

Bronchial Coughs

The prostrating cough tears down your strength.

The clogged air-tubes directly affect your lungs and speedily lead to pleurisy, pneumonia, consumption.

SCOTT'S EMULSION overcomes bronchitis in an easy, natural way. Its curative OIL-FOOD soothes the inflamed membranes, relieves the cold that causes the trouble, and every drop helps to strengthen your lungs.

All Druggists Have It
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

THE OBSERVER

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MIXED FARMING THE THING

On Saturday a young farmer at Fort Fairfield, hopelessly involved because he had staked his beautiful farm and home on one single crop of potatoes, shot himself. The low price of potatoes spelled complete ruin to him. He had no hay, oats, cattle or swine to depend on. "He carried all his eggs in one basket."

The case of this man is not unique in Aroostook county. There are others similar, and just as sad.

Such a happening through such a cause has never occurred in Carleton or Victoria county. A total loss of a season's crop has never been known. Our farmers depend on mixed farming, and because they do they always have something to sell. And the prices never go flat all around.

At the present time Aroostook farmers are on the verge of despair, many of them staring in the face of ruin, with potatoes, the only thing they have to sell, and the most expensive product to raise, at 80 cents a barrel.

Our farmers are grieved that potatoes here are only 50 cents a barrel. But none will be ruined by the low price. All are cheerfully optimistic in spite of the hovering war-cloud. All have something else to sell. Every day trainloads of hay are being shipped—an Aroostook county man here the other day expressed amazement at the sight.

Aroostook county imports carloads of horses every year. Last week Carleton county shipped two carloads away.

Carloads of cattle, of hogs, of sheep, hay, oats, products of all kinds, are keeping our farmers in good spirits the while potatoes are only 50 cents.

A farmer near Hartland keeps hens as a side-line and his flock produce a dollar a day right through this freezing weather. Other farmers sell hundreds of dollars worth of butter—another sideline.

And all our farmers have immense stocks of potatoes on hand—and a lot of other stuff too.

Stick to mixed farming. It pays.

Middle Simonds

Mrs. Edmund Ebbett went to Aroostook Junction Thursday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Stanley Waugh.

A number of friends from Peel spent Thursday evening at Norval Guerrier's.

Mrs. Chas. Ebbett who has been quite seriously ill for the last three months is somewhat improving.

Our school is progressing nicely under the skilled management of Miss Anna Graham.

Miss Kate Waugh of Island Falls is the guest of her sister Mrs. Edmund Ebbett.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Shaw are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby girl.

Miss Celia Shaw of Avondale has been visiting friends in this place quite recently.

Miss Hazel Underhill is the guest of the Misses Ethel and Mabel Ebbett.

Tyson Nicholson drove to Avondale on Thursday.

Mrs. Wesley Atwater was calling on friends in Peel Tuesday.

Friends of Mrs. Aaron Shaw will be pleased to learn of her recovery after being operated on six weeks ago.

Miss Ruby Raymond was visiting at Charles Ebbett's recently.

Frank Hatfield is working at Clark's Mills.

Connell

Wm. Albright of Victoria was calling on friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Henrietta Flanagan is visiting friends at Fort Fairfield.

Friends of Mrs. Edwin McKay will be pleased to hear of her speedy recovery after being operated on for appendicitis.

Mrs. Wiggins of Houlton is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Guy Holmes.

Tyson Nicholson and daughter, Edna, spent Sunday afternoon at George Nicholson's.

Mrs. John Perley has returned home after visiting friends at Limestone and Aroostook Junction.

Mrs. Thomas Trafford of Centreville is visiting her daughter, Mrs. M. Birmingham.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath—Candy Cathartic.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get relief with Cascarets. They immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the intestines and bowels. A 10-cent box from your druggist will keep your liver and bowels clean; stomach sweet, and head clear for months. They work while you sleep.

OUR EARLIEST HUMORIST.

Sam Slick Was Born in Windsor, N.S., and Died in England.

Thomas Chandler Haliburton, popularly known as "Sam Slick," was for many years a judge in Nova Scotia. He was born in Windsor, N.S., in 1797 and at the age of twenty-three was admitted to the bar. In 1829 he was appointed chief justice of the Court of Common Pleas, and in 1840 became a judge of the Supreme Court. He was later he resigned that office and returned to England where he afterwards resided. He died at Isleworth, not far from London, in 1865. He is best known as the author of a series of sketches satirizing the New England character, which appeared first in a Nova Scotia paper and were subsequently (in 1837) collected and published in book form under the title of "The Clockmaker, or the Sayings and doings of Samuel Slick of Slickville."

