, late of St. John (N. B.), and formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at Millville, was in town this week. He is now in the employ of the government farm, and will be in town on Monday.  
Mrs. D. Gunn left last week for the upper provinces to attend the annual bazaar meeting of the Women's Missionary Society.  
Mrs. W. F. Linton returned on Saturday from a visit with friends in St. John and Moncton.  
Mr. C. E. Tanner, M. P. P., of Pictou, is in town and will address a meeting tonight.  
Miss J. A. Mason, graduate of Victoria Hospital, Halifax, and now engaged in the Highland View Hospital at Amherst, is a guest with Miss Florence McNeill, at Lower Truro. J. E. Corbett, barrister, formerly of Truro, left by the Ocean Limited on Tuesday morning for Montreal. He has had protracted illness, and is now returning to Buxton to resume his practice. He was accompanied by Dr. Ross Paulsen, who is attending a post-graduate course in London and Edinburgh.  
Mr. Walter L. King, son of Mr. W. P. King, Pleasant street, who is a representative with the Canadian Consolidated Mining Company, of Arizona, which is one of the largest copper producing concerns in the world, Mr. King is first assistant to the purchasing agent at Douglas, Arizona.  
Mr. Arthur Morris has recently returned from a vacation spent in New York, Boston (Mass.), and other places. He had quite a thrilling experience on his trip from Halifax to Boston, when the steamer encountered a violent storm.  
Mrs. George W. Gillespie, of Pictou, is visiting her son, Mr. Charles Gillespie, Walker street.  
Mr. W. T. Suckling is again at King's College, pursuing his course in theology.  
Rev. Clarence and Mrs. McKinnon passed through Truro last week, en route to New York.  
Mr. H. B. Clark, pastor of Brunswick street church, preached in the Salvation Army barracks on Sunday.  
The friends of Mrs. Peter Hall, Paddy's Mt., were rallied to her death last week. She has been suffering for several years. Euphrasia is full for her surviving husband and family.  
The sons of the death of Miss Harriet Morton, daughter of Rev. A. D. Marion, Methodist minister of Bridgetown, came sailing on Friday. Miss Morton is well known in Truro, having made many friends during her father's pastorate in this town. Mrs. Ryland McG. Archibald is receiving this week at Mr. J. McNeill's residence, Little Hill.  
Mr. P. P. McNulty, a former Y. M. C. A. secretary of this place, addressed the men's meeting on Sunday afternoon.  
Mr. Thomas Robb left on Saturday for Windsor, where he intends to conduct a confectionery business.  
Mr. Wm. Creelman, Pictou county, has gone to Liverpool to make an extended visit with his son.  
Miss Mae Mann, of Sydney, is visiting Mrs. L. S. Hopper, Muir street.  
Mrs. R. A. Loughhead, Church street, has

## A SMASHING BLOW



"MR. BLAIR, THE BEST RAILWAY AUTHORITY IN CANADA"  
SIR WILFRID LAURIER.  
REPLY COMMISSIONER

SIR WILFRID—"And it was I who introduced him."—[From the Toronto World.]

