

All the heat from the fire must travel over the top of the oven, down the back and under the bottom twice, in

McClary's Pandora

Range. This means twice the cooking and baking from the same coal.

Diver Fails to Get Into Hull of Price

Another Futile Attempt to Look for Bodies—Weather Too Severe.

Port Huron, Mich., Dec. 31.—Captain Robert P. Thompson in command of the tug Sport, went out to the wreck of the steamer Charles S. Price today, but the water was too rough to accomplish anything. On board the tug was Henry Wrathless, a diver, and if there was an opportunity it was the intention of the diver to go below the water and make a search of the Price's hull.

It took Capt. Thompson some time to locate the wreck, as the two buoys which marked the resting place of the boat had been taken up by the Government and a smaller buoy was placed there. When he finally located the Price, an anchor was cast over the hull to steady the tug. The sea that was rolling made it impossible for the diver to go down, and one of the divers of the tug's anchor was also broken. Soundings were made, and while the tug was rolling considerably at times, it was ascertained that there is about 30 feet of water over the stern of the steamer and about 15 feet over the bow. The boat is resting in the same position as was weeks ago when the bow was above water. Captain Thompson and the diver have now given up hope of entering the hull of the Price to ascertain if any bodies are within the boat, until the weather conditions become more favorable.

Death Strikes Second Time But Misses Its Prey

Steam Valve Blows Out, But Workers Escape Before Scorching Vapor Arrives.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Arlington, Dec. 31.—Under exactly the same circumstances that Hugh Carrothers was killed about one year ago, Harrison Pray, electrician, and Frank Rillet, assistant electrician at the local electric plant, had a close call from death in the plant about six o'clock Tuesday night, when a steam valve blew out. Fortunately the roar of the engine saved them, and while they were able to escape from the room before the steam shot out to total darkness, the pressure of 100 pounds and the boiler was full of water at the time of the break.

The accident in which Mr. Carrothers lost his life was similar in all respects. The valve blew out and the unfortunate man, not having sufficient warning, was thrown by the force of the explosion into a tank of boiling water and scalded to death.



**CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.**

Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as indigestion, nausea, dizziness, constipation, eating, pain in the side, etc. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only

HEAD

ache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only

ACHE

is the case of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

**Appointing an Executor
or Trustee**

Which is the better, to burden one man or to give the business to a company which makes a specialty of these details? The surer, safer plan is to employ the services of a reliable company. This company solicits your favorable consideration when making your will.

The Fidelity Trusts Company of Ontario

Dominion Savings Building, London.

LONDON GRADUATE MAKES WOODROW MEDICAL DISCOVERY

Dr. L. G. Rowntree of John Hopkins University Has Blood-Cleaning Machine.

LIVES WITHOUT BLOOD

Balloon in Stomach Tests Lungs—Sensation—Appetite a Phenomenon—Animals Change Color.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 31.—Three doctors from Johns Hopkins University, by actual demonstration on a living animal, showed to scientists of America in convention here yesterday that it is possible to remove every drop of blood from a living animal, clean the blood of its impurities, and return it to the animal without interrupting the heart-beat.

The demonstration was conducted on a dog. The demonstrators were Prof. J. A. Abel and two of his colleagues Drs. L. G. Rowntree (a graduate of the Western Medical College, London, Ont.), and B. E. Turner, all of Johns Hopkins. In their experiment they had every drop of blood out of the dog's body coursing through a coil of tubes, whose connected length measured nearly 50 feet.

Scientists who watched the demonstration in wonderment saw the entire circulation of an animal going on in glass tubes outside the animal's body, the blood being propelled through the tubes by the action of the animal's heart which never stopped beating while they watched it.

Purifies Blood.
At the same time, by the use of a salt solution through which the blood was passing, the blood was being purified of sugar, uric acid and all the diffusible materials. By varying the solution, and sending the blood through chemicals of different sorts, other kinds of poisons can be removed from the blood by the same process.

