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EIGHT PAGES——FRIDAY MORNING JUNE 26 1903——EIGHT PAGES

ONE CENT

Creditors of Atlas Loan Company Met And Appointed Permanent Liquidator

Mention of President Wallace's Name Aroused a Chorus of Indignation.

St. Thomas, June 25.—(From Our Own Man.)—Creditors of the defunct Atlas Loan Co. to the number of 200 resolved themselves into something like an indignation meeting to-night. The council chamber was crowded. Many women were present. A. E. Wallace, president, did not attend. For his peace of mind it is probably just as well. He sent a communication from Toronto saying pressing business required him there. For two hours there was a very free discussion. Everyone present lost from $500 to many thousand, in what they were pleased to term the worst financial wreck in Canada. They appeared to feel privileged to use language of pleasing violence.

Home Smith, the National Trust Co. representative provisional liquidator, was present. He was made the target for some hot cross-firing. What everybody wanted to know in one breath was where their money went, and they imagined Mr. Smith's two weeks' work on the books ought to put him in a position to supply the information. Smith was conservative and was about the only one present who was in that frame of mind. He finally said the firm's money had been lost in the stock market. This evoked another chorus of very leading questions, which the provisional liquidator very skilfully parried.

The Net Result.

The net result of the exciting time was many violent explosions and a resolution favoring the National Trust Co. as permanent liquidator, under the supervision of a committee of the creditors. Mr. Smith announced that he will go before the Master at Toronto Monday for this purpose.

Dr. Fulton was made chairman. He is heavily interested and was the unanimous choice. He had scarcely completed his address when a professional call caused him to ask Aid. Chant to the chair, and Dr. Fulton did not get back. It soon developed that a well-defined plan existed on the part of A. E. Wallace to secure a recommendation from the meeting that would land him in charge as permanent liquidator. Such a roar went up when the subject was mentioned and the presents were so violent that it was not pressed. Mike Heenan, the Michigan Central detective, who is $3500 shy as a result of the failure, jumped up and anxiously asked Mr. Smith if the assets left in the vault are securely locked up where Wallace can't get them. He was assured that the combination had been changed the day the National Trust took charge.

Not Very Hopeful.

Mr. Smith explained the condition of things. He was not very sanguine, but would venture no opinions for fear of doing injustice. It was not as bad, however, he said, as rumor had made it. In fact the situation was shifting daily. His candor under the heavy fire directed from all quarters establishing a feeling of confidence. The questions developed every phase of the nasty complications. In a nutshell, the creditors discovered that all the Atlas Co.'s resources had been thrown in to save A. E. Ames. If Ames becomes solvent the depositors may receive 50 per cent., but Mr. Smith said he could see no hope for the shareholders.

Wallace's dealings extended to fourteen different brokers. The Ames firm handled the most of it. Before and after he became a member of the Ames firm he dealt heavily there. Now the Atlas Loan Co.'s securities and stocks are in the hands of bankers and brokers in Toronto, Montreal, New York and Boston, placed there by Wallace thru Ames & Co. But these resources are pledged to secure Ames, and not the Atlas people. The stocks are mostly Twin City, C.P.R., Dominion Coal and this class. The Atlas was doing a speculative business on margins, even before the charter granting it such authority was secured.

Must Be Wound Up.

Mr. Smith said he had asked the Master to grant an advisory committee of the creditors in order that they might share the responsibility to be incurred in nursing or taking care of these securities. The Master said he would consider this request next Monday, so the recommendations of the meeting to-night are of no effect. He said the Master desired to assure the creditors that in the litigation necessary to the closing up of the firm's affairs he would sit in St. Thomas and save as much expense as possible. This sentiment was cheered. Mr. Smith was imperative that the firm be wound up from his investigations. The situation was complicated. Some debtors were already denying claims, others insisted on being preferred, and these questions had to be settled by the Master. The value of the securities was changing daily. This made estimates worthless.

"Later we can tell you exactly where your money went," he explained to an excited creditor who claimed the report of the situation published yesterday meant nothing. "We will make every man liable we can, Wallace, shareholders and all."

Where It Went.

"But we men in the soup want to know where our money went," interrogated Frank Hunt.

"I may as well tell you the money was lost in the stock market," was the reply. "In Twin City, Dominion Coal, etc."

"But the company had no authority to deal in that class of stocks."

Mr. Smith: "I have not yet investigated that phase."

Mr. Hunt: "Your report mentions personal loans. What are they?"

Mr. Smith: "Loans on collateral securities left with the Atlas Company. We may collect in such cases, some claims set off. The Master must take this up."

Mr. Hunt: "Then our money went right into the bucket shops and was lost bucking the tiger?"

Mr. Smith could not fathom the expression, but the grim humor was appreciated.

Silence for Wallace.

