

The Planet

S. STEPHENSON - Proprietor.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25.

GET TOGETHER.

On Monday night, doubtless carried away by his own strong feelings and enthusiasm, an alderman rose in his place at the City Council Board and thoughtlessly launched a tirade of angry adjectives and vigorous threats at the Lake Erie Railroad.

Such exhibitions are unfortunate and unseemly. They are calculated to whet an appetite to fight—to encourage city and railroad into long, bitter and expensive litigation, detrimental to the interests of both.

It is evident that the difference—or misunderstanding—which holds city and railroad apart is becoming acute, and unless prompt and common-sense steps are taken by some one, both will thrust themselves into the throes of costly lawing. It is hardly to be expected that the lawyers themselves will remain awake at nights trying to avoid this result. There is too much human nature in lawyers—and a long and bitter fight between such excellently solvent clients would be a plum for them.

It is patent to the intelligence of every citizen that big advantages must accrue to the city in preserving a friendly attitude to the railroad. Our Saturday and Wednesday markets are largely influenced by the special market rates and service in existence, our summer Eau residents are dependent upon it, and in innumerable other ways the friendship of the railroad is valuable to Chathamites.

It would be a wise and business-like move if the Council, the Board of Trade and other representative citizens would get together on his matter, meet the officials of the railroad in a friendly conference and week to secure an amicable settlement of the difficulties and differences now existing between the company and the city.

THE COST OF LIVING.

The question as to whether the cost of living is higher to-day than formerly is again up for discussion, points out the St. Thomas Journal, and several of our contemporaries have gone to the trouble of preparing interviews with their readers, in an endeavor to arrive at a satisfactory settlement to this much-worn and vexed question.

There seems to be a general belief that living is higher to-day than it was ten years ago, but it is very doubtful whether such a contention could be established by the market quotations or by the current prices of dry-goods or family necessities. It would be found upon investigation that nearly everything that is required by a family to-day can be bought cheaper than it could ten years ago, but notwithstanding that fact it costs more to keep a family to-day than it did formerly. The extra cost, however, is not due to increased prices but to increased consumption.

The average professional man to-day lives at the same rate as the wealthiest did, a comparatively few years ago, while mechanics have all the comforts and luxuries that are enjoyed by professional men and merchants. Many of the articles which were formerly considered to be luxuries are now regarded as necessities. The children of mechanics and laborers, who at one time were content with a common school education, are now making their way through the universities. The homes of the toilers are furnished in quartered oak and black walnut, upholstered in plushes of the most costly manufacture.

The sons and daughters of working men study side by side in the conservatories of music with the children of the wealthy, and so far as personal appearance is concerned, it is impossible to tell the laborer from the lawyer, when dressed in their best, the printer from the physician or the young lady clerk from the devotee of fashion.

It is costing more to live because we are living better; because the people are sharing in the refinements and luxuries of life that were formerly in the reach of but a small circle. This increased consumption keeps in motion the ever widening circle of employment because it creates an extensive demand for articles which formerly had but a limited sale.

Every person must rejoice at this condition of society by which life is made worth living for almost every person who is willing to work. The general diffusion of knowledge also raises the mental and physical standards, and the sharp dividing lines, which formerly existed between the gentle and the humble-born are being erased by the education of the humble to as high a degree as their more fortunate companions.

The Canadian mechanics who thus use his income to surround himself with those things in life which add

to his comforts is simply living up to his day and generation. If instead of doing so, he had followed the example of the Chinese and practiced economy to the point of depriving himself of pleasure he would find that his wages would soon diminish to the Chinese standard.

There is a high standard of living in Canada, and to that, as much as to anything is to be attributed the prosperity of the workers of this country, which has always been greater than that of the toilers of any other country on earth.

NEWSPAPER RETICENCE.