### BRITAIN DEMANDS QUICK REPARATION OF RUSSIA

(Continued from Page 1.)  
Lord Lansdowne is expected in addition to make a claim for indemnity for the vessels sunk, compensation for the injured and pensions for the widows of those killed, a most ample apology and assurance that other British shipping which may fall in with the Russian squadron shall not be submitted to similar treatment. These demands, it is believed at the Russian and other embassies here, will be met. Further than this Lord Lansdowne apparently is unable to go. Had any British official, however minor been concerned, Lord Lansdowne might have demanded a public salute of the British flag as well as an apology, but such a course in the present case would be undignified.  
Old 100 fishing vessels through which the Russian squadron passed, five are still unaccounted for, and some anxiety exists regarding their safety. The Wren, one of the boats reported last night as missing, has arrived at Hull. It probably will be some days before the foreign office is in full possession of the facts, although the examination of the witnesses at the foreign office today establishes the general correctness of the first accounts.  
Here's an Explanation.  
Rome, Oct. 25.—The Russian embassy here explains the attack on the Russian Pacific squadron in the Gulf of Mexico by the statement that a report had been received at St. Petersburg that the Japanese would try to injure Russian ships en route to Vancouver. The Russian ambassador, he suspected that the squadron opened fire to attack some of the ships.  
Russian Admiral's Action a Mystery.  
St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—Ambassador Hardinge, although momentarily expecting instructions from the British government on the subject, had not received any at Pacific today. In the highest quarters, where the reports were circulated, the gravity of the affair was fully realized, and the incident was greatly deplored. That Russia will offer apologies and reparation and make honorable amends admits of no doubt, but with the inflated state of public opinion in Great Britain and coming on the heels of the finding of the Vladivostok count in the Knight Commander case and the Red Sea incident, the situation may become acute unless the cool heads among the British statesmen proceed calmly.  
Unfortunately in meeting such a situation, the Russian government machinery is so cumbersome as to render the prompt action which such a situation some demand almost impossible. Everything will depend upon the character of the British demands. Here, it is considered, lies the principal danger of a possible rupture. If the British go to the extent of demanding the punishment of Vice-Admiral Rozhdestvensky, or even the recall of the squadron, as some of the British newspapers intimate, it is likely to create a situation here which would make it hard, if not impossible, to humble Russia prior to such an extent.  
"Unfortunately," said a high-placed admiral to the Associated Press, "we have not yet received the report of Admiral Rozhdestvensky, upon which we can act. The press reports are incredible to me. I know Rozhdestvensky as a careful, prudent man, and I cannot believe that he would order his squadron to fire into a fleet of fishing boats in such a cold blooded manner. There must be some explanation of which we are still in ignorance."  
"Did you have any reason to believe that an attempt might be made to attack the squadron?" asked the correspondent.  
"Yes," replied the official. "We had some information which implied particular care upon Rozhdestvensky."  
"Could it have been the act of a captain

who perhaps was haunted by a fear of an attempt on the squadron, lost his head and directed the fire without authority?" No, I do not think so, only the admiral could assume such authority, especially as the despatches represent the squadron as sailing in squadron formation. We all inquired about the incident, and if a mistake has been made, as appears to be the case, Russia will make every amends possible. You are safe in announcing that."

**Czar Hears from Rozhdestvensky.**  
St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—Midnight—No official or unofficial Russian explanation of the unfortunate affair off Dogger Bank is forthcoming up to this time, and the world must wait until tomorrow to hear Vice-Admiral Rozhdestvensky's version of the firing upon the British fishermen.

Rozhdestvensky's official report of the affair has been received.  
While no formal action has been taken, the deepest regret is expressed in all quarters, and the purpose of the government is to make amends if Rozhdestvensky shall be found to have been in fault as has been proclaimed in every government department. Emperor Nicholas himself was greatly aggrieved when he heard the news, while he was inspecting the cruiser Oleg at Cronstadt this afternoon, and Foreign Minister Lamsdorf, expressed to Ambassador Hardinge his deepest personal regrets.  
The Russian embassy at London has also been directed to convey similar expressions to the government of Great Britain. It is felt that this is all that can possibly be done, pending the receipt of Admiral Rozhdestvensky's statement.

### Horrible Blunder, Say Russian Officials.

"What a horrible blunder has been committed," said a Russian official, "and where, and nowhere has an attempt been made to justify the firing upon innocent fishermen. It is felt that Rozhdestvensky is too good a man and officer to be summarily condemned. It is agreed that he is entitled to a hearing, but even the dimly understood what explanation could justify such an apparently cold-blooded act as the firing upon the fishermen." In diplomatic circles the gravity and delicacy of the situation is recognized. The

It developed during the day that the admiral had strong reason to believe that an attempt would be made against the Russian squadron in its passage through the Strait of Dover or English Channel. So specific was the information that even the present crisis has not diverted attention from the possibility of an attack yet occurring. The failure of the steam trawlers with their nets out to obey the signals from the Russian warships, or the nervousness of some officer who imagined that fishermen working with their nets in the water were laying mines, may be responsible for the blunder. As soon as the facts are established, it is certain that the Russian government will voluntarily offer the fullest reparation.

