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THE TEMPERANCE HERALD,

A WEEKLY FAMILY JOURNAL OF SOCIAL PROGRESS AND MORAL REFORM.

"FREEDOM FOR THE RIGHT MEANS SUPPRESSION OF THE WRONG."

VOLUME IX.

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THE FIGHT GOES ON

EVERYWHERE THE SAME.

The Struggle Between Liquor and Law—Heavy Fines Imposed—Rowdians Being Put Down—Temperance Revivals Condensed Accounts of the Doings of our Friends and our Foes—"Our Cause" Marching on.

The Usual Penalty.

MR. MARK RAYNE, of Millbrook, was summoned before police magistrate Clarke a week ago, and paid \$50 and costs for Scott Act violation, as a memento of the interview.

Heavy Fining

PREFRERO's police court fines for the last year amounted to upwards of \$9,000. Of this, about \$8,000 was for violations of the Scott Act. It is said that a large number of the hotel keepers of Portboro average \$500 a year in fines, and that one liquor seller complains of having contributed to the county funds \$1,100.

Well Done.

BROTHER Smallfield, of Renfrew, is doing good work with his *County Temperance Advocate*, a monthly prohibition journal advocating temperance and the Scott Act, which is sent gratuitously to every voter in the county of Renfrew. Our temperance friends there are working on wise lines, and we predict for them a big success.

In Favor of Scott Act.

THE Young Laboral Club of Sandford, met recently to discuss the following proposition: "Resolved that the Crock Act is a more efficient system than the Scott Act." The resolution was started by John Carl and Walter Lapp; and opposed by Messrs. T. Carl and J. B. Lemon, the result of the debate being a vote of the meeting against the proposition.

Putting Down Rowdism.

MR. ALFRED FINBOW is a constable who has been an efficient aid to Scott Act enforcement in Dufferin county. Sometime ago, while attempting to serve a summons on a man who keeps the Thomson House in Shelburne, he was assaulted by Henry James, a bar-tender, and Frank Gadsdel. Information was promptly laid against the offenders and they were both convicted by County Police Magistrate Gray.

Eighteen Months' Work.

SINCE the 22nd of July, 1886, Mr. M. S. Campbell, Watford, police magistrate, for Lambton county, has had before him 135 Scott Act cases. In conducting these cases he has issued over 3,000 summonses and examined more than a thousand witnesses. The number of convictions he made is 23, and \$4,160 of fines imposed by him has been collected. After paying all the expenses of the police magistrate's salary, etc., \$3,000 remains to the credit of Lambton county.

A Revival in Sarnia.

THE Rev. W. Burgess, of Listowel, held a very successful series of temperance revival services in Sarnia. His meetings were held under the patronage of the W.C.T.U. A different church was occupied each evening, when choice music was provided and rousing addresses delivered. Some of the subjects discussed by Mr. Burgess were "Work and Wages," "The Bible and Temperance," "The Story of a Dollar Bill." A number of local ministers co-operated with Mr. Burgess, and as the outcome of the work done a new organization under the title of the Sarnia Temperance Alliance has been formed.

A Branch Alliance

FROM the *Methodist* published at Montreal, we learn that at a meeting of temperance men held in Burchton recently a branch of Dominion Alliance was formed for the county of Compton. E. S. Orr, Esq., President, and the Rev. S. C. Kendal, Vice-President. A strong council consisting of the following well known temperance men were appointed—L. W. Wyman, Waterville; H. E. Cairns, East Chilton; L. Kingsley, Hereford; J. L. Taylor, Burchton; S. N. Hurd, Newport; T. B. Munro, Bury; Samuel Martin, Auckland; F. V. Willard, Westbury; Alex. McKinnon, Langrick; John Scott, Hampden; John McDonald, Winslow; Donald McDonald, Marsden; Secretary, Dr. B. N. Wales, Robinson; treasurer, Mr. S. J. Craig, Compton. Our contemporary goes on to say that "Compton county has long and grievously been oppressed by the whisky traffic, especially the eastern portion of it

We hope this new alliance will be able to do at least something to abate the mighty evil."

A Good Big Fine.

HENRY MERCALFE, hotel-keeper of Paris, was brought before Police Magistrate Finlayson, by Inspector Pike, on the 18th inst. He was charged with a second offence and had to pay a fine of \$100 and costs. O. D. Bradford, also of Paris, was before the same court at the same time, and was fined \$50 and costs.

Paying up Their Fines

POLICE Magistrate Kippon, of Lanark county, tackled nine Scott Act cases a few days ago at Smith's Falls. Four of the parties charged with violating the law managed to have their cases dismissed, but the remaining five were convicted. Four of them paid \$50 each and costs, and the fifth must pay a similar amount, or serve for a month in the county gaol.

A Revival in Dufferin.

ORANOVILLE is at present the scene of an encouraging temperance revival under the auspices of the R. T. of M. Mr. J. Irish of Hamilton, Mr. James Smith and Mr. Isaac Mills of London, England, are holding nightly meetings, some of which are so crowded that hundreds of people have to be turned away. All this will tell against the Scott Act repeal movement in Dufferin.

Carleton County's Record.

MR. E. STORR, secretary of the Carleton County Scott Act Association writes us that since the appointment of the present efficient police magistrate, who does his duty fearlessly and well, the Scott Act has been fairly enforced in the county. Mr. Storr gives the following table of results already attained, adding that there are about 25 or 30 cases now on hand for trial. First quarter ending 31st of May, 1887, 13 convictions, \$750; second quarter ending 31st August, 16 convictions, \$950; third quarter ending 30th November, 27 convictions, \$1,450; from 1st December to 31st, 8 convictions, \$450. Total \$3,600.

We Will Have to Tell

POLICE MAGISTRATE VANSTONK, of Bruce county, had a batch of cases before him recently. William Brandt of Tiverton, and Hugh Wylie of Tecumseh, each paid \$50 and costs. A number of other cases were laid over. John Walker, a bar-tender, was charged with breaking the law and he refused to give evidence. At the request of his counsel the case was adjourned. The magistrate stated that when the case came up again if the witness still refused to give evidence, he would be committed to gaol for five days for contempt of court, that, if at the end of five days he still refused, he would be again committed for ten days, and that if the prosecuting counsel demanded, he would commit the prisoner from time to time until he would obey the court, even if he had to stay in gaol for a year.

The Toronto Election

SOME of our good friends in St. Andrew's ward, of this city, are feeling vexed that the liquor traffic should have been strong enough to defeat our good friend, Mr. James Bond, and unwilling to acknowledge St. Andrew's ward as a constituency favorable to strong drink, have raised the question as to whether or not Mr. Bond was really the nominee of the temperance party. Well, the facts of the matter are simple enough. Last year, Mr. Bond was asked by a deputation from the Y.M.P.C. to take the field as a candidate in the temperance interest. This year he again declared himself as such, and was endorsed by the same persons and at the same meeting that endorsed the other men whom we call our own. Brother Bond is a good, square temperance man, full of pluck, fight, and zeal, and the only thing to be regretted is that he had not enough of the right stuff behind him when he faced the enemy in his stronghold.

A Flourishing Society.

THE Toronto Reformation Society held on Tuesday evening a very interesting reunion, in their commodious Temperance Hall. Mr. Isaac Wardell, president, occupied the chair, and a report from the secretary (Mr. J. B. Marshall) was submitted, detailing the great work accomplished by the society during the year, which included the administering of the pledge to 1,270 persons. Rousing addresses were delivered by Dr. McCully, W. H. Orr, Alderman McMillan, and other well-known workers. The election of officers for the present year, which took place a couple of weeks ago, had the following result: President, Isaac Wardell; 1st Vice-President, Malcolm Gibbs; 2nd Vice-President, Ald. John McMillan; Secretary, James B. Marshall; Assistant Secretary, Henry Birnes; Treasurer, A. Bell; Chaplain, James Matthews; Thomas A. Pelan, R. Wiggins, W. T. Eccleston, A. Atkinson, William Oliver, James French, H. G. McDowell, Mrs. Sinclair, Mrs. Craig, Mrs. Pearce and Mrs. Tyler.

