PERISHED.

ved by Paine's Celery

Ise the Great Remedy That



ould be used by all who desire good

This is the plain, unvarnished and true ry of Mrs. Edwin Trinder, of Sim-Ont. A powerful and weighty serto worn out, weak and almost lifewomen is contained in this letter testimony. It clearly points out how s, made miserable and almost unrable by dyspepsia, indigestion, sleepness and nervousness, may be made ithy, vigorous and happy. Mrs. Trinder was strongly advised by

wise physician to use Paine's Celery There are hundreds of nada's best physicians who daily remend the use of Paine's Celery Comnd to men and women, and results in ry case prove that there is no equal in vast field of medicines.

very suffering woman in Canada ald be guided by the happy experien-of Mrs. Trinder, who says: "I be e Paine's Celery Compound is the best cine in the world, and should be used all who desire good health."

ese and missionary work among a are made without a due regard to et truth, and will have a result he not anticipate, namely the creating iterest in missions among some who hitherto been somewhat indifferent nat subject. I await his future letters interest

ist now, I have only time to try and a question of veracity. He says my statement that "there were 25, French soldiers in Annam," is not He writes to you and says, "From best authority there has never at time been 15,000 soldiers in the emof Annam." I do not know what he ld consider "the best authority." from my recollection of what I in the English papers in China at time, but now, I read in "The An-Cyclopedia," new series, vol. X, 5, p. 26, "The French army in Tonwas now 25,000 strong." P. 30, French army in Tonquin numbered his time 35,000 men." From this it be seen that H.J.R. only needs rope ugh and he will hang himself. Yours

C. A. COLMAN. 4 Pandora avenue, March 14, 1894.

But One Opinion evails throughout the world, and

is so strongly in favor of Perry is PAIN KELLER, that no other des ever attained so wide-spread popcity. 25 cents buys a big bottle.

nicago, March 13.—Prendergast, the derer of Mayor Harrison, occupies a

In Murderer's Bow

with George Craig, charged with the der of Emma Werner, and with Pat erty, who last summer, announced in arge dry goods store that he would v up the place unless they gave him ney. Rafferty prides himself on being riter of verse. Prendergast has pas erse criticism on several of Rafferty's ons, and to-day when Rafferty began ding a parody on "After the Ball" the ssin became enraged. Before Rafy had half finished it Prendergast ght the manuscript from his hands shouted: "You can't read obscene rature in this cell." Rafferty turned the murderer who struck Rafferty a on the mouth followed by and he nose. Rafferty seized Prendergast threw him into a corner of the cell, before he could strike him the guard arated them.

To Penetrate Alaska. an Francisco, March 12.—Prince Galof Russia, who was in this city eral months ago, has returned here en te to Russia. He contemplates taka long trip on horseback from St. ersburg to San Francisco via Siberia Behring straits, accompanied by a retinue with arms, ammunition and supplies. On reaching Alan territory the party will journey in interior and work down south over nountains.

lck's Condition Powders attens Horses and Cattle EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

Yates's Letter on Doings Important and Otherwise.

THE VILLA FABBRICOTTI, FLORENCE Wales is Not Quite So Fat as He

Was Last Autumn.

Lord Rosebery and Bookmaker Ciph-Honors for Sir Spencer St. John-Lord Oxenbridge of the Liberator Society-A Roman Catholic Paper's Suggestion About Mr. Gladetone.

New York, March 13.-Edmund Yates his London letter to the Tribune says: Villa Fabbricotti, where fueen Viccheli, and stands on Montughi hill, at the empire. left of the Bologna road. The prethouse occupies the site of the fams Villa Dagli Ancipressi which beonged for five centuries to one of the most distinguished Florentine families e sitting rooms are all large and super ornamented with frescoes. The inaged, either as a winter or a summer ence, and the Queen cannot fail to pleased with it. It is probable that ord Spencer and Mr. Bryce will be the sters in attendance on the Queen aring her stay in Florence.

