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TWELFTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 19, 1891. ONE CENT

BRIEF, BUT VERY POINTED.

THE NEW CABINET ANNOUNCES ITS POLICY TO THE HOUSE.

It Will be on the Lines Which Have Hitherto Guided the Liberal-Conservative Party—Mr. Laurier Compares the Government to the Place Paved With Good Intentions.

Ottawa, June 18.

The Government proposes to carry out the policy which has hitherto guided the Liberal-Conservative party. The outlines of measures which will come before the House this session are indicated in the Speech from the Throne. The trade and financial policy will be declared in the budget speech.

This was the declaration of Sir Hector Langevin to the House to-day as to the policy of the new Administration. The matter was discussed in the caucus this morning and, as Sir Hector intimated, it was decided to continue on the old lines.

Mr. Laurier said the Government resembled a place which was said to be paved with good intentions. He had no doubt they intended to follow closely the policy of the late Sir John Macdonald, but already widely departed from it, as he would show to-morrow. Mr. Laurier said nothing further, but it is understood that to-morrow he will make a general onslaught upon the new Administration.

Compulsory Voting.

Mr. Amyot moved the second reading of his bill to make voting at an election compulsory. In support of it he said it would reduce the cost of an election and would tend to put down corruption.

Sir John Thompson objected that the bill would be a severe restriction, not only on the liberty but also on the right of choice of an elector. Neither candidate might be acceptable to an elector, who should not in that case be compelled to vote. He moved the adjournment of the debate in order that further consideration might be given the bill, which, if carried, would make a fundamental change in the principle of voting.

Mr. Mills said the objections to the principle of the bill would counterbalance the advantages of it. He never could see how compulsory attendance at the polls could be reconciled with the free working of our representative institutions.

Mr. Cockburn objected that the bill was in favor of the rich man and against the poor man, because a rich man could pay the proposed fine of $50 and remain away, whereas a poor man could not raise the amount and would be imprisoned if he did not. The bill would increase the bitterness of party feeling and altogether was unworthy the intelligence of the House.

Shipment of Live Stock.

After some further discussion the debate was adjourned. Mr. Tupper has given notice that he will move that it is expedient to pass an Act respecting the shipping of live stock and to provide that the Governor-in-Council may appoint inspectors and determine the remuneration to be paid them out of the fees which the Governor-in-Council may establish to be paid on live stock which is shipped.

A return was presented to the House today containing copies of petitions and other documents relating to the abolition of separate schools and the official use of French in Manitoba. Among them was a letter from Bishop Lafleche of Three Rivers to Hon. J. A. Chapleau, dated May 12, 1890, in which he urged in strong terms the French and Catholic members of the Government to disallow the act, and expressed the opinion that the question was a graver one as regards the stability of Confederation than the Riel agitation.

HON. JOHN ROBSON'S VISIT.

Several Matters to Bring Before the Government Affecting the Pacific Province.

OTTAWA, June 18.—Hon John Robson, Premier of British Columbia, arrived here to-day. His visit is to discuss with the Federal Government several matters affecting the Pacific Province. The last letter ever the late Sir John Macdonald wrote was to Premier Robson, asking him to come to Ottawa to discuss with the Government the various questions at issue. One question he proposes to discuss is that of sealing, and the manner in which British Columbia interests will be affected under the new British sealing law. To interfere with the sealers this year would, Mr. Robson holds, be ruinous. Some of the schooners owned in Victoria are already in Behring Sea; others are on their way thither, and all have been fitted out at great expense, which will be utterly lost were they interfered with in the way proposed this season. Another important subject is the settlement of the Alaskan boundary and the disposition of a long strip of territory by the seashore, in regard to which the Dominion, if not the Province, should have something to say. The delineation of the boundaries of the railway belt on the mainland is still unsettled, and it is necessary to have it finally determined. Then there are fishery matters that must be discussed, besides other things that press for consideration.

The C. O. O. F. Grand Lodge.

WOODSTOCK, June 18.—The Grand Lodge of Canadian Order of Oddfellows, M.U., closed its business here at 10 o'clock last evening. The following officers were elected:

Grand Master—H. A. Collins, Toronto (re-elected).

Deputy Grand Master—R. McMurchy, Owen Sound.

Grand Secretary—R. Fleming, Toronto.

Grand Treasurer—George Boxall, Toronto (re-elected).

Grand Warden—James E. Ferguson, Ingersoll.

Grand Trustees—S. R. Harris and C. W. Thompson, Toronto; R. McKay, Hamilton.

Grand Chaplain—C. H. Bampfyide, jr., Hamilton (re-elected).

Grand Guardian—G. W. Cochrane, St. Thomas.

Grand Medical Referee—Dr. Bingham, Cannington.

Grand Organist—Thomas Boddy, Toronto (re-elected).

Grand Auditors—Bros. Young, Markham; Mark B. Thomas, Dundas; G. E. R. Wilson, Toronto.

