THE TRUE WITNESS AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE.

## THE IRISH QUESTION.

THE LOYALISTS' MANIFESTO.

Bonnon, Dec. 22.—The London office of the Loyal Irish Union has issued a manifeste calling on all people to make a united effort to thwart the attempt of the Parnellites to drive the country into civil war. The programme urged by the union is as follows: That Ireland be given a form of local self-government upon a broad and equitable basis, with representation in Parliament by a Secmetary and Under Secretary chosen by the Brish members, that denominational universities and schools be assisted by the Government, that a permanent royal viceroy be appointed to reside in the viceregal castle at Dublin, that Irish industries be encouraged by the allotment to Irish manufacturers of a share in Government works, that the Irish Asheries be protected, that the harbors and ports be improved, and that judicious assistance be given, by means of loans, to railways and public works, this last provision to be controlled by the Central Board of Works. PORSTER OPPOSES HOME RULE.

Mr. Forster, formerly Chief Secretary for Ireland, denounces the scheme attributed to Mr. Gladstone for home rule. He declares that the concession of home rule to Ireland or of an Irish Parliament or of Irish independence in any form would not solve the problem, and would be fraught with danger, both to Great Britain and Ireland.

LORD GROSVENOR DENIES.

London, Dec. 22.-The recent visit to Ireland of Lord Richard Grosvenor, who was a Government official under the administration of Mr. Gladstone, gave rise to a rumor that his object was to consult with the Irisi, leaders on behalf of Mr. Gladstone. In an interview, however, Lord Richard said that .. went to Ireland merely for a week's shoot at that he saw neither Mr. Parnell nor any of his colleagues, and that he never spoke anyone on the subject. Earl Roseborry, the was a member of Mr. Gladstone's cabine , writes that he is willing to concede to Ireland on condition that unity home be maintened. Mr. Parnell has sent a letter to his colleagues with reference to his party's progr. THE GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

Parlia. view to benefit on England and Ireland, perhaps, be put in execution. and and no one was more competent than The lash party will hold a meeting in January to decide upon their policy in the coming Parliement.

MERBERT GLADSTONE AGAIN. Leader Gladstone, son of the ex-Prime Minister, has written a letter to a new associerce, in the course of which he says that the Tories will wash their at of the Irish vote in the elections. Party · Ireiand." justi.

CLEIVAN TO THE ORANGEMEN. Drig in, Dec. 22,-A meeting of the Irish League was held in Dublin to day. Nation. Solivan, member of Parliament, Mr. T. chires in which, referring to the made =: and Orangemen and other Loyalists, oppos: period those who were clamor-.. home rule as bigoted fanatics. nuestion, he said, which had the subject of bitter controversy long las between the people and the landlords, must now be brought to a final settlement. It weald be impossible, however, to guarantee the property of the landlords against the demands of the Irish race in America and Australia. He warned Ulster that if they should resist a home rule measure after its passage by the Imperial Parliament, their resistance would constitute an act of treason and it would be uselss for them to endeavor to eart themselves by fighting.

A CONSUL'S OPINION OF GERMANY. Washington, Dec. 22.—In his annual report United States Consul General Meuller. at Frankfort-on-the-main, Germany, calls attention to the reactionary tendencies prevailing in that country, bearing heavily upon the industrial and commercial relations with the United States, which tendencies, he says, explains the ill-will of official and ruling spheres against the United States. They aread, he says, American hogs and American imports generally, but still more, the imporaction of American ideas. Not only is there a tendency to retrogression noticeable, he says, in political, religious and economic spheres of life, but the barriers existing beween mankind are also fostered and multiplied to such an extent that the spirit of caste is again becoming prominent and the fendal system resurrected. He reports that the depressed state of trade and industry in Germany has continued during the past year, and that the new tariff system has proved a ailure.

#### BOILED TO DEATH.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 22 .- In Chatta nooga County, Georgia, yesterday, James Starling was killing hoge, and used a half buried hogehead as a scalding caldron, which was filled with boiling water. Starling attempted to pitch a hog into the caldron, but stumbled and fell into the seething liquid. He was boiled to death.