The Trail of the Serpent

RESULTS OF LICENSED RUIN AND RUM.

Sorrow, Suffering, Sin and Shame—Misery, Madness, and Murder—Terrible Tales of the Traffic in Crime—The Wretchedness, Brutality and Degradation Through which Christian(?) Communities Raise a Revenue.

Specimens of the Methods of the Murder-Mill Sustaining Machine.

A FRIEND and earnest worker in the county of Grenville sends us the following letter under date of January 18.—

DEAR BROTHER,—I send you the following summary of the "fruits of the traffic" during the four months last past, at two points in this county.

1. Eleven buildings burned in the vicinity of Irish Creek and Easton's Corners. It is proven that the inspiration for this work came from a whisky don. Mr. E. A. Hunt, of Easton's Corners, loses \$12,000 net. Firebugs Lee and McDonald are now serving seven and twenty years respectively in the penitentiary for a part of this work.

2. Dangerous missiles hurled at Constable Nettleton in Warren's Hotel, Kemptville, while serving a summons.

3. Constables Nettleton, Bennett, Brown and Smith savagely assaulted, and their prisoner rescued, at the Burrill House, Kemptville, by an immense mob. Five of the roughs were arrested and paid fines amounting to more than \$815 as the penalty for their onslaught.

4. Constable Nettleton struck heavily with stone or wood, having just served summonses at Kerr's Hotel, Kemptville.

5. Main's tannery, Kemptville, partly destroyed by fire, loss \$1,000. The fire doubtless of anti-Scott origin.

6. Methodist church, Kemptville, set on fire on Wednesday morning, 11th inst. Damages estimated at \$3,400. Whisky incendiarism.

7. Two deacons of the Baptist church of South Gower (an adjunct of the Kemptville charge) are warned, in the name of the whisky fraternity, to disperse with the services of their devoted pastor or be prepared to see their beautiful new church in ashes.

8. Dr. C. F. Ferguson, M.P., and three other respectable citizens of Kemptville receive warning to restrain their temperance sympathies, or accept murder at a time and place when least expected, and when resistance will be impossible. Dr. Ferguson's document consisted of three pages of closely and well written foolscap.

This will give some idea of the nature of our battle. But whoever falls the cause must win. It were ignoble to hand down this conflict to our children. The cup of iniquity is nearly full. They are placing the handwriting of their own doom on the wall. We are pressing them so hard, that they are demanding the pass-word before admitting persons to their premises. At one hotel in Kemptville the pass-word a couple of weeks ago was "Bull-dog."

A Ghastly Catalogue.

THE *Temperance Record*, published at London, England, gives in its issue of January 5, 1888, under the heading, "Christmas drinking, and some of its results," a list of terrible disasters directly attributed to strong drink. Among these are the death of a drunken woman, aged 52, who fell downstairs, at Leicester; the suicide by taking phosphorus, of Mrs. Emma Wingham, a drunken woman aged 46, widow of a liquor seller, at Northfleet; the sudden death while drinking of Elizabeth Norman at Shoreditch; the death by falling downstairs, while drunk, of John Waddington, at Blackburn; the murder in a drunken row, at Preston, of a woman named Dowlan, and serious injury to her husband, the accidental death of Elizabeth Alcock at Rochester, who fell from her bedroom window while drunk and fractured her skull; the death of John Smith, at Bow, who fell downstairs while drunk and was killed; the finding at the foot of a flight of stairs at Shadwell of the body of Sarah Guntley, who had last been seen drunk; the death while drunk of Jane Adams, at Woolwich; a fatal case of de-

lirium tremens, in which a young woman named Grace Meacock died suddenly at Poplar; attempted suicide of a drunken footman at Peckham; the death through suffocation of a drunken woman at Pontonville, a drunken quarrel at Huddersfield, in which John Keenan killed his mother, and the death at Harrow Green, through drink, of Mary Ann Roper.