The ordinary claims were another source of trouble. The creditors did not understand the reference. Mr. Smith explained and said they would scrutinize the brokers' claims very closely, and if the claim of ultra vires could be maintained it would be. He added that he had heard that even debenture-holders would not be made creditors.

The chairman interrupted the crossfire long enough to read a letter of regret from Mr. Wallace. It was received with silence or jeers.

Dr. Luton secured the floor and desired to know where the Atlas securities were, and if they were separated and in the name of the Atlas or Ames.

He was told that they could not be separated from other stocks held by Ames & Co. and that all depended on Ames & Co. paying out.

He still desired to know how and when and why the Atlas securities had been hypothecated to save Ames.

A lengthy discussion followed the question as to protecting the stocks held by Ames and Co. for Atlas and not yet sold out. Mr. Smith said the liquidator would not risk the good money in stock gambling. What he was after was getting all assets possible and realizing on everything he could. He could not consent to any nursing of stocks. He refused to discuss the quantity of these stocks held, as it would be board business, he thought.

Certainly Queer.

Mr. Hunt volunteered the opinion that it was a queer way to loot the Atlas for Ames' benefit. Receiving some encouraging cheers, Mr. Hunt secured the floor, and in spite of protests and rebukes from the chair, proceeded to deliver a very stirring speech. Before he had concluded a number of women were crying, apparently just fully realizing their complete loss. The speaker became dramatic when drawing a picture of the desolation into which the community had been plunged. He is an old railroad man, white haired and frail.

"The Atlas is wrecked," he observed feelingly. "A most complete wreck. It shows a master hand in the wrecking business. The Elgin's manager wrecked his company, but left a little. Wallace left nothing. There is not a dollar left. It is sad, but we must face it. We have lost our all, and it has hit the entire community hard. It went into the very hearts of the people, the poor and the rich alike. There will be untold want and suffering as a result of this bulling and bearing the market and bucking

Continued on Page 2.

FATALITIES OF A DAY.

Grim Reaper is Abroad and Harvest is Recorded.

Cornwall, June 25.—An old man named Macdonald, whose home is supposed to be in Glen Robertson, Glengarry county, was killed by a freight train one mile east of Cornwall station last night about 10 o'clock. When the engine slowed up the unfortunate man's body was found underneath. Macdonald was about 70 years of age.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Brockville, June 25.—Peter Shaw, a carpenter, living in Brockville, was killed last night on the C. P. R. tracks a few miles from here. He had been arrested for drunkenness, and a friend had obtained his release yesterday by paying his fine. He started out last night to walk to Bellamy's Station on the tracks and was struck by a train. He was about 45 years old.

FALL CAUSED DEATH.

Brantford, June 25.—Geo. Brown, an employe of the Waterous Engine works, who fell from a galley where he was working a few weeks ago, passed away at the hospital this morning from the injuries he sustained in the fall. His spine was injured.

KILLED BY A LOG.

Seaforth, June 25.—Wm. Allan, a farmer aged 45 years, who lived three miles south of here, was accidentally killed to-day. While he and his little boy were carrying a log for the well pump from an adjoining field to the house, Mr. Allan slipped and fell, the log striking him on the neck and killing him almost instantly.

POLICEMAN KILLS HIMSELF.

Maple Creek, N.W.T., June 25.—Thos. Barclay, special constable of the Northwest mounted police, acting in the capacity of cook, committed suicide here yesterday by taking carbolic acid.

ASLEEP ON THE TRACK.

Regina, N.W.T., June 25.—There was another fatal railway accident here last night. A man was run over and cut in two about half a mile from the depot by the Moosejaw local from Winnipeg. On searching the clothing it was found that he was a C. P. R. engineer and member of the Locomotive Brotherhood of Canada. On the man's collar is the name McKercher. The accompanying circumstances show that deceased was asleep between the metals.

FINN STABBED.

Fort William, June 25.—Herman Sante, a Finn, was badly, who not fatally stabbed near the heart to-day. He was intoxicated at the time and cannot give a clear account of himself except that some Italian knifed him.

SEARCHING FOR BODY.

Quebec, June 25.—Sir Charles Ross has telegraphed that neither he nor Judge Nesbitt will return from Labrador until the late Douglas Plumb's body is recovered from the Roumaine river.

THREE THOUSAND SAT DOWN.

St. Jean Baptiste Celebration Concluded by Monster Banquet.

Montreal, June 25.—The St. Jean Baptiste celebration was concluded this evening by a monster banquet, three thousand sitting down at the Montagnard Rink. Speeches were delivered by prominent men. The Minister of Marine claimed that Quebec's superior education was all right, but that the primary schools should be improved.

Hon. Mr. Tarte made a strong speech, in which he explained the fact that the French-Canadians had not gone to the Northwest instead of the United States. He said he had been to Ontario and had seen 45 public libraries, good roads and good schools, and Quebec could do well to copy a good deal from the other provinces.

