care, the great majority of vowel sounds can be written down be correctly.

There is one sound peculiar to the language, and very predom; the nant in it, which has been noticed by other writers, particularly dis by Mr. Anderson, surgeon under Captain Cook's command, in 1778 It cannot exactly be signified by any letters of our alphabet, but we has been greatly misrepresented by the use of too many letters dis in a vain endeavour to give its full force. The test of all such has attempts is to pronounce the word so written to a native, and see ur if it be recognised by him. The sound-which has one or two A what may be called cognate forms—may be spelt most correctly we though still inadequately, by tl, tlh, lh. In pronouncing, care must ar be taken not to introduce a yowel; and in giving the l sound the so breath must be prolonged between the tongue and roof of the mouth th thus introducing the h with almost, but not quite, a hissing sound by Instances of these sounds are presented in the words Moolshitl, in Ir which the tl is not to be pronounced tel, Hahauatlh, Hissoolh. Another point of considerable interest is the wonderful readines of

Another point of considerable interest is the wonderful readines of of the Indian in the invention of new words. No novelty come at under his notice but it soon gets a name, which rapidly spread or among the tribes, and is added to the national vocabulary. This pr I suppose, is likely to be a feature of language in its natural and se elementary state, where the roots, if not always understood, are co felt, and find an unconscious expression.

The parts of speech are not very determinate or strictly defined east the same time not a few substantives, adjectives, and verbs, as more well as a few prepositions and pronouns, may be found; but a considerable body of words is only in a position, as it were, of na becoming some of these, and at present in a state of transition.

While the people are so ready in forming new words, and most present in a state of transition.

while the people are so ready in forming new words, and most people in skilful in specifying, the language exhibits a great deficiency in the power of generalisation. For some most patent genera I have a difficulty in finding out that they have any terms at all. If they have any words for fish or beast, they are at any rate far from b