These were followed by a second series which appeared in 1839, and a third in 1840. The hero of these sketches is Sam Slick, a Yankee clockmaker and pedlar, who is a sort of American Sam Weller. His quaint drollery, unsophisticated wit, and aptitude in the use of what he calls "soft sawdust" gained for him many admirers, though just how far the author succeeded in portraying the typical Yankee is a matter of opinion. One American critic says: "We can distinguish the real from the counterfeit Yankee at the first sound of the voice, and by the turn of a single sentence; and we have no hesitation in declaring that Sam Slick is not what he pretends to be; that there is no organic life in him; that he is an imposter, an impossibility, a nonentity." On the other hand the London Athenaeum asserts that "Sam Slick deserves to be entered on our list of friends, containing the names of Tristram Shandy, the shepherd of the Noctes Ambrosianae, and other rhapsodical discourses on time and change, who, besides the delights of their discourses, possess also the charm of individuality." Judge Haliburton afterwards wrote "The Attache, or Sam Slick in England," in which British society is amusingly depicted. He is also the author of "An Historical and Statistical Account of Nova Scotia," "Bubbles of Canada," "The Old Judge, or Life in a Colony," "Letter-Bag of the Great Western," "Rule and Misrule of the English in America," "Yankee Stories," "Traits of American Humor," "Nature and Human Nature," "Letters to Lord Durham," and "Wise Saws and Modern Instances."

A Whole Hour.

Mrs. Newlyned—Just think, dear, we've been married nearly an hour and we haven't had a cross word!—Buffalo Express.

BRITAIN'S RED ALLIES.

Home of Mohawks Near Brantford Has Historic Associations.

A visible link between the Red man and the white, the aboriginal and the civilized in Canada, is the Mohawk Church outside the city of Brantford, Ontario.

This old and historic sacred edifice was reared as a reward of the Redman's loyalty to the British Crown.

History tells us that before the Revolutionary War between the American colonies and Great Britain, the Mohawk Indian lived along the valley of the Hudson in the State of New York, where a church had been built for them by the British crown. When the revolution broke out Captain Joseph Brant and his Indian followers were compelled to leave the state, as they remained true to the English King, and they sent their families to Lachine and Niagara.

At the close of the war the Government selected a tract of land upon the Bay of Quinte, to be set apart for the use of the Mohawks, in recognition of their loyalty.

Capt. Brant, however, preferred an allotment on the Grand river and, after considerable delay, caused by disagreement among the Indians themselves, a meeting of the Mississaugas and chiefs of the Six Nations and Delaware was held at Niagara, and the sale of the land was made by the Mississaugas for the use of the Six Nations.

They were granted six miles on either side of the Grand river, from its mouth to its source, and the greater part of the Mohawks, Senecas, Cayugas and others settled.

The Government had promised to build a church to replace the one of the former Mississaugas settlement, and in 1824, Dr. Fowler let the church contract to John H. Smith, a United Empire Loyalist, and in 1825 Smith and his sons began the building of the new church now known so familiarly as "The Old Mohawk Church."

The building is of frame, and the timber for it was cut and sawn near Paris and floated down the river to where the church still stands. The old clapboards, beaded in those days by hand, may be readily distinguished from those added in recent years. Originally the pulpit was in the centre of the south wall facing north, and on the west side of that was a large pew reserved for the historic Brant family. Facing the Holy Table on each side were two pews reserved for the members of the congregation. The remainder of the old-fashioned high box pews were occupied by Indians.

The church was the first built in Ontario, and the first Protestant church in either Upper or Lower Canada, yet it has no regular minister in charge during the first forty years of its existence.

Early records of the church may be found in "Hall's Travels," where Lieut. Hall writes of his visit to the church in 1816. He describes the services conducted by "Aaron," a grey-headed Mohawk, who touched his cheeks with a few spots of vermilion in honor of Sunday. He wore a surplice and preached.

In the records of Dr. Stuart, a still earlier visit to the Mohawks in 1793 may be found. He describes the village as consisting of a great number of good houses, with an elegant church in the centre. "It has an elegant steeple and bell, and is well furnished within." He also mentions that the pulpit was accompanied by an organ, and there was a service of plate and crimson furniture for the pulpit.

In 1823 the Six Nations Mission was assumed charge of by the New England Company, which charge is still retained to the present day. The Rev. Wm. Hough was the first missionary and a parsonage and two schools were built.

In 1829 the church was considerably altered, the spire being rebuilt to form an entrance, porch, vestry and bellry.

