ADVERTISING itself, wherever it goes by its wonderous and gratifying effects which it produces, that sterling medicinal preparation THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, is winning "golden opinions" in all parts of the United States. Testimonials constantly pour in demonstrating its superlative efficacy, in a manner as pleasing to its proprietors as it must be convincing to those who read it in the public prints, those evidences of its popularity and genuine worth. Never was there a remedy which received ampler or more satisfactory endorsements; never was there one which better deserved it. IT IS A TRIED REMEDY. Experience has demonstrated that it *not only relieves but eradicates* the most obstinate coughs, sore throat of a malignant type, catarrh of long standing, rheumatism, neuralgia, stiffness and lameness of the back, muscles and joints, piles and kidney troubles, external hurts and sores, and other bodily troubles, as well as many of the disorders peculiar to horses and cattle. That it cures *in every instance* is not pretended, but that, if systematically used, and the malady susceptible of being remedied, *it will remedy it*, is a fact amply established. Sold by all dealers. Price 25 cents Prepared only by NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto Ont. 1

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

FINANCE & COMMERCE.

TRUE WITNESS OFFICE,
TUESDAY, November 4.

Financial.

The local money market continues steady, at about former quotations. Prime mercantile paper is discounted by the banks at 7 per cent, and for other kinds 7½ to 8 is charged, as to name and date; loans on approved security are obtainable at 6 per cent on call, and 7 on time. Sterling Exchange is dull, at about 108 for sixty-day bills between banks, and 108¼ to customers. Drafts on New York rule quiet at par.

Brokers are paying 90c to 91c for Consoli dated Bank bills, 97c to 98c for Ville Marie, and 20c to 25c for Mechanics'.

One of the principal events in financial circles during the week was the reopening yesterday (Nov. 3) of the Exchange Bank for business, after a suspension of three months, during which period there have been large reductions in the bank's liabilities to the public; the circulation has been reduced from $448,149 in July to $147,775, while the deposits on demand are now $188,965.55 against $518,272.96 in July; though of this latter amount $200,000 was due to another bank and should not have been classed as part of the liabilities to the public, so that the actual reduction in the general deposits payable on demand is from $318,272.96 to $138,965.55. To meet these liabilities to the public the bank has strengthened its position, so that they could be paid in gold at any moment. A particular feature in the bank's statement of its affairs is the occurrence of $258,936.31 as "liabilities not included under other heads," and which it must be explained is, with the exception of $50,000 still due on bank premises, entirely composed of liabilities to other banks, which, according to the ruling in the recent trial of Consolidated Bank directors, should not be placed under the head of "deposits," or as "due to other banks." The total liabilities are now $698,808 59, against $1,300,391.42 at the time of suspension, while the assets amount to $1,708,890.40.

Public opinion generally regards the decision of the Directors and Shareholders of the Ville Marie Bank to go into liquidation as wise, it being considered the best course, under the circumstances, that could be pursued There is still quite a sufficient number of, if not too many, banks in the Province for the business to be done. A Committee has been appointed to act with the Directors in winding up the bank, and an adjourned meeting of shareholders will be held early next month.

Application will be made at the next session of Parliament for an act to authorize the winding up of the affairs of the Consolidated Bank, to prevent its going into insolvency, and it is understood that a clause is to be inserted, providing for the resumption of business. Meanwhile the Insolvent Court has granted an extension of 40 days to the Bank, and appointed Messrs. Mont, Moffatt and Campbell to make a report on the state of the institution.

—The Quebec Bank has declared a dividend of 3 per cent for the current half year.

—The traffic receipts of the Great Western Railway for the week ending the 24th ult. were $113,788.98, compared with $88,022.86 for the corresponding week ending on the 25th of October, 1878, being an increase of $25,766.12.

—The Grand Trunk Railway return of traffic for the week ending 25th Oct., 1879, compared with the corresponding week of 1878, shows an increase of $31,601:

	1879.	1878.
Passengers, mails and express freight	$ 65,032	$60,711
Freight and live stock	$155,198	127,916
Total	$220,230	$188,628

The increase in the past sixteen weeks amounts to the sum of $169,978.

Business Troubles.

—Jeremie Cardinal has attached Jos. Gagnon for $35. C. O. Perrault, assignee.

—Louis Perrault has attached Alexander Belanger, tinsmith. C. O. Perrault, assignee.

—Wm. Kinloch *et al.* have attached Arthur Beaufoy, trader, for $234.68. A. Moffatt, assignee.

—Louis Payette *fils*, bookbinder, has been put into insolvency on a writ taken by Ernest Castonguay.

—Felix Richer *dit* Laflèche, hotel keeper, has been attached by Philippe H. Roy for $246. C. Beausoleil, assignee.