### Czar May Send Regrets.

It is even hinted that the emperor to-morrow will send a formal message to King Edward, expressing his profound regret for the incident, and offering to make what reparation is possible as soon as the responsibility can be fixed. These advance assurances, it is hoped, will be met in an amicable spirit by Great Britain.  
Notwithstanding the provocation which may seem to exist for most vigorous and uncompromising demands for redress, Ambassador Hardinge has not presented any instructions from his government up to 10 o'clock this evening, and up to midnight it had been impossible to ascertain whether instructions had actually been received.  
In diplomatic circles the gravity and delicacy of the situation is recognized. The

questionably nervousness exists, but in view of the sentiment in government circles here, the feeling prevails that an amicable adjustment will be reached.  
This evening the censor passed all telegrams relating to the subject, which immediately became the all-absorbing topic in every public resort. The war in the far east seemingly was temporarily forgotten. Notwithstanding the latent sentiment of hostility against Great Britain which smolders in almost every Russian breast, the reports of the blunder of the Baltic fleet have aroused only expressions of sincere regret, coupled with hopes that when Rozhdestvensky's report arrives it will place a different complexion on the incident.

### Hostile Reception for Czar's Minister.

London, Oct. 24.—Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, returned to London tonight from celebrating the silver wedding with his wife's relatives in Siberia, and barely escaped assault from a crowd at the Victoria station, which followed him almost into the embassy. Fortunately for the issue of peace or war, nothing special occurred; yet throughout the night a special force of police was compelled to guard the Russian embassy.

Count Benckendorff has been always regarded in official circles here as a friend of peace, and he was as much opposed as was Count Lamsdorf to the Russo-Japanese war. Indeed, he is almost an Anglophile in sentiment. There is no doubt that Count Benckendorff was deeply hurt by tonight's demonstration. After emerging from the hostile crowd that met him at the station, he drove at a gallop to the embassy. Half a dozen crowds followed, but the ambassador arrived unharmed. His noisy pursuers encountered a cordon of police that had been hurriedly dispatched to guard the embassy.

After singing Rule Britannia, the demonstrators dispersed, no arrests being made, but the police continued to guard the embassy as if it were a British fortress. With such a vigilance did they carry out their task that when Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky, a cousin of the Russian minister of the interior, and second secretary of the embassy, arrived, he had hard work in getting in. Count Benckendorff had telephoned to him to come to the embassy to write a long cipher message to St. Petersburg, describing tonight's hostile demonstration.

In reply to a request for some statement to the Associated Press, the ambassador sent word that he could say nothing, but it was gathered that he had sent a despatch to St. Petersburg which may add to the existing delicacy of the situation.  
Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky said:—  
"The attack on the trawlers was obviously an act of war or a great mistake. No sensible man can now think it was an act of war, and therefore it was a mistake, and when you have made a mistake all you can do is to apologize and pay for it. Neither country concerned wants to go to war with the other. It is annoying to our diplomatic relations with Great Britain, but it is quite different from the sinking of the Maine. Incidental mistakes, however much as they may be deplored, do not create war between great powers, unless those powers have some ulterior reasons for going to war. Neither the trawler nor tonight's affair is likely to produce a clash between two powers who have every reason from a selfish point of view, to preserve peace between themselves."

### Will Photograph Bodies of Hull Victims.

London, Oct. 24.—In order that there should be no possible error regarding the peaceful occupation of the fishermen killed by the fire from the Russian warships in the North Sea, the foreign office has communicated to the Hull coroner a request that "the bodies from the Crane should be photographed and unimpeachable medical testimony called to show that the death of the men was due to being subsequently placed there." The articles referred to are a fish and a knife found

## GREATEST OF BANQUETS TO THE HON. A. G. BLAIR AFTER THE ELECTIONS

In Recognition of His Efforts to Save Canada from G. T. Pacific Scheme

Will Be Given at Windsor Hotel, Montreal, by Business Men as a Tribute to the Ex-Minister for Standing Up Against the Government's Deal With the Grand Trunk to Sacrifice Canada's Interests to Portland, Me.—Special Train for New Brunswick Guests.

Montreal, Oct. 24.—After the election a splendid banquet will be given Hon. Mr. Blair in the Windsor Hotel here, in recognition of his great public services and his efforts to save the country from the disastrous effects of the government's G. T. P. policy. The banquet, which will be held on or about Nov. 26, will be the most magnificent function of the kind ever held in Canada.

It will be given primarily by the business men of Montreal, but will take the form generally of a great public tribute to Mr. Blair for his stand in the public behalf against the un-Canadian and impracticable railroad deal which has been made in the interests of the Grand Trunk Pacific bankers.

Neither pains nor expense will be considered. The idea has already met with the most enthusiastic reception, and there can be no doubt the occasion will be a most memorable one. It will reflect the spontaneous recognition throughout Canada of Mr. Blair's fight in defence of the rights of the taxpayers of this country, and in G. T. P. policy of the Laurier government.

protesting against the forcing through of a scheme inimical to every Canadian interest.