Mr. Monk, M.P., paid particular attention to the amount of liberty enjoyed by the French-Canadians and appealed to his people to live worthy of it all.

BIRTHS.

BROWN—At the General Hospital, on June 24, to Mrs. Gordon Brown of Tranby-avenue, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

POOLE—CORNISH—On Wednesday, June 24, 1903, in St. Matthias' Church, by Rev. F. D. Tyner, M.A., Martha, second daughter of Daniel Cornish, Esq., to William J., eldest son of William J. Poole, Esq., both of Toronto.

SMITH—RITCHIE—On Wednesday, June 24, 1903, at Chalmers' Presbyterian Church, by Rev. H. A. McPherson, Elizabeth White, third daughter of Duncan Ritchie, to John J., eldest son of Alexander Smith, both of Toronto.

DEATHS.

FLOWERS—On June 25, 1903, at 457 Sackville-street, Sarah Ann, dearly beloved wife of John Flowers.

Funeral notice later.

JORGENSON—At the residence of his father, Albany-avenue, 1st house north of C.P.R. tracks, on June 25, 1903, George, only and surviving son of Gustave and Anna Jorgenson and beloved husband of Annie Jorgenson, aged 29 years.

Funeral from above address Saturday, June 27, at 2.30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances and members of Court Brunswick, A.O.F., please accept this intimation.

McHENRY—On June 23, 1903, at her father's residence, 214 Eastern-avenue, Toronto, Florence Willis, youngest daughter of Henry James McHenry, aged 21 years 5 months.

Funeral Friday at 2.30 p.m., to Norway Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

TAYLOR—Suddenly, at 42 Wilcox-street, on Thursday, June 25, 1903, Charles W. Taylor, business manager of The Globe, aged 52 years.

Funeral private on Saturday at 3 p.m. No flowers.

WHELAN—On June 25, 1903, at his father's residence, 21 Orford-avenue, Francis Alphonsus Whelan.

Funeral from above address at 8.45 a.m. Saturday, to St. Paul's Church, Power-street, thence to Mount Hope Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Vaudeville, Munro Park, 8 p.m.
Vaudeville, Hanlan's Point, 3 and 8 p.m.
Victoria County Old Boys, Temple Building, 8 p.m.
Kingston Old Boys, Dominion Business College, 8 p.m.
Trinity College School closing, Port Hope, train leaves Union Station 9 a.m.

Nothing but the finest goods at Thomas'

Country Transportation.

Before going on your holidays you should consider the question of transportation in the country. Take a wheel with you and you'll have city transportation. Take a "Massey-Harris" Cushion Frame and you'll have the "Pullman" of city wheeling.

Did you ever try the top barrel

CANADA GIVEN A GO-BY CATTLE BOUGHT IN TEXAS

Warm Debate Precipitated in the House of Commons on Restocking Boer Farms.

Ottawa, June 25.—In the House today Mr. Monk asked what was the report of the investigation held by the Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce into the weighing of butter and cheese.

Mr. Fisher replied that the commissioners had not yet made out their report. Complaints had been made by many salesmen and others interested in dairying, but it would be premature to speak of the justice of these complaints. The cost of the investigation so far is $428.95.

R. L. Borden read a paragraph published in The Montreal Gazette stating that the steamer Atlanteau, loading 2000 tons of hay in Montreal as export cargo, would proceed to Galveston, Texas, to take on board between 2000 and 2500 dairy cattle. These cattle, it was explained, are for the Orange River Colony and are purchased by the British government to replace Boer cattle commandeered during the war. Mr. Borden suggested that the cattle should be purchased in Canada. He wanted to know if representations had been made to the British government with this object in view.

Canada Asked for It.

Mr. Fisher replied that he could not vouch for the truth of the statements as to the shipment of Texas cattle. Representations had, however, been made to Lord Strathcona pointing out that cattle for the restocking of Boer farms should be purchased in Canada. This communication was referred to the Imperial officers in charge of the work. Representations had since been made to the Imperial government, but no attention had been paid to them.

"It don't seem to have much influence over there," remarked Mr. Sproule.

Let Britain Do It.

Rufus Pope again brought the question up to-night. He said the country had heard a lot of closer relations between the Mother Country and the colonies. The Mother Country could not emphasize this spirit better than by giving business to Canada instead of to foreign countries. Mr. Pope thought that if a greater effort had been put forth by the Department of Agriculture the cattle just purchased in Texas might have been purchased in Canada.

The Minister professed to know nothing about the purchase in question, yet the British government's agent was Major Maude, who lives in the City of Ottawa. Surely an effort should have been made to induce Major Maude to secure this trade for Canada. Canadian cattle, he claimed, are in every way superior to the cattle raised in Texas. Why, then, should Canada not expect the preference.

Government's Inactivity.