—Alfred Myette has issued a writ against Frs. X. E. Maille, contractor and trader. Amount of demand, $223.40. A. Bourbonniere, assignee.

—Messrs. Ames, Holden & Co. have taken out a writ of attachment against William Whelan, boot and shoe dealer, for $241.99. A. H. Plimsoll, assignee.

—Charles A. Pratt, of Longueuil, has been attached; C. O. Perrault, assignee.

—A writ of attachment has issued through the office of A. Bourbonnier, of this city, against Joseph Lavigne, of Riviere du Loup, trader.

—Writs of attachment have been issued against Chas. N. Cock, general store, of Truro; W. F. Kelley & Son, of Shelbourne; and E. C. Seely, general dealer, Port Medway, N.S.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE CITY WHOLESALE TRADE.

TUESDAY, November 4.

The revival of trade, the first signs of which were noted in these columns several weeks ago, continues, but while the improvement has been sustained, we do not find the city wholesale trade quite so excited as it was during the two weeks previous to the one under review. Prices, however, for almost everything except breadstuffs, have remained firm, and for groceries and chemicals they have reached higher figures than have been known for many years. Country merchants, who are getting in their winter stocks before navigation closes, have materially reduced the stocks of staple groceries held here. The change in the weather has had a most desirable effect in stimulating the demand for woollens and general winter dry goods. This is one of the best seasons the farmers have experienced for many years, as fair prices are being realized for all kinds of produce, and especially grain. During last week wholesale prices for flour and wheat in this city declined considerably, in sympathy with a heavy fall in Liverpool and the Western markets, and for several days buyers have been holding off In provisions this market rules quiet, with prices for butter and cheese very firm, but not much altered since our last review; butter is quoted 1c to 2c higher than on last Tuesday.

Superior Extra	$5 90	@	5 95
Extra Superfine	0 00	@	5 85
Fancy	0 00	@	0 00
Spring Extra, new ground	0 00	@	5 80
Superfine	5 50	@	5 55
Strong Bakers'	6 10	@	6 40
Fine	0 00	@	0 00
Middlings	0 00	@	0 00
Pollards	0 00	@	0 00
Ontario Bags	2 85	@	2 90
City Bags (delivered)	0 00	@	3 15
Oatmeal, Ontario	4 60	@	4 65
Cornmeal	2 90	@	2 95

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Wholesale manufacturers report trade brisk, the demand for winter goods having shown a marked improvement, owing no doubt to the cold weather having set in. Country dealers are also beginning to pay the recently advanced prices without complaint. Orders received from travellers are reported very good and an active business is expected to be done this month. Remittances have also improved since our last report.

DRY GOODS.—Recent atmospheric changes have stimulated the demand for winter goods, woollens, etc. and therefore orders by letter and per travellers during the week have been fairly numerous. From all that we can learn this department of trade is also beginning to "boom." Travellers report a much more hopeful feeling among country retailers, and the winter trade is expected to be good. Stocks, although not large in any one department are, through the use of the cable, kept remarkably well assorted. Remittances are decidedly better than at the corresponding date last year. In one large house we were told that the cash receipts for the first three weeks in October were more than double the amount for the whole of October last year.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—This market remains unsettled. The demand for all kinds of drugs has been active, and in sympathy with English and leading American markets there has been a general advance in prices here. Quotations cannot be given with any degree of certainty, as for all staple articles they are being altered every day or two. Bicarb soda has moved up from 25c to 40c, and under a healthy demand it cannot be bought for less than $3.50. Soda-ash has sold at $2, and caustic soda at $2.75 to 3, while sal soda has advanced to $1.50. Remittances have improved during the week, and the trade is very encouraging. A despatch from Liverpool received here yesterday says:—"The past has been a busy, excited week in the chemical market, leaving prices again on a higher level than before. So far as Lancashire is concerned this was in continuation of the strong upward tendency previously developed; but, as was both probable and natural, Newcastle has joined in the movement, and again neared its usual parity with the local market."

FURS.—There is scarcely anything doing in raw furs as yet. A few small skins, chiefly skunk and rat, have arrived, and the former sold at 50c and the latter at 10c for large and 5c for small. European advices recently received here are unfavorable, and it is thought that prices may rule lower this year than last; they are not yet fixed for the season, however. In manufactured furs business has improved, a better demand having been experienced concurrently with the change of weather.