It was an interesting passage in the Gagey enquiry, concerning the "interview" published in the Toronto Globe in which the first public announcement was made that Mr. Gagey would support the Ross Government. The Globe reporter, Mr. Hammond, having received from Mr. Gagey a typewritten statement, says that Mr. Stratton desired it altered, but Mr. Hammond, not having Mr. Gagey's assent, felt obliged to object. That was creditable to Mr. Hammond and to newspaper men. And it is truthful to say, the Journal knows, that the great majority of newspaper men have that sense of honor and responsibility in their newspaper trust. It is very rarely that a newspaper reporter or editor either takes undue advantage or allows undue advantage to be taken of his professional knowledge and opportunities, in the hundreds of cases in which it would be easy to score a gain, or easy to make a slip. Excepting priests, there is no class of men who carry around as big an arsenal of private information as newspaper reporters, and make proportionately as little use of it, although it is their business to use information.—Ottawa Journal, Liberal.

GOOD SCHEME.

Our esteemed contemporary, the Toronto Telegram, has hit upon a plan whereby the brow-beating and bulldozing of witnesses may be avoided. The Telegram says:—

"The man who has read the evidence in the Gagey investigation must sigh for great riches that he may rear his son to be a lawyer."

For years the knowledge has been gradually growing on the people that there is one thing worse than being a convicted murderer, and that is being an important witness. The murderer can only be hanged. By the time the counsel get through with the important witnesses his character has been so mangled that no self-respecting hangman would associate with him long enough to adjust the noose. "Now, one can generally avoid being a murderer. But circumstances over which we have no control often make the witness. It is nearly always a case of 'can't help it.' And heretofore the unfortunate man has gone to his doom feeling that he could not have averted the catastrophe no matter what he did.

"Now he knows different. The truth shines out before him—he is a lawyer and escape. For the lawyer in the hands of 'his learned friends' is treated with a consideration that by comparison seems brotherly love.

"And as all judges must be lawyers, and all counsel lawyers, the only way to civilize our courts would seem to be to make the witnesses all lawyers, too."

CHARITY IMPOLORED.

We beg of you to suspend judgment on the dreadful charge that the Government has again bribed Gagey. It may be the true.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The King arrived at Naples.

China will pay the Boxer indemnity in gold.

William McCabe, Managing Director of the North American Life, died last evening.

Five hundred carpenters went on strike at Montreal.

Patrick Ryal, mail carrier at Guelph, was found dead in bed.

J. E. Dupont of Detroit has purchased the Mettawasa Hotel, Kingsville, for \$22,000.

The assistant Attorney-General of the Department is implicated in the United States postoffice scandals.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association will hold their next annual excursion to the Pacific coast.

Twenty-five Jews were killed and 275 wounded during anti-Semitic riots at Kishenev, Bessarabia, Russia.

The Federated Labor Executive decided the dispute between the plumbers and electricians in favor of the latter.

The Archbishops of the Roman Catholic Church in the United States are holding their annual meeting at Washington.

Two boys, Roland and Fred Lane, were struck by the International Limited near Prescott. Roland was killed, but Fred may recover.

The corner-stone of the new public library at Guelph, towards which Mr. Andrew Carnegie contributed \$20,000, was laid by Mr. James Watt.

It is understood that Mr. G. de C. O'Grady, Manager of the Bank of Commerce in London, is to be General Manager of the new Crown Bank.

Some people measure success by what they can borrow.

Household Hints

SOME DOMESTIC HINTS.

Of all our ordinary fruits, apples, if eaten regularly, are most generally beneficial.

Whalebone may be easily cut if it is first immersed in hot water for a few minutes.

A lump of camphor kept in the plate chest or silver drawer will prevent the contents from tarnishing.

The toughest fowl can be made eatable if put in cold water—plenty of it—and cooked very slowly from five to six hours.

Do not keep sugar, tea, coffee and other such groceries in the boxes in which they come. Have wooden or tin boxes. A great deal of the strength is lost when they are left in the paper bags.

When tea has been put into the teapot it should be filled up with boiling water. It is a great mistake to put only a little drop of water on the leaves first, filling the pot up afterward.