Mr. Pope then moved in amendment to the motion to go into supply:

"This House regrets that the government has not taken more active measures for the protection of the interests of the people of Canada, and dealers, in connection with the supply of cattle for the restocking of South African farms."

Mr. Fisher condemned the resolution, which he described as the most unreasonable proposition he ever heard of. He insisted that his department had exerted all the pressure it could command on the British government, and in no way had neglected its duty.

Mr. Henderson of Halton said that Canada could furnish better cattle than the United States. The Dominion government, he claimed, could have made effectual remonstrance.

Mr. Henderson then paid his respects to Major Maude, who was delegated by the British government to superintend the purchase of cattle in the United States. Major Maude was a Canadian officer paid out of the Canadian treasury, yet this officer had not hesitated to give up Canada's claims in this matter.

Such Not Wanted.

"We want no such officials in this country," said Mr. Henderson. "We want officials, men loyal to Canada. This affair does not speak well for Major Maude. When he was asked to superintend the purchase of cattle in the United States he should have said that as an official of Canada he could not do it."

Mr. Henderson concluded by saying that if Britain displays such an indifference to Canadian interests this country will be more careful about granting preferences to Britain.

Seymour Gourley made another speech bristling with strong language. He told the government that it was incompetent, and referred to the officials of the British government as stupid little jackasses. "CANADA ILL-DESERVES HUMILIATION," declared Mr. Gourley, speaking of the preference accorded the Texan cattle. He entered into a general denunciation of British statesmanship, and declared that every British cabinet Minister should first be required to spend five years in Canada.

The colonies, he said, had been subject to too many insults administered by the British government. This last one was too much.

Can't Stand for It.

"Why," demanded Mr. Gourley, "was parliament not summoned when we were thus insulted? Then we could have told the British government that such treatment would be tolerated no longer."

Mr. Gourley declared that Hon. Sydney Fisher should resign at once, not only to preserve his self respect, but as a protest against the action of the British government, and as a means of making way for a stronger and more masterful Minister of Agriculture.

Dr. Sproule said the Minister of Agriculture was looking up trade in Japan, when these opportunities were passing before us. He thought Britain had shown a reasonable desire to consult Canada's interests if the proper representations were made.

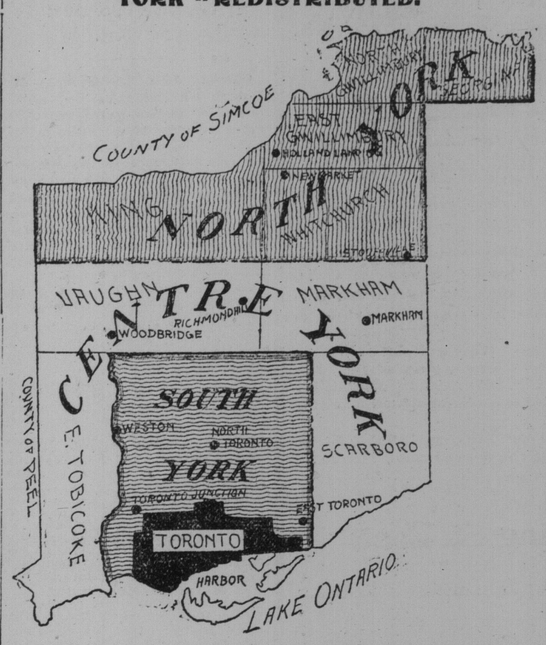
Hance Logan of Cumberland made a strong speech, and in argument and debating style was an easy first among the government supporters who went to the rescue of Hon. Sydney Fisher. Mr. Logan said that if the resolution had expressed regret that the British government had purchased cattle from the United States in Canada, parliament would have endorsed it. The resolution was, he said, partyism run wild. How could the House know what representations had been made to the Imperial government?

Regretted Gourley's Speech.

Mr. Logan regretted that Mr. Gourley had made such a speech. If the same denunciation of Britain had appeared in The New York Sun, Canada would have rung with resentment. Was it more fitting that such statements should be made in the Canadian House of Commons? "We have all heard of his loyalty," said Mr. Logan. "We have now an instance of cattle loyalty." Mr. Logan argued that the Dominion government had taken every possible action consistent with the

Continued on Page 2.

YORK "REDISTRIBUTED."



All York is divided into three parts, according to the plan of the Federal Redistribution Committee. Toronto is not included in York.

Member Schell to Get Out Owing to Partner's Action

McPherson and Schell Sold Goods to the Government to Value of $5.00.

Ottawa, June 25.—(Special.)—In the House the other day, Geo. Fowler of Kings asked if J. T. Schell, M.P. for Glengarry, was a partner in the firm of McPherson & Schell, who supplied goods to the department of agriculture as published in the Auditor-General's report.

Mr. Fisher replied that the government knew nothing of the personnel of the firm of McPherson & Schell, mentioned in the Auditor-General's report in connection with an item for five dollars and fifty cents.

