

Weddings

St. John's-St. John's
St. John's, April 23.—A wedding of much local interest took place in St. John's city on Wednesday last, when Mr. William John McKeown, of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Emily Gray Stoyles, of Quebec and sister of Mr. W. H. Stoyles, of Moncton. The ceremony took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. DeGue, cousin of the bride, Rev. F. H. Westworth, pastor of the Baptist church, Quebec, performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. McKeown arrived in Moncton on Friday and will reside here.

Coy-Edgcombe
Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, April 23.—A wedding of more than usual interest was solemnized at Christ Church, Parish Church, Saturday afternoon, when Miss Frederica Edgcombe became the bride of Arthur Gordon Coy. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. B. Bates, rector of Fredericton. The wedding was quiet and was attended only a few friends of the contracting parties. The majority of their friends were taken by surprise when it became known that the wedding had taken place. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick B. Edgcombe, of this city, and the groom a son of Mr. and Mrs. James M. Coy, also of Fredericton. Both are prominent in social life. The groom served overseas with the heavy artillery of the C. E. F. for a long period, and later was on the staff of the D.S.C.R. in this city. The young couple were attended by Miss Joan Vanbuskirk and O. Guy Horvath. The bride wore blue of tailored costume with grey hat and furs. The young couple left by C. P. R. Saturday evening for Montreal on their wedding tour.

Obituary

Miss Jane Denmore Moffatt.
The death took place before noon Saturday of Miss Jane Denmore Moffatt, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles Moffatt, from paralysis. She was employed for years with the late James D. Fowler, and is survived by two nieces, Miss Margaret Edgar, of Perth, and Miss Myrtle Moffatt, of this city; and one nephew, John Edgar, of Kingsclear, and three cousins.

Mrs. Mary Kirk.
The death occurred Saturday morning at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Moffatt, Charlotte street, Fredericton, of her mother, Mrs. Mary Kirk, widow of John Kirk, New Maryland, aged 85 years. She is survived by two sons, William E. of New Maryland, and John E. of Fredericton, four daughters, Mrs. Charles E. Scott, Mrs. Dell McKnight, Mrs. E. Moffatt and Mrs. Joseph P. McPeak, all of Fredericton; one brother, William Edgar, of Kingsclear, and two sisters, Mrs. John C. Gilman and Miss Belle Edgar, of Kingsclear.

Frederick C. Millidge.
The death occurred suddenly on April 20 at Hazel Ridge, Manitoba, of Frederick Cecil Millidge, son of the late Thomas E. Millidge, for many years a prominent shipbuilder of this city. The deceased was born here but left while a young man for the West, where he had been resident for thirty-four years. He was engaged in farming. He survived by his wife and three daughters, four brothers and two sisters. Mr. E. V. Millidge are brothers, Miss H. Marion Millidge of this city, a sister. One brother and one sister live in Manitoba.

Mrs. M. O'Key-Fitzgerald.
Kentville, April 22.—The death of Mrs. M. O'Key-Fitzgerald Sunday afternoon, April 22, after an illness of ten days' duration, removes one who was well-known and highly esteemed throughout the County of Pictou. Her passing away came as a shock to her many friends, as her conditions seemed somewhat improved on Sunday.

Mrs. O'Key-Fitzgerald was born in Australia in 1846, a daughter of the late Peter King, who owned large sheep stations in Australia. In 1864 she married William O'Key, of London, England, and resided there for a number of years, coming to Canada in 1892. Later they came to Kentville and built the handsome residence at Port Williams, known as "Rimede", where hospitality was royally dispensed to their many friends, the many best treasures in their home being a source of interest and enjoyment to all who visited them. Her husband predeceased her in 1898. In 1897 she married James Fitzgerald, whose death occurred two years later.

Mrs. O'Key-Fitzgerald travelled very widely, part of her time being spent in France with her daughter, Madame Labord, wife of Fernand Labord, Hon. member of the Parliament of France, the celebrated founder of Dreyfus and Zola. One son and two daughters survive—Harry O'Key, of Boston; Madame Labord, of Paris, France, and Mrs. Ryan, wife of J. W. Ryan, Manager of the Union Bank of Canada, St. John's, who was with her mother during her last illness. Another daughter, Mrs. F. V. Woodworth, predeceased her some years ago. She is also survived by a number of grandchildren, among whom are Adrien DePachmann, who, after two years' distinguished service in the recent war, was appointed High Commissioner for France at New York; and Miss Margaret Woodworth, of the General Manager's Office, Dominion Atlantic Railway, Kentville. Besides the relatives a very large circle of friends will learn with deep regret of her demise.