$20,000,000 to Carry on the War.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The official mail from Chili brings exciting news. The House of Deputies has passed a bill authorizing the President to levy a forced loan of $20,000,000 to carry on the war. Under an order from the Executive carriages are not permitted to drive on the streets of Santiago after midnight. Groups of more than three persons cannot stand together in the streets, squares or public places of Santiago. All the theatres are closed until further notice. Under the authority of Congress all the gold and silver in the treasury of Chili, composing what is known as the metallic reserve, was sold at auction on May 15. The coined silver was sold in lots of $5000 and upwards and the bar silver in lots of 2000 kilograms and upwards.

Vice-President Shaughnessy.

MONTREAL, June 18.—At a meeting of the C.P.R. board held to-day, the resignation of the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott as a director of the company was accepted and Mr. T. G. Shaughnessy elected in his place. Mr. Shaughnessy was also appointed vice-president.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Declines to Embrace Single Tax, Knights of Labor or Eight Hours.

KINGSTON, June 18.—At the meeting of the General Assembly to-day a request for sympathy in behalf of the Knights of Labor, single tax, women's enfranchisment and an eight hour association was presented.

Dr. Laing did not think the church should be used as a tool to carry out the principles of anti-political organizations.

Rev. Mr. McEwen considered that such societies tended towards anarchism and discontent.

No action was taken.

At the evening session a resolution was moved by John Cameron, London, seconded by Principal Grant, expressing sympathy with every wise attempt to remedy evils touching the condition of mankind, but expressed the conviction that these can only be permanently settled by adherence to the fundamental principles of the Gospel of Christ.

The Summer Session Discussion.

KINGSTON, June 18.—The briskest discussion taking up the greatest amount of time during this General Assembly was that upon the establishment of a summer session in some college in order that the students supplying mission fields might be used to best advantage for the whole year. The matter was entrusted to a large and well-selected committee, who sat by day and by night when the committee was prepared to report to the assembly.

Mr. D. M. Gordon, the convener, gave the finding of a majority of the committee. A minority report was presented by Prof. Bryce. The majority report in its first clause recommended that there be no disturbance of the existing order of things in the colleges. The minority report asked for a summer college to be provided in some place and in some way for three years. Prof. Scrimger of Montreal came forward with a third proposition, viz.: That Manitoba College be converted into a summer institution altogether, and that in addition to the staff doing work there during the summer it be supplemented each year by some of the professors from the other theological colleges for the summer months.

After a great many speeches and repetitions of arguments the proposal of Prof. Scrimger was put to the House and voted down.

The minority proposition was defeated by 50 to 68.

Rev. Mr. McKellar then moved in amendment to that part of the committee's finding which declined to organize a summer institution, that the whole matter relating to the establishment of a summer session be sent down for examination during the year. The first vote on this was a tie. A second vote having been taken, Mr. McKellar's proposal was carried by a majority of 4. The assembly then determined to meet the exigencies of the mission fields, at least temporarily, that students who have completed the second year of the theological curriculum of the church and have been appointed to the home mission field may be licensed to preach, and if necessary be ordained, but shall not be eligible for settlement in the pastoral charge until they shall have completed the examination of the third theological year, for which purpose examination shall be transmitted by the college in which such men have prosecuted their studies to the Presbytery in which they are laboring, to be written on under the care of the Presbytery, the answers to be returned to the college for valuation. It was also agreed that students who have completed their course and have not during their course given one year continuously in the mission field be urged to do so before being permanently settled. The final decision of the assembly was that all ministers or licentiates received from other churches shall be required to serve one year in the mission field before being settled in any charge by a presbytery.

An elaborate statistical report was presented by Dr. Torrance on statistics, from which it was gleaned that there are in the Presbyterian Church in Canada 84,000 families and over 160,000 communicants, an increase of 3000 and 2112 respectively upon last year's showing. The total income to the church for the year is $2,002,810, which for all purposes, ministerial and missionary, shows an average gain throughout the denomination of $24.01 per family and $12.51 per communicant.

Became a Human Firecracker.

ALBANY, N.Y., June 18.—A lad named McDonald caught hold of the iron hoisting bar of an awning in front of No. 140 South Pearl-street last night and tried to raise himself so as to look in the window. The iron frame of the awning became connected with an electric light. In an instant flashes of electricity and sparks flew out of the boy's feet with detonations like a pack of powder crackers. He was completely charged with the fluid and could not let go his hold. A bystander caught hold of him and pulled him away, but in doing so received a shock himself and was knocked into the street. The boy was dazed and stunned, but was soon restored and walked to his home apparently uninjured. The voltage which passed through him was about two thousand five hundred.

The Scottish Clans.

BUFFALO, June 18.—At to-day's session of the Royal Order of Scottish Clans these officers were elected:

Royal Chief—James Sutherland, Woodstock, Ont.

Royal Tanist—Simon Clark, Duluth, Minn.

Royal Counsellor—Walter Scott, jr., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Royal Secretary—Peter Kerr, Boston, Mass.

Royal Treasurer—Archibald McLaren, Cleveland, Ohio.

From a list of places submitted the convention, after a vote, decided to meet next year in New Haven, Conn. Montreal ranked next.

A Port Dover Man Drowned.

BUFFALO, June 18.—The body of John Brock, the fisherman who has been missing for the past six days, was found in the ship lock at Black Rock at 12.30 o'clock to-day. It is supposed that he rolled off into the water while asleep on the deck of his boat. Brock worked as mate on the schooner Dauntless from Port Dover, Ont. He left a wife and family, who reside in the latter place.

Square Crowns the Latest Fashion in Hats.

Those persons who have traveled recently through any of the American cities will have observed that the great mass of the dressy young men are all wearing a new square crown hat of delicate cinnamon brown. Dineens, on corner King and Yonge-streets, have had shipped to them from New York several cases of those new hats. Any person wanting the latest American fashion can now be supplied with one in zephyr weight felt at Dineens'.

Catarrh—Hay Fever—Catarrhal Deafness
A New Home Treatment has been discovered whereby the worst cases are permanently cured by a few simple applications made forimghtly by the patient at home. Send stamp for circular. J. G. Dixon & Co., 345 West King-street, Toronto.

Dropped Dead at His Work.

UNDERWOOD, Ont., June 18.—George S. Mackay, a middle aged farmer living on the 9th concession of Bruce, dropped dead yesterday evening while working at statute labor.

Lot of Cheap Cooking Stoves for summer use. Wheeler & Bain, King-street east.

THE TORONTO WORLD is printed and published by The World Newspaper Company of Toronto (Limited) at No. 4 King-street east, Toronto, Harry Gossi, secretary-treasurer.

C. P. R. Earnings.

MONTREAL, June 18.—The traffic earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway from June 7 to June 14 were $374,000; for the corresponding week in 1890 the earnings were $331,000, showing an increase for 1891 of $43,000. The earnings of the New Brunswick Railway are included in both years.

Look at these prices and see if you are not getting underwear cown due. Natural underwear, regular prices $1.50 each, two pieces $1.90; any size from 34 up to 40. A. White, 65 King-street west.

VANCE TURNS UP AGAIN.

HE ELOPES WITH AN ERRING MONTANA WIFE.

An Avenging Husband on His Trail—An Old Crime Recalled—A Tin-Horn Gambler in the Wild West—History of a Gentleman Who Never Can Keep Still.

An old acquaintance of the Toronto police has turned up in Helena, Mont. His name is Alexander L. Vance, and the story of his doings in Canada are worth repeating. Three years ago Vance, who was then carrying on a prosperous gents' furnishing business in Owen Sound, and a friend named Knight, a London, Ont., dentist, were arrested by Detectives John Cuddy and Burroughs in the Walker House on a telegram from Kingston, where they were wanted for circulating counterfeit Dominion notes. Dominion Chief of Police Sherwood came up for them and took them back to Kingston, where they were committed for trial.

They remained in jail there for one year, during which time they gave away to the authorities the makers of the bogus bills. Chief Sherwood on the strength of their information proceeded to Sarnia, where he arrested the notorious Charlie Johnson and a pal named Benjamin McKenzie. Vance and Knight gave evidence against them at the trial, Johnson being sentenced to 14 years and McKenzie to 10 years in Kingston Penitentiary. The two crown witnesses were then reconveyed to Kingston, where they lay in jail until the Spring Assizes of 1889 presided over by Mr. Justice Rose. They pleaded guilty to the charge of uttering false coin, and in consideration of their services in convicting Johnson and McKenzie were allowed off with an hour's imprisonment in the cells. Vance's business on his arrest went to smash. He owed Toronto firms some $5000, and the creditors in the hurly-burly did not get a cent on their claims. From the facts given below it would appear that Vance has changed his work from uttering false coin, adopting the more congenial pursuit of baccarat.

Jake Wilson, a good looking young man who hails from Missoula, went from there to Helena, Montana, a few days ago in search of his pretty wife, Ada Wilson, and one A. L. Vance, a tin-horn gambler. Wilson's story is a peculiarly sad one. He was married about three years ago and went to housekeeping in Missoula. Being an industrious mechanic, Wilson kept his house in good shape, with the larder always full.

His wife found housekeeping too hard for her, and Wilson, to please her, sold out and they went to boarding at the Pacific Hotel. Wilson says it was a pretty hard struggle to keep things going on his wages, but he did so in order to please his wife. A few weeks ago there went to board at the Montana Hotel, just across the Pacific, a well-dressed young man named A. L. Vance. By some means or other he became acquainted with Mrs. Wilson.