Dr. Abel and his colleagues would venture no prediction as to a practical application of their methods. The demonstration simply showed a step advance, they said, and they did not care to discuss the possibilities at the present stage in their research.

The dog used in the demonstration, a healthy animal weighing about thirty-five pounds, was put to sleep by ether and strapped on its back to a board with its paws, head and neck stretched out on the board and held in that position. An incision was made in the animal's neck and shoulder, laying bare the carotid artery and the jugular vein.

The tube was connected to the vein. Blood from the artery flew into the solution, and the jugular vein, which was a large glass tube, this also filled with salt solution.

Method of Operation.
The diameter of the larger tube, containing the entire coil, was not more than four inches. A few seconds after the tube was connected to the artery the coil began to grow gradually pink, then red. As the throbbing of the animal's heart continued, the blood was forced along the coil until the entire fifty feet of glass tube was red with blood. The salt solution was being forced out into the jugular vein.

An electric light was kept burning beneath the coil to keep the solution at a constant temperature, not to chill the animal's body. All the time the action of the animal's heart beating beneath the skin in regular rhythm could be seen.

Another Thrill.
The visiting scientists were given another thrill today when Dr. A. J. Carlson, of the University of Chicago, swallowed a small rubber balloon and a foot or two of rubber tube to measure out the length of the balloon. Dr. Carlson performed his feat before a room filled with men and women, who stared at him in wonderment.

He had on a table before him a small balloon of soft rubber in a tub of water. Attached to the balloon were two tubes of black rubber, each about 15 inches long.

Dr. Carlson lifted the balloon out of the water and it hung in his mouth. He gripped his tongue and the balloon began to disappear. He took a swallow of the water and a length of the tube went down. He gripped his tongue and the balloon was out of his mouth.

"Now it's in my stomach," he said. He kept up a constant conversation, and said the balloon in his stomach didn't inconvenience him in the least.

To complete his experiment, Dr. Carlson blows up the balloon. When the air is forced out through the tubes, which are attached to an instrument to record the movements on a sensitized paper, Dr. Carlson passed about the amount of air some plates he had made in experiments on his own stomach.

North China To Be Evacuated by Powers

Germany and United States Follow Russia's Example—Britain Must Lead.

[Canadian Press.]
London, Dec. 31.—The Pekin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says it is reported that Germany and the United States will follow the Russian lead in entirely evacuating North China, save for a small legation guard. France and Japan will not evacuate unless England takes the lead, but the correspondent believes England will gradually reduce her contingents.

VESUVIUS DISLIKES SNOW.

[Canadian Press.]
Naples, Dec. 31.—An abundant snowfall has covered the sides of Mount Vesuvius with white, while from the crater a great incandescent column of smoke arises, affording a unique spectacle. Frequent explosions occur as a result of the infiltration of

ARMY MUSTN'T "TANGO."

[Canadian Press.]
Vienna, Dec. 31.—A war office edict forbids uniformed officers to dance the tango at public balls. As a majority of the male dancers at the important balls are army officers, the prohibition is practically universal.

AIM AT EFFECTABLE DIVISION OF GREAT LAKES RELIEF FUND

American and Canadian Committees to Unite and Avoid Overlapping and Neglect.

CONTRIBUTIONS LIBERAL

Liberal Construction To Be Permitted on Rule Regarding Residence—Difficulty Overcome.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Toronto, Dec. 31.—In order that there shall be no overlapping and that the distribution of the Great Lakes disaster fund may be equitable, the Canadian and American committees will unite their forces.

This was decided upon at a meeting of the general committee in the mayor's office yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Mark H. Irish, representing the Ontario Government, which made a grant of \$10,000 to the fund, Mr. James Playfair, representing the shipping interests, and Mr. H. H. Gildersleeve, general treasurer, were appointed a sub-committee to meet a sub-committee from the American trustees.