If your fat begins to froth when you are frying fish croquettes, or anything of the kind, you may know that the fat is not hot enough. Finish cooking what is already in the pan, and then reheat the fat till a blue smoke rises from it before putting in any more.

A woman who does not sleep soundly is in danger of a nervous breakdown. A woman who finds herself weakening in nerve strength must rest. This rest must be systematic, not spasmodic. She must break up the accustomed routine of her work, though she need not give up all her work. She must rise late and retire early.

Crystallized fruit is excellent served for breakfast in winter, when a little sweet preserve like marmalade appeals to the appetite if the weather is cold. For an orange compote remove the rind and slice the oranges, taking out the seeds; add the grated rind of a few of the oranges if they are sweet-rinded California fruit, which is the best for this purpose.

CHEESE—ITS USES.

A Cream Cheese to be served with Fruit is made light by beating up the cheese with a little olive oil. When it is soft and light, it is then pressed into shape again before it is cut into pieces for serving. It should be served about an inch thick and served on a plate with a spoonful of whipped cream on it, and a spoonful of gooseberry or currant jam at the side.

For Cream Cheese Salad, work two table-spoonfuls of grated paprika cheese into one cupful of cream cheese, mixing it in thoroughly. Shape into small rolls and put in a cool place until quite hard and firm. Cut it into slices one-fourth of an inch thick, arrange them on lettuce leaves and serve with a French dressing.

Cheese Fondueux are delicious. To make them, slice a stale roll, pour over it a gill of boiling milk, and when it is softened, beat well and mix with half a pound of grated cheese and the yolks of four well whisked eggs. Immediately before the fondueux are to be served, beat the whites of four more eggs into a solid froth and add them to the mixture before pouring into moulds and baking.

To prepare Cheese Omelet, beat three eggs; add to them three table-spoonfuls of milk, a pinch of salt and a little pepper; put one teaspoon of butter in the frying pan; when melted, pour in the mixture, and cook slowly; when a crust has formed on the under side sprinkle thickly with grated cheese, then fold in half and turn on a hot platter; sprinkle with chopped parsley or with grated cheese and put in a hot oven until the cheese is melted.

For Scalloped Cheese, cut six slices of bread and trim off the crust, spread well with butter, butter a baking dish and put in a layer of bread slices, sprinkle thickly with grated cheese, then add another layer of bread slices and a top layer of cheese; season with salt and paprika. Beat four eggs light and mix with one and one-half pint of milk and season with salt and pepper; pour over the bread and cheese, and bake in a moderately hot oven until it forms a soft custard.

For Fried Cheese Squares, make a thick white sauce with three level table-spoonfuls of butter, one-fourth cup of flour, two-thirds of a cupful of milk, salt, pepper, and a little cayenne; when the sauce is boiling add a little of it to the yoke of one unbeaten egg; return all to the fire; add one cupful of milk cheese; cut in very small pieces and add half a cupful of Gruyere cheese; as soon as the mixture has melted, spread the mixture on a shallow pan to cool; turn it out on a board; cut it in strips or squares, lay them in bread crumbs, then in beaten egg, then in bread crumbs again; put three or four in the frying basket; then fry in smoking hot fat a golden brown; drain them on paper; serve as a cheese course.

For Cheese à la Creole, one table-spoonful of butter, one teaspoonful of chopped onion, one table-spoonful of flour, and one cupful of strained tomato juice, a round of buttered toast for each egg, and as many eggs as desired, will be required, the seasoning to be added after cooking. The butter may be placed in the pan, and when it has browned the onion may be added. The flour is then put in the pan and browned with the mixture, and the tomato juice poured in.

Before the mixture can thicken, the eggs should be dropped in, one at a time, to poach, and the sauce dipped up with a spoon and poured over each egg as it cooks. As soon as the eggs are poached they should be carefully lifted and placed on the rounds of toast, a spoonful of the gravy poured over each, and the seasoning sprinkled on top.

