Why not try TH'S MALT EXTRACTS

e run down; ive lost appetite: ve difficulty after eating: ffer from nervous exhaustion: Nursing Mothers.

as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk. PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

mot announced to his friends that he intended to marry Miss Marler, of Three Rivers, and proposed to do it in grand style. He chartered the R. & O. steamer Canada and issued over 300 invitations for the trip down the river, which was to have taken place the other evening. Great preparations were made for the trip. Champagne galore was ordered and many prominent people were to be Soon it was found out that Wilmot had disappeared and investigation showed no such person in Three Rivers as Miss Marler.

C. R. Hosmer, manager of the C. P. R. Telegraph Co., being interviewed, pointed out the serious position that Japan occupied telegraphically, being de pendant for an outlet through China and Russia. He says that sufficient financial progress had been made in 1891 for laying a cable from Vancouver to Japan, via the Aleutian Islands, and that if the apanese government had taken any inerest in the matter the cable would now be in operation, and might be the means, luring the war alone, of saving Japan more than the cost of laying, which was stimated at about four million dollars. He believes that this war will lead to complication which will result in the speedy laying of the Pacific cable, either Japan or China and Australia, as this coute appears the only safe outlet for eastern countries in case of war.

A somewhat odd circumstance occur ed with regard to the Kingston election. Dr. Smyth was declared elected on a recount by one of a majority. A young man, who was only 20 years of age, having voted, and who considered that his vote placed Dr. Smyth at the head of the ooll, was so elated over the matter that he wrtote particulars to his sister, who was on a visit to London. The affair was treated as a huge joke, and the sis ter, on getting the letter, told the story to the people of the house where she was visiting. One of these happened to be a very good Grit, and on the following morning, as in duty bound, at once com municated the information to his party manager in London, who in turn for warded the same to Kingston. It is said that the statement is quite correct it having been since verified that the young man cast his vote, and that he was not then of age. A scrutiny may therefore he said to start with an ever

THE OPIUM BUSINESS.

Decrease in Crude Opium Imported Into British Columbia.

Ottawa, July 31.-United States officers are making every effort to discover the channel through which large quantities of refined opium are finding their way across the border without payment of duty. To-day Commissioner of Customs Watters furnished some interesting figures which go to show that in the imcrude opium into British lumbia for refining purposes there has een a decline of 44 per cent. compared with last year. The figures also show an ncreased importation for the province of Quebec, which looks as if the field of perations was being transferred from British Columbia to that province. The total importation of crude opium into British Columbia in round numbers fell from 147,000 pounds to 82,000 as compared with last year. Taking the last quarter the quantity imported into Vicoria fell from 29,000 to 7,120 pounds, as compared with the corresponding quarter

The question of freight rates in the Northwest was brought up before the railway committee of the privy council to-day, but was again postponed, as it was held that the committee had no power to deal with the matter.

A popular London clergyman lately preached a sermon on Altruism. Where upon a remonstrance was addressed to him by a devout member of the congregation that he ought not to introduce such topics into the pulpit, for, after diligent search, the correspondent had been unable to find any mention of the word "Altruism," either in the Bible or in the prayer book.

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ard, together with 10 cents to the and you will receive one part of pper right-hand corner, by mail, and 10 cents to this office and

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oupon required for each park. ******

PART 17.

Oc. to the Times office and Part 17 of nded to you. If sent by mail 2 cents out out now and present before the end withdrawn at that time. Subscribers

ANTI-ANARCHIST LAWS.

The Swiss Set an Example for the Large Nations of Europe to Follow.

Expelling Anarchists From the Republic-General Cable Dispatches.

Berlin, July 30.—The dissentions of the ers over the policy to be pursued the anarchists have become Count Botho Zu Eulenburg, the emier of Prussia, leads the mingroup who demand exceptional the spread of anarchy and moeratic propaganda. Dr. Hinzthe emperor's tutor, is said to ting all his influence in favor of ourg's proposals. The emperor is undecided, while inclined to repressive laws, but he fears to hancellor von Caprii, who unwould resign his office the Eulenburg plan was adopt-One way out of the dilemma has suggested, probably at the emperinstance, and that is to lay the subject before the federal council, form of a bill, but merely as ter for discussion. The opinion of federated governments could be obthus without the imperial governbeing committed to any definite pol-

The new Swiss law against anarchists The new street on Wednesday. The ent into effect on Wednesday. The street ease in which it was applied was Paul Sisternas, a notorious anwho was expelled from France in He sought refuge in Geneva, and e continued to plot. Under the

law he was expelled. The German states contrast such deaction of the free little republic andling revolutionists with the "dilaof England." The Swiss law ertainly severe enough to please the reactionary Prussian. It provides years' imprisonment for everybody of inciting to acts which imhuman life or of working to upset sent social and political order. It lizes heavily the manufacture and present social and political order. It government power to expel any or foreign anarchists and to punanybody failing to denounce those who

The editors of the German social dematic journals published in Zurich offices, probably to London. The convative journals here praise Switzerand for passing the law, which they re-

gard as an example to Germany. Vurnemberg's trades unionist agitator and murderer, Prion, was arrested last Wednesday in Bremen, where he hid. while waiting an epportunity to get offthe United States. During the May rike in Zurich, as Prion and a crowd strikers met the Swiss workingman Joesseli, who was just leaving the staon visit his family, Hoesseli, who was not a unionist, was attacked by the strikers and beaten to leath. At a remion of German workingmen several is comrads to subscribe a fund for his With the money thus obtained paid his expenses while preparing to mbark. He had several German accomices, among them Schenitzler, chairman ave been arrested.

Prince Bismarck has consented to resen on the first week in September, and he is expectd to give them a review in defence of his policy towards the social

The Hamburg Nachrichten said this secret police until the old emperor de-"The present political leaders," adds the editor, "do not neel such protection, as the parties from whom the urrages are to be expected are the suprters of the government."

The editor of the Nordeutche Allgemeine Zeitung replies "that it is a coarse nd inexcusable insinuation. Surely the Hamburg Nachrichten cannot believe

Several battalions of pioneer troops ust, have been relieved of their service era in the Vistula basin.

It is impossible to get a clear idea of the spread of the disease, as the boatmen conceal whenever possible all deaths from cholera, and refuse to reort even cases of sickness. The Vistula and its tributaries have been declared infected, vet the boatmen and heir families still drink the water. Outside the Vistula basin there have been only a few isolated cases of cholera or holerine in Prussia.

Ferdinand of Bulgaria, says the Rushave his heir baptized in the orthodox assian church and reinstated in the Bulgarian army all the military Prorecognize him as prince of Bulgaria. mperial treasury to discuss the new sugar tariff of the United States. They are almost unanimous in request- goods, and not in specie, unless occaing the government to retaliate in case he American import tax on sugar be creased, but the government treats their proposals coldly. Official opinion

thoroughly opposed to anything like a ariff war with the United States. Inder the treaty of 1891 Germany still be the most flavored nation ven if the tariff be left at the figure

The Bergen Post tells a remarkable ory of a mad drive taken by the emfor recently from Voss to Stalheim, a of about 27 miles, which he fered in two hours and a half, or hours less than the usual time. The derature was 96 degrees in the shade. emperor took the reins at the start

and stopped but once on the way. coachman told the bystanders in heim that it was the most terrible n his life, and that half the time as sure he would never live to tell The pace was killing on the ses, and he expected to see them go wn at any moment in the last half

hour. He added that all the money in the world would not induce him to go THE ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT

driving again with the emperor.

Vienna, July 29.—While the Archduke William was riding this afternoon in Baden, near Vienna, his horse was frightened by an electric car and bolted. The archduke was thrown. His foot was caught in a stirrup and he was dragged more than a hundred yards. He was insensible when the horse was stopped, and he died at 3.30 o'clock without having recovered consciousness. The physicians who attended him said that death was caused by concussion of the brain.