To Be Thorough.
When these two bodies meet an effort will be made to arrive at some common basis of contributions to the beneficiaries. This will be necessary to prevent overlapping on the one hand and the neglect of needy ones on the other.

A rather liberal construction will be permitted to the term "residence" as applied to Canadian or United States sailors. A great many of the navigators and engineers on the Great Lakes who hold United States certificates have what is technically known as an "established residence" in that country, although their families and dependents are all in Canada. It is to provide for such contingencies as these that the two committees will meet, and if possible consolidate their efforts so that the benefits of the funds may be equitably distributed.

The funds will be placed with the Toronto General Trusts Corporation and disbursed according to the directions of the committee.

Another Young Girl Mysteriously Gone

Young Girl on Way From England to Join Sister Cannot Be Found.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Kingston, Dec. 31.—A young married woman, who lives in the local police to make inquiries regarding the whereabouts of her sixteen-year-old sister, who arrived two weeks ago, St. John, N. B., from England.

The girl was to have come direct to Kingston, and her sister believes she has been secured by white slaves. A few days ago she received a letter signed with her sister's name, but not in her handwriting. The letter stated that she had decided not to come to Kingston, but would remain in St. John, where she would shortly be married. This letter aroused suspicion, and it is believed to have been written by parties who have the English girl.

Death Follows Cold Wave That Visits All Europe

Blizzards and Floods—Bitterest Year-End in Decade Reported From France.

Paris, Dec. 31.—France and a great part of Europe are experiencing the worst year-end in a decade. Blizzards and floods have done great damage on land, and gales of exceptional violence have ravaged the coasts.

In Spain and Portugal the intense cold has caused numerous deaths. In the south of France the temperature has registered some degrees below zero, Fahrenheit. Mount Vesuvius, in Italy, is covered with a mantle of white.

Germany is now in the grip of storms, and in many places, including Berlin, there have been heavy falls of snow.

In France and Southwest Europe the railroads are cut in many places, and this section is practically isolated, so far as telegraphic communication is concerned.

Conditions are at their worst in Southern and Central France, which usually are favored by mild winters. Scores of villages, which ordinarily never see snow, are cut off. The suffering of the poor is intense and deaths from exposure are common.

Paris and outlying districts have been partly snowed out, and as a result of temporary interruptions of the tributaries of the Seine are overflowing.

New York, Dec. 31.—A London correspondent to the Herald says that winter still holds the British Isles in a tight grip. Yesterday was the coldest day since Feb. 5, 1912. Despite the bright sunshine prevalent in London, round the coasts a heavy snowstorm accompanied by lightning and thunder, was experienced at Dover, and channel.

King Manuel and his wife, Princess Augusta Victoria, arrived at Dover yesterday, intending to cross the continent, but are stopping at Dover until the weather improves.

Tobogganing is being indulged in on the surrounding hills, and winter sports are in full swing at the Derbyshire health resorts. Heavy snow-drifts are reported in North Yorkshire and Durham.

In North Wales a man was overtaken by a snowstorm on the mountains and was found dead. The roads and railways in the lowlands of Scotland are blocked and snowplows are in use.

ANGLO-GERMAN UNDER.

[Canadian Press.]
New York, Dec. 31.—A cable from London to the New York Times says: It is stated on apparently good authority that Great Britain and Germany have concluded an important arrangement with regard to the African possessions of Portugal, that is, Angola and Portuguese East Africa.

AMERICAN PAPERS URGE BRITAIN TO JOIN EXHIBITION

New York Press Laments That England Has Withheld Her Patronage.

CALL IT SERIOUS BLUNDER

Say It Provokes Baseless Rumor About Anglo-German Alliance—Talk of Monshine.

London, Dec. 31.—The Times publishes today a 54-page supplement, dealing with the history, the resources and the probable future development of the Pacific Coast States of North America, with special reference to the effects which must follow the opening of the Panama Canal.