A special telegraph wire has been laid ween the Cap Martin hotel and Men the for the exclusive use of the Count nd Countess Hohenembs, as the Em-Martin on Friday at noon, to lunch, en the guns of Fort Santa Cruz. petit comite, with the Emperor and Emn the afternoon to Cannes.

rooms and other centres of the latest in- prise upon the part of the Aquidaban or telligence with Lord Rosebery. It is other rebel ships. Harry Ulph, a leading bookmaker what or one of the big races. The ready bookmarket odds. Lord Rosebery rode on a few paces, then pulling up, said confiden-

onian of the deepest dye, once during he general election left a race meeting to vote for a Gladstonian candidate in a remote district. The journey involved the oss of a day's racing, and as it happened, usiness from a bookmaker's point of iew was particularly good. As it turned ut that expedition saved the eliction. for Mr. Gladstone won by one vote. The ircumstance was a good deal talked bout, and a favorable opportunity ocurring, Lord Rosebery introduced Ulph the Grand Old Man.

The latest royal convert to cycling is the King of the Belgians, who now takes in hour or two's exercise regularly every orning on a Humber tricycle in one of avenues adjoining Laecken palace. The Queen, on the recommendation of Lord Rosebery, has promoted Sir Spencer t. John, the minister to Stockholm, to e grand cross of the order of St. Michand St. George. This is to reward ir Spencer for his valuable public ser-

ices when minister to Mexico hear it is probable Lady Granville will be asked to accept the post of Misress of the Robes. This post has been commission since the separatists came to office, having been held jointly by the Dowager Duchess of Athole and the Dowager Duchess of Roxburgh.

It is well known that Mr. Glalstone ooked eagerly for Lord Oxenbridge's esignation last spring and was urged in very influential quarter to dismiss the ate president of the Liberator society om the office of master of the horse. It will probably be offered to Lord Carington, and if he prefers to remain in his present post, then Lord Chesterfield will succeed Lord Oxenbridge.

A Roman Catholic newspaper, the Weekly Register, announces that, though the failure of his eyesight is the immedate cause of Mr. Gladstone's retirement, the real motive is to have leisure to make his soul, as they say in Ireland. The appointement of Ellis to be patmage secretary at the treasury, has progeneral derision among separatist gislators. It is not a popular appointnent, and it is regarded as ridiculous and inadequate in the present circum-

stances of the party.

One of the prominent Radicals declares that the selection of Mr. Ellis as chief whip proves conclusively that Lord Roseery and Sir W. V. Harcourt have no belief in the stability of the administration, and that he is appointed simply because it does not matter who takes the various awkward squads in hand during he brief period which will elapse beore a dissolution. Mr. Ellis is energetic, he has no standing in the house and lacks both the social advantages and neight of authority of his predecessors. feorge Russell would have been appointof commissioner of works but for ement opposition of a large section the radicals, who have always been rly hostile to him and were exceed-

ngly wrath when Mr. Gladstone gave the place. Promotion of Herbert Gladstone is inpliment to the late premier, but the appointment of Mr. Lefevre to the local government board has been severely critcized by all sections of the ministerial-

ists and is universally regarded as the ROSEBERY'S POLICY weakest which Lord Rosebery could have

Behring Sea Patrol. navy yard is livelier than it has been for twenty years. Work is being rushed, particularly on the Monterey, Alert and Manadnock. A large force of machinists and boiler makers work over time on the two first named. The authorities look for an even greater rush between now and April 1st, when the Behring sea patrol is supposed to be in readiness. Up to the present only the Mohican and Alert have been repaired. Quite a fleet has been ordered from different parts of the world for this duty, and these vessels will require more or less repairs at the island before going north.