A Whisky Suicide.

THE CHatham Branch says that a few weeks ago a little deformed printer, named John A. Riley, was employed in the Banner composing rooms and proved a very good compositor. Like many of the "tramp" workmen, however, prosperity ruined him, and no sooner had he a few dollars ahead than he began to wrestle with Scott Act whisky. The result was that he found himself almost penniless after a long debauch, during which he nearly found his way out of life by an overdose of chloral. He turned up next in Detroit, where he is well known to the fraternity, and on Wednesday nearly closed his career in an attack of delirium tremens. He was with difficulty brought through, and on Thursday attempted suicide by hanging, being cut down in the final throes and requiring the exertions of three doctors to save him from immediate death. His recovery is doubtful.

Editor Canada Citizen.

DEAR SIR,—On reading the paragraph in last week's CITIZEN under the above heading, I was reminded of a melancholy event which occurred here only a few days ago. Thomas Morrow, a well-to-do farmer about 60 years of age, came into this village from his home in 4th Concession, Brighton Township. When he arrived here he was perfectly sober. Meeting with some old friends, relatives and neighbors, he was induced to drink at the tavern, and this continued until he lost his reason. One would think that, seeing the hopeless condition of the man, strong drink would have been refused him. Not so, for so long as a poor helpless creature has the money to shell out, so long will these blood-thirsty suckers allow him to pour the whisky down his throat. About five o'clock he started for his home, but he was so drunk that he had no control over his team. Some one who knew him tried hard to prevent him, but to no purpose. He started about 5.45, took the wrong road, instead of going north he went east, the main road to Trenton, and upon crossing the track of the G. T. R., about three miles from here, just as the express train was going west came along, and in a few seconds the poor deluded creature was hurled into the eternal world—horses, sleigh, etc., all broken up. The engineer of the train backed up, picked up the lifeless body of poor Thomas Morrow, and in one hour from the time of his leaving this village his body was brought back and deposited with the undertaker. The poor miserable creature that supplied him with drink might condemn himself for the part he has played, had he any conscience—but what about the man who drank with him, who trusted him, who drank at his expense, is there no responsibility there? One, a professed temperance man, says "I went to the bar with him and three others, they had whisky, but I took a cigar." What a miserable position for a temperance man to be placed in! Away with such nonsense, I say—the devil is not to be cheated with such stuff. The man who goes up to the bar and takes a cigar, I hold to be no better than the man who drinks the whisky.

I must, however, close my letter, or I shall be found writing a sermon.
Yours,
JAS. G. ROBINSON
Brighton, Jan 17, 1888

The Last of the "Seven Men of Preston."

ON Friday the last of what are known in temperance history as the "Seven men of Preston" passed away, in the person of Mr. John Gratix, ironfounder, Preston, who was in his 79th year. The original pledge of the old Temperance Society of Preston, where the teetotal movement originated, was one of moderation, but it was found that this was a fatal source of backsliding, and at a special meeting held in Lord Derby's Cockpit, on September 1, 1832, Mr. Livsey drew up a pledge of entire abstinence, which seven men, including himself signed. These men were John Gratix, Edward Dickenson, John Broadbent, John Smith, Joseph Lovock, David Anderson, and John King. Mr. Gratix was the last survivor of the seven. — *Daily Chronicle*.

A clergyman went to visit a sick parishioner, but found him insensible. The wife said, "He lost his conscientiousness, sir, at 12 o'clock yesterday."