TEA AS PREPARED IN THE EAST. The Hunnias (Himalyan native.) drink tea which comes from China in small packets, made up of the large leaves, small branches, seeds, etc., forming a mass reduced to the smallest possible size by pres-sure, and rendered sometimes still more company by a slight addition of sheep's blood. The Hunnias travel great distances, living only on tea and what the Hindus call suffice, that is, flour made from rousted beaus or yeas. To prepare the tea they boil the leaves for some hours-all night, in fact, if they are in camp-in a small cartien pot; then they pour out the infusion into a large basin full of hot water, adding some salt and clarified butter (ghee), if they happen to have it. All these naturally make a kind of soup, and the native can live on it several months and undergo severe fatigue without taking any other nourishment. "The method adopted by the Mongols and other Tartar tribes for the preparation of tea in bricks is," says Johnston in his "Chemistry of Common Life," "it is believed, that which extracts from the leaves the greatest possible amount of nourish-They scrape the tea into fine powder and boil it in the alkaline water of the Steppes, adding some fat and salt, after which they pour off the liquid, leaving the deposit. They drink twenty, even forty glasses of this liquor in the day, mixing in it Nome boney and butter with a little roast meat; but with only a little milk instead of meat they can subsist many weeks with drink for sole sustenance

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, names, constipation, pain in the side, etc., guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One pill a dose. 25 cents. LEO TAXIL ON FREEMASONRY.

A DISTINGUISHED FRENCH BC-MASON EX-POSES THE ORDER:

The celebrated anti-clerical leader, whose conversion, or rather return, to Catholicity created such a sensation a couple of months ago, has undertaken to issue "Complete Revelations on Freemasonry," the object of which is "to tear all its masks from a sect too famous for its political and other crimes, established to combat the Catholic religion." The first volume of this important work has just appeared, and a second and concluding

volume is promised in a few days.

Believing that the best method of conquering "the mysterious soldiers of the dark-ness" is to throw light upon them and thereby weaken the force of Freemasonry by withdrawing the people from its occult power, the author addresses himself to the persons who come in contact with the people. He declares that his work will demonstrate unquestionably that Freemasons when they put themselves forward as discreet philanthropists are hypocrites, that they lie with the most audacious impudence when they present their tenebrous sect as a sort of anodyne association having no heed for politics and religion, that when they say that liberty, equality and fraternity prevail amongst them, they are imposters. "Freeamongst them, they are imposters. "Free-masonry," he says, "with its pantheistic liturgy of chapters and its execrable evocations of the Areopagi, is nothing else than the worship of Satan.'

The work begins with an extract from the encyclical of Leo XIII., Humanum genus, wherein the Holy Father counsels the unmasking of Freemasonry and the showing of it as it is, the instruction of the people, fend it, Dr. Poulin and his brother, E. Poulin, the making known to them the artifices employed by that sect to win over men and attract them into its ranks, the perversity of its doctrines and the infamy of its acts.

The author confesses, to his shame, that he for times, but he became so tiresome that the assemble at last handed him down and he would assemble at last handed him down and he would belonged to Freemasonry, and by the special assembly at last hooted him down, and he would study of it, to which he devoted himself, he a repentant sinner, makes a solumn help im to pose as a victin. This was done, reparation to the Church for his related Mr. Poulin huished in silence sponsibility for the detriment he brought to it in this period of impiety; 1. O'Kelly. Nationalist member of be would die happy if he could give his life tor Rencommon, said, in an interav, that there was now a good op- his childhood, and he joyfully confronts the porter , for settling the question of home rage which his revelations cannot fail to raise rule, that Mr. Gladstone could confer an up against him and the effects of which may,

The most important chapter is that which Mr. Gladstone to solve the Irish problem. furnishes a summary of Universal Masoury, giving, in most cases, the number of lodges of the several rites and the number of members in the several countries of the world. England, Scotland, Ireland, the United States, Germany, France and Italy stand high in this secret society. The Grand Lodge of England, York Rite, has as its Grand Master of the Res. her. i Mr. Parnell, now that they have got called Heredom, Albert Piwer. Prince of the light vote in the elections. Wales; as its substitute acting Grand Mosface is the only method of getting ter Earl Carnarvon, Royal Arch; it was brokend." established in 1717, has 2,019 bulges dependent on it, and numbers about 100,000 Masons The same Albert Edward is Grand Protector of the Grand Lodge of St. John of Sectiona, and of the Grand Ludge of Ireland, of which the Duke of Abercorn is Grand Master ; the Marquis of Headford, Royal Arch: the Eul of Bandon Grand Secretary, and which was constituted at Dublin in 1720, has 1,014 lodges and about 75,000 members. This practice of having royal personages at the head of the great lodges is also seen in Denmark, where Christian IX., King of Denmark, is Grand Protector of the National Grand Lodge of Denmark, and where the Prince Royal Christian Frederick William Charles is Grand Master, Oscar II, King of Sweden and Norway, is Regnant Grand Master, and Gustavus Adolphus, Prince Royal, Grand Master. Alexander, Prince of Orange, is National Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of the low countries; Prince Royal Frederick William of Prussia is Grand Master Protector of the Mother Lodge of the three globes, and fills a like office in lodges of minor dignity.