Their meetings evidently took place for some time without the husband was at work. One day, however, he came home unexpectedly and found Vance and Mrs. Wilson together. That was the first intimation that anything was wrong. He ordered Vance out of the house, but of great was his affection for the woman that he took her word for it that it was only a chance acquaintance between her and the gambler. About a week ago Wilson went to his room in the hotel and found a note there in his wife's handwriting telling him that she had quit him for good.

She had taken all her belongings. On the floor lay a letter which she had evidently dropped in her haste. It was addressed to Vance and told him to meet her at the Grand Pacific Hotel in Helena. The only thing she had not taken was their 2-year-old boy. Placing the little fellow in friendly hands, Wilson started at once for Helena. He reached there Saturday and went at once to the Grand Pacific Hotel.

Vance was not there, though there was a letter awaiting him. Mrs. Wilson was not there either. Wilson spent two days and nights there in hopes of running across Vance or the runaway woman. He has been unsuccessful in his search, but there is a savage gleam in his eye that bodes ill for Vance should they meet.

A Many-Sided House of Grace.

A lot of happy faces were congregated at the Toronto Mission Union Hall last night in Mission-street, when the union celebrated its seventh annual meeting. Mr. A. Sampson presided. A substantial lunch, with tea and lemonade was served, after which Mr. A. Burson, the president of the union, the Rev. Mr. Baldwin and Rev. Dr. Sterling of New York gave congratulatory addresses.

Miss Annie Boyce, who for five years has been engaged in mission work in the East End, is about to leave for Chicago. She was presented with a very touching address and purse by Mr. H. O'Brien on behalf of the mission.

The mission work for the past year is reported as progressing favorably. There are five branches in the city. Their work includes classes for Bible study, young women's work, sewing, drill for boys and truant classes. They also have day nurseries for the children of women who go out to work; there are employed five trained nurses who nurse the sick at their homes gratis; there is a home for aged women, and the members of Mr. S. H. Blake's class at St. Peter's Church have maintained for the last two years a soup kitchen in Sackville-street.

The receipts of the mission during the year were $26,575.71, and the expenditures $25,590.21. There was received $2500 from the bequest of the late W. Gooderham and $500 from that of T. M. Thomson.

British Medical Association.

A meeting of the medical profession in Toronto was held yesterday in the library of the College of Physicians to consider the advisability of forming a branch of the British Medical Association in this city. A large number of the medical men of the city were present. Dr. A. B. MacCallum was appointed chairman and the meeting was addressed by Mr. Ernest Hart of London, Eng., the editor of The British Medical Journal, who is on a tour around the world. The Toronto branch includes in its territory the entire province. The following gentlemen were elected officers of the new branch:

President—Dr. A. B. MacCallum.
Vice-President—Dr. W. B. Geikie.
Treasurer—Dr. H. T. Machell.
Secretary—Dr. W. B. Thistle.
Council—Drs. Reeve, Powell, Wishart, Cameron, MacPhadram.

Medical men desiring to join the association, or gentlemen who are already members, can secure the necessary blanks by applying to the president or secretary at Toronto.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Hart for his services and advice in the organization of the new branch of the association.

A Disaster in the Tyrol.

VIENNA, June 18.—An artificial lake 1000 feet long 350 feet wide and 80 feet deep, formed by the Martell Glacier behind the Zufallferner Mountain in the Tyrol, burst its confines to-day, and flooded the valley. The huge volume of escaping water caused a shock like an earthquake to the surrounding country and made a deafening noise. As the inhabitants had expected for some time that this would happen and had prepared themselves it is hoped no fatalities were caused.

Fatally Burned.

BELLEVILLE, June 18.—Last night while Mrs. George Williams of Wallbridge, Sidney Township, was lighting a candle her clothes became ignited and before assistance could get to her she was so badly burned that the physicians hold out no hope for her recovery.

Death Met Him on the Road.

BRETON, Ont., June 18.—Thomas Applegate some years ago was badly injured by being crushed with a sawlog, since which time he has been subject to fits and has earned his living by peddling. Yesterday he was attempting to get into a buggy, when he fell into the ditch. Medical attendance was at once summoned, but before it arrived Applegate was dead.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

The Government Defeated on the Factory Bill—General Foreign News of a Night.

LONDON, June 18.—In the debate in the House of Commons to-day on the factory bill the amendment of Sydney Buxton (Lib.) to prohibit children under 11 years of age from working was adopted by a vote of 202 to 186. The Government was thus defeated. The majority included a few Conservative members.

Buxton's amendment will affect 150,000 to 200,000 children in the kingdom now employed in manufacturing districts as half-timers. It is a humanitarian reform and was opposed by the bulk of the operatives who live by the labor of their offspring. The Liberals argued that the abolishing of child labor would provide more work for the adults. Sir J. E. Gorst explained that the proposal had been agreed to at the Berlin Conference in order to bring England into harmony with other nations on the only point on which she was behindhand, but it was not distinctly understood that the signing of the conference protocol did not bind England to legislative action on the subject.