GROCERIES.—The grocery trade continues active, at advancing prices, which are likely, judging from reports of foreign markets, to continue firm. Numerous sales to western dealers have been made here during the week. In *teas* a good jobbing trade for the country has been done, at full prices, but the excitement has subsided. Business is somewhat restricted for want of stock of all kinds from first hands. Japans have been less active, if anything, as retailers are now pretty well stocked; sales of round lots have been made at from 35c to 45c. Black teas have been in good demand, at from 32½c to 52½c for medium to fine. Greens are in active request, especially Young Hysons, which are scarce; for good sweet drawing, 35c to 60c is readily obtained, as to grade. Green teas have further advanced in value about 2d per pound in England. In *sugars* refiners here have sold out all their stocks of yellow grades, principally to Ontario buyers. Prices are now quoted at 8¾c to 9¼c for yellow, 10½c to 10¾c for granulated, and 10c to 10¼c for grocers' a. New York market has been excited with advancing prices during the week. Syrups during the week have also advanced about 5c per gallon, and buyers are operating freely at the new figures. In Malaga fruit, buyers are moving cautiously, owing to the apparent high prices, while holders appear confident of a further advance. Valencias are quoted at 7¾c to 8c. Currants are moving off in a small way at from 6c to 7¼c as to quality for new, old being held at 5½c. In *rice*, large sales have been made at from 4¼c to 4½c. *Spices* have advanced 10 per cent all round on specials. *Coffees* have advanced 1c to 2c per lb., and the demand is good at the advanced figures. Starch is also a trifle dearer.

HIDES AND SKINS.—The market for green hides from first hands has been quiet during the week. No 1 inspected, $10 to $10 50 per 100 lbs; No 2 $9 do, and No 3 $9 do; calfskins, 10c per lb; sheepskins, 80c to $1 each; tallow, rough, 3c to 3½c per lb.

HARDWARE.—Business continues active, the demand being good for all kinds of heavy hardware and iron, at firm prices, with an upward tendency in some cases. There is not much *pig iron*, however, changing hands; stocks are light, and nearly all on passage from England has been sold, to arrive. Prices are very firm; we hear of a sale of one lot of Hematite yesterday at $30 per ton. A good many orders are being received for general lines of goods now, as the close of navigation approaches. *Canada Plates* are very scarce; there are very few lots offering in the English market; and there being an unusual demand for them all to arrive here have been sold at firm prices, which still tend upward. *Tin Plates* are also firm, at quotations, and *Cut Nails* are very scarce, while makers report that they will not be able to overtake arrears of orders this year.

PIG IRON, per ton—			
Gartsherrie	$28 00	to	30 00
Summerlee	28 00		29 00
Langloan	27 00		28 00
Eglinton	26 00		27 00
Calder No. 1	26 00		27 00
Carnbroe	26 00		27 00
Hematite	28 00		00 00
BAR, per 100 lbs:—			
Scotch and Staffordshire	2 00		0 00
Best do	2 20		2 45
Sweden and Norway	4 00		5 00
Lowmoor and Bowling	6 00		6 50
CANADA PLATES, per box:—			
Glamergan	4 00		4 25
Garth & Penn	4 00		4 25
F. W. & Arrow	4 25		4 50
Hatton	0 00		0 00
TIN PLATES, ℔ box—			
Charcoal, I.C.	7 50		7 75
Bradley	8 50		8 75
Charcoal, I.X.	9 50		9 75
Charcoal, D.C.	7 00		7 25
Coke, I.C.	7 00		7 25
Tinned Sheets, No. 24, Charcoal, Cookley, K, of Bradley, per lb	0 12		0 12½
Galvanized Sheets, best brands, No. 28	7 25		8 00
Hoops and Bands, ℔ 100 lbs	2 75		0 00
Sheets, best brands	2 75		0 00
Boiler Plate, ℔ 100 lbs	2 60		2 75
Best do	3 00		3 45
Cut Nails, per 100 lbs, 3 in. to 7 in.	2 75		2 80
Do do 2½ to 2¾ in.	3 00		0 00
Shingle do	3 25		0 00
Lath do	3 75		0 00
Pressed Spikes	3 25		3 50
LEAD—			
Pig, per 100	5 00		5 25
Sheet	5 50		6 00
Bar	0 5½		0 5½
Shot	6 00		7 00
STEEL—			
Cast, ℔ lb	0 11		0 00
Spring, ℔ 100 lbs	3 00		3 25
Best, do warranted	5 00		0 00
Tire, do	2 75		3 00
Sleigh Shoe	2 25		2 50
Ingot Tin	0 28		0 30
do Copper	0 19½		0 20
Horse Shoes	3 50		4 00
Proved Coil Chain, ⅜ in	4 25		4 50
Anchors	4 75		5 50
Anvils	0 08		0 10
Wire, ℔ bdl. of 63 lbs Nos 0 to 6	1 70		1 80

LEATHER—Dealers reported to-day that trade was not quite so brisk as last week, the demand from manufacturers being less active. There is no change in prices since our last report, but holders are as firm as ever. *Sole* leather is, if anything, firmer, in sympathy with the advance of about 1c in New York during the week. Remittances are fairly satisfactory.