The United States have many, most of which are of the York. The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts was constituted at Boston in 1733; it is very ancient and powerful, and has the direction of 227 lodges, comprising about 25,250 Masons, the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania established since 1764, is one of the most important in the United States, and has the direction of 379 lodges with 34,350 Masons. The most important in the United States is that of New York, established since 1781, which has the direction of 713 lodges

with 72,000 Masons. The general total, gathered from the official records, of Masons throughout the world in 1885 is, according to M. Taxil, 1,060,095, divided into 17,016 lodges—in round figures, 17,000 lcdges and 1,000,000 of Masons. In the opinion of this author, there are no real Masons except those who are active members. The easiest way to get rid of Masonry is to cease attendance at the lodges and to neglect the payment of the usual fees. But if a man be useful to the sect every means is made use of, even solicitations which greatly resemble threats, to retain him. A million of Masons frequenting the lodges is sufficiently serious a peril without increasing it by fears of others. If only pineteen-twentieths of these were to know the purpose of those who deceive them and turn them to account, they would abandon their leaders. If the people knew how they have been imposed upon by a handful of individuals, whose principal force lies in the mystery which surrounded them, they would themselves overthrow this tenobrous power—that power which their ignor-ance of facts has established, and which their blind simplicity maintains.

The third part of this strangely interesting work is occupied entirely with a voluminous account of the organization of Masoury in France, its constitutions, statutes, and official regulations. This, of course, is technical, and therefore less generally interesting to the casual reader, though of the most profound interest to the student of human error, folly and malice. The revalations which are yet to be made, and which are the more important, will show how false are those pompous declarations which Freemasonry affects to put at the head of its constitutions, which it displays to the eyes of the "profane" world by means of journals drawn up by its members, and which it has the effrontery to speak of in its lodges wherein the Masons of recent initiation can comprehend nothing of the odious farce which is played. In conclusion M. Taxil writes :- "If on the one hand the confusing ceremonies which have been plentifully adopted for the simpleton who enters the sect do not satisfy him, he has the joyful satisfaction on the other hand of hearing a "Venerable," who is often notoriously known as a hardened atheist and materialist, speak with compuns tion of a Supreme Being and invoke the grand architect of the universe, Finally, if this sweet confraternity of persons who mingle in a tashion, fantastic at the very least, has succeeded in extracting from the pocket of the iniciated 150 or 200 france as a recompense, it has taught him how he may win applause by saying Houze three times and by spelling letter by letter J-A-K-I-N,—Pilot.

COUNTY ROUVILLE IN LINE. A SUOTCH-CANADIAN'S TRIBUTE

ANOTHER NAIL IN THE GOVERNMENT'S COFFIN-A: SUCCESSFUL DEMONSTRA-TION AND ADOPTION OF THE CHAMP DE MARS RESOLUTIONS-THE OPPOSITION TACTICS A FAILURE.

(Special to THE POST.)

MARIEVILLE, Dec. 22 -A mass meeting of the electors of the County of Rouville was held to-day at the chef-lieu Mariaville, to take actiou in the matter of the Government's policy in the Northwest and of hanging the leader of the rebellion. The meeting was called by a committee of the electors and was largely attended. Dr. Poulin, an old resident, and an old chum of Sir John A. Macdonald, has an old chum of Sir John A. Macgonald, has done all in his power during the past eight days to make the meeting a failure, or to turn it in favor of the Government. He with a small clique had made the tour of the county to draw up an opposition. But the event showed that his efforts were vain and fruitless, and that the county of Rouville, like the rest of the country, had fallen into line against the administration at Ottawa. line against the administration at Ottawa. A large number of speakers had been invited to address the meeting. Hon. Senator Bellerose, Hon. Mr Beaubien, Mr. Bergerou, M.P., Mr. Béchard, M.P., Ald. Rainville, G. Duhamel, H. J. Cloran, Mr. Lareau, Roy and others responded to the invitation. The electors came pouring into Marieville from all parts. and at 1 o'clock the chairman. Mr. Archambault. ex-Prefect of the County, announced that the time of the meeting would be divided in two equal parts to discuss the pros and cons of the question. This was accepted, and the of the question. This was accepted, and the proceedings commenced. The assemblage was remarkably quiet and undemonstrative, waiting to hear the arguments BEFORE PRONOUNCING

one way or the other. As the Governmen local member for the county, the two Poulins had net have been allowed to continue only for Hon. Mr. Beaubien's appeal to hear him out and give

and Mr. Poulin unished in silence.