Mr. Morley challenged the Government to say whether they opposed Buxton's amendment or not. Thereupon Home Secretary Matthews intimated that the Government would not support the amendment. Sir J. E. Gorst, who was a delegate to the Berlin Conference, abstained from voting.

The defeat of the Buxton clause might still be defeated by an amendment but it is expected the Government will accept the situation.

The News commenting on the matter says the blow is both damaging and ignominious and that even the resignation of Home Secretary Matthews will not save Government from discredit and disgrace.

The Chronicle says: Truly Secretary Matthews is a costly luxury to the state. The defeat of the Government will seriously damage the prospects of every Unionist candidate in the next general election.

Lord Harington, Sir Henry James and a few other dissentients voted with the minority, while Mr. Chamberlain and the bulk of the dissentients voted with the majority.

SIR CHARLES DILKE'S CASE.

It is Determination to Re-Enter Public Life Presents Another Serious Problem.

LONDON, June 18.—The relations between adultery and politics have not been, after all, finally disposed of. Mr. Gladstone thought that he had settled the question, when, as the mouthpiece of the Nonconformist conscience, the devout old churchman withdrew his allegiance from Mr. Parnell; but it comes again to the surface in the person of Sir Charles Dilke. The co-respondent in the Crawford case supplants the co-respondent in O'Shea case; supplants him, that is, as the object of immediate concern to two branches of the Gladstonian party. There is one branch which recognize adultery, especially when coupled with odious debauchery and a long course of annually repeated disqualification for public life. There is another branch, perhaps more numerous, which, on grounds of political expediency, would stifle these scandals and the authors of them. Such feeling is described by what is called the final decision of Sir Charles Dilke to accept the invitation of the Forest of Dean constituency to stand for Parliament at the next election. His hesitation indeed has been no more than maiden coyness. Nobody ever supposed that he would decline the offer of what was understood to be certain election. He will therefore speak in the House of Commons next year. It is not the mere seat in Parliament which he wants. He means to resume his old place in the councils of the party. He will be strongly supported and strongly opposed.

Mr. Gladstone, in the presence of this contention, will have to decide whether, having broken with Mr. Parnell because he was an adulterer, he will receive Sir Charles Dilke again into party fellowship, though an adulterer more guilty than Mr. Parnell himself. The necessity of deciding will be disagreeable, but it is inevitable. Meantime, the Gladstonian organs observe for the most part the maxim that silence is golden. The chief of them in London records the fact of Sir Charles Dilke's acceptance in two lines of its obscurest type.

A FRIGHTFUL BALLOON TRIP.

The Aeronaut is Killed, Leaving His Two Passengers to Sail into Space.

PARIS, June 18.—A fatal balloon trip resulting almost to a certainty in the loss of three lives occurred at La Villette yesterday afternoon. A balloon containing a professional aeronaut and two other persons made an ascent about midday from La Villette, the aerial venture being watched by crowds of people. When the balloon had reached a height of not more than fifty feet from the ground the aeronaut, who had been busily engaged about the outside of the car, was seen to suddenly lose his balance, make a desperate effort to regain, and then fell to the earth. He was picked up so terribly injured that it is said there are no prospects of saving his life. In the meantime, the balloon and its two remaining occupants, both of whom were utterly ignorant of the management in which a balloon is handled, mounted up higher into the air until finally out of sight of the crowd. The Government officials have telegraphed to the officials in the surrounding departments to make all the enquiries possible in regard to the fate of the two occupants of the balloon, but up to this morning nothing had been heard of their whereabouts. It is feared the balloon will ascend to a height that will cause its occupants to be frozen to death and that the balloon will soon after collapse and its remains, together with the bodies of the unfortunates, may find a final resting place in the sea.

The ballooonists descended at Versailles to-night.

Suicide of an Austrian Consul.

VIENNA, June 18.—Advices received here from Frizrend, a town of European Turkey, in Albania, state that the Austrian consul at that place, Herr Pilinski, has committed suicide. The cause of the consul's suicide is somewhat peculior. The Foreign Office recently censured Herr Pilinski for being instrumental in securing the abolition of the bells in the Roman Catholic Church at Frizrend. The consul took this step in order to please the Turkish inhabitants of that place, who objected to hearing the bells tolled. The rebuke received by Herr Pilinski so preyed upon his mind that he took his own life.

Australian Elections.

SYDNEY, N.S.W., June 18.—The election returns received up to the present time give the Government 28 members and the Opposition 25. Of the latter 16 are labor candidates. Sir Henry Parkes and other Ministers are elected. Mr. Dibbs, the Opposition leader, is defeated.

Behring Sea Dispute.

LONDON, June 18.—Sir James Fergusson in the House of Commons to-day said the Foreign Office had received a communication from the British Minister at Washington saying he expects to be able to proceed without further delay to discuss with the United States Government the terms of the reference of the Behring Sea dispute to arbitration.