A special train will carry New Brunswick guests to the banquet to and from Montreal. The function will be given irrespective of the outcome of the contest on Nov. 3.

Daily there come in increasing numbers from every section of the country, acknowledgements of the public service already done by the ex-minister of railways in seeking to defeat the completion of a contract made in the name of the people of Canada, but to which they have never given their consent and to which the majority of them are opposed.

From all sides come demands for Hon. Mr. Blair to speak. He has requests from all sections to take the platform against the rash and unbusinesslike railway policy of the government, and that he be heard on the public platform as often and as many parts of the country as can be in a short time at his disposal, raising the voice in strong protest against the unpatriotic policy of the Laurier government.

in the hands of the dead captain on the Crane.

It is understood that the government had also invited the Russian ambassador to send medical men to examine the bodies.

### King Edward Sends \$1,000.

London, Oct. 24.—King Edward has sent to the mayor of Hull \$1,000 as his donation for the families of the victims of the North Sea fishing.

Premier Balfour has telegraphed the mayor of Hull as follows:—  
"Your telegram received. You may have full confidence in the government's action."

### London Papers Demand Punishment of Russian Officers.

London, Oct. 25.—The feature of the editorial articles of the newspapers this morning is a practically universal demand that the government insist upon the punishment of the Russian officers responsible for the Dogger Bank affair as the only possible insurance against a recurrence of the kind. Without this, it is argued that the case will be unsatisfactory for a vessel. King Edward's telegram characterizing the affair as "unfortunate" is considered to reflect well the national temper, and the fact that his majesty has taken the usual course to thus interfere in a diplomatic matter gives the greatest satisfaction as emphasizing the exceptionally grave nature of the crisis. A day's reflection on the matter only leads the newspapers and public opinion to great firmness in demanding that the amputated reparation shall be made without delay.  
Regret is expressed that there should have been any demonstration against Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, who personally is credited with friendly feelings toward Great Britain.  
The Standard declares that such a foolish demonstration is not worth talking about.  
The Daily News claims to have obtained the following statement from Count Benckendorff:—  
"I am all with the fatigue of a long journey and anxiety, but I authorize you to say from me to the people of England that I am absolutely certain that what occurred was a deplorable accident and nothing else. My regret and my country's regret is, I am sure, unnecessary for me to speak of."

### JAPANESE PREPARING FOR CRUSHING BLOW

(Continued from Page 1.)

squadron at any French port, the embassy would forward it to St. Petersburg, where the government would determine on its ultimate action. It is explained that the Russian authorities recently were informed that the Japanese spy service was organizing, particularly at Stockholm, plans of torpedoing the passing Russian warships. The Russian officers fully expected such attacks, and therefore were constantly looking out for floating mines and other destructive agencies. It is also declared that Japanese were detected prowling near the Russian hospital ship Orel, at Toulon.

The Russian authorities here say the cooling of the squadron will occur outside the ports touched at, so as to avoid questions involving neutrality.

It is stated that a new trawler is to be erected in Dublin on the site of what was originally a morgue.

**Her Fall Duty**  
A new medicine for women, which does her full duty, and receives her full allowance of  
**Shepherd's**  
CONDITION  
Powder  
She says: "I have used this medicine for several months, and it has done me a great deal of good. I am now in good health, and I am able to do my full duty."—Mrs. J. H. Johnson, Boston, Mass.

**Perfume Bottles**  
Nothing makes more charming gift for "My lady faire" than a silver-mounted perfume bottle.  
No. 106 is a silver value \$1.00. It is a beautiful glass, ornamental with open pattern of silver deposit.  
Distance is annihilated when you order of us by mail. Catalogue sent on request.  
**RYRIE BROS.**  
"DIAMOND HALL."  
115 to 124  
Yonge Street  
TORONTO

### WRECKED SCHOONER NORWOOD SOLD

Digby, N. S., Oct. 24.—(Special)—A survey was held on the wrecked schooner Norwood Saturday. She was condemned and sold at auction at 1 o'clock this afternoon. She was purchased by her former owner, Capt. Joseph E. Snow for \$100.  
The vessel and fittings were insured in the Boston Marine Insurance Company for \$2,500. Capt. Byron Abbott, of Yarmouth, was in town in the interest of the insurance company.