The archduke was born in 1827. He never married. He was inspector general and master of ordnance in the Austrian army.

Copenhagen, July 30.-The celebration of the crown prince's silver wedding closed last evening. At the Amalienberg palace there was a grand banquet, during which toasts were exchanged with enthusiasm, and King Christian thanked the princes who have come to congratulate the crown prince. Later in the evening all left the palace to drive through the streets, while the city was illuminated and fireworks were set off the house tops and the foreign warships in the harbor. The royal party was escorted through the streets by several companies of hussars.

central figure in the Banca Roman frauds, is said to be on the point of retiring for some time to a monasters of Passionist fathers, where he will devote himself to religious exercises and eventually leave an offering of thanks for his acquittal. He will do this in fulfilment of a vow made by him while in prison. London, July 30.-In a letter published this morning Mr. Fielden says of Walter Wellman's Arctic expedition: "I fear the Elkring's news of Mr. Wellman and his party is unreliable. The absence of a date and other facts lead me to con-

clude that the Elkring met some sealers

who had communicated with Mr. Well-

man between May 10 and 17.

Rome, July 30.—Signor Tanlongo, the

FREE TRADE AND THE UNION JACK. To the Editor:-The mass of misconception existing, even in intelligent quarters, regarding the simple laws which govern international trade would be sufficient in itself to justify me in presenting a few economic truths; but when the welsh anybody raming to denotance anose who fare of the Canadian people and the progress of the Dominion depend upon the practical application of scientific conclusions it becomes the duty of every man and Belze are preparing to remove their who has a clean conception of the principles involved, to present them to his fellow men in as plain and practical a shape as possible for their consideration. It is not necessary to study political economy as a science to arrive at a definite conclusion regarding the principles of free trade. The question can be reduced to a very few simple issues, upon which ordinary common sense is quite competent to decide. In appealing to your readers upon this vital issue it will be my endeavor to eliminate as far as possible the scientific aspect of the question and deal with the subject in a simple manner in order to arrest their attention. I will not be treated from a political stand weeks afterwards, Prion boasted that he had struck the fatal blow, and induced question. It must be lifted from the placed upon a higher plane, where its logic and its essential truths may be examined free from the narrow prejudice of party which too frequently obscures vithe strike committee. Most of them tal questions. To those who regard fre trade as a scientific truth and a reliable principle it must remain an immutable ceive a Posen delegation of 700 at Var-standard of right; and be they Conservatives or Liberals they cannot in honor alternately profess or ignore it in order to drive a bargain with a corrupt adminis tration to gain a grant of a few thousands week in an article defending his repressidies to public works. Any relief of this sive law, that Bismarck never feared the | Character can only be temporary, and danger threatened by the social demo- when such appropriations have been excrats and declined to have a guard of pended the reaction produces still keener distress. A policy that will afford per manent relief is what is needed, and the remedy is to be found in the policy of free trade. The free trader will support whichever party in federal politics espouses the cause. In Canada the government is clearly committed to protec-This is the irrisistible conclusion from the recent debate on the budget. On the other hand the Liberals advocate that the social democrats can keep Ca- the adoption of the British system of a evi in power any more than they did purely revenue tariff. This will obliterate party lines, since it is no longer a party fight, but a fight for a principle which had been ordered out to practice | At-the next appeal to the country the oridge building on the Vistula in Au- electors will be called upon to decide whether they will adhere to the Amerindefinitely, owing to the spread of chol- can system, which has bred such glaring corruption in nearly every avenue of political life, which has practically destroyed the individual independence of representatives, which places party before the board, it was not proper to mutilate country and is sapping the foundations of our institutions and destroying all that is best and brightest in public life; or adopt the British system with its sound fiscal basis, its high political tone and administrative purity, and where country is al-

ways placed before the misearable exigencies of party. In order that your readers may under sian Svet, has professed readiness to stand the principles upon which the British system is based, I will undertake to

positions, viz: 1. That specie is simply a standard or testants if in turn the czar will only measure of value, and is not and cannot possibly be (excepting possibly at places The sugar manufacturers have held of production) used in the settlement of several conferences at the offices of the international accounts in other words that balances due by one country to another are paid directly or indirectly in

sionally to an insignificant extent. 2. That all trade is barter and that money is merely a standard to measure the relative values of commodities-in other words imports are paid for by ex ports to the same amount, consequently for every export of goods that is not sent abroad to pay a previous debt there must be an import of goods to the same amount; and, vice versa, for every important port of goods that is not received in liquiase the duty on American petrole dation of a previous debt there must be an export of goods to the same amount. 3. That by artificially limiting imports by the imposition of a customs tariff, exports are necessarily limited to the same extent, thus reducing foreign trade, destroying the benefits of division of labor

> CHABLIS-SHIRAZ. masses. Piles! Piles! Itching Piles. Symptoms—Moisture: intense the and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Lyman Sons & Co., Moncreal, Whelesale Agents.

and inflicting untold injuries upon the

cations and Decides to Call for Tenders.

Retaining the Services of Mr. Stickels.

at last evening's special meeting of the city council, there being also present board was the electric light question,

which was generally discussed; 91 Ald. Ledingham introduced the idea of operaas arrangements could be made for only one or two frips a week. In this way the hauling could be done by any tug, thus saving the expense of retaining a particular tug. A steamboat man had

stated that this scow could be taken out at any time for \$25. In this connection Ald. Munn ventured the remark that, in view of the many schemes submitted to save money for the corporation, it was a wonder that the city was not rolling in wealth.

Ald. Wilson referred to a report on the plans from the Albion Iron Works. In view of the fact that this company were ready to tender for the work, he did not consider that it would be quite a report for the council to go by.

His worship thought it was very un-

likely that the Albion Iron Works would risk their reputation by reporting favorably on a work that was useless. Besides the company did not know whether they would get the work or not.

The council then went into a detailed iscussion of the engines of the plant. After some conversation, Ald. Wilson said that it did not appear that Mr. Stickles could be an electrical expert and an engineer at the same time. It emed to Ald. Wilson that the council had made a mistake in this mater, as vails. One of the most powerful revoluthe city already pays an electrician in the person of Mr. McMicking, who no oubt was capable of seeing to the proper placing of their lamps and wires. He would move, therefore, that Mr. Stick els' services be dispensed with and Mr. McMicking be placed in charge of the work, and a local engineer be engaged o pass on the engines. His worship pointed out that if Ald.

Wilson's idea were carried out the council would simply have to turn over the specifications prepared by Mr. Stickels and start afresh Ald. Wilson said this was his idea.

Ald. Dwyer was no friend of Mr. tickels, but before he was discharged should have been ascertained whether was competent or not. Ald. Ledingham seconded Ald. Wil-

son's motion. Ald. Humphrey said that there were

be investigated. Ald. Munn-The royal commission will settle that.

attention to these street rumors.

Ald Baker asked if any member of

specifications. same result.

Ald. Baker, Vigelius, Munn and others | tion safely. dissented, and Ald. Wilson proceeded to Munn objected as being out of order,

Ald: Wilson-I maintain I am perfectin order: it has been done over and over again. The mayor concurred in the later's

statement, but on Ald. Munn pointing out that the motion was one introduced without notice, it could not be touched. His worship said that Ald. Munn's point was well taken.

A departure was taken here to read the letter written by Mr. J. A. Thomson on the specifications, to which Ald. Humphrey said that the letter was not rean coast is reported. much credit to Mr. Thomson, the remark being supplemented by Ald. Baker that the letter showed a good deal of personal hand, and that European efforts to respitefulness, which was concurred in by several members of the board.

Ald. Wilson's motion was ruled out n the ground stated by the mayor. Ald. Dwyer moved, seconded by Ald. specifications, to be approved by the the East Asiatic coast. uncil. The object of the resolution was to bring the matter definitely before the

Ald. Munn moved in amendment that dynamos and lamps, which was accepted by the mover of the original motion. The motion having been carried, Ald.