A Great Funeral.

BASLE, June 18.—A public funeral was held yesterday for a large number of the victims of Sunday's disaster on the railroad near Moenchenstein. The entire population attended the services, which were conducted with the greatest solemnity.

Ex-Empresses Not Wanted.

PARIS, June 18.—La Presse, a Boulangist organ, says to-day that a rumor is in circulation to the effect that the French Government has decided to request the ex-Empress Eugenie to shorten her stay in Paris.

THIRTY YEARS IMMURED.

COOKE'S CHURCH CORNER STONE UNCOVERED AND EXAMINED.

Documents of That Day Disclosed and Perused By Wondering Eyes—What the Newspapers Contained—The Coins of Other Days—What Will Be Done With the Curios?

A most interesting event occurred last night in the business place of Mr. Alison, Yonge-street, namely, the official opening of the bottle taken from the corner stone of Cooke's Church, recently pulled down. The bottle as it stood on the table in the centre of a reverent group seemed surrounded by a sacred halo, for the hands that last had touched it are idle on earth forever, the enthusiastic hearts have ceased beating, the eyes that watched Cooke's Church rise from foundation to roof-tree are closed and tiley worship now in the limitless church whose altar is the great white throne.

The following gentlemen were present: Rev. William Paterson, pastor of the church; James Alison, Thomas Kinnear, Thomas Caswell, William Anderson, W. McCunig, R. C. McConnell, W. B. Saunders, Robert Bradford, W. F. Britton, A. E. Young, William Eagle, John Rennie, Robert Pollock, T. A. Lytle, William Kirkpatrick, Robert Wilson and E. W. Sexsmith.

Thirty-three years ago on June 2 a similar group had gathered round the corner-stone of the now historical church, while amid reverent silence the Rev. Dr. Willis, the then principal of Knox College, solemnly declared the stone to be well and truly laid. The bottle used was presented by Mr. Hugh Miller and its counterpart lies in the corner stone of St. James' Cathedral. The only survivors of that day present last night were Hugh Miller, J.P., and John Rogers, then as now an elder of the church.

What it Contained.

Mr. J. P. Close, as chairman of trustees, took the chair and after prayer by Rev. Mr. Paterson, Mr. Lytle, with much difficulty, extracted the contents of the historical glass cyclinder. The first document was a copy of the supplement to The Tri-Weekly Globe, dated "January, 1857."

It is an immense sheet of four pages of 10 columns, each set in bourgeois. The supplement consists of a splendidly-written sketch, entitled "The Rise, Progress and Present Position of Toronto," and it gives an exhaustive description of the advantages of the city, its industries, business, etc.

On the first page is a fine view of Toronto as it appeared at that day. On the second page are capital pictures of the City Hall (looking quite naturally), Normal School, Legislative Hall, the General Hospital, the Provincial Asylum, St. James' Cathedral, New Connexion Methodist Church (now Hill & Weir's printing house) and Knox Church. On the third page are views of the Normal School, Trinity College, John-street School and Mechanics' Institute, and on the last page are views of the Rossin House, the Exchange, the Postoffice and John McGee's Pincushion Factory.

According to the supplement the papers published in Toronto at that date were:

The Christian Guardian, started in 1828 by the Methodist Conference.

The Weekly Mirror, published by C. Dunlevy.

The British Colonist (1838) published by Hugh Scobie.

The Globe (1844), published by George Brown, M.P.P., daily, weekly and tri-weekly.

The Leader (1852), published by James Beaty; daily, semi-weekly and weekly.

Christian Citizen (1853), published by Messrs. Hayes.

The Toronto Times and Old Countryman (1852), semi-weekly, Mr. Hope, publisher.

McKenzie's Message (1851), Mr. William McKenzie, M.P.P., publisher.

The Echo, weekly, published by a committee of management.

The Canadian Independent, published by McLear, Thomas & Co., weekly.

It is a Live Topic still.

The next paper drawn forth from its long resting-place was The Globe, June 2, 1857, daily, four pages of 10 columns each. At the top of the first column it was announced that The Globe is published by George Brown, at the rate of $6 a year, payable in advance. The leading article is styled the Sunday Question. It appears that Parliament was sitting at the time and Mr. Brown had introduced a bill to "Relieve Public Servants from Sunday labor." It also appears that the bill was opposed by several members, and in his article Brown wires into these gentry in a way that would make the most orn reader's hair stand on end. He mops the floor with his opponents, jumps on them, cuffs their ears, twists their noses and closes with a frantic appeal to their constituents not to send them back to Parliament.

The next paper extracted was The Daily Calmists of Monday, June 2, 1857. It is a paper of 8 pages—6 columns each, set in long primer and neatly printed. The leading article is on agriculture and mechanics and is three solid columns long.