The speakers who protested against the action of the Government had the assemblage towards the close cuthusiastically with them, and the resolutions of the Champ de Mars were adopted amid great cheering; the resolutions prepared by Pr. Poulin in favor of Sir John

HAVING BEEN WITHDRAWN,

Mr. Archambault, the chairman, an old Conservative, and friend of the Poulins, signed the ChampdeM reresolutions as adopted. They were Champde Mersresolutions as adopted. They were proposed by the following electors:—F. Fontaine, N. P. Gaboury, N. P. Dr. Dereal, Dr. Pinsonnault, Dr. Palsrdy, J. A. Chagnon, advocate, A. Girari, advocate, Mr. Cheval, ex. M. P. Prefontaine, Barsalou, Lemieux, F. Labouté, J. G. Labouté, B. Loiselle, Mr. Tetreault, for E. Cstigny, Mr. Arbin, Mr. Descarais, and seconded by M. V. Bertrand Nadeau, J. N. Dudannel, Moquin, A. Ponton, G. Langelier, N. Robidoux, P. Denis, P. Nateau, P. Girard, A. Denis, L. J. Masse, P. Tetreautt, Jos. G. rard, J. Fortice, H. Hamerche, J. P. Gaudet, A. F. Maynard, P. Dugais, A. Barriere, L. Authier. nard, P Dupuis, A Barriere, L Authier.

The meeting was a rousing success, and its verdict was in a very pronounced manner against Ser John Meedonald and his Government. Mr. digault, the fideral member of the county, was absent through illness, but he has gone on record, as he signed the famous despatch to Sir John pratisting against the execution of Riel.

#### A NEWLY ORDAINED PRIEST.

OUEBEC, Dec. 22.—The interesting occasion of wly-ordained Catholic priest celebrating his ters to Mass occurred in st. Patrick's Church yester (ay: the celebrant being the Rev. Father Kelly, a native of Little Champlain street, in rogatives of the priesthood was preached by the Rev. Father Hayden, C.SS.R. At the Offertory the Advent hymn, Alma Redemptoris Mater, was sung by the choir, the sole being given by Major Murray in his accustomed excellent style Mr. Adolphe Hamel, who presided at the organ, played several Irish airs before and after the service.

#### MRS. MAGEE DISCHARGED.

LONDON, Dec. 23 --- The magisterial examination in the case of John and Sarah Magces arrested on the 18th inst. at Kensington on a charge of attempting to procure money from the Prince of Wales by writing threatening letters, was held to-day. The letters referred to state that four men would be appointed to murder the Prince of Wales for £500 each, and the Magees offered to inform on the intended assassins, provided they were given £1000 and a free pardon. The detectives who were detailed to work up the case met the Magees by appointment and gave them packages containing five hundred farthings. This was done to lead the prisoners into believing by the size of the parcel that their request was being fully complied with, so that the detectives might get the whole story from the Magees and see if there was any truth in it. On Magee's discovering that the package contained farthings instead pound pieces he upbraided the Prince of for his treachery and demanded £1,500, and threatened to shoot a policeman who arrested him. The Crown prosecutor, believing Mrs. Mageo was innocent of the crime, and that she was entirely under the influence of her husband, withdrew the charge against her, and she was discharged It was proved by a draft of the letters found in Magce's pocketbook that the letters were in his handwriting. He was committed for trial.

#### THE HYDROPHOBIA SCARE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23 .- The excitement at Keyport and Mattawan, N.J., over the havee wrought by the mad dogs that bit Chas. Brittin and Nou Bucklin on Saturday is increasing. Every dog that is found unmuzzled upon the streets is shot. Seventeen were shot near Mattawan station yesterday afternoon. Two more victims have been added to the list of unfortunates, one is a 3 or 4 year old daughter of Mr. Mockriff, living near Marlboro. She was bitten in the calf of the leg, the dog's teeth inflicting a deep wound, the other a 15 year old son of a farmer named Jno. Smith, also bitten in the leg. The wounds of both have been cauterized. Bucklin will probably be taken to Paris for treatment. He is 20 years of age. Mary Frank, the 10 years old daughter of a farmer living at Brockdale, N. J., was bitten by a mad Scotch terrier on Monday. Yesterday a bloodhound on Frank's place was seized with rabies and attempted to bite a farmer, but the dog was shot.