Hemlock Spanish Sole, No 1 B. A., per lb	0 25	..	0 26
Do. Do. No. 2 B. A.	0 23	..	0 24
Buffalo Sole, No. 1	0 20	..	0 21
Do. do. No. 2	0 18	..	0 19
Hemlock Slaughter, No. 1	0 24	..	0 27
Waxed Upper, light & medium	0 38	..	0 40
Do. do. heavy	0 34	..	0 37
Grained Upper, light	0 35	..	0 40
Splits, large	0 28	..	0 32
Do. small	0 23	..	0 27
Calf, 27 to 36 lbs., per lb	0 55	..	0 65
Do. 18 to 26 lbs., per lb	0 45	..	0 60
Sheepskin Linings	0 25	..	0 30
Harness	0 25	..	0 30
Buff Cow per foot.	0 13	..	0 16
Enamelled Cow do	0 15	..	0 16
Patent Cow do	0 15	..	0 16
Pebbled Cow do	0 13	..	0 16
Rough Leather do	0 25	..	0 27

WOOL.—There has been a better enquiry for foreign wools during the week, and holders are very firm; prices have advanced fully 1c per lb. Greasy Cape has sold at 17c to 17½c, and New Zealand at 27½c. Domestic wools remain steady, at 20c to 22c for fleece, 24c to 25c for pulled, and 24c to 28c for super.

THE FARMERS' MARKETS.

Bonsecours and St. Ann's—Prices at Farmers' Waggons, etc.

TUESDAY, November 4.

The offerings of grain and meats, etc., at these markets to-day were fairly large, but the supply of vegetables and fruit was small compared to that of previous market days during the season. This, however, is to be expected now as the season for vegetables, etc., is far advanced; the supply notwithstanding was sufficient for the demand, as the attendance of buyers has also visibly fallen off. We have no important changes to note in prices for grain, meats, poultry, dairy produce, or vegetables, unless for onions, which have advanced from $1.25 to $2 per barrel since last Tuesday. One or two Boston buyers are purchasing all the good onions they can get hold of in this market, as they are scarce, at advancing prices, in the "hub of the universe," hence the advance here. Malaga grapes have advanced to $5.50 per barrel, and California pears, the only kind of pears now in the market, are sold at $4 per box. Poultry was reported rather scarce to-day, but prices are unchanged.

The following are the prices, corrected up to date:—

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 30c to 35c per bushel; carrots, 30c to 40c per bushel; onions, 40c per bushel; choice onions at $2.00 per barrel; parsnips, 75c per bushel; beets, 10c per bushel; turnips, 40c per bushel; celery, 25c to 30c per dozen; radishes, 10c per dozen; cabbage, 20c to 35c per dozen, or 4c per head; lettuce, 10c to 15c per dozen bunches; cucumbers, 40c to 75c per barrel; cauliflowers, 75c to $1.20 per dozen; tomatoes, 25c to 30c per bushel; sweet corn, 5c to 8c per dozen ears.

FRUIT—Apples, $1.25 to $3.00 per barrel; lemons, 30c per dozen; $9.00 per case; oranges, none in market; cranberries, 50c to 70c per peck; California winter pears at $4.00 per box; grapes, Concord, 7c per lb., by the basket; Dianas, 10c do; Malaga, $5.50 per keg of 50 lbs.

GRAIN, ETC.—Oats, 65c to 75c per bag; buckwheat, 45c to 50c per bushel; peas, 80c per bushel; soup peas, 90c to $1.00 per bushel; bran, 70c per cwt; cornmeal, $1.20 to 1.25 per bag; barley, 50c to 60c per bushel; corn, $1.30 to 0.00 per bag; Canadian corn, $1.20; moulie, $1.00 to 1.20 per bag; buckwheat flour, $1.80 to 1.90 per cwt; oatmeal, $2.50 to 2.60 per bag.

FARM PRODUCE.—Butter—Prints, 20c to 25c per lb; lump, 00c to 00c per lb; Eastern Townships, tub, 18c to 20c. Fine cheese, 12c to 12½c per lb; ordinary, 10 to 11c. Maple sugar, 8c to 9c per lb. Lard, 9c to 10c. Fresh eggs, 22c to 26c per dozen; packed do, 16c to 18c.

POULTRY AND GAME.—Turkeys, $1 00 to 1.50 per pair; geese, 80c to 1.25 per pair; ducks, tame, 50c to 60c; pigeons, 20c to 25c per pair; chickens, 30c to 60c per pair; quails, 00 per dozen; prairie hens, 00c to $0.00 per pair; snipe, $2.50 per dozen; plovers $2 doz; partridges, 50c to 60c per pair.