The question it now appears was far-reaching. Mr. Schell rose in the House this afternoon and admitted that he is a member of the firm in question. He also acknowledged the sale of goods by the firm. Mr. Schell's defence was that the order came from W. D. Scott, written on paper with "The Glasgow exhibition" as letter-head. It was not supposed when the order was filed that Mr. Scott was an agent of the Dominion government. It was assumed that Mr. Scott was a commissioner of the British government, or acting as a private individual. Personally, Mr. Schell said he knew nothing of the matter until the question was placed upon the order paper.

Mr. Fitzpatrick at once moved that the subject be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. The motion was carried and Mr. Schell immediately walked out of the House. He will not return while his right to the seat is under question.

Though Mr. Schell made an explanation that acquits him of personal knowledge of the transaction he will undoubtedly have to forfeit his seat.

His constituency, Glengarry, is uncertain in its political leanings. Mr. Schell was defeated by Rory McLennan in 1891 by a majority of 620, while in the elections of 1900 Mr. Schell had a majority of some 600 over Rory McLennan.

OTTAWA FREE PRESS

Bought by Alfred Wood, Late of The Toronto World.

Ottawa, June 25.—(Special.)—Alfred Wood, formerly business manager of The Toronto World, and for many years with The Evening Telegram, has purchased The Ottawa Free Press and will continue it as a Liberal newspaper. Mr. Wood is ably equipped for his new undertaking, and, while his removal to the capital will be regretted in Toronto, he will receive many congratulations on his purchase of so important a newspaper.

C. W. Mitchell, the retiring owner, established The Free Press 35 years ago, and has for years ably conducted it, making it one of the foremost papers in the larger cities of Canada. Without break or interruption The Free Press has given a consistent support to the Reform party. Mr. Mitchell retires with a large fortune.

Mr. Wood has served on other newspapers besides The World and The Telegram, including The Montreal Star, The Vancouver Telegram and The Victoria News. It is his boast that there is not a town or a city in Canada which he has not visited. Nor, it may be stated, is there a position on any newspaper which he has not filled with credit.

MAN-IN-THE-WELL.

Paris Review: This time a year ago the man-in-the-well excitement was at its height, the second cave-in occurring on the Thursday of the week preceding Dominion day.

TO FIGHT THE BELL.

Canada Telephone Company is in Earnest in Its Endeavors.

Ottawa, June 25.—(Special.)—Mayor Urquhart of Toronto and Corporation Counsel Fullerton had a conference to-day with the promoters of the Canadian Telephone Company. It was agreed that the bill thru which the company seeks incorporation in Canada shall be considered by the Railway Committee on Tuesday next.

The new Telephone Company is undoubtedly in earnest. In Pennsylvania it fought the Bell Telephone Co. for six years, reducing telephone rates from $72 to $32, and later carried its warfare into New York, Maryland and other States. The company in each case strongly entrenched itself, and it claims to be able to achieve similar triumphs in Canada.

It is the intention of the Canadian Telephone Co. to institute a special rural system in an effort to make the telephone as popular as the postoffice. It is prepared to give a long distance service between Toronto and Ottawa for between 75 cents and a dollar for five minutes conversation. The rate now enforced by the Bell Telephone Co. for this service is $1.75 for three minutes conversation.

Subscribers in cities like Toronto, Ottawa and Montreal will be given a twenty mile circuit without cost above the price paid for their phone. The company propose to make a general reduction in long distance rates by four-tenths of a cent a mile.

George Kidd will appear for the company before the Railway Committee.

N.Y. STOCK "WRECKERS" TO DO SOMETHING HERE

Bear Combination of U.S. Political Capitalists Said to Have a Local Connection.

Rumors of a somewhat vague character are passing thru local stock circles, that have a portentous meaning for those long of the market and particularly of New York stocks. The rumors have been kept close by a small knot of traders. This is sufficient to cast some degree of truth on the information.

The World was let in on the inside in a manner calculated to disturb any ideas of later publication, and gives the story for what it is worth.

Will Do Some Wrecking.

A combination of political capitalists have combined interests in New York, and irrespective of the fact that the American stocks have already suffered very severely at the hands of the bears, intend to wreck the market still further. The emergencies of the pending Presidential contest are given as the reasons for the attack, which will be without mercy to any one or group of individuals attempting to put themselves in opposition.

Have a Local Connection.

The combination is said to have a local connection, whose efforts will be largely confined to a raid on certain stocks and those connected with them.

SAM PARKS RETALIATES.

With 39 Walking Delegates, He Begins a Campaign.

New York, June 25.—Forty walking delegates, headed by Sam Parks of the Housesmiths' and Bridgemen's Union, opened a campaign of retaliation upon the Building Trades Employers' Association to-day. Their purpose is to close up work on every job contracted for by the members of that organization. Men were called out at the St. Regis Hotel, at the New York Theatre, at the New Astor Hotel in Long Acre square and at the Metropolitan Life building in 23rd street.

JOHN COSTIGAN HONORED.

Ottawa, June 25.—Three hundred Irishmen of Ottawa to-night gathered at the festival in St. Patrick's Hall to honor Hon. John Costigan, as a recognition of his efforts for the Irish Catholics of Canada and the cause of Home Rule for Ireland. Mr. Costigan was presented with an address and a purse containing $1500.

A Visitor From England.

There was a certain noted visitor in the city last Sunday and one remark he made is worth recording: "Toronto certainly turns out well on parade," he said. "In all my travels I never saw a better collection of smart women and well-groomed men." We can add, Hear, hear, with gusto. Keep up the record. Every young man should have a silk hat for Sunday wear. Dineen Company are agents for the biggest makers in the world. Silk hats, $5 to $8. Store open Saturday night.

FAIR AND WARMER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, June 25.—(8 p.m.)—Showers and local thunderstorms have occurred from Eastern Ontario to the Maritime Provinces, also locally in the N.W.T. Elsewhere in Canada it has been fair. Warm weather prevails in the Territories and Manitoba, while it is cool in all other parts of the Dominion.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52—62; Calgary, 50—66; Swift Current, 48—80; Winnipeg, 48—84; Fort Arthur, 48—72; Parry Sound, 54—68; Toronto, 52—71; Ottawa, 54—64; Montreal, 50—66; Quebec, 52—60; Halifax, 44—52.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes, Georgian Bay, Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate winds; fair and a little warmer.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate winds; unsettled, cool, with local showers.

Maritime—Fresh winds; unsettled and cool, with local showers.

Lake Superior—Fair and moderately warm.

Manitoba—Fair and warm; some scattered showers or thunderstorms.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

June 25.	At	From.
Deutschland	New York	Hamburg
Saxonia	Boston	Liverpool
Lafourraine	Havre	New York
New York	Southampton	New York
Hesperia	Loghern	New York
Noordland	Liverpool	Philadelphia
Bostonian	Liverpool	Boston
Ethiopia	Glasgow	New York
Germanic	Queenstown	New York
Cambria	London	Boston

ORGANIZED LABOR HOPES TO WIN IN ELECTIONS

Will Place Four Candidates in Field for Next City Council and New Education Board.

The special report of the Municipal and Education Committee of the District Trades Council was read and adopted at their meeting last night.

The report urges that not less than four labor men be placed in the field at the coming municipal election, and that four candidates be nominated for each new Board of Education. The election of the Board of Education by the city at large and by the cumulative system of voting, the committee thought, would give the union men a good chance to elect fully one-third of the board if they would stand together. The nomination of these representatives shall be made by the Trades Council, and as many nominations may be made as desired, but a referendum vote of the local labor unions will be held, and the four receiving the highest votes will be placed in the field for election to the Board of Education.

The council strongly disapproved of the action of the Minister of Education and Thos. Crawford, M.L.A., in the matter of the amalgamation of the Technical School Board with the other educational bodies.

Why Aldermen Support Labor.

The report in referring to the election of the Board of Control and aldermen, says: "The attitude of organized labor towards the election of the Board of Control and election of aldermen should suit itself to the changed conditions brought about by the enactment of recent legislation. It has been decided that the Board of Control must be elected by the city at large by the cumulative system of voting. This gives every voter the right to cluster his four votes and place them to the credit of one man. By this method minorities have the opportunity to be represented on the Board of Control, provided there is an alderman in the Council two years, to represent their views. Experience has taught organized labor that there are few men in our Council to-day who act from conviction when questions affecting labor are considered. The fear of the opposition in January is the chief reason that we receive the support we do from any of those who occupy seats at the Council board, and the time has come, if it has not been here for some time, when we should endeavor to elect men from our own ranks who can represent us in the City Council." Continuing, the report asks the council to place a representative in each ward next election, and that the co-operation of the Building Trades Council shall be sought.

Marble Workers Draw Strike Pay.

It was decided to ask the Mayor to investigate Charles Wheat's complaint against Street Commissioner Jones. It was also suggested that the secretary write to the English press refuting the Canada Manufacturers' Association's letter that there was lots of room in Canada for skilled labor. The business agent of the Marine Firemen's Union complained that some union firemen were opposing the granting of the increased pay asked for of $40 a month. McDonald's tobacco factory at Montreal was placed on the "unfair" list.

The marble workers on strike will to-day receive strike pay of $6 a week to married men and $4 to single men. Of 60 men who went out 20 have gone back at the new schedule.

The Labor Day Committee meets to-night.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

East Nissouri Farmer Said to Have Poisoned Cattle.

Woodstock, June 25.—(Special.)—William Berry of East Nissouri was committed for trial to-day on a charge of poisoning stock belonging to his neighbor, George Woods, of the adjoining township of West Zorra. Paris green had been scattered in Woods' pasture field and two animals died in consequence. An envelope addressed to the prisoner was found in the field and it was proved that he had made threats against Woods on account of previous trouble.

CANON SANSON TO RESIGN AFTER 51 YEARS' SERVICE

Aged Rector of Little Trinity Bows to the Exactions of Unfriendly Faction.

Rev. Canon Sanson, rector of Little Trinity Church, has decided to place his resignation in the hands of the Bishop of Toronto, for his consideration.

Canon Sanson succeeded Mr. Ripley, the first rector of the church, 51 years ago, and has raised the church from a mission to an endowed parish. During his term of office the building has been twice added to, and several times improved, considerable surrounding property has been secured for church purposes, and a large schoolhouse and commodious rectory have been built.

Of late years, however, harmony between rector and parish has been slowly waning, and not receiving the same support that he had before, he has not been able to finance the parish so successfully, and some heavy debts have been entailed.

Canon Sanson stated last night that he feared the dissensions in his congregation had placed him in a position where his services could no longer be of value, and that he was afraid that he would have to relinquish his life's work. He gave the following history of the late trouble, expressing no malice against those who had forced his resignation, but merely regret that it should be necessary.

His Story of the Trouble.

"My assistant, Mr. O'Meara," said Canon Sanson, "came to me in January and asked me to retire, give up the rectory and the work of the parish to him, simply attending the services as one of the congregation, but still remaining rector. I declined, as I was strong and well and saw no need of it. Then he sent me his resignation, and later I accepted it. I looked about for some one to fill up the gap, and chose Rev. Mr. Murphy, who was very highly recommended to me by several clergymen, and was favorably known to the people here. I agreed to give him $300 yearly, and in the name of the congregation promised him another $300 in addition to marriage fees and Christmas collections.

Petition in His Support.

"Then my vestry got me to call a meeting, and at that meeting passed a resolution that any previous resolution providing a salary for a curate should be rescinded. This made it impossible for Mr. Murphy to stay. The matter then hung fire for a time, and a lot of young men got up a petition signed by 212 people and came to me, promising me their moral and financial support in retaining Mr. Murphy. The church wardens came to me and asked what I intended to do. I told them I could do nothing on account of their resolution. Then they said that the resolution didn't make any difference, as they had consulted W. H. Blake, K.C., who had pronounced it illegal. They asked me whom I wanted. I named Mr. Murphy and they agreed.

Had Outside Encouragement.

"After Mr. Murphy cae they objected and tried to put me against him. In order to accomplish their ends they encouraged people to withhold their offerings, and even interfered with the choir, persuading them not to come when Mr. Murphy preached. I will not allow myself to believe it when I am told that Mr. O'Meara's desire to succeed me was at the bottom of this. I do not think that the wardens could have persisted in this had they not been encouraged from outside."

Metal Ceilings, Skylights and Roofing. A. B. Ormsby & Co., cor. Queen and George St. Telephone.

DIED IN NEW YORK.

News was received in the city from New York last night that Mrs. Chas. A. Morse, formerly of Toronto, had died there.

Try the decanter at Thomas', three for a quarter.

BURGLARS AT SIMCOE.

Simcoe, June 25.—Burglars broke into C. E. Boyd's hardware store last night and stole some loose cash.

EDWARDS & COMPANY, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington St. East. Geo. Edwards F.C.A., A. H. Edwards.

One Killed and Many Hurt H., G. & B. Trolleys Collide

Cars Rush Down Incline and Meet on Sharp Curve at the Bottom.

Hamilton, June 25.—As the result of a head-on collision between two cars on the Hamilton, Grimsby and Beamsville Electric Railway this afternoon, one conductor was killed and another so badly injured that there is doubt of his recovery. Two more railway employes were rather seriously injured, several passengers received painful cuts and bruises, and everybody on both cars was more or less injured.

The dead man is CONDUCTOR ROBERT BRAIDWOOD of this city.

The injured are CONDUCTOR HARRY BRANTON, who got a terrible scalp wound. His condition is regarded as serious.

PETER GIBSON, MOTORMAN, crushed about the chest and ribs, and suffering, it is feared, from internal injuries.

HARRY PATIENCE, conductor, left shoulder injured, and badly shaken up.

J. A. DOUCETTE, 371 North Victoria-avenue, an electrician for Cataract Power Co., sprained ankle.

MRS. RYCKMAN, Grimsby Park, ankle sprained.

All the passengers are nursing bruises and cuts of a painful nature, but all will be around again in a few days.

The cars plunged into each other about 500 yards east of the Winona crossing at 3 o'clock this afternoon. It would be difficult to imagine a worse place for such a mishap. Both cars were rushing down sharp inclines, and they met at the bottom of the hill. To make matters worse there is a curve in the road, and neither crew could see the other until their cars were so close that it was impossible to check them. Some pine trees helped to intercept the view. One was a freight car.

The dead conductor, Braidwood, was acting as motorman on it. The cars came together with such force that their front vestibules were jammed and wrecked. Poor Braidwood was wedged in so that it took fully ten minutes to release him. Both legs from the knees down were mangled, and one was broken above the knee. He was placed in the regular car and was met by Dr. Rennie, who was being rushed to the scene of the accident in a special car. The doctor could do little for him, however, and he died before he reached the city.

Braidwood had been with the company ever since it started to operate cars in 1894, and was one of the most popular men on the road. He was 31 years of age, and leaves a widow and a young son. His home was at 141 East Hunter-street. Dr. Griffin will open an inquest to-morrow.

The dead conductor was on a special freight car, and he had orders to go right thru to Patterson's, about two miles east of Winona. The passenger car should have received orders at Grimsby to cross the special at Patterson's, but the instructions could not be issued to the conductor, because the wire was out of order, and he was running without orders and taking chances, so Despatcher Orr of this city explains.

Rowley May Be Sent to Penitentiary Predict Elgin Loan Company Officials

Defaulting Manager Returns in the Dark to St. Thomas to Stand Trial.

St. Thomas, June 25.—(From Our Own Man.)—George Rowley, the fugitive manager of the Elgin Loan Company, suddenly returned to St. Thomas last night, and at 6 o'clock this morning he went to the city jail and surrendered. He was placed in the cells. At 10 o'clock the prisoner was arraigned before Police Magistrate Glenn. Crown-Attorney John Donahue prosecuted. W. L. Wickett represented the accused. The charge was theft of $4000 from the company he managed for twenty years. The amount represents the sum of money Rowley took from two accounts. He was not asked to plead to the complaints. The case was adjourned until July 2. The prisoner was released on bonds of $8000. His sons-in-law, George R. McColl and John Christmas, qualified in $2000 each. Rowley's personal recognizance was accepted for $4000. The amount he stole from the bank exceeds $100,000. The accused walked from the room, entered a cab and was driven to his home.

Had Aged Greatly.

George Rowley, emaciated and trembling, presented a miserable spectacle, as he occupied the felon's box; 58 years old, he looked 75. Those who saw him ten days ago, when he fled on the eve of his impending exposure, would not have recognized him. Ten days as a fugitive from justice had added twenty years to his appearance. He had sacrificed his full beard and made other changes in his personal appearance in his frantic effort to escape detection. His disguise was quite complete. His daughter, Mrs. John Christmas, accompanied him to the jail to-day. She remained with him during the arraignment. Apparently the little woman was the only member of the family who had the courage to follow her father to the cells. As she sat close to the wretched prisoner, both appeared overcome with the disgrace. Rowley did no speaking during the painful ordeal in court. His counsel attended to that. He sat with eyes downcast. There were few people in the room. The city had not yet learned of the defaulter's return. The arraignment was apparently timed to afford the prisoner what relief in this manner was possible. When he arose to depart his step was uncertain. Evidently the man is in rather a feeble condition, mentally and physically. He has not been robust for twelve years. It was just that long ago that he began to rob the bank, according to crooked entries found in the books.

McColl Brought Him.

George McColl, a druggist of the city, and son-in-law of Rowley, brought the fugitive back. To a World man, Mr. McColl said he found Rowley at Wayside Inn, in Ohio, an obscure village 100 miles from Detroit. He declared the fugitive was in the hospital there, that he had gone away to rest, and not to avoid the consequences of his defalcations. He offered no objections to returning; in fact, was anxious. McColl said he left here Sunday night for Ohio, arrived with his father-in-law at Detroit on Wednesday morning and waited until night to enter St. Thomas. He declared the man could not have made the trip alone, as he was to feeble. When asked why Rowley had removed his beard Mr. McColl asserted that it was under the advice of physicians because of the extreme heat in Ohio. He said the fugitive did not have a dollar when he ran away, and that relatives provided the money to help him leave. The gentleman denied the report that he had mortgaged his property to aid Mr. Rowley. Rumor alludes to several relatives of the family being ruined financially in their efforts to save the bank manager from the consequences of his speculative mania.

Had Relatives in Ohio.

Mr. McColl refused to state how he knew where the fugitive was, for the impulse that was responsible for his return. Remote relatives of the Rowleys live in Ohio near where the fugitive went into hiding. Many people in St. Thomas knew McColl had gone after his father-in-law, and some were informed when he would arrive here. The family knew where he was all the time, and were in communication with him. When the provincial authorities began preparations to locate the defaulter, family friends intervened to secure his surrender. It was felt certain that he would be arrested shortly after the police began seriously to search for him. It was this threat that brought him back. The bank officials are undoubtedly pleased to see him back. Rowley can save them weeks of labor in unraveling