PARIS, Dec. 23 -The four Newark boys were inoculated the second time yesterday by M. Pasteur. Replying to a question as to the condition of his patients the doctor said : "Everything in regard to their cases is satisfactory. Their general health is perfect; they have no morbid feelings, and they walk and amuse themselves in a perfectly normal manner." He is hopeful of being able to send the children home cured in the course of next | station house on a charge of attempted murder

HON, DAVID A. ROSS ON THE AGITATION-A MANLY AND INDEPENDENT LETTER WRICH SHOULD BE READ BY ALL.

Hon. David A. R. ss, who was Attorney-General of this Province under Mr. Joly's Government, has addressed a letter to the Globe as a r-presentative Scotchman of Lower Canada, which, as testimony to the French-Canadian character and the reasonableness of their atti-tude on the Riel question, is all the more procious at this juncture when Mr. Ross' retirement from public life, his long experience and his well known independence are taken into account.

QUEBEC, Dec. 1885.

To the Editor of the Globe :-Sis,—The French-Canadians being actually held up to public execration by the Ontario Tories as enemies of their fellow citizens who differ from them in blood and religious belief, I consider that I owe it to justice to lay befor you a faithful estimate of their character, as well as of their present attitude on the Riel question. I have spent my whole life among them and it has not precisely been what might be termed a short one. I belong to another race and I fess another religion; but their beautiful lan-guage is familiar to me, and some of my best friends are French-Canadians.

They have certainly their defects and their

good qualities like others. I will not seek to ex-tenuate the one or to exaggerate the other. It is both interesting and instructive to cast a

retrospective glance over the histories of Upper and of Lower Canada.

As far as the French-Canadians are concerned, does not what occurred in 1837 offer strong points of resemblance with the events which led to the trouble in the North-West? Have the Metis of the North-West not achieved by their recent rising again t favoritism, official robbery, and the disdain of the authorities for their legitimate demands to be protected, what the French-Canadians accomplished in 1837? In both cases, have there not been bad will and a tardy acknowledgement of wrongs and

grievances which have only been partially redressed ? Consequently, no one should be surprised at the powerful bond of sympathy that has been established between the French of this Province

and those of the Far-West.

Was hate of other races at the bottom of either revolt? Was it not rather the love of liberty, the impatience created by insult and exactions which drove the oppressed victums in both cases to rebellion. both cases to rebellion, apparently egainst the Queen, but in reality against the tyrants who were plundering and trampling them under foot under color of the Queen's authority?

Ella finet married Frank W. Calvert, a travelling selesman for a Cincinnati firm. He met har at home when she was a gay young girl ready to flirt, like most village maidens,

That execution was a political mistake. It was a cruelty to have, so to say, put the rape twice around Riel's neck, through the respites Briggs House while he was scouting through of which he was the object. Thrice did he his territory. The result may be imagined. suffer the agony of the preparations for a cruel and ignominious death. The caim energy with which he yielded to his fate has made him a martyr in the eyes of French Canaand ignominious death.

dians.

Are the latter more clannish than the English, the Irish or the Scotch? Impossible. It Real, that great culprit, had been a native of Devon shire, of Cork or of the Scottish Highlands, our French population here would perhaps not have sympathized with him, but they would cereainly dians. not have blamed those who ranged themselves on his side

What has been the conduct of the present

Ottawa Government on the Riel affair?
When, in my opinion, Riel should have paid with his life for the cruel morder of Scott, he got off with a light penalty; he could not reasonably explate that crime a second time.

It was on y when he was convicted of a purely political effence that he was hanged despite the supplications of nearly a whole province. What's upid clemency in the first instance what irrational tergiversations and severity in the last? It is not surprising that the official organs, to divert attention from the real authors this city. The Rev. Father O'Ryan acted as assistant priest, and Rev. Fathers Cronin, C.SS.R., and John Maguire, C.SS.R., acted as and exhort their dupes to repeat the conflict of descon and sub-deacon, respectively. An im- 1837. They are going to get war, a triumphant war over themselves, in which Canadians of origins will fight side by side.