The parchment was then taken from the bottle. It is lengthy and neatly engrossed, giving a long history of the origin of the church in Toronto. It was then called the Toronto Free Presbyterian Church and was formed in 1851. The names of the following trustees are inscribed on the document: James Greenless, Nathan Satchell, Thomson McCleary, Jo n Carr, James Rusk, Thomas Sorter, Hugh Miller, Arbuckle Jardine and Chris S. Patterson. Of these all but the last three have joined the great majority. The last name is that of Hugo Patterson, of the Supreme Court, Ottawa.

The only religious paper in the glass cylinder was a copy of The Ecclesiastical and Missionary Record for the Presbyterian Church of Canada, June, 1857. The coins were an English shilling, a sixpence, a penny and a halfpenny on the Bank of Upper Canada. The only other articles were a card of Hugh Miller, wholesale druggist, and the annual report of the Ontario Loan & Investment Society.

All these articles will be returned to the glass cylinder and will be placed in the corner stone of the new building in due course.

Monument to Sir John.

MONTREAL, June 18.—A circular signed by Sir Donald Smith, R. L. Gault, F. C. Henshaw, C. A. McDonald, J. H. Jacobs and other prominent citizens has been issued calling a meeting on Saturday for the purpose of considering the advisability of erecting in this city a monument to the memory of Sir John A. Macdonald. The meeting is regarded as only a preliminary one.

Personal.

Rev. Robert M. Linton of Berkenhead, Eng., is registered at the Walker.

Mayor Halsted of Mt. Forest is visiting the city and is at the Rossin.

Messrs. H. E. Kerr and N. Wolfskehl of New York are at the Queen's.

Mr. John Kerr, Q.C., and wife of Cobourg are at the Rossin.

Mr. K. Campbell, Brandon, is one of the arrivals at the Queen's.

Mr. James A. MacMahon, contractor of St. Catharines, is at the Rossin.

Mr. Charles B. Perry, son of the late Captain Perry, arrived in the city yesterday.

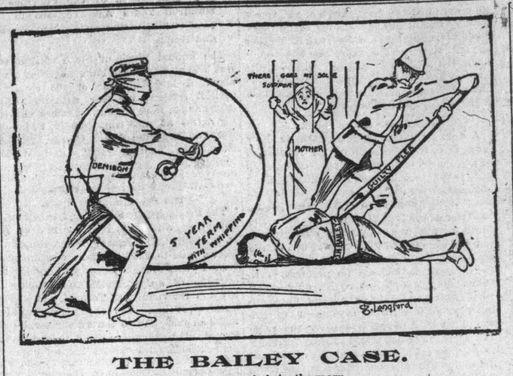
Miss Meneilley, Miss O'Reilly, Miss Coffee and Miss Cumming left Toronto yesterday for New York, where they take the Cunard steamship Aurania to-morrow for Europe.

Ottawa University has conferred the title of Doctor of Laws on Mr. D. A. O'Sullivan, Q.C., of Toronto.

Hon. Edward Blake left for Murray Bay for the summer yesterday. His family follow on June 24, after the wedding of Mr. Ben Cronyn at Bowmanville on that date.

D. R. Dingwall of Winnipeg, Man., and N. H. Paitras of Berthier, Man., were visitors at the Board of Trade yesterday.

It quenches the thirst and keeps the throat moist, Adams' Tutti Frutti. Sold by all druggists and confectioners.



THE BAILEY CASE.

This is the mill that grinds in the morn,
That fills the Penitentiary with youths forlorn.

KILLED AT A BARN RAISING.

Two Men Meet Death Through the Structure Toppling Over.

BARRIE, June 18.—A barn of Mr. Robert Gilpin's, near Thornton, was being raised up to put new sills under it, when the supports slipped from underneath one side and the barn fell, crushing Thomas Chapman and James McLellan. Chapman died instantly and McLellan lingered a short time.

THE ST. CLAIR TUNNEL.

The Work Being Rapidly Pushed Forward to Completion.

SARNIA, June 18.—Good work has been done during the past week at the Sarnia approach to the tunnel. The excavation work is being carried on day and night, and about 50 per cent. of the earth which moved with the recent slide has been taken out. One of the steam shovels is at work at each side of the cut for the approach. Two trains of 20 dump cars each are run in connection with each steam shovel, one being filled while the other is dumping. So far, there are no indications of another slide, nor are there any further signs of damage to the pumping station. The retaining wall is about half finished, beginning from the east, on both the north and south sides of the cut. When these walls are completed to connection with the face of the portal, it is thought that all danger of any further subsidence will cease.

A force of about 75 men is at work clearing up the slopes and digging the trenches in which the protection piles are to be driven. The earth is removed from the slopes and ditches is shoveled on flat cars by hand and drawn out to the dumping ground.

Two gangs of masons are at work laying the piers, one on each side of the approach, and a crew of brick layers are engaged in putting down the permanent rails, which are of the same size as those which run through the tunnel.