Munn moved the adoption of the specifications as prepared by Mr. Stickels. This was seconded by Ald. Dwyer, and It was decided to make the tenders re turnable on Monday, 20th August; and the date of the trial of the completed ma-

chinery was fixed for the 10th of De-With reference to the site, although he matter did not come formally before the board, it was understood that the city solicitor should be instructed to have he conveyance prepared. The council then adjourned

• THE ORIENTAL WAR. Further Particulars of the Engagement

Council Adopts the Specifi-

Discussion on the Question of

Shanghai, July 29.—Late this evening further details of the first naval engagement reached this city. The fighting, though of short duration, was very se vere. Prior to the discharge of the pedo from the Japanese warship the crew of the transport, which was armed, and the military force on board her, made a hard fight against the attack-His Worship Mayor Teague presided ing force. Many of those on board were shot dead on the deck. When the vessel began to sink there was great excite-Ald. Baker, Munn, Harris, Dwyer, hum- ment on board. In the confusion no atphrey, Vigelius, Wilson and Ledingham. tempt was made to lower the small The particular business before the boats. But even had such an attempt been made the boats could have carried only a small percentage of those on board. Every foreigner on board was either killed in the fight or went down ting a crematory in connection with the with the vessel when she foundered. plant, whereby the city refuse could be They were picked up by the French gundestroyed, and this also came in for gen-eral discussion. Ald. Ledingham said this scheme would only mean an additransport. The vessel went down sudexplosion and the foundering of the tional cost of some \$2,500 or \$3,000. It denly near Shopcent island, at which would only burn the combustible refuse, place her commander attempted to beach whilst the night soil could still be remov her. The Tsao Kian, which was caped by scow, with the advantage of being taken away at a much reduced cost, of-war that had been pressed into use as a transport. Many men were killed on board of her before she fell into the

Between China and Japan.

hands of the Japanese. London, July 29 .- Advices have reached here indicating that the Japanese attacked the Chinese troops who landed at Asan from the transport and escaped from the Japanese warship. It is added that China has prohibited the exportation of rice or grain. Torpedoes have been laid in the north channel of the Yang Tse Kiang river. The Chinese government is buying war material freely.

Berlin, July 29.—Advices received here

from Seoul by way of Shanghai show that upon the refusal of Corea to accede to Japan's demand that the Chinese troops be sent out of the country the Japanese advanceu to Seoul. After a short encounter, in which the Coreans were defeated, the Japanese occupied the royal palace. The king of Corea thereupon asked the foreign representatives to

intervene. London, July 29 .- As the result of in quiries made of experts in eastern politics and persons who have resided in Corea, the reporter of the Associated Press learns that widespread discontent exists in Corea because of the corruption and misgovernment that everywhere pretionary factors of the country is a quasireligious sect called Tong Hak, which prescribes the precarious condition of Corean trade and commerce to the presence of foreigners in the country. This sect has set for itself the task of ridding Corea of hated foreigners, and has threatened the Japanese and other foreign residents. Among the charges brought against the foreigners is one that they have caused an enormous increase in the price of food stuffs without any benefit accuring to the Coreans. king of Corea possesses no real au-

thority, and he is in constant terror of a revolution that will sweep him from his throne. He is heavily in debt, and the whole country is in a state of anarchy. To this condition of affairs is due the revolt that was recently started in one of the provinces. Last year 30,000 Coreans, armed and unarmed, threatened to march many reports about Mr. Stickels, one of which was that the city would be robbed on the wire purchase. Now, that should but the country has been disturbed ever since. Reforms in the administration are regarded as absolutely necessary, not