In an editorial in connection with the publication the Times again gravely warns the British Government of the serious blunder it is making in its refusal to participate in the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and urges reconsideration of its decision.

The editorial points out how difficult it will be effectively to refute the belief engendered by that refusal that England and Germany "are banded in secret agreement to wage war on American commerce and freeze Americans out of South America."

Provokes False Rumors.
The Daily News, in an editorial lamenting the British Government's refusal to participate in the Panama-Pacific Exposition, which has provoked baseless rumors of an Anglo-German agreement, to wage war on American commerce, asserts that the only agreement between London and Berlin relative to the exposition, is an agreement that each government should acquit the other if it intended to participate.

With reference to the Anglo-German rumor, the Chronicle emphatically denies that any meeting between Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, and the Imperial German chancellor, Von Bethmann-Hollweg, occurred, as alleged, in November, 1912. It says that the whole story is "mere moonshine," and believes that when the secret is brought to light, Parliament sufficient pressure will be exercised to induce the Government to revise its decision.

The Daily News, in an editorial, points to these rumors as proving the lack of wisdom in the Government's attitude.

WOMEN CAMPAIGNING IN QUIET WAY ONLY

Expected, However, That Many More Than Usual Will Work in Municipal Elections.

While the women of London are taking a much keener interest in the municipal elections this year than has been the case for many years past, they are not doing much work in anything but a very quiet way.

The 3,884 postcards issued by five of the women's clubs of London, bearing the request that the women rate-payers of the city appear at the polls on election day, have all been mailed, and will, it is hoped by the women, result in many more women voters.

The Union Mothers' Clubs are taking a special interest in the nominees for school trustees, as they feel that it is of great importance that the men who are responsible for the educational welfare of the city, should be those who work for advancement along every line.

Two candidates for the "Mothers' Club" are working are E. R. Dennis and M. E. Irwin, whose activities for supervised playgrounds, are well known.

Around the City Hall

Hydro Starts Tomorrow.

Hydro will be supplied the London Street Railway Company regularly commencing on Thursday morning. About 500 horsepower of the juice will be turned on, and when the new equipment is complete the whole system will be operated with Niagara energy, using in all about 1,000 horsepower.

Dispensary Hours Changed.

Superintendent T. H. Heard announces that the free dispensary at Victoria Hospital will in future be open between the hours of 9 and 11 in the morning, instead of from 1 to 3, the new hours being more convenient for the attending physicians.

Must Have Permit.

Electrician Inspector W. B. Legate has given notice to the effect that no company, corporation or individual, whether operating privately or publicly, will be permitted to install any service or furnish a supply of electrical energy to any installation for electric light, heat, power or other purpose, until a permit for the same has been granted. This is in accordance with the provisions of the power commission act. All parties having electric wiring installed are entitled to a certificate of inspection.

WOULDN'T ALLOW LISA GO.

[Canadian Press.]
Milan, Dec. 31.—Leonardo da Vinci's masterpiece "Mona Lisa," is at last on its journey back to Paris. The director and curator of the Louvre and several Italian officials kept guard over it when it left Milan last night. Great crowds viewed the picture, which has been on exhibition here at the Brera Gallery, and when the time came for its removal from the gallery the crowds protested, asking that it remain a little longer.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