A SCOTCH CANADIAN OF THE PROVINCE OF

MRS. WALLINGFORD AGAIN NO. TORIOUS.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 23 -The Press says: Developments have been made in the past few days which reveal the fact that the notorious adventuress, Ann Wallingford, who is well known to newspapers and police throughout the United States, has almost perfected the deepest and boldest scheme she has yet concocted. If the Wallingford woman is successful she will obtain through judgment, notes and assignment, the en tire estate of Charles Dayton Talmage, of this city, a man advanced in years, over Her frantic condition and cries for a docwhom she has obtained complete control. The estate consists of real and personal property, and is valued at between \$15,000 and \$20,000. Just how the woman obtained her known, but it is supposed their acquaintance began about five years ago, when Mrs. Wal-lingford was in Philadelphia engaged in varions questionable schemes and was defendant in the criminal libel suit brought against her | ened by the report, hurried them home, and by Goo. Benkert, brother of the well known Chestnut street shoemaker. She left the city after being acquitted of the charge.

JOSEPH COWEN'S TRIBUTE TO IRE-LAND.

LONDON, Doc. 23.—Speaking at Newcastle, Mr. Cowen, M.P., in the course of a speech on the Irish question, said: The Irish Celt, whom English caricaturists usually picture either as a gorilla or a baboon, has noble qualities. He loves the scenes where he was porn, and the roof which sheltered him from birth. He is a dutiful son, a faithful husband, and a kind father (hear hear). If his dwellings are lowly his affections are pure (cheers). He is patient in suffering, and unwavering in trust when trust is given. Like Ixion at his wheel, he eternally traces the same circle of woes. He tills a few sad acres for bare life, wears a few poor rags for bare warmth, and he seftens the hard leaven of his lot with the dews of a simple faith in Heaven (cheers.) The chivalry, the romance, the tenderness, and faithfulness of his nature have often captivated his con-querors, and turned the descendants of English planters into the foremost of Irish patriots; and it has made one member at least of the British Parliament as faithful a friend of their cause as ever the green flag fluttered over (long and prolonged cheering.)

TRIED TO KILL HIS YOUNG WIFE. NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Gerard Murray, 22 years old, a medical student, who is completing his education at college in Virginia, attempted to kill his 16-year old wife Josie, and to end his own life, early this morning in this city. The parties came here from Middicton, Eng., a short time ago. Jealousy was the cause of the attempted murder. Murray tried to make his wife swallow the contents of a bottle filled with laudanum, and failing he swallowed a dose of hydrate of chlorol. Afterwards he produced a revolver and tried to shoot her, but the landlady coming into the room wrested the weapon from his grasp. A doctor was summoned, who pumped the poison out of Murray, and he was looked up in the CO GIRA

"Stand back, gentlemen! Clear the track !" shouted the police, and as the quickly gathering growd surged qack, steamer No. come up the street, the magnificent black horses striking fire from the pavement.

But hold! A wheel comes off! The steamer is overturned, and the brave firemen arn picked up bleeding and senseless! An investigation revealed the fact that in oiling the steamer that morning the steward had neglected to put in the linch-pin. A

little neglect on his part had caused a loss of a half million dollars. The busy marts of trade are full of men who are making the same fatal mistake. They neglect their kidneys, thinking they need no attention whereas if they made occasional use of Warner's safe cure they would never say that they don't feel quite well; that a tired feeling bothers them; that they are plagued with indigestion; that their brain refuses to respond at call: that their terms are all un strung. - Fire Journal.

#### A FAMILY OF FLIRTS.

THE HAVOC OF HEARTS MADE BY THE WEED GIRLS OF WEST VIRGINIA.

MARIETTA, O., Dec. 21.—The famous Weed girls, of Guyandotte, West Virginia, have again brought themselves into prominence. Scarcely a year passes but that some member of the family makes a splash in social or sensational circles, or else an event occurs to bring their name into print. Ella, the eldest, first fought her way to fame by marrying Senator Sprague after the separation between him and Kate Chase, daught ros the late Chief Justice. Only a short time ago a younger sister made complicated handly knot by marrying Sprague's son, thus becoming the stepdaugh ter of her sister. And recently a younger sister still has carned a sensational record at home by jiling a young man of means, and eloping with a book agent. There seems to be a bewitching fascination about these Weeds, who have been reared humbly as the daughters of a poor village mechanic. Each has won the lave of many men veven to craze infatuation which has resulted in doom.