The distance across the top of the cut at the portal is 400 feet. The bed of the track at this point will be nearly 60 feet below the surface. It can hardly be expected that any further trouble will ensue from the portal or cave in while these proportions are maintained.

At the western approach the work is making very satisfactory progress.

Father and Daughters Drowned.

PETERBORO, June 18.—A sail boat containing a picnic party of 11 residents of Hiawatha Village, returning from Idle Wyld, was struck by a squall on Rice Lake and overturned. Mrs. John Foote had her little daughter Jennie wrapped in a shawl in her arms. When the boat overturned the child was flung far from the mother's reach, sank beneath the waves and was seen no more. Her husband, John Foote, a man of about 45 years of age, was heard to shout but was not seen by any of the party after the upset. Miss "Kitty" Foote, a daughter, aged 22 years, was seen to sink but never came to the surface again.

The other eight occupants of the boat were rescued.

Where is Jane Shore?

HAMILTON, June 18.—Last October Jane Shore, aged 22, arrived from England and went to live with her aunt, Mrs. Tansley, 170 East-avenue north. Last Monday Mrs. Tansley told the girl that she was going out, and Miss Shore said she would go to the free library. The girl left the house between 7 and 8 o'clock, and since then she has not been seen nor have her relatives heard from her. Mrs. Tansley is greatly worried over the disappearance of the girl because she fears that she may commit suicide. The police were furnished with the following description of the girl: Twenty-one years old, weighs 124 pounds, dark red hair, dark eyes and dark complexion. She wore a gray saxrt, blue print blouse and black sailor hat.

Fell to His Death.

LONDON, June 18.—Mr. Adam Govinlock, of the fifth concession Westminster, ascended an apple tree for the purpose of hiving a swarm of bees, when by some means he lost his balance and fell to the ground, alighting upon his head, causing a blood vessel in his head to burst, settling upon his brain. Death ensued a few hours after the accident.

Killed by an Emery Wheel.

VICTORIA, B.C., June 18.—Maurice Morey, aged 30, recently from Peterboro, Ont., employed in the B. C. iron works, was working at the emery wheel when the wheel suddenly broke and a piece flew up and hit him on the head, inflicting a large and deep gash and also fracturing the skull. The wound was a terrible one, a portion of the brain protruding through the skull. He only lived a short time.

He Was Insane.

KINCARDINE, June 18.—George Ostrum, charged with shooting at Bailiff Campbell last winter while the latter was making a seizure on his premises, was tried before Judge Kingsmill. The jury brought in a verdict of insanity. The prisoner will therefore be confined in an insane asylum.

Sir William Gordon Cumming's Marriage.

From all accounts the wife wears the breeches, and English noblemen commence to find out that the nuptial unions with Uncle Sam's daughters are not all color the rose. It appears that Lady Cumming's first imperative order was that no wine should be kept in the house except Marsala Crown Brand, and Messrs. Gianelli & Co., 16 King-street west, who are the sole agents, would not be sorry if the Toronto ladies would follow Lady Cumming's example.

$2.50 for an all silk umbrella, with Paragon frame, lady's or gent's. The above is worth your attention as they are extra value. Treble's, 58 King-street west.

Taps from the Telegraph.

The Order of Railway Telegraphers and the Brotherhood of Telegraphers have amalgamated, so it is said.

The United States steamers Mohican and Alert left San Francisco yesterday to join the other Government vessels in Behring Sea.

Bernard Glaudi, convicted of attempting to bribe Tales juror Atwood in the Hennessy case at New Orleans, was sentenced to one year in penitentiary.

A special from Guatemala says a plan has been discovered to annex Guatemala to the United States. Some of the most prominent officials and the principal coffee planters of Guatemala are interested in the scheme.

GLADYS APPEALS.

The Celebrated Evelyn-Hurlbert Breach of Promise Case Before the Court Again.

LONDON, June 18.—The appeal of Gladys Evelyn against the judgment pronounced against her in the suit brought against William Henry Hurlbert and asking for a new trial was heard yesterday. The counsel for Miss Evelyn said the plaintiff complained: 1. That Hurlbert's defence took her by surprise. 2. That the counsel for Hurlbert, by interposition in the summing up, prevented the jury from coming to a just conclusion upon the first issue the judge submitted to them by declaring that Hurlbert had not seen and did not know the contents of the letters placed in evidence, and that he had no knowledge of the evidence of the young lady. 3. That the verdict was against the weight of evidence.

Counsel for Miss Evelyn to-day resumed his argument by reading entries from the plaintiff's diary in regard to the indecent letters she claims to have received from Mr. Hurlbert, but which it was said were in the writing of a person Wilfred Murray. According to plaintiff's counsel there was not a shadow of evidence to show that Wilfred Murray really wrote them.

WILLIAM SITS ON WALES.

The German Emperor Takes a Hand in the Baccarat Game.

LONDON, June 18.—Tru