

Cæsarian section, and declares his preference for the Porro to the Säger operation.

The section devoted to the consideration of the new-born infant is particularly good. The author considers Schultze's method, together with mouth to mouth insufflation, the best treatment in asphyxia neonatorum. He condemns the method of Sylvester, because the pectoral muscles are too weak to draw up the thorax.

The whole presentation of the subject is most practical, and the author's style clear and concise.

We highly commend the book to the senior student, and the physician, as being one of the very best text-books on obstetrics.

The publisher's work leaves but little to be desired. The illustrations, many of them original, are if anything too numerous, while the colored plates had much better have been omitted.

The index is very full and has evidently been very carefully prepared.

D. J. E.