For Cheese Camques, cut bread into slices one-quarter inch thick. Spread them with butter and sprinkle with salt and cayenne or paprika. Cover the top with grated cheese, Parmesan, if you care for the flavor; otherwise, with the American product, and bake in the oven until the cheese softens. This dish must be served at once before the softness has disappeared.

YOUNG WIVES SHOULD REMEMBER.

That it is not wise to provide too many pots, kettles and pans when furnishing a kitchen.

That it is always decidedly cheaper in the end to buy only good carpets and good furniture.

That no matter how good the income a small sum should be put aside regularly for the proverbial rainy day.

That a simple dinner well served is decidedly more enjoyable than an elaborate dinner poorly served.

That a practical knowledge of "economy of good cookery" will be absolutely necessary for the young housewife, no matter how much help she can afford to keep.

That all bills for marketing should be paid weekly, or better still, when the articles are bought.

That with care and economy a small amount of money will do wonders.

That all cold vegetables and scraps of meat may be used in soups and sauces, and croquettes and many appetizing ways too numerous to mention.

ESTIMATES OF THE PROVINCE

Increased Expenditure of \$533,200 Called For.

Toronto, April 24.—The estimates for 1903, which were to be presented to the Legislature yesterday, call for a total expenditure of \$4,537,428, as compared with \$4,004,228 a year ago, an increase of \$533,200. This large increase is made up from various sources, the largest individual item being \$122,000 for the completion and equipment of the new Science building of Toronto University, \$86,000 increased grant for surveys in new districts, \$20,000 for additions to the normal school, Toronto, \$18,500 for an infirmary building at the London Asylum, and \$8,800 for the estimated deficit of the University of Toronto. The cost of civil government is increased by \$40,000, administration of justice \$17,000, education \$137,000, public institutions maintenance \$30,000, agriculture \$70,000, hospitals and charities \$38,000, charges on Crown lands \$85,000, while miscellaneous expenditures are decreased \$103,000.

The following shows the total estimated expenditure under the three heads in 1902 and 1903:

	1902.	1903.
Current expenditure	\$3,901,691	\$3,553,980
Capital account	490,287	303,773
For other purposes (colonization and mining roads)	145,540	146,975
	\$4,537,428	\$4,004,228

Among the new public buildings are the re-votes of \$30,000 for buildings and sites for the Hospital for Epileptics in Oxford County; \$20,000 for additions to the Normal School, Toronto, for manual training and domestic science; \$23,500 for an infirmary building and furnishings at the London Asylum; \$175,000 (\$100,000 re-vote) for new buildings at the School of Practical Science, Toronto; \$49,000 for plumbing, heating, equipment, etc., of same; \$4,000 for furnishing women's residence at the Agricultural College. The public works estimates call for a \$16,000 steel bridge at the outlet of the Lake of the Woods; \$5,000 to construct the bridge at Combermere, and many other items. The amount for colonization roads, as seen above, is practically unchanged, the total being \$145,540, of which \$59,000 is for Temiskaming roads, short roads, mining roads, etc.

The session was a brief one, lasting only until 4.15 o'clock. In addition to the estimates there were only a couple of important matters introduced. One was the presentation of Mr. Harcourt's bill to consolidate the Public, High and Separate School Boards in Toronto, and the other the report of the committee to strike standing committees.

SAVE THE BABY.

"I can truly say that had it not been for Baby's Own Tablets, I do not believe my baby would have been alive to-day." So writes Mrs. Albert Luddington, of St. Mary's River, N. S., and she adds:—"He is now growing nicely; is good natured and is getting fat." It is gratifying to know that in all parts of Canada, Baby's Own Tablets are proving a real blessing to children and a boon to mothers. These Tablets are a speedy relief and a prompt cure for constipation, sour stomach, wind, colic, diarrhoea, worms, and simple fevers. They break up cold, prevent croup and allay the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth. Baby's Own Tablets are good for children of all ages from birth upwards, and are guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug. Sold by medicine dealers or sent by mail, post paid, at 25 cents a box, by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

When a man can't meet his obligations it seems as though he is always meeting his creditors.