The mayor said it was absurd to pay only to guard the safety of the country, but for the safety of foreigners. Shanghai, July 29.—The Chinese offic-Ald. Humphrey said more could be ial account of the recent engagement befound out at one meeting of the council tween Chinese and Japanese warships than at a year's sitting of the royal says the Chinese ironclad Chen Yur, which is one of the largest ships of her class, belonging to the northern fleet, the council could name an engineer to retreated to Kotze and escaped capture whom he would like to submit the speci- by the Japanese. The latter, the report fications for his opinion. He had seen adds, captured a dispatch boat and sank a couple himself, and, speaking for him- a transport. Six other transports escap self, Ald. Baker could not see any way ed. News has been received here that whereby a contractor could get a cent on the same day the naval engagement for extras on the contract from these took place the Japanese troops ashore attacked the Chinese at Asan. No de The mayor said that the experience tails of the attack have been received. was that all the engineers to whom the The British twin-screw cruiser Porpoise specifications were submitted differed in has sailed hence to protect the British at their opinions, and if a dozen more were | Chefoo, on the Shantoong promontory, a consulted it would no doubt be with the health resort of foreigners. The principal division of the Chinese reinforcements

Ald. Wilson's motion was put, but sent from Taku has reached its destina-Yokohama, July 29.-An imperial edict amend the resolution, to which Ald. has been issued calling out the army and navy reserves and ordering them to reholding that when a motion came before port for duty at their respective headquarters. The Chinese residents of Japan are greatly alarmed at the threatening cutlook, and are fleeing from the country in large numbers. At Tokyo the conviction is growing in official circles that the Chinese negotiations are simply a pretext to gain time in order allow China to concentrate her forces for the purpose of making a combined attack upon the Japanese. Reliable information has been received at Tokyo that the main body of the Chinese army crossed the northwest ern frontier of Corea on July 25. Further firing on Japanese ships on the Co

Berlin, July 29.-The concensus of othcial opinion is that a prolonged war is at store peace will be futile. The press comments on the situation reveal some no doubt that the Americans covet territory in East Asia and see in the pres-Humphrey, that tenders be called for ent crisis an opportunity. Californians

Vienna, July 29 .- The Politische Correspondenz prints under a St. Petersburg council, so that something could be ac- date a semi-official communication which complished before the winter season says: As far as Russia's interests are concerned, it would be better if there as speedily as possible. Russia cannot on any account permit Corea to be robbed of her independence of either China affairs, especially England.

determined to provoke, she must prove ters at Bologna. by more convincing arguments than any national ambition or to subserve the pur- Banni, in Leghorn. He was confronted the strike.

whole matter is that Japan is bent on reducing an historical suzerainty to to the condition of purely ceremonial relation, and China is resolved to resist. If the powers are determined to prevent a long and dangerous war, they must convince both that there are contingencies in which they would proceed to

CAROLINA POLITICS.

Governor Tillman Again Gets Into Hot Water-Some Lively Talk.

Charleston, S. C., July 31-After a un ion campaign meeting to-night Governor Tillman and Senator Butler met on the train going to Spartansville, and a wordy altercation resulted concerning the premature publication of an article on the dispensary question, to which reference had been made by the governor in his speech, so that when Senator Butler followed, an attempt was made by Governor Tillman's friends to howl him down. The senator sought out the governor in the Pullman car and upbraided him tor bad faith.

The governor showed no inclination to adjust the matter, whereupon Senator Butler exclaimed: "I want to state that you perpetrated a deliberate fraud today. I have to tell you that these mat ters must be settled personally, and I'll meet you anywhere. You know where to find me.'

Gov. Tillman—I know. Senator Butler—You know you put these hoodlums up to howling me down, and you know you perpetrated a damned lie when you did so. Cal Claughman interjected, "Yes, he is a liar, — him," and with this he made a move towards his hip pocket. He was crowded to one side in

the commotion. Gov. Tillman at this juncture arose and said: "Now General Butler, you are old and one legged." Gen. Butler-And you are one eyed Tillman. That don't hurt my physical powers. You know I am not afraid of

Tillman-I don't suppose you are, but you can find me at any time. Gen. Butler made some reference to blackguards howling at him.