Commercial Unity. London, March 13.-The United Empire trade league movement continues to grow in interest, and Colonel Howard Vincent, M.P., the father of the idea, is determined that it shall not be allowed to drop into the back ground. In the Villa Fabbricotti, where tueen Vic- hose of commons to-night, the member s built between 1865 and 1867 under on the 3rd of Apirl next, move a resobirection of the well known architect lution relating to the commercial unity of

THE BRAZILIAN REBELS

War and Sue for Mercy.

of the house is most admirably are The Ignoble Ending of a Kilkenny Cat Fight-Peixeto Triumphs.

Rio de Janeiro, March 10.-There now battle and prompt ending of the rebellion as far as Rio de Janeiro is concerned. The dynamite cruiser Nictheroy, the torpede boats Aurora and Destroyer and the three torpedo boats brought over from d Countess Hohenembs, as the Em. Germany have arrived here. When the syrled during their stay in the Riviera. seen at anchor in a small bay at the The Prince of Wales arrived at Cap entrance of the harbor, well protected by

The Nictheroy, from the position which she now occupies, is expected to be able. ress of Austria. After lunch he looked to throw dynamite shells into Fort Vilover a great portion of the hotel, with legagnon, and when Villegagnon has been which he expressed himself delighted. It silenced, it is expected that the Nictheroy was generally noticed that he had grown and consorts will steam into a sheltered was generally noticed that he had grown position under the island upon which the very much thinner than he was last Villegaignon fortifications stand, and will antumn, but he seemed remarkably well from there shell the rebel ficet, while and in excellent spirits. He returned late of the insurgent ships. The Parabby, of the insurgent ships. The Parahyyy, the afternoon to Cannes.
The anecdotard, as might have been the guard-ship of Perambuco, and the cruiser America are inside the bay, expected, is busying himself in smoking watching, it is presumed, against a sur-

telligence with Lord Rosebery. It is distributed that one day at Newmarket, en as the government fleet, have cleared for Rosebery last night in the House of route to the course, Lord Rosebery asked action, and a battle now seems immi-Harry Ulph, a leading bookmaker what price he would lay against a certain horse cisco, the flag ship of Admiral Benham, has anchored in a small peculiar position on the subject of home rule with which maker named a figure which, as he may rear the small island on which Fort Lage. I confess myself in entire accord. conceived was not one above the stands. The San Francisco is but a little said that before Irish home rule could be way out of the line of fire, should the conceded by the imperial parliament, Eng-Nictheroy open upon Vallegaignon with her dynamite guns. On the other hand no partnership of the three Kingdoms, must "Yes, my lord," replied the bookmaker, eady for a bargain.
"I ought to tell you that such prices satisfied Lord Dalmeny will not do action comences. The seems to be that the battle will com- lords must be convinced of the justice of mence either to-night or to-morrow night. Buenos Ayres, March 10 .- Advices to land. day from Porto Allegre, the capital of Rio Grande de Sul, are that the insurgents in that state have received a severe | ment about converting England to Home standard of Gen. Sulgado. This is said gry at the premier's utterances. be a body blow to the insurgents. Lisbon, March 13.—Rio despatches con firm reports that da Gama has taken

refuge on board the Portuguese corvette, Mindello. The commander of that vessel has asked the Portuguese government for instructions in regard to restoring the vessels comprising da Gama's squadron o the Brazilian government,

Rio de Janiero, March 13.-It is be lieved that President Peixoto is disposed to deal leniently with da Gama and the insurgents. The insurgents offer to turn over to the government all the forts in the bay now in the hands of the in surgents and all warships which have been made under their command, and to surrender the garrison of the forts and the crews of the vessels to the authorities, on the condition that da Gama and his forces be allowed to leave the country under Portuguese protection, that the rebellious soldiers and sailors be

spared their lives. Washington, D.C., March 13.-The state department is advised by Minister Thompson at Rio that Peixoto began ombarding the insurgent ships at noor to-day. The fire was not returned.

MOWAT AGAIN WINS.

The Supreme Court Sustains His Par-doning-Power Contention.