CHURCH - CHIMES

Hours of Service.

Christ Church—11 a.m.; 7 p.m.
First Presbyterian—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Holy Trinity—11 a.m.; 7 p.m.
St. Andrew's—11 a.m.; 7 p.m.
St. Joseph's R. C.—8.30, 10.30, 7.30.
Victoria Ave. Methodist—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
William St. Baptist—11 a.m.; 7 p.m.
Park St. Methodist—11 a.m.; 7 p.m.
Seventh Day Adventists—8 and 7.
Latter Day Saints—7 p.m.
Campbell A.M.E.—11 a.m.; 7.45 p.m.
First Baptist—11 a.m.; 7.30 p.m.

Pastors and others who contribute news items to this department of Saturday's Planet will confer a favor by seeing to it that their "copy" reaches this office not later than Friday at 4 p.m. Matter received later than that hour cannot be guaranteed insertion.

International Bible Lesson for Tomorrow—Paul's Journey to Jerusalem—Acts xxi., 3-12.

Golden Text—"The will of the Lord be done."

We have before us incidents in the journey of Paul from Miletus to Jerusalem—use your map locating every place mentioned. Paul seemed to be paying his farewell visits, and his friends warned him of trouble from the Jews; but he was ready, not to be bound only, but also to die at Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus. Another sea side prayer service—in verse 5—so natural and affecting a farewell.

Vesres 8-9-10—Arriving at Caesarea, within 50 miles of Jerusalem, Paul had time to rest and be refreshed several days, at the home of Philip, the evangelist, and his four unmarried daughters, preachers, like their father. While there, a prophet named Agabus gave them an object illustration of how the Jews would use Paul if he went up to Jerusalem, but to no purpose; for although his traveling companions and the disciples at Caesarea besought him with tears he would go, no matter what the consequences.

The life of the Holy Spirit will cause its possessor to sacrifice every personal and worldly advantage, brave every annoyance, peril, and even death itself, if need be, rather than be in the least untrue to what he believes to be the will of God, acting through his faith, hope and love.

Have we thus received this Holy Spirit power?

Church Notes.

The services in the First Presbyterian Church to-morrow will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. W. E. Knowles, in the evening, and Rev. Mr. Cobbedick in the morning.

Christ Church—Second Sunday after Easter—Rev. R. McCosh will conduct the services and occupy the pulpit both morning and evening.

Rev. Mr. George will preach in the morning and the pastor, Rev. Dr. Battisby, in the evening.

Lord's Day Alliance services will be conducted in Park St. Church to-morrow. Rev. W. E. Knowles will preach in the morning and the pastor, Rev. G. H. Cobbedick, M. A., B. D., in the evening.

Rev. Beverley Smith will conduct the services and preach in Holy Trinity Church to-morrow morning and evening.

Rev. J. McDonald, of Dundas, will occupy the pulpit at both services in the William St. Baptist Church to-morrow.

Services will be held in the Saints' Auditorium, near Aberdeen bridge, at the usual hours to-morrow.

Salvation Army, Union Depot—Knee drill at 7 a.m., meeting for promotion of holiness at 11 a.m., Christian fellowship at 3 p.m., soul winning service at 7.30 p.m. All services for citizens and soldiers.

The pastor, Rev. T. H. Henderson, B. A., will preach in the Campbell A. M. E. Church to-morrow morning on "New-born Citizens," and in the evening on "The Groundless Accusation." Excellent music at each service. Seats free. All are welcome.

Three special services in St. John's A. U. M. P. Church to-morrow as follows:—At 11 a.m., preaching by Rev. J. E. Sarjeant, D. D., President of the Middle District. At 3 p.m., preaching by the pastor, Rev. A. B. Selvey. At 7.30 p.m., song service and preaching by the president. The choir will render good music at each service.