Gov. Tillman promptly replied, shaking his finger in Butler's face: "Yes, blackguards have full sway in this state now, and you are one of those who helped to enact the anti-duelling law about fifteen years ago, and a gentleman cannot obtain satisfaction for an insult. I am not afraid." Butler-That don't make any differ-

ence. I'll meet you anywhere and in any way. The two principals kept up a fire for a minute or so, when Gen. Butler said he did not intend to stand any more insults about not paying his debts, and when Governor Tillman had anything to say he knew where to find him.

"You made reference to my debts, said Gen. Butler, and I will say that I've heard that you have not paid that \$16,000 mortgage."
Tillman—Why did you not state that on the stage?

Butler-Because I did not choose to. Tillman-You know it is not true. It s a lie. Butler-I just want to repeat to you and tell you that I will meet you at any place or any time.

Tillman-I'm simply defending myself. You have been making insinuations in the newspapers, and I'm tired of your attacks. Butler-I want you to understand my

position. I have not insinuated anyhing about you. Why don't you deny what I charged and not go into personalities? When you want to fight say

Tillman-I don't want to fight you. Butler-Well, refrain from making any personal remarks about me. Tillman-You have no right to make any insinuations as to my public life. Butler-I don't make any insinuations There's no use talking any more. When

you have anything to say come to me Gen. Butler again referred to the howling which occurred at the meeting, whereupon Governor Tillman replied "You know I had no more to do with

that than you did." Gen. Butler-I want it understood that I am going to have my free speech if I have to fight for it. But do not put - hoodlams on me.

By this time Conductor Hawkins ap pealed to them to be quiet, as he would lose his job if he permitted such things to go on in his car. Thereupon the altercation ceased.

CABLE NEWS.

Anarchists Arrested - Parliamentary Farmers' Friends in England.

Paris, July 31.-The current number of the Reves des Deux Mondes contains an account of an interview had by Jules novel news. The Post says: There is Simon with the German emperor in Berlin in 1890, when M. Simon was attending the international conference on social question. M. Simon, in alluding to engines and boilers according to the are especially eager for a foothold on the probability of war between France and Germany, said that the majority of the French were for peace. The emperor speaking with entire impartiality, replied "Your army has worked and has made great progress. It is ready. If by some, at present apparently impossible should be no war between China and event it should find itself in the field the invitation also include tenders for Japan, inasmuch as the victory of neither against the German army, nobody could would be an advantage to her. If war foretell the results of battles. That is proves unavoidable it will be the task of | why I regard as a fool, or as a criminal, Russian diplomacy to assist in ending it anyone who seeks to push the two peoples into war."

Rome, July 31.-The ministry has decided to raise the state of siege in Sicily or Japan. It is equally certain that Rus- and the necessary decree will soon be sia would not willingly suffer any single issued. General Mona de Deliverano, European power to interfere in Comean who was appointed governor of Sicily when the state of siege was proclaimed, Lordon, July 30.—The Times says: If | will be rewarded for his services with Japan is to obtain the moral approbation | a decoration and will be given command of Europe in the conflicts that she seems of the Sixth army corps, with headquar-

Enrico Luchesi, a laborer, who yet produced that she is not wantonly known as a dangerous anarchist, has disturbing the peace in the interests of been arrested as the murderer of Editor of Attorney-General Olney on account of

poses of party chiefs. The gist of the by witnesses and fully identified as the

Paris, July 31.—The mayor of Marseilles officially denies that cholera is epidemic there. He says: "The death rate is no higher now than it has been for two years, and quarantine against the city is unjustifiable

London, July 31.-Lord Winchelsea presiding at a meeting of the Agricultural Union to-day, said that 156 parlianentary candidates in the coming general election were pledged to support the organization. This, he said, promised a strong party in the house of commons, independent of ordinary party lines, and caring solely for the farming interests.