MEAT.—Beef—Roast beef (trimmed), 10c to 12c; sirloin steaks, 10c to 12c; mutton, 6c to 10c; veal, 5c to 10c; pork, 8c to 10c; ham, 12c to 13c; bacon, 12c to 13c; fresh sausages, 9c to 12½c; Bologna sausages, 12c to 15c; dressed hogs, $6.00 to $6.50 per 100 pounds.

FISH.—Haddock, 6c; codfish, 6c; mackerel, 12½c; bass and dorey, 40c to 50c per bunch; olivet, 12½c per lb; lobsters, 10c do; perch, 10c to 30c per bunch; rock bass, 15c per bunch; smoked eels, 25c to 40c per couple.

The Apple and Potato Trade.

The demand for winter apples in this market for export to Great Britian is reported less active than during last week. This is doubtless owing to advices received here of easier prices in England; the latest sales in Liverpool of Canadian apples were made at 16s to to 20s per brl,—a decline of at least 5s on the prices quoted in England last week. Latest advices by mail from Liverpool report sales of potatoes shipped from this city at 5s 3d to 5s 6d per cwt. for one lot, and 6s 3d to 6s 6d for another. Last year the value of potatoes imported into Great Britain was $11,900,000, and this season it is estimated the imports will reach $20,000,000 in value. The Province of Quebec has this year produced the heaviest crops of potatoes ever remembered, and the quality has turned out remarkably fine. The crop has also been housed or pitted in first-class condition. The local market is at present quiet, with some enquiry for shipment, but owing to the excessive supply prices are still low. A sale of 600 bags of Chilis at 47½c is reported. Prices current range from 45c to 50c, while at the corresponding date last year they were from 80c to 90c per bag.

THE CATTLE MARKETS.

St. Gabriel.

Monday, November 3.

The receipts of live stock at Point St. Charles during the past week comprised about 26 carloads cattle and 12 cars hogs; they were nearly all offered for sale on the local markets, and so far as can be ascertained, there were no shipments direct to Europe during the week. Shippers state that there is great difficulty in procuring freights, and one or two leading exporters in this city intimate that they will ship no more cattle until about the middle of the present month.

The offerings of live stock at St. Gabriel market to-day were altogether about 15 car-loads, as follows:—Mr Laporte, 19 head cattle from the Don; A Armstrong, Ingersoll, 2 cars cattle for shipment and 47 hogs from the Don; L Alger, 1 car cattle and hogs from Colborne; M Mastermann, 86 hogs from Stratford (for his own use); Jas Eakins, 2 cars cattle from Port Hope; D Coughlin, 15 head cattle and 40 hogs from Toronto; J C Coughlin, 1 car hogs from the Don; Messrs. Adams & Co., 71 hogs, from Detroit Junction; John Stagg, Brockville, 21 head of cattle; George Sparks, Ottawa, 1 load of cattle; and T Jones, Ottawa, 2 loads of cattle. John Stagg sold his load to R J Hopper & Co for $525; R J Hopper also bought Mr Sparks' load for $540, and 21 head from T Jones for $483. John Donnel, of Rockwood, sold 1 car of hogs to John Cochlin at $4 65 per cwt. Thos Bonner, Toronto, sold 1 car hogs at $4 65 to 4 75. M Laporte of Mildmay, sold 15 head of oxen averaging 1,475 lbs each to John Ryan & Co., Quebec, at 3¼c per lb; also 5 head small cattle at $25 each. S Price bought 1 load cattle from T Jones at $23 each, and 1 load from L Alger at $19 each. Wm Morgan, of Oshawa, is reported to have sold one load of hogs at $5 10 per cwt.

SHIPMENTS THIS WEEK.

J C Coughlin will ship 860 hogs per the Ocean King, and 600 head more on the steamship Riversdale to Great Britain this week. John Ryan & Co, Quebec, are buying several carloads hogs and sheep to-day and to-morrow for shipment to Liverpool this week.

Viger.

The receipts of live stock at this market to-day included 200 head cattle, of which about 150 head were from the western market; about 800 sheep, a dozen calves, and some 15 hogs. There was a good attendance of local butchers, and a fair demand for cattle, the quality being generally good for local purposes. Prices paid ranged from 2½c to 3½c, none being sold at over 3½c. James Eakins, of Port Hope, sold 1 load small cattle to local butchers at $20 to 25 each. R. J. Hopper & Co. bought 24 head cattle for $540; 21 head for $521; 21 head for $483, and 18 do for $400. Out of these this firm sold 40 head to local butchers at from $16.00 to 34.00 each, as to quality. The quality of the sheep offering was considered poor, and sales were reported at $3.50 to 4.50 each. The lambs were all of good size and in good condition, prices paid ranged from $2.00 to 3.50 each. There were no buyers for shipment on the market. Calves met with a steady demand at various prices, according to quality; good veal now commands a higher price in proportion than beef. For first-class calves $15 to 18 each has been paid; for seconds, $8 to 12, and thirds, $3 to 7. There had been no sales of hogs up to noon; those offering were all of lean quality, and met with no demand from butchers.

November 4.

At Viger Cattle market to-day the arrivals were about 50 head cattle, 10 milch cows, 80 lambs, and 5 each of calves and hogs. There was a good steady demand for the milch cows, all of which were sold at $30 to 45 each, but there was no enquiry for beeves, and no sales were reported. Lambs sold at $2.50 each, calves at $5 to 12 each, and lean hogs at $5 to 8.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The trains of horned cattle due in New York early on Monday forenoon did not all of them arrive on time. This served to retard sales, and at 1.45 p.m. business was still going on. The herds ranged in quality from poor to coarse, with a good top. Sales were effected on 55 to 56 lb., net; a few top quality steers obtained 5¾ lb., net. At Sixtieth Street Yards prices were 7c to 10½c per lb., weights 5½ to 10½ cwt. At Harsimus Cove Yards prices ranged from 6½c to 10½c per lb., weights from 5 to 9½ cwt. Milch Cows sold at $30 to $60 per head, calves included. Grass-fed Calves almost unsaleable; over 300 head remained unsold shortly after noon, prices 2c to 3c per lb; meal-fed calves slow of sale at 4c to 5c per lb; lean veals also slow of sale at 4c to 5½c per lb; fair quality veals in fair demand at 5½c to 7c per lb. Sheep and lambs free of sale at current rates, which were steady; quality of the flocks to hand coarse to choice; sheep sold at 3½c to 5c per lb; lambs, 4½c to 6½c per lb; mixed flocks, $4.75 to 5.50 per cwt; bucks, 3½c per lb; ewes 4c per lb. Live hogs in active demand at $4 12½ to 4.31½ per cwt; city dressed opened brisk at 5½c to 5¾ per lb, all weights included.

On Monday last, at the Sixtieth street yards, New York, 3,903 Canada lambs sold at $5 50 to 6.30 per 100 lbs, and 160 Canada sheep at $4.12½ to 4.50 per 100 lbs.

British Cattle Markets.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 22ND, 1879.

LONDON—Best Beef, 7½d to 8d per lb; inferior, 5½d to 6½d per lb; best mutton, 9d to 9½d per lb; inferior, 6½d to 8d per lb. There was a large supply of cattle at the market to-day, but many of them of inferior quality. The general trade ruled exceedingly slack. The sheep pens were fairly stocked, and buyers scarce. The trade ruled slowly, and, except for quite the choicest quality, prices were ½d per lb down, and a clearance was not effected.

LIVERPOOL—Best beef, 6½d to 7d per lb; inferior, 5d to 6½d per lb; mutton, 7d to 9d per lb. Best qualities of stock scarce and in very good demand. Middling and inferior plentiful, and prices much the same as last week.

GLASGOW—Best beef, 8d to 8½d per lb; best mutton, 8d to 8½d per lb. There was a short supply of cattle at market this day, generally of middling and inferior quality; good sorts very scarce and in demand at last week's prices; inferior very dull. Fair numbers of sheep, and many of them of middling quality. Top sorts in demand at last week's prices. Inferior and middling dull; inferior unsaleable.

The demand this week has been dull for everything but first class quality.

Montreal Horse Market.

TUESDAY, November 4.

Business in horses here was dull during the past week, only 52 horses having been shipped to the United States, against 150 during the week previous. The exporters are now tolerably well supplied, and the demand is expected to fall off considerably during the winter. The supply of desirable horses offering in this market since the date of our last report has been rather small, but buyers at the American House yards are also reported to have been scarce. About three carloads were shipped from these yards to New England by Messrs. Snow, of Boston, Nois, of Lowell, Mass., and Cooper, of Mass. Lower prices were paid than during the previous week, the range being from about $60 to 80. Sellers generally hold out for more money, however.

On the Corporation market a pair of greys sold for $200 and a fine draught horse, 1,400 lbs. weight, for $150; one bay at $90; and two inferior nags changed hands at $20 and $11 each, respectively. The City Passenger Railway Co. bought the finest animals in the lot. A Dutch trader sold a heavy team, 2,800 lbs, to the Grand Trunk Railway Company for $375. A span of fancy carriage horses is reported to have been sold on Saturday for $450. The by-law concerning sales of horses in Montreal, which has been on the civic statute book for some time is now to be properly enforced. Dues are to be collected by men detailed for the purpose from all owners of horses arriving by boat or rail, and the exhibition or trotting of such animals on the street is to be stopped.