Ottawa, March 13.-In the supreme court to-day judgment was given in fa of the Dominion government against the the settlement of the frontier question in lature taking the power of pardon into of an easy adjustment. Negotiations are the hands of the lieutenant-governor in also in progress with the United States council in cases arising under the provincial statutes. Mowat's legislation has been upheld in all the courts, and the supreme court has also done so, except Two collisions, accompanied by a lament-

years afterwards among his papers in befits two great nations on such an oc-

A deputation of French Canadians in Gentlemen of the House of Commons: Quebec, was upheld. terviewed Hon. Mr. Daly and urged that financial aid be given to the colo-

A deputation of printers arged that the duties on land. Bills will be submitted for the

Valleje, Cal., March 12.-Marc Island How the London Press Views the Premier's Speech.

THE TIMES' BREATH TAKEN AWAY

Reported Excitement Among the Irish Parties.

Labouchere's Amendment to Abridge Lords Carried in the Commons-Urgency Demanded by the Chamber of Commerce on Indian Silver.

London, March 13.-The Times, commenting on Rosebery's speech in the Lords yesterday, says: "The prime that with them Irish revision was deliminister's admission that England must be convinced of the Justice of the Irish home rule fairly takes our breath away. like the House of Lords was an anomaly. It is the argument we have used from the (Hear, hear.) Lord Rosebery said it very beginning of the controversy and was the greatest inconvenience to him carries with it the emphatic condemnation to be in the House of Lords, but it was of the proceedings of the party which not think it ought to be referred to as a Surrender to the Portuguese Man-of. forced the home rule bill through the stigma. He asked the party to judge House of Commons by the Irish votes him by his deeds. (Cheers.) When the against the great majority of the votes of party were tired of him they could dis-English representatives. All other con- steadfastly carry out the Liberal policy. siderations are dwarfed by the premier's (Prolonged cheers.) admission. It must produce the gravest consequences directly its significance is perceived. What will Gladstone think seems to be a definite prospect of a naval of this? If Gladstone had not retired,

> ter than his attitude towards the House of Lords, while he has given the home rule question the stimulant it needs.' The Daily News: "The unity of the Liberal party is now as firm as ever. Rosebery's speech in the House of Lords was one of the most spirited Liberal first warning of their fate."

the pledges and promises to which Mr. Gladstone was committed." Rosebery's House of Lords. statement that England must be converted to home rule, is declared by the Stan-dard to have created great excitement in both branches of the Irish party, who will certainly question the government on the subject.

Lords, which has occasioned much comment, was as follows: "The noble lord (Lord Salisbury) has made one remark

home rule before it will be granted Ire-That is Rosebery's doctrine.' The Parnellite wing of the Irish party have openly denounced Rosebery's state. blow through the defection from their Rule and the McCarthyites also are an-The Globe says that there is not one

among the McCarthyites who does not see that the premier has virtually dropped home rule. The Conservative papers this afternoon are all agreed that Rosebery has virtually abandoned home rule. The House of Commons, by a vote of 147 to 145, passed Labouchere's amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech, recommending the abolition of the veto power by the House of

Lords The chamber of commerce has present ed to the government the urgency of the reassembling of the international mone-tary conference, with a view of finding some remedy for the heavy fall of silver, which is causing grave injury to he

eastern trade.

A dispatch from Bathurst, Gambia says Chief Fedislah has been captured by the French troops.

PARLIAMENT OPENED.

The Queen's Speech Contains Many Remarkable Points.

London, March 12 .- Parliament re-assembled to-day. The Queen's speech was read by the Lord High Chancellor in the chamber of the House of Lords, in which the Commons were also assembled. The speech in part, is as follows: My Lords and Gentlemen:

My relations with foreign powers continue to be amicable. Negotiations bevor of Sir Oliver Mowat in the appeal tween my government and Russia, for constitutionality of an act of the legis Central Asia, are proceeding with the hope council in cases arising under the provin- for the purpose of executing the award Justice Chypne, who dissented able loss of life, have occurred between The case of Ross v. Ross, a dispute the French and colonial forces in West in regard to the will of the late Senator Ross of Quebec, and involving several quiry which has been instituted in remillions, has been disposed of in the gard to these deplorable occurrences, in supreme court. The late senator's will, full confidence that they will be examined made in New York and found many in the calm and dignified temper which

The estimates of the public service for the year will be found to make full and nization and repultrialion society of Que adequate provision for the defence of the bec, formed for the purpose of bringing empire. The recent improvement in the in French people from the United States state of Ireland has been marked. Agrarand settling them in the country back ian crime has been reduced to the lowest point reached in the last 15 years. Meas-Sir James Grant will move the address ures will be submitted to you with a view type, stereotypes and electrotypes. amendment of the registration law and Hon. Mr. Laurier and Mrs. Laurier the abolition of plural voting in parliaamendment of the registration law and arrived here at noon to day and took up mentary elections, and measures dealing their quarters at the Russell house. The with the ecclesiastical establishment in

of rates in London and the establishment of local government in Scotland on the same basis as that recently accorded to England and Wales. You will also be asked to confirm measures for the promo tion of conciliation in labor disputes. A meeting of the Liberal leaders was held to-day. Lord Rosebery in his speech referred feelingly to the absence of Mr. Gladstone. There was no need for

a declaration of his policy since there would be no change of measures, but only of men. The honor of England was safe in their hands. The Welsh church question would be pressed to the earliest settlement. (Cheers.) Regarding the group of Irish questions, the party was bound by every tie of honor to continue abouchere's Amendment to Abridge Mr. Gladstone's policy. If there were any doubts on that point they ought to be set at rest by Mr. Morley's decision to remain in the Irish office. With Mr. Gladstone's last declarations

oncerning the House of Lords, the Queen's present advisers entirely agree He himself, perhaps, had used in the House of Lords even stronger language than Mr. Gladstone had made use of. What the Lords had to understand was cate and rejection dangerous. (Cheers.) With the democratic suffrage the coun-(Cheers.) try now enjoyed a chamber constituted no fault of his. (Laughter.) He did miss him, but while leader he should

Sir W. Vernon Harcourt said he was gratified to hear this exposition of their leader's policy. The party felt as the British fleet felt over the loss of Nelson, but the same spirit remained among we might almost expect him to hasten them as animated Nelson's crew. Though back and move a vote of want of confidence in his successor."

The Character and The The Chronicle says: "Rosebery's appearance as leader has been an unquestionable success. Nothing can be betsired to drop home rule. . The members of the cabinet then dis-

The opening of the new session of parliament was a very tame affair, so far as any manifestation of public interest is concerned, and indeed, the Lords and manifestos that was ever addressed to Commons seemed to share the indifference the peers, and will be regarded as the in a large degree. Very few Peers were in attendance, and when the House of The Standard says: "Rosebery takes Commons was summoned to hear the Rio de Janeiro was read this afternoon; over not only Gladstone's position but all reading of the speech from the throne "The fleet has yielded; da Gama has fled," only about 50 members walked into the

cession of Lord Rosebery, he said, was perfectly acceptable, seeing that his lordship had given many proofs of his great New York, March 14,—"The revolt at for the coming flight."

Mr. Edgar, Mr. Tarte, and other leading Liberalls, arrived to-day and joined Laurier. They are arranging the programme for the coming flight. abilities. But he thought it would have been better if the government, instead of adhering simply to the Newcastle programme, had introduced fresh subjects to the Exchange Telegraph Company, say in New York that the Governor-General will visit that city during the coming summer, it is learned semi-officially that year after year, unless they meant to Mello. carry it.

Sir William Harcourt was greeted with prolonged cheers when naming the first neasure introduced by the government inder the new Premier, as the registration bill. Home Secretary Asquith gave notice of the introduction of a bill to disestablish the Welsh church. Shaw-Lefevre gave notice of a bill equalizing the London rates, and A. J. Mundella paved the way for the introduction of a bill providing for the arbitration of labor disputes. Sir William Harcourt also gave notice of the government's intention to submit a bill granting local control over the liquor traffic. A largely attended meeting of the Mc-

Carthvite wing of the Irish party was

called to order in one of the committee coms of the House of Commons at 'clock this afternoon to discuss Irish affairs. It is learned that the entire proceedings of the meeting related to the parliamentary procedure of the Irish party. The meeting was still in session at three o'clock, all present being at that time ig-norant of the contents of the Queen's speech, or the fact that Lord Rosebery had made a speech declaring his policy. In the House of Commons the address in reply to the Queen's speech was approved. Sir William Harcourt admitted that the retirement of Mr. Gladstone wasregarded by the Liberal party with feelings of distress and dismay, but, he said, the memory of the Grand Old Man would remain the greatest tradition of the House. Though there had been slight changes in the ministry, he said there would be no change in the policy of the government or party. Home rule, though t had been temporarily put aside, remained the leading feature of the programme. The financial business was the most urgent, and this legislation must be concluded by the end of the month Therefore the government must ask the whole time of the house until then. Timothy Harrington protested against the laying aside of home rule. Mr. Gladstone had promised the Irish that home rule would be pursued to the end without essation. The postponement of the mat ter, he declared, meant its abandonment Instead of there being a union of hearts there would be an intense bitterness of feeling, of hatred between the English and Irish parties unless home rule were

made the first object of parliament. Sir Charles E. H. Vincent, in a long peech, moved the admendment of the adiress by representing to the Queen that the depression in trade and agriculture. the reduction of wages of workingmen. thousands of unemployed laborers, and the continuous immigrations of aliens ought to be called to the attention of

Parliament.

All the elements which nature requires, to nake the hair beautiful and abundant, are their quarters at the Russell house. The with the ecclesiastical establishment in Wales and Scotland will also be submitted to be submitted. There will be also presented to you bills with the object of the equalization becoming dry and harsh, and makes it flexible and glossy.

The Insurgents Under Admiral da Gama Surrender

UNCONDITIONALLY TO PRES. PEIXOTO

Da Gama Seeks Refuge Aboard a Portuguese Ship.

While His Gallant Tars Battle With Shore Batteries-His Cowardly Conduct Universally Execuated - Later Advices Say He has Fied-A Thirty Minutes' Fight Finished the War.

New York, March 14.—The attempt of Admiral da Gama to surrender to the Brazilian government was discussed by military and naval people last evening An army officer who enjoys an enviable reputation took a novel view of the sur-

He said: "Admiral da Gama place himself in a most ridiculous position, and the government could not do otherwise than go on with the preparations which have been made. The idea of Admira da Gama's abandoning his fleet and seek ing protection on a foreign man-of-war, leaving his officers and men to shift for themselves, is preposterous. It stamps him practically as a deserter. His pres ent position, if reports are true, has not a parallel in modern naval history. If he had made up his mind that the time had come to surrender he ought to have communicated with President Peixoto by flag of truce, remaining on board his own flagship until urrangements had been made. He not only compromised himself, but he placed his officers and men in the position of pirates deserted by their leader and left to take care of themselves and save their necks as best they could."

President Peixoto was quite right in paying no attention to the conditional surrender, and has nothing to do but go on with the preparations which has been made. The course affairs will naturally take now is that eventually some officer of the abandoned fleet will go ashore under a flag of truce and unconditionally surrender the fleet."
New York, March 14.—At the coffee

New York, March 14.—Flint & Co. have received the following from F. C. In the House of Lords Lord Rosebery asked the fullest indulgence of the Peers as he had been forced into the position good shape. Baker, It is believed applications for admissions to the floor. he occupied by a sudden call to replace a from the foregoing that the rebellion in and galleries of the legislative chamber

of Mr. Gladstone which, he said, was a the shore batteries had fired on the insur- which Sir James Grant will move. Mr. oss that would have a great influence gent ships for 30 minutes the latter sur- Sutherland, the popular Liberal whip, on the destinies of the nation. The suc. rendered unconditionally, da Gama have Mr. Edgar, Mr. Tarte, and other leading

"Yes, my lord," replied the bookmaker, ready for a bargain.
"I ought to tell you that such prices as satisfied Lord Dalmeny will not do for Rosebery."