Paris, Aug. 1.-M. Dubreuil, who will conduct the defence of Caesario, the murderer of President Carnot, visited his client in prison to-day. Subsequently he said that he had not the slightest hopes of saving Caesario's head. The grief and resentment in Lyons were so strong that it was foolishness to expect a local jury even to find extenuating circumstances. M. Dubreuil regards Caesario as mentally unbalanced, although not sufficiently so to render him irres ponsible

London, Aug. 1.-Professor Johnston, president of the Suffolk colonial college, where twenty-eight students are training for farm life in Canda, has in today's newspapers a letter strongly de-nouncing Col. Denison's recent utterances against the United States. He says: "The stirring up of ill will between two countries so situated as the United States and Canada must be lamentable in the extreme. The only right and prudent course is to foster the firm friendship which is steadily increasing between the English speaking peoples of

JAPANESE AGAIN VICTORIOUS

They Sink China's Largest Ironclad and Two of Her Modern Steel Cruisers.

Chinamen Leave Canada and the States to Fight for Their Country.

Shanghai, July 31.—Another battle between the Chinese and Japanese fleets was fought yesterday, and the Japanese were victorious after a long, fierce fight. The modern Chinese built ironclad Chen Yuen, the largest in the navy, was sunk. The Japanese also captured two Chinese cruisers, English built, the Chis Yuen and the Ching Yuen. It is reported the Japanese also destroyed

the cruiser Foo Tsching. London, July 31.—The owners of the troopship Kow Shung say the report that the vessel was flying the British flag when sunk has not been confirmed, but they believe it is highly probable, since she was an English vessel. The presence of General Von Hanneken on the Kow Shung was the incentive for the attack, as it was believed that officer was on his way to take command of

the Chinese forces in Corea. Ottawa, July 31 .- One hundred Chinamen passed through the city last night by the Canadian Pacific for the coast, en route to China to take part in the war against Japan. They came principally from the States.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Cruiser Bennington Proceeding to San

Francisco with Gen. Ezeta. Washington, July 31 .- The Bennigton, having on board General Ezeta and three other Salvadorian refugees, has arrived at Acapulco. She will proceed to San Francisco.

Senator Voorhees was slightly improve ed to-day. New York. July 31.-A cable dispatch received on Wall street to-day from Paris reported the loss of a keg containing fifty thousand dollars in gold, port of the shipment from this city on the La Touraine July 21. The agents of the French line discredit the dispatch. Canton, Miss., July 31.-The two Scott brothers were hanged in jail to-day for

choking Norman Honson to death in October last. Rockwell, Tex., July 31.-William Rabdle last night split his wife's head open with an axe because of jealousy of an other man. He fled to Trinity river bot-Sheriff Cave came over from Dallas with bloodhounds. He and Sheriff Vernon are trailing north into Collins The murderer has 14 hours county.

Nevada, Mo., July 31.—Detective Geo. Peterson, of Denver, ordered the arrest of Joseph R. Wilson on a charge of taking part in the tar and feathering of Adjutant-General Tarsney. He says he wil be able to prove an alibi. Grand Rapids, Mich., July 31.-Govern-

or Rich will enter the convention to-morrow with 650 of the 939 delegates to the back of him for re-nomination for governor. Pingree withdrew. Chicago, July 31.-A. F. Seaberger, treasurer of the board of directors of

theWorld's fair, this morning surrendered his office by resignation, and A. F. Bugbee, the cashier in the treasurer's department, was chosen as active treasurer. The resignation of Mr. Seaberger was in pursuance of the general plan of the directors to vacate the offices as rapidly as the work would permit. Washington, D. C., July 31 .- The con-

ference report on the agricultural appropriation bill was agreed to in the senate. There was no agreement by the conferees on the million dollars for thistles. A further conference was asked. The wasted the session over McRae's bill for the protection of public forest reservations. The western republicans opposed. Boutell introduced a resolution recognizing the republic and directing President Cleveland to notify President Dole. He asked for its passage as a privilege. The speaker ruled that it must go to a committee. Lucas, S. D., presented petitions from citizens praying the impeachment