When a whole people (exception always made naturally of those whose only inspiration is titles, places and emoluments) could not obtain even by begging for it the pardon of a political even by begging for it the pardon of a political offender, is it astonishing that the people should feel deeply the outrage inflicted on them in Riel's execution? Calvert won'd not give up the road, and kept his young, ambitious wife cooped up in the The woman was thrown among guests-drummers, like ber husband--and his visits home were sometimes scenes of paintut jealousy. In time they parted. Kind-hearted Crivert permitted her to get a divorce, although he loved her madly. To save her reputation he was mute. When the to was severed be went to Cincinnati, tor Sprague and went to Europe, Calvert read town. A travelling friend who was with him relates how he was sliceted, and some think that dissipation, coupled with his brooding, killed him. The sister who married Sprague's son mot him after the marriage. Both girls had been in Washington, rumor had it, as lobbyists and especial friends of Huntingdon, the railroad magnate, who first met them in their home.

And now another sister, who recently spent family wishes. Her first love affair was with a young lawyer, who became furiously persistent. His courtship was so inflamed that she tired of it and enraged him with jealousy. She refused him several times, promised to be "always" a friend, and kept him as an adorer while loving an-One day she went with him for a other. drive. Late at night she came into town, her hat gone, driving the horse furiously, while in the buggy was the apparently dead body of her lover. In the buggy was a pistol from which a ball had been fired through his breast. It was in summer, and her white dress was streaked and soaking with his blood tor aroused public indignation and suspicion against her. But the doctor found the young man's wound serious but not fatal. She was arrested, but when he recovered his speech .fluence over Mr. Talmage is not positively and blamed himself for the shooting she was released in haste. She said, as she also stated, that he had made another proposal o marriage, which she refused. He then shot himself without a word. The horse, fright prevented death from loss of blood.

Not even this display of devotion warmed her heart, and she refused him when he recovered. Then he was bound to die, and one day carried a chair to the railroad track and sat in it waiting for the lightning express to scoop him into glory. But friends prevented such a scatter of love sick tissues, and to day he lives, sadder and somewhat redeemed. The Jew bookseller who laid siege to her hard heart won it by peculiar tactics known, perhaps, only to book agents. She left home, and now goes with him through the country as he persuades the unwary to subscribe. All three girls are pretty branettes, with a very subtle fascination which is easier felt than understood.

# BAR EXAMINATION.

The following are the names of the candidates who will present themselves for admission to practice at the Bar examination which will be held in Quebec, the 13th

N. A. Archambault, Montreal; John D. Cameron, Montreal; Hector Champagne, St. Eustache; George F. Cooke, Montreal; James Cullen, Montreal; Nap. Deziele, Montreal; Henry Duffett, Montreal; A. J. Franchere, Marieville; H. A. Germain, Montreal; A. C. de L. Macdonald, Montreal; Geo. MacLaurin, Ottawa; A. L. Marsolais, St. Jacques de l'Achigan; J. H. Migneron, St. Laurent; E. Perrault, Montreal; Louis Prevost, Montreal; Irving E. Struthers, Philipsburg; E. P. Tremblay, Montreal. A. J. Villiard, St. Ours—18. The candidates for admission to study are

as follows:—
Bryce J. Allan, Montreal; J. R. Boulet Joliette; Adolpho Chauvin, Torrebonne; C. A. M. Choquette, St. Eustache; P. L. Dupre, Montreal; Jas. A. Elliott, Berthier; Arthur Fiset, Contrecour; J. L. Ludouceur, St. Andre; A. M. Lavalle, St. Hyacinthe Wilfrid Martin, He Bizard; Henri Trudel, Montreal.

A million dollars it is stated, will weigh 13 tons in gold and 25 tons in subsidiary silver coic, and 264 tons in standard silver coin and 100 tons in the 5-cent pickels,

One Experience of Many. Having experienced a great deal of "Trouble!" frem indigestion, so much so that I came near losing my

Life! My trouble always came after eating any food--

For two or three hours at a time I had to go through the most Excruciating pains,

"And the only way I ever got" "Relief !"

Was by throwing up all my stomach contained!! No one can conceive the pains that I had to go through, until

"At last?" I was taken! "So that for three weeks

I lay in bed and Could eat nothing !!! My sufferings were so that I called two

doctors to give me something that would stop the pain. Their efforts were no good to me. At last I heard a good deal "About your Hop Bitters!