Wes, my lord," replied the bookmaker, ready for a bargain.

In the lobby of the House of Commons that the warships Republica and of the effectiveness of dynamite glass. The other United States war vessels are just outside the harbor, and it is prepared to the fact that Rosebery."

Wello with the warships Republica and finded during that the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the said, that home rule was not put to the find that home rule was not put to the said, that home rule are advices say the surrent despectation of the insurgents does not sumed they will come inside when the greater part of this year, have altered the source of the Liberal party on the greater part of the source of the Liberal party on the greater part of the source of the Liberal party on the greater part of the source of the Liberal party on the greater part of the source of the lobby of the House of Commons that the lobby of the House of Commons and intended resist to specific and its programme. At its learness and intended resist to specify that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule are intended and intended resist to specify that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule was not put to the warships Republicant that home rule wa the last, the sooner Ireland knew of it the It is believed Rio Grande do Sul and the summer their excellencies will visit The government ought not to Santa Catharina eventually will achieve the Maritime provinces, spending some

MOODY CAUGHT HIM.

A Jolly Kentucky Senator Forsakes the Path of Sin.

Washington, March 14.—Every United States senator found in his mail yesterday a little package of tracts, encircled by a little rubber band, and bearing on tax at Victoria, 30 at Vancouver and 2 its face the words: "Compliments of J. at Halifax.
S. C. Blackburn." This was the popular It is removed. Kentucky senator's device for announce for Gloucester, N. B., has been called to ing to his associates that he had aban- the Senate. Mr. Burns was twice pissdoned for ever his old life and entered ed over as an applicant for the lieutenantupon a new and untried existence as the governorship of New Brunswick. He is result of the convicting eloquence of Evangelist Moody, who has been helding revival meetings in Washington for

Very early in the course of the Moody meetings the Kentuckian began to exhibit remarkable interest in them. He became a regular attendant, sat on the platform night after night within a few feet of the evangelist, and it was announced that the two had frequent conversations together. Then Mr. Blackburn began to invite some of his friends to the meetings, and everybody underand dignified senators, from the aged Merrill down to the youthful Dubois, are wondering which of them is to be influenced first by "Joe" Blackburn's change of heart and how far the eloquent. and big-hearted Kentuckian's new enthusiasm will carry him.

Gen. Middleton's Serious Mistake. Kingston, Ont., March 14.-Lieutenantommand at Batoche in the Northwest of articles in an English publication on eral crimes. Teresa Boyle, who keeps a the Northwest rebellion, he made a se- boarding house near the Curtin establishrious mistake. He ought to have been satisfied with the \$20,000 bonus and let the matter rest.

The Sport of the Waves. San Francisco, March 14.—The steamer State of California has arrived 12 hours overdue from Portland and Astoria. lelay was caused by heavy weather off the Columbia. A terrible storm was rag-

Jesuits in Mexico. New York, March 14,-Bishop Montes. de Oca of San Luis Potosi, Mexico, has telegraphed to the Archbishop of New York, denying the report that he has expelled the Jesuits from his diocese. at the mercy of the waves for several flooding the decks and rendering it im- to the Red Cross association.

possible for her crew or passengers to move about while the gale lasted, without danger of being washed overboard. Head winds continued until this port was almost reached. Two of the California's crew were slightly injured by being thrown against the forward cabin when a sea hooks over the present a sea broke over the vessel

More Marines Coming. Montreal, March 14.-Next week another party of British marines will pass from one end of Canada to the other. They are coming out from England to rerce the naval station at Esquimal, B. C. The party will be about 50 strong. They will land at Halifax, and after a brief rest, leave by rail for Vancouver,

Poisoned Israelites. Boston, March 14,-Physicians were called to see a couple suffering from symptoms of poison in the Jewish dis-trict at North End. It was found nearly every family in the district was afflicted. All people affected had been guests at a Jewish marriage festival last evening. Some of the physicians think the people are suffering from arsenical poisoning; others believe the sickness was caused by eating putrid meat. in all some sixty cases have been treated, and no fatalities have occurred. Most of the

PREPARING FOR PARLIAMENT

Members of the House Flocking to the City-A Long and Lively Session Expected.