The funeral services were held at St. James' Episcopal Church Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. A. M. Bent, Rector of the church officiating. Interment at the Oaks.

Mrs. Margaret Molins.
Moncton, April 23.—The death of Mrs. Margaret Molins, widow of the late Robert Molins, occurred Friday night at the home of her son, Geo. H. Molins, Union street, Alexandria, who had been in poor health for several months. Mrs. Molins' death came quite unexpectedly. Deceased is survived by two sons, Geo. H. Molins, general; Lemuel L. of Sumner Co.'s and one daughter, Mrs. Grace Frost.



THE MAN ON THE BED—Blime, now that I've pulled out your feathers to stuff me bed with, I wonder whether you'll go on layin' eggs. —Sydney Bulletin.

OFFERS PRIZES FOR ESSAYS ON FOREST TOPICS

Offers Made by Frank J. Barnum—Open to Canada and United States.

Annapolis Royal, N. S., April 22.—In order to encourage public interest in forest conservation Frank J. Barnum, well-known lumber operator of this town, has offered a series of prizes for essays on forestry problems, and also for practical experience in reforestation.

Mr. Barnum offers a sum of \$10.00 for a competition open to any citizen of Canada, the prizes to be divided as follows: \$500, first prize; \$250 second prize; \$150 third prize and \$100 fourth prize for the best essay on the regulation of the Forest Fire menace, with suggestions for the enactment of laws for the prevention of the same; or for any other methods of protection and retention of our home grown forests for our home industries, judges to be the two Provincial Foresters of Quebec and New Brunswick, the Dean of the Faculty of Forestry of the University of Toronto, and the Director of the Dominion Forestry Branch, essays to be mailed to Mr. Barnum's address on or before June 1, 1922, prizes to be awarded and paid July 15, 1922.

For the help and information of those who are not familiar with this particular subject Mr. Barnum will mail his bulletin on conservation free on application.

"Owing to the tremendous devastation wrought by the spruce bud worm and forest fires," says Mr. Barnum, "I am moved by the urgency of the situation to make further offers applying in the provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia."

In each of these provinces Mr. Barnum offers a prize of \$250 for the best municipal or town forest plantation, to be made this spring, and a prize of \$250 for the best fire Ranger, whose district shows the most efficient organization and the best results.

Mr. Barnum also offers a cash bonus of \$2.00 per acre to the farmers of Nova Scotia for every acre of spruce or pine seedlings planted by them on their lands this spring, no one farmer however, to be paid a bonus on more than 100 acres.

NEW YORK IS IN SWITZERLAND
Geneva, April 22.—A peasant handed a telegram of a few words at a branch telegraph office for his wife in New York and placed a franc on the counter for payment. The clerk asked whether the wife was really meant to be sent to New York, and proceeded to make the calculation. When the comparatively large sum required was announced to the peasant he protested loudly and insisted that New York was in Switzerland.

And so it was found to be, but it took long and patient search through a large ancient volume to discover that there is a New York in Switzerland, a little Alpine hamlet of fifty inhabitants not far from Lucerne.

Funerals

The funeral of Mrs. William R. Long, 59 St. David street, took place Saturday afternoon. Service was conducted at her residence and at St. Mary's church by Rev. R. T. McKim. Interment at Fernhill.

The funeral of Francis W. Smith was held yesterday afternoon from his late residence, 73 Somerset street, at 2:30 o'clock. Service was conducted at the home by Rev. W. H. Spencer and at the grave by the Marston Rectory, of which Mr. Smith was a member. Interment was made in Greenwood cemetery.

Spiritualism Not Sweeping England, Says Lady Astor

Has Nothing to Do With Religion, She Declares—Talks Prohibition and Bonus.

New York, April 22.—Lord and Lady Astor went to the theatre to-night for their first amusement since their arrival from England on Wednesday. Tomorrow they depart for Baltimore, where Lady Astor, first woman member of parliament, is to address the Pan-American conference of women.

This was another busy day for the viscountess. Most of the time she remained indoors at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, who was the artist's model for the famous "Gibson Girl." There she received reporters, photographers and social callers. She answered many letters and then went for a walk.

In her interview, Lady Astor made clear her opinion that home should come first with a woman and then politics, which she believed, all of her sex should enter, at least to the extent of voting intelligently. She said she considered teaching children the most important thing in the world.

Learning that Lord Balfour had accepted an earldom, she said the only reason he did so was because he had become too old to labor in the House of Commons.

Jocelyne she remarked that nobody in her right mind would enter the House of Lords, turning to her husband with the query: "Would they my lord?"

Lord Astor shook his head smilingly.

Defending prohibition, Lