- (c) with the 1st or superior frontal sulcus, complete in 9, incomplete in 1.
- (d) with inter-parietalis, complete in 7, incomplete in 4.

Of the 19 brains there was not one in which the fissure of Rolando had not on one side a connection with some other fissure. Altogether there were 58 connections, 35 on the left and 23 on the right side.

- II. The Sylvian fissure communicated with:
 - (a) fis. R. in 18 completely, in θ incompletely.
 - (b) with frontal sulci in 18, incomplete in 7.
- In 7 brains it existed on both sides; only absent on both sides in 3.
 - (c) with fis. inter-parietalis in 22, incomplete in 6.
 - (d) with 1st temporal in 18, incompletely in 4.
- III. The fis. inter-parietalis communicated with:
 - (a) fis. R. complete in 7, incomplete 4.
 - (b) fis. Sylv. complete 22, incomplete 7.
 - (c) 1st T. complete 19, incomplete 6.
- In the 38 hemispheres there were 51 complete and 16 shallow connections of the inter-parietalis.
- IV. The scissura hippocampi communicated with: parieto-occipital, complete 17, incomplete 2.
- V. The calloso-marginal fissure: with parieto-occipital, complete 8.
- VI. The parieto-occipital:

with inter-parietalis and horizonal occipital, complete 21, incomplete 6.

These were the most important connections; the others I shall not refer to.

The second peculiarity which Prof. Benedikt has noted in the brains of criminals is the existence of 4 horizontal gyri springing from the ascending frontal or anterior central convolution. This he regards as an animal similarity, and a reversion, so to speak, to the typical four primitive gyri of the brains of carnivora. The fourth gyrus is formed by the splitting, by a deep fissure, of either the 1st or 2nd convolution. In his latest communication