And determined to try them.' Got a bottle-in four hours I took the ontents of One !!!!!

Next day I was out of bed, and have not seen a "Sick!"

Hour, from the same cause, since. I have recommended it to hundreds of others. You have no such "Advocate as I am

GEO. KENDALL, Allston, Boston, Mass.

Dowrright Cruelty. To permit yourself and family to 'Suffer!'

With sickness when it can be prevented and cured so easily With Hop Bitters!!!

None genuine without a bunch of green Heps on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous staff with 'Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

#### A MURDERER CONFESSES.

Dublin, Dec. 25,-William Shechan, who vas convicted on the 10th instant of having murdered his mother, his brother Thomas and his sister Mary at Castletown Roche, near Cork, in October, 1877, has made a full confession of his crime, and exculpates his brother-in-law, David Browne, who is under arrest, from any participation in the triple murder. Sheehan says he was led to commit the murders by the persistency of his mother in demanding £300 dowry from Farmer Browno before she would consent to her son (the prisoner) marrying Miss Browne. Farmer Browne was willing to give his daughter a dowry of £170, but Mrs. Sheehan refused the offer. William then murdered his mother, brother made his headquarters at a hotel, and con- and sister, and threw their bodies into an old tinued his tips. He never met his wife well. He told the people he had given his again, but kept her picture constantly with mother £300 out of his marriage portion and him. Over k year ago he died suddenly of that the three missing ones had gone away to heart troubles, before any friends or relatives could be summoned. He was buried at lords. time William married Miss Browne, took mouth. When ness arronged wife married Sena. possession of the farm and remained there about two years when he was evicted for nonit in a newspaper while in some interior Ohio | payment of rent. He then left for Australia. After his departure the three bodies were discovered and he was arrested and brought back to Ireland for trial.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills-Few perons are so favored by circumstances, or so fortified by nature, as to enable them to pass unscathed the sore trials of an inclement season. With catarrhs, coughs, and influenza everywhere abounding, it should be univeragent husband, has kept up the family record sally known that Holloway's Ointment. by an elopement and marriage contrary to diligently rubbed upon the chest, checks, the worst assaults of these maladies, and securely wards off the more grave and dangerous diceases of the throat and lungs. The truth of this assertion must remain unquestioned in the face of thorsands of unimpeachable living witnesses, who have personally derived the utmost possible benefits from this treatment when their present sufferings were appalling, and their future prospects most disheartening. Both remedies act admirably together.

## WAR RESUMED.

CORK, Dec. 25 .- Representatives of the Cork Steam Packet Co. and of the Cattle Dealers' Association met yesterday to consider the concessions proposed by the steamship company yesterday. The conference progressed amicably till the last moment, when a quarrel arose and the representatives refused to sign the agreement. In consequence of the failure the cattle dealers resolved to continue the boycott.

Goo. Andrews, overseer of the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was, for over twenty years, before his removal to Lowell, afflicted with sait rheum in its worst form. Its ulcerations covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

THE AMERICANS MUST GO.

BERLIN, Dec. 25 .- The foreign office has notified Mr. Pendleton, American minister, that it is intended to expel German-Americans residing at Schleswig who emigrated to the United States just before becoming liable to military service and returned after being naturalized. The recent order of expulsion on other German-Americans remains suspended.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oll, with Hypophasphites.

In Scrofulous and Consumptive Cases. Dr. C. C. LOCKWOOD, New York, says: "I have frequently prescribed Scott's Emulsion and regard it as a valuable preparation in scrofulous and consumptive cases, palatable and efficacious."

NEGRO VS. TRAMP.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Dec. 25 .- A desperate hattle between about a dozen unknown negroes and tramps occurred near here this afternoon. The fight was the result of an attempt to drive tramps from their encampment. It lasted nearly an hour, and clubs, stones and re-volvers were used. The tramps were finally driven off, but not before one of their number had been mortally wounded and another quite seriously injured by being shot through the shoulder. The negrees escaped unharmed.

"THE LUCKY GALVESTON SCREW MAN.

John Brunton, a cotton screwman of Galveston city, held one-fifth of ticket No. 3238, which drew the Third Capital Prize of \$10, 000 in the Louisiana State Lottery Drawing of Nov. 10th, and cashed it was.—Galveston (Tex.) News, Nov. 13. Next?

Mr. Bell, the famous electrician, says tha the problem of seeing by electricity is so nearly solved as to give much encouragement to those at work in that wonderful field of physics.