J. W. Humphrey's Bible Class for ladies meets every Sunday afternoon at three o'clock in the wing of the Victoria Ave. Methodist Church.

The Oddfellows will attend Divine Service in Christ Church to-morrow evening. The annual sermon will be preached by Rev. R. McCosh.

Re-organized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints—Preaching as usual at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Park St. Young Men's Club rooms are open on Tuesday evenings.

The Victoria Ave. Epworth League meets on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Robertson Home Missionary Society will meet in St. Andrew's school room on Friday evening at 8.

The regular weekly prayer service will be held at St. Andrew's church on Wednesday evening at 8.

Class meeting in connection with the A. U. M. P. Church is held every Tuesday evening.

Christian Endeavor in Campbell A. M. E. Church to-morrow evening at 6.30.

The Park St. Sunday School, Bible Classes and Young Men's Club will meet at 3 p.m. to-morrow.

First Presbyterian Church Sunday School to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Strangers are cordially invited to all the services in Christ Church.

A Woman of Forty-five
is young and lovable nowadays, but she is at the threshold of the time of rheumatism, lumbago and neuralgia.

SHE SHOULD KNOW
that there is one sure and true and speedy cure for them, giving relief almost the instant the first spoonful is taken, and driving out the last of the disease in one to three days.

The Great South American Rheumatic Cure
does it.

Miss M. C. Kennedy, Toronto, writes:
"Before taking South American Rheumatic Cure, I was unable to put my feet on the floor and could not obtain relief from the doctor who attended me. Shortly after taking it I recovered completely."

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
is invaluable to women especially. Relieves pain in urinary organs in six hours, and effects a cure, a permanent cure, very quickly.

Sidemen will be pleased to provide them with seats. Pews are all free at evening service.

The Sunday School of Victoria Ave. Methodist Church is held every Sunday at 3 p.m.

Christ Church Sunday School meets to-morrow afternoon at 3.

Christ Church Young People's Society will meet in the S. S. Hall Monday evening at a quarter to eight.

St. Andrew's Church Sunday School and Bible Class to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

A Guaranteed Cure FOR ALL FORMS OF Kidney Disease

We, the undersigned Druggists, are fully prepared to give the following guarantee with every 50 cent bottle of Dr. Pettigill's Kidney-Wort Tablets, the only remedy in the world that positively cures all troubles arising from weak or diseased kidneys:—"Money cheerfully refunded if the sufferer is not relieved and improved after use of one bottle. Three to six bottles effect astonishing and permanent cures. If not relieved and cured, you waste no money."

C. H. Gunn & Co., Druggists, Chatham, Ont.
J. W. McLaren, Druggist, Chatham, Ont.
A. I. McCall & Co., Limited, Druggists, Chatham, Ont.
Powell & Davis, Druggists, Chatham, Ont.

The murmuring ocean probably murmurs because it is always being crossed.

Coughs, colds, soreness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Orescience tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

When the man is lost in the person men will not be saved by the preaching.

Wash greasy dishes, pots or pans with Lever's Dry Soap & powder. It will remove the grease with the greatest ease. 36

When the musical composer has an inspiration he makes a note of it.

Our Goods ARE RIGHT.

Our Prices ARE RIGHT.

Our Cutter IS RIGHT.

THEN why delay in ordering your SPRING SUIT? and let us convince you that what we say is RIGHT.

FOR **Woolen Goods**

For genuine honest make, we claim we have them

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It makes the best bread and pastry. Phone 1.

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Unbleached Table wide, extra fine, gl lent for washing, some design, regul night and Monday,

A fine assortment including Japanese tops, lithographed tops, printed in s ular prices are 25 c on sale to-night and

Natural Color youths and men, in 10, all wool, regu sale to-night and

Crompton's Cor Jean, in drab only 24, 25, 28 and 30, on sale to-night and

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