There was a heavy falling off in the shipments of horses from this port during the past week. Following is the list as entered at the American Consul's office in this city:—October 27, 21 horses at $1,718; October 30, 1 at $90, 6 at $420, 17 at $1,660; November 1, 7 at $787. The total number of horses shipped was 52, the total value of which was $4,615, against 150 horses, costing $12,791.50, shipped during the week previous—a decrease of 98 horses, and $8,176.50.

Montreal Hay Market.

MONDAY, November 3.

The offerings of hay and straw on the College street market during the past week included about 400 loads. The best Timothy hay readily commands $7.50 to 8.00 per 100 bundles, but the supply is still very limited. Common hay is sold at $6.50 per one hundred bundles. Straw is reported almost a drug on the market; prices are easier, quoted at $2 to $4 per 100 bundles. Pressed hay continues in fair demand, at $8.50 to $10.50 per ton, as to quality; and baled straw is worth $6 per ton.

Montreal Fuel Market.

MONDAY, Nov. 3.

Prices for Anthracite coal in Montreal have advanced twice since our last weekly report. The second advance was made last Saturday, when dealers here commenced to sell at $7 per ton for stove coal; $6 75 for egg, chestnut and furnace, and $5.50 for soft grate All the leading American coal companies advanced prices for all grades another 25c per ton on the 1st November, but the advance here is due to the unusually light stocks held here, for this season of the year, and the increased demand that has followed the advent of cold weather, as much as, if not more, than to any other cause. On Nov. 1st, 1878, stocks for the season were nearly completed, while to-day a large number of back orders have yet to arrive, and some of our large dealers, owing most probably to the difficulty experienced in obtaining freights, seem to have put off getting in their supplies from the States, until now only one or two large dealers in this city have any considerable quantity of hard coal on hand; consequently they are doing all the business, and other dealers are, for the time being at least, losing their customers. One large firm is reported to have stopped selling until they can get in their winter stocks, while another coal firm is doing an active business in small orders of from one to five tons each, at the advanced prices. Such has been the short-sighted policy pursued by some of our coal magnates, who now find it more difficult than ever to procure freights, at rates ranging from $4.50 to 2.75, compared with $2.00 last year. Deducting the duty of 50 cents per ton, coal is very little higher here this fall than at the corresponding time last year, when stove coal sold at $6.25 per ton, egg at $6, and chestnut at $5.75. Prices for soft coal are nominally unchanged, and there is only a moderate demand experienced from founders and steamboat men, etc.

The demand for hardwood is becoming more active, especially on the wharves and at the Canal, but sales are reported at unchanged prices.

COAL—Retail prices per ton, delivered for cash: Stove, $7.00; chestnut, 6 75; egg, 6 75; furnace, 6 75; Scotch grate (soft), 5 50: Scotch steam, 4 75 to 5 00; Sydney steam, 3 75 to 4 00; Pictou do, 4 25 to 4 50; coke, per chaldron, 3 50.

WOOD—Retail prices per cord at the wharf, cartage extra: Long maple, 3½ feet, $5 50; long birch, 3½ feet 4 75; long beech, 3½ feet, 4 50; short maple, three feet, 4 50; short birch, three feet, 4 00; short beech, three feet, 3 75; short tamarac, 2½ to 3 feet, 3 00 to 4 00; short hemlock, 2½ to 3 feet, 2 00 to 2 25.

The Lumber Trade.

An Ottawa despatch says:—The shipment of lumber direct by the Q., M., O. & O. railway, for Messrs. John Rochester, M.P., and Perley and Pattee, per account of Lidgerwood & Co., of Philadelphia, for the English market, per sailing vessel from Quebec, was completed to-day (Monday). This is the first transaction of supply in lumber for Quebec shipment abroad direct by railroad from Ottawa, and opens up the possibilities of a very large and profitable trade in the future, enabling the saw mill owners and shippers to do prompt transactions and take advantage and sudden rises and demand.

The Quebec Markets.

QUEBEC, October 31.—LUMBER—Rafts have now about ceased coming in for the season. Receipts this year, as compared with the same time last year, show a falling off in round figures; Waney Pine, 400,000 feet; White Pine, 5,400,000 feet; Red Pine, 600,000 feet; Oak, 700,000 feet. A great number of rafts of square timber have changed hands during the past week at an advance on previous prices. A large sale of board pine is reported; the prices have not transpired, but it is certainly at a substantial advance on former quotations. In larger averages of waney board pine there is an advance of three cents per foot for prime quality. There is decidedly a better feeling in deals, both pine and spruce, the formerly especially, of which a large sale of first quality has been made at very much advanced rates. Two of our timber firms are reported to be buying largely in anticipation of a heavy season's business next year.