Y. M. C. A. at Valcartier.

The Y. M. C. A. has a staff of thirty men working at Valcartier camp and has also a canteen, bar, shop, moving picture hall and post office in operation there. A representative of the association said that this camp was about the biggest operation that the Y. M. C. A. in Canada had ever handled. A supply of thirty thousands sheets of note paper at the association's stand, for instance, lasts only about four days, and its postoffice sells 600 to 700 worth of stamps a day. The canteen did much to keep down prices of foods owing to the exorbitant demands of the dealers. A camp order regulates food prices and the Y. M. C. A. was only asked to cut the price of one article.

The sanitary department has been very careful about the milk supply, and soldiers were permitted to use only the condensed article at first. As to the character of the men, "They are the cleanest crowd that I have ever seen," said a Y. M. C. A. official who has returned to Toronto from a visit to the camp. "There is no drinking and the soldiers are all happy and cheerful."

Canadian Consuls.

Never was there a time when Canadian consuls in foreign countries could be of more service than just now. Not only could they give advice and assistance to Canadians resident abroad, but they could inform our exporters what goods are required. Some advice has been sent out from Ottawa to the effect that Canada should try to capture some of the German trade with South America. But without consuls there export trade is difficult to handle. Such advice is cheap. What the Canadian Government should do is to send trade agents there at once to find out what Canada can supply.

A system of Canadian consulates abroad has been discussed in several Parliaments and has even been promised, but—that is the Canadian way.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP BRIDGE

The war was brought near home on Tuesday when the news came of an attempt to blow up the C. P. R. Bridge at Vanceboro.

The deed was done by a German named Werner Horne, who claims he is an officer. Eighty pounds of nitro-glycerine enclosed in a suitcase was the explosive used, and the result was some damage to the bridge but not so bad that traffic was seriously delayed.

The man, almost immediately arrested at Vanceboro, is being held by United States authorities pending extradition proceedings.

Card of Thanks

We wish to publicly express our thanks to neighbors and friends for their kindness during the sickness and death of our dear daughter Mabel.

Mr. and Mrs. Dow Stewart.

PRODUCE PRICES

Below are current prices of produce. To encourage farmers the prices are compared with those of 15 years ago.

	1915	1899
Potatoes	\$.40	no sale
Stove wood	5.50	3.50
Oats	.50	.23
Eggs	.28	.22
Butter	.20 to .22	.18
Beans	3.25	1.60
B. W. Meal	2.25	.80
Hay, loose	10.00	4.00
Pork	.09	.03

All winter the express trains have run closely on time until this week when for three days the north bound express was an hour or more late.

Pneumatics Stops Your Pain

It breaks up your cold in one hour. It's marvellous. Applied externally. All Druggists.

G. E. WILSON'S AFTER INVENTORY SALE WILL BE CONTINUED TILL Saturday, Feb. 13

We are continuing the sale till Feb. 13th on account of the bad condition of the roads and weather. We wish to give everyone a chance at the bargains being offered.

We are withdrawing the price of \$7.29 on "King's Quality" Flour after Jan. 30 and will substitute WALL PAPER at 25% Discount and which includes all our new Spring Wall Papers.

KING'S QUALITY

Flour only \$7.29

This price is almost one dollar below the regular wholesale price of Manitoba Flour today. Every barrel is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Grocery Specials

Sugar, 15 lbs for \$1.00
Salmon, "Dewey", 2 cans for .25
Soda, 10 lbs for .25
Soda, Cow Brand, 7 lbs for .25
Rolled Oats, 7 lbs for .25
Soap, 6 bars for .25
Raisins, 8 lbs for .25

Crockery & Glassware

20% Discount
Special—1 doz. Tumblers, 25c

Ladies' Coatings

Prices are cut in half.

SHOE PACKS, 20% Discount
BOOTS and SHOES

Men's Suits

Regular \$9.50 now	\$6.79
" 10.00 "	7.99
" 11.00 "	8.95
" 12.00 "	9.99
" 13.00 "	10.59
" 18.50 "	14.59
" 22.00 "	18.59

Ladies' Coats

Regular \$9.00 now	\$6.79
" 10.50 "	7.99
" 11.50 "	8.99
" 14.00 "	10.49
" 21.00 "	15.99

Hats and Caps 20% Disc't

Men's Work Shirts

20% Discount

1 only Man's Raccoon

Coat
Size 42, regular \$90 now \$75

Corsets 20% Discount

"Kabo" and "V. C." Corsets at Half Price.

Robes

Regular \$5.50 now	\$4.29
" 6.00 "	4.89
" 10.50 "	8.39
" 14.50 "	11.59

Besides giving you the benefit of the above discounts we try to give you
THE VERY BEST SERVICE POSSIBLE

G. E. WILSON

Telephones: N. B. 30-21; Farmers' 3-14

Centreville