morning, noon, and evening? Give examples of other poetical expressions of time.

"Thy brother Death came." In another poem Shelley makes Death the brother of Sleep.

How wonderful is Death Death and his brother Sleep.

Which seems the more appropriate?

Line 9. Night's mantle is adorned with stars. Line 13. Why "opiate wand?"

Note the fitness of the comparison in lines 24-125. Thy sweet child sleep, the filmy-eyed,

Murmured like a noontide bee.

Mr. Fowler says of "filmy-eyed." "A whole picture in an epithet."

A LEGISLATIVE HISTORY OF NEW BRUNS-WICK EDUCATION.

JOSEPHINE H. McLATCHY. (Continued).

"And whereas difficulties have frequently arisen from the school house being the property of private individuals as built on their land; be it etc., That the justices of the peace in their respective Counties and also Trustees of Schools in the several Parishes shall, as much as in them lies, endeavor to cause the School House to be built on the public ground of any County on property conveyed to the Justices of the Peace for that purpose, who are hereby empowered to receive conveyance of the same, and to hold the same for the use of such schools; and that no School House shall be removed from one part of the Parish to another part thereof, without an order of the Justices in their General Sessions, to be made, if they shall so think of it, upon application and with consent of the majority of the Trustees."

X. "And whereas, it is expedient for the applicants for Parish School licenses to undergo an examination as to moral character, literary attainments and loyal principles, before obtaining a legal authority to undertake the highly responsible and important duty of teacher." "Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Excellency, etc., by and with the advice of His Majesty's Executive Councils, to appoint three or more persons in each and every County of this Province, who shall constitute a Board of Education in the same, and them or any of them from time to time, at pleasure to remove, and supply

with deficiency caused by such removal or death, or resignation, or absence; [by further and other applications,] to receive other and further applications from such persons as may hereafter desire to obtain Parish school Licenses for their respective counties and to appoint an early and convenient time to hold a personal examination of the applicant or applicants and to determine upon his, her or their applications and to report thereon to His Excellency, the Lieutenant-Governor," etc.

XI. The trustees may remove a teacher for immoral conduct, etc., Section III of the present Act, but must report to the Board of Education, who in turn report to His Excellency, etc.

XII. Schools established under Act 1833, 3 Wm. IV, Cap. XXXI, to continue until its date for expiring, namely, March 8, 1838.

XIII. This Act to continue in force until April 1, 1839.

[Continued by 2 Vic., Cap. 10, 1839 until April 1, 1843; also by 6 Vic., Cap. 38, 1843 "Revised and continued" until May 1, 1845; again continued by 8 Vic., Cap. 96, until May 1, 1847, then expired.]

(5). 10 Vic., Cap. LVI, Act of 1847.¹

An Act to provide for the support and Improvement of parish schools.

Passed April 14, 1847.

I. There shall be three parish trustees appointed by the Court of General Sessions at the time of the annual parish appointments.

II. Duties of the Trustees: (1) To divide the parish into as many districts as may be necessary and convenient. (2) When the inhabitants have provided a sufficient school house and means of supporting a teacher the trustees are then to agree with licensed teacher for the term of six months or one year; must give such a teacher a written memorial and "shall consider such teacher in public service." (3) To visit and inspect the school at least once in six months and are empowered to inquire into any matter pertaining to the school. (4) To admonish or reprove for defects in the routine of the school or to displace the teacher for intemperance, immorality or repeated neglect of duty. The same must be reported to the Lieutenant-Governor.

¹Taken from the Acts of New Brunswick, etc., printed in 1847, Lugrin, Fredericton.