"He was a man who had suffered much," says a country paper in a short obituary notice, "he has been a subscriber to this paper since its first number."

DODGING THE LAW.

SOME ANTI-SCOTT ACT TRICKS.

Unknown Bar-keepers, who are Hard to Catch—A Little Game that Wouldn't Work.

THE Antis are not having it all their own way in Renfrew county. Since they took to revolvers and thoroughly roused the better class of the community to the real character of their party, showing the means with which they were ready to support the liquor traffic, they have been compelled to be remarkably circumspect. In fact the only way in which they could continue their nefarious business has been by leasing their bars to some strange individual who would get out of the way when the officer of the law found him out and laid information against him. The place of the vanished offender would be speedily taken by another unknown who would also become scarce as soon as he was wanted. Some of our good friends have become tired of seeing the whisky business carried on under such difficult circumstances and have lately made sundry efforts to trap a few of these mysterious leasees. The story of one attempt of this kind is told as follows by the *Renfrew Mercury*:—"On Monday evening, special constables Smallfield and Stevenson entered Moran's hotel for the purpose of arresting the mysterious 'John' who has been dispensing liquor there lately. Mr. John Moran advanced hurriedly and wanted to know their business. They inquired for his brother Patrick, who is the absentee landlord of the establishment, and were informed that he was not in. They then tried the bar room door, but found it locked. Mr. John Moran began to talk loud and swear and threaten things if they did not leave, and some of the bystanders seemed inclined to commence hostilities against the constables. Just at that moment, however, Magistrate Eady, and Messrs. P. S. Stewart and W. H. Kearney stepped into the doorway; and there was a very sudden cessation both of loud talk and hostilities. Some one else had also stepped into the hall-way to see what the row was about. It was the mysterious 'John.' And as soon as Smallfield stepped from the room into which he had entered, peering around in the semi-darkness for either of the men he wanted, he saw him, and in a moment had him, with Stevenson's assistance, under arrest. He made no resistance. He was rushed out and down to Mr. Eady's office, where he was left, while the constables proceeded down town in a hurry to the Ottawa House. Here Mr. Stevenson found Mr. Jos. Gallipo, who is understood to be the manager of the hotel, in the bar. He was arrested also. The specials took the two to Pembroke by the evening train and introduced them to Police Magistrate Mitchell. Mr. C. Deroche was sent up by their friends to look after their interests. They pleaded guilty to the charges against them of first offence against the Scott Act; and were each fined \$75 and \$10.00 costs. Mr. Deroche paid the amounts, and they were free. It was pretty quick work—arrested, taken to the county town, as I said in about three hours. The mysterious one gave his name to the magistrate as John Johns. It afterwards transpired that that was not his real name, and that he had been employed for some time, a few years ago, as bar-tender at the Copeland House. The taxpayers of the county are \$150 richer by the episode—the whisky sellers just that much and \$21.30 more in costs poorer."

A New Division.

SOME TIME ago Bro. W. Green, P.W.P. of Ontario division S. of T., succeeded in forming the nucleus of the New Division in this city, and on Tuesday evening last, at Association Hall, assisted by Bro. Brook, P.G.W.A., he succeeded in perfecting a good organization. Officers were elected and installed in the very successful inaugural meeting held. It is expected that the new division will be one of the best in the country. It will meet at Association Hall every Tuesday evening. Bro. W. Green, Div. Dep., Bro. J. Williamson, W.P.

A Worthy Enterprise.

THE prohibition workers of the State of Oregon evidently appreciate the value of literature as a help in the campaign which they are carrying on. We learn that a joint stock company was recently organized at Portland, the State centre, with a capital of \$50,000, the object being the publication and circulation of a well managed temperance paper. Fifty thousand dollars is a good deal of money to pay into such an enterprise, but money so invested pays, that is, if any money invested in philanthropic effort can be said to pay, and there is no reason why a well managed prohibition paper should not be a financial success as well as an incalculable benefit to the community in which it circulates.