FREIGHTS.—The chartering season may be considered over for this year. There are no open vessels now in port, and it is not likely any more will arrive. A couple of chartered vessels are, however, yet due to arrive. The only vessel taken up during the week has been the barque Lydia, chartered for the Clyde for boards and deals, at figures which have not transpired, but supposed about 95s, which are the best figures obtained this season. Good rates of freight could now be obtained for several vessels were any offering. River and Gulf Freights—There is some freight offering for towns and villages eastward and in the Gulf, but there is almost nothing doing in river freights for the west; quotations are:—To Montreal: Salt, 6c to 7c per sack; coals, 60c to 65c per ton; sawn lumber, per 1,000 feet, board measure, $1.00 to 1.10. From Montreal to Quebec: Flour, 8c per barrel, 4c per bag; pork, 10c per barrel; heavy goods, $1.00 per ton. From Quebec to Summerside, Charlottetown, Gaspe, Pictou, &c., 50c per barrel and $5.00 per ton per steamer; per schooner, 35c to 40c per barrel.

SALT—Receipts during the week have been 2,017 sacks ex-steamship on freight. No transactions reported; selling ex-store at 60c. Dealers have ample stocks for all local wants.

COAL—There have been no receipts during the week and no transactions are reported. Stocks on hand are not very large, and will seemingly barely suffice for the balance of the season and early spring wants. The market is very firm and dealers can almost obtain their own prices in retailing ex-wharf. There is a considerable demand for American hard coal, and about twenty-five per cent more has been received here this season than last.

FISH—Receipts of the past week consist of one cargo of Labrador herrings, 1,100 brls, which were sold at $5 15 per brl. About 200 brls North Shore herrings sold at $4 to $6, according to quality; 300 brls green codfish sold at $4 25 to $4 50 for No 1, and $2 75 to 3 00 for No 2.

OIL—Receipts during the week, 87 barrels Cod Oil. Transactions were at 38c to 40c, and the market is firm.

Halifax Markets.

Halifax October 30.—During the past week business has been active in some branches. Three arrivals from the West Indies brought 100 brls sugar and 190 puns. 6 hhds molasses, and salt and lime juice. The outward vessels numbered six, and they took 1,122 tcs, 100 drums, 340 casks, 285 boxes and 390 half boxes of dry fish, 468 brls mackerel, 744 brls herrings, with 1,586 brls potatoes. Besides these sailing vessels the steamer Beta took out for Bermuda and St Thomas about 750 qtls of dry fish, some mackerel and herring, and 1,870 brls potatoes, and the Cortes took the New York for the West Indian market 500 drums dry fish.

DRY FISH—The receipts for the week were 15,785 qtls and shipments 11,278 qtls. Labrador Dry Fish is very irregular; sales have been made at $2.30, 4 months, and within the same day others have sold at $2.60. The bulk of the sales of this fish from Western ports have been on private terms, and although some refuse to sell at $2.70, and declare they will take them home. Mackerel receipts for the week were 1,355 bbls, and shipments 2,051 bbls, chiefly to the New York market, which took 1,228 bbls.

HERRING—The receipts for the week are 2,571 barrels, and shipments 1,826 barrels. Alewives unchanged; 500 barrels were sold ex store at $3.50. Receipts—20 brls; shipments, 55 brls. Cod oil is quoted by some buyers at thirty-seven cents and 38 cents, but still good clean lots of small size are being picked of the vessels at 39c to 40c.

FLOUR—Remains at about last week's quotations; receipts, 2,826 brls.

POTATOES—Are lower in price; receipts, 14,025 bushels; shipments, 12,965 bushels.

OATS—Are held at 41c to 42c in cargo from P E. Island, and a shade lower for Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. No Quebec oats are on the market.

APPLES—Realizing larger prices here than for years, owing to the small crop.

London Grocery Market.

LONDON, October 31.—In Mining Lane the past week was again marked by great animation, with further speculative movements at higher rates. During the last few days the tone was not quite so buoyant, yet the enhanced quotations are, with very few exceptions, supported. The excitement in tea was continued until the close of last week, most kinds of Congou being dearer. Since then a comparatively quiet feeling has prevailed. Accounts of the beet crop are getting worse. The probable deficiency in the yield of beet sugar, compared with that of 1878-79, will be at least 150,000 tons, and according to some estimates over 200,000 for all Europe. This being partly anticipated, the market is not quite so active as before. The quotations of raw sugar have occasionally risen 3d to 6d; pieces and crystals are 1s to 1s 6d higher on account of the diminished supplies, the delay of the usual autumn shipments of beet sugar and the high rate current for West India. Coffee remains in the same firm condition as when last reported, the large advance quoted on the 23rd instant being supported. The further extensive shipments from Rio Janeiro to the United States, with the expectation of a short crop, have given a stimulus to the Continental mark