Great Crush of Visitors to See the Show-Haslam, of Nanaimo, to Second Address.

Ottawa, March 14.-The capital is beginning to assume a sessional appearance. Members of parliament, senators, and others whose business leads them to Otttawa when parliament meets, are arriving from all directions to take part in what promises to be the longest and liveliest session that has taken place since confederation. By the time all the evening trains are in the great bulk of the Canadian legislators will have ar-

According to appearances there will be a larger attendance of members at the opening this year than has been the case for some years past. As for the attendance of spectators, it is always large the first year of a new governor. Despite the fact that Lady Aberdeen, who is said man of the noblest energies, who was a loss not only to the Liberal party, but to the nation.

Lord Salisbury regretted the retirement from Minister Thompson to-day. After couver, who will second the address,

put home rule into the Queen's speech, their independence with the assistance of time in Quebec, and will afterwards go year after year, unless they meant to Mello. seen that their excellencies will not be able to visit any part of the United States

for some time to come, The number of Chinese who paid the poll tax last month was 185, compared with 277 in February last year. February's arrivals 114 were landed at Victoria, 69 at Vancouver and 2 at Montreal. In February, 1893, 195 paid the

It is reported that Mr. Burns, M.P. an Irish Catholic.

Hard Times Passed Away.

Chicago, March 14.—As if to empha ize and trumpet to the world the fuct that, so far at least as Chicago is concerned, the era of commercial and financial depression has become a thing of the past, society enters to-night upon a four weeks' orgie of grand Italian opera at the Auditorium, with prices ranging from three dollars for a single seat to thirty and forty dollars for a box. It is true stood that he was very much impressed, that the various relief associations are but the idea that jovial "Joe" Black. still issuing appeals for funds to tide burn, who had for his whole life led the over their operations until the opening of gay existence which is peculiarly adapt- spring, but it is equally certain that there ed to the Kentucky temperament, should is plenty of money in Chicago for amusereally become converted by Moody's ment purposes, the advance sale of tickteaching and enter the work of evange ets' for the opera season having reached lization himself, even in a small way, lifty thousand dollars, while the gross renever entered anybody's head. The grave ceipts of the season are expected to foot up in the neighborhood of a quarter of a million dollars.

The Curtin Rouse Explosion. San Francisco, March 14.—In the trial of John Tirrell, alleged dynamiter, to-day, Frank - Coombes, ex-minister to Japan, testified that witness, Graham, who was asked a number of suggestive and mysterious questions, yesterday for the pur-Colonel Straubenzie, who was second in pose of inducing the jury to infer that he was the man who caused the explosion, eballion, is of the opinion that when had been a troublesome character in Ja-Major-General Middleton wrote a series pan, having been convicted there of sevment testified that on the night of the explosion Tirrell left the dining room. She saw him go upstairs to his room and she was positive that he was there when the explosion occurred.

Foreign News. Berlin, March 12.—Chancellor Caprivi to-day submitted to the bundesrath a proposal for the coinage of 11,000,000 marks ing and the big steamer was tossed about in five-mark pieces, 7,000,000 marks in two-mark pieces and 4,000,000 in onemark pieces. The proposal is made as a result of the increased demand for such coins and from the fact that silver coinage has fallen 22,000,000 marks below.

the authorized limit. Washington, March 14.-The house assed two bills to-day; one for the rehours, unable to make any headway. lief of Brigadier-General Crook from two Several times she was boarded by im-mense seas which broke over her how, the other to lend the Columbian caravels