PRODUCE.
TORONTO, Dec. 31.—Grain and produce prices yesterday in the local markets were: Wheat, bu, 90c to 92c; oats, bu, 55c to 60c; barley, bu, 62c to 65c; rye, bu, 55c to 60c; hay, No. 1, \$17 to \$18; do, mixed, \$15 to \$16; straw, per ton, \$16 to \$17; dressed hogs, heavy, \$11 to \$11 50; do, light, \$12 to \$12 50; butter, dairy, lb, 20c to 22c; eggs, dozen, 55c to 60c; chickens, lb, 15c to 18c; fowl, lb, 12c to 14c; ducks, lb, 15c to 18c; turkeys, lb, 22c to 25c; geese, lb, 15c to 18c; apples, bu, \$2 50 to \$4 50; potatoes, bag, \$1 to \$1 50; beef, forequarters, cwt, \$11 50 to \$12; do, hindquarters, \$14 50 to \$16; do, choice sides, \$13 to \$14; do, medium, \$11 50 to \$12 50; do, common, \$9 50 to \$10 50; mutton, light, \$10 to \$12; veal, common, \$11 50 to \$12 50; do, prime, \$13 to \$14 50; lambs, \$12 to \$13 50.

Ontario wheat flour, 90 per cent, are quoted at \$3.50 to \$3.65, sea-board, and at \$3.50, Toronto. Manitoba—First patents, in jute bags, \$5.30; do, seconds, \$4.80; strong bakers, in jute bags, \$4.60.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern quoted at 93 1/2c, bay ports, and No. 2 at 91 1/2c, bay ports, and 91 1/2c outside. Ontario wheat—No. 2 wheat at 84c to 85c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario oats quoted at 24c to 25c, common, 23c to 24c; do, 25c on track, Toronto. Western Canada old oats quoted at 40c for No. 2 and at 38c for No. 3, bay ports.

Peas—Nominal, \$1.40 to \$1.45 outside. Barley—Good malting barley quoted at 55c to 56c outside.

Corn—The market is steady. New No. 3 American quoted at 72 1/2c to 73c all rail, Toronto.

Rye—No. 2 quoted at 65c to 66c outside. Buckwheat—There is none offering at present prices are nominal about 70c outside.

Brans—Manitoba bran in good demand at \$21 to \$21 50 a ton in bags. Toronto freight.

Shorts—\$22.50, Toronto.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
TORONTO, Dec. 31.—Fruit prices only slightly active, with prices unchanged. Apples, No. 1 Spies, bu, \$4 50 to \$5; do, No. 2, \$3 50 to \$4; do, No. 3, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 4, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 5, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 6, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 7, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 8, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 9, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 10, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 11, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 12, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 13, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 14, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 15, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 16, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 17, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 18, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 19, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 20, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 21, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 22, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 23, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 24, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 25, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 26, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 27, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 28, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 29, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 30, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 31, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 32, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 33, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 34, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 35, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 36, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 37, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 38, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 39, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 40, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 41, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 42, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 43, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 44, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 45, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 46, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 47, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 48, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 49, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 50, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 51, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 52, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 53, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 54, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 55, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 56, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 57, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 58, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 59, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 60, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 61, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 62, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 63, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 64, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 65, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 66, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 67, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 68, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 69, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 70, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 71, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 72, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 73, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 74, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 75, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 76, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 77, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 78, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 79, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 80, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 81, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 82, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 83, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 84, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 85, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 86, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 87, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 88, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 89, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 90, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 91, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 92, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 93, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 94, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 95, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 96, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 97, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 98, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 99, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 100, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 101, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 102, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 103, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 104, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 105, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 106, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 107, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 108, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 109, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 110, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 111, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 112, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 113, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 114, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 115, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 116, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 117, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 118, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 119, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 120, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 121, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 122, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 123, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 124, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 125, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 126, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 127, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 128, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 129, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 130, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 131, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 132, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 133, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 134, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 135, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 136, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 137, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 138, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 139, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 140, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 141, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 142, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 143, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 144, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 145, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 146, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 147, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 148, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 149, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 150, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 151, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 152, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 153, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 154, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 155, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 156, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 157, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 158, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 159, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 160, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 161, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 162, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 163, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 164, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 165, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 166, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 167, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 168, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 169, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 170, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 171, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 172, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 173, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 174, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 175, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 176, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 177, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 178, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 179, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 180, \$2 50 to \$3; do, No. 181, \$2