**PROVINCE OF QUEBEC** 



95th Batt.—The designation of this battalion is hereby changed from "95th Winnipeg Battalion of Infantry" to "95th Battalion Manitoba Grenadiers."

BREVET.

To be Major, from 5th April, 1886, Capt. Andrew J. Armstrong, R.S.A., No. 4 Batt., New Brunswick B.G.A.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

and Lieut. Gustave Adolphe Tessier, S.I., No. 5 Co., 70th Batt., from 7th July, 1885.

No. 6.—CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF ARTILLERY.

First Class " Long Course," Grade " A."

and Lieut. J. A. Hesketh, London Field Battery.

SCHOOLS OF INFANTRY.

Second Class "Short Course," Grade "A."

2nd Lieut. G. A. Tessier, 70th Battalion.

## Extracts from General Orders, 28th May, 1886.

Major General Sir Frederick D. Middleton, commanding the militia, having proceeded to England, the command, during his absence, devolves on Colonel Powell, Adjutant General, to whom all reports will be made.

**REGULATIONS FOR THE ANNUAL DRILL OF 1886-87.** 

1. In order that the expenditure for drill and training of the active militia of Canada for the fiscal year 1886-87, may be kept within the appropriation made by Parliament, the strength of corps to be drilled and paid for that year has been limited as under, viz:-

Corps of infantry and garrison artillery are not to exceed 42 non-commissioned officers and men per company and battery, including regimental staff sergeants and bandsmen.

Field batteries—I major, I captain, I lieutenant, I 2nd lieutenant, I surgeon, 1 veterinary surgeon, 1 sergeant-major, 1 quarter-master-sergeant, 4 sergeants, 4 corporals, 4 bomhardiers, 1 trumpeter, 1 farrier, 58 gunners and drivers and 29 horses, including the officers' and non-commissioned officers' horses.

The regulations which follow being similar to those for last year (given in vol. I, page 102), it will only be necessary to notice the changes.

This year the whole of the New Brunswick brigade garrison artillery is considered a city corps, and the 1st provisional brigade at Guelpy, and the Winnipeg, Montreal and Woodstock field batteries are to drill in camp.

The list of proscribed corps and the allotment to the several districts this year read as follows:-

The following are not to be included in any list for drill:

a. Corps ordered for service since 1st July, 1885, and held in barracks in Ontario and Quebec, for duty.

In cases where part of a corps has been out on service, the remaining portion of that corps, if drawn for drill, will only be allowed to earn drill pay to the extent of the difference between the number which has been out on service and the establishment, on the basis provided for in this paragraph. Men who have been out on service are not to be included for drill pay.

## City and Rural Corps.

2. The maximum number of officers, non-commissioned officers and men to receive pay for drill in each district, will be

Military district	Number	I	2470	Military district	Number	8	1404
do	do	2	3496	do	do		•••
do	do	3	1931	do	do	10	622
do	do	4	1365	do	do	11	266
do	do	5	3019	do	do	12	444
do	do	6	1309			-	
do	do	7	1687				20,255

The following clauses are new:

When there are more than four battalions of infantry present they should be occasionally divided, for drill purposes only, into two brigades, and two officers, not necessarily the senior, selected to command them for practice.

All the temporary staff should be selected from among the officers of the regiments in camps, thus giving some officers opportunities of learning staff duties, and some of learning the duties of the rank above them.

The neatness and appearance of the men are to be looked to. Caps and helmets

are to be worn properly. Lost buttons and hooks carefully replaced. In making the selection of a site the qualifications for camping and moving troops, and the convenience for rifle shooting should be first considered; and then the position, as regards convenience for the assembly of the different corps.

Each camp must have a rifle range and appliances for target practice. No officer or man will be allowed to live or sleep out of camp, except by permis-

sion of the officer commanding the camp (who should invariably live in camp himself), which should only be granted as a special case.

Only one Union Jack should be flown in a camp, and that in front of the tent of the officer commanding, which should be hoisted at sunrise and struck at sunset. Regiments might use red banneroles with their number or badge thereon-the commanding officer having a larger bannerole in front of his tent.

Attention is to be paid to the cleaning of arms and appointments while in camp. In carrying out target practice, every man will fire 10 rounds at 200 yards, standing; 5 rounds at 300 yards, kneeling; and 5 rounds at 400 yards, any military posi-tion. At 200 and 300 yards the targets shall be 4 feet wide, having a bull's eye one foot diameter, centre three feet diameter, outer remainder of target. At 400 yards, target 6 feet wide, bull's eye two feet diameter, centre four feet diameter, outer remainder of target.

Examinations.-The printed questions already issued by the inspector of Artillery will be used by that officer at the inspection of artillery corps.



P. O. Box 2658, TORONTO.

Ottawa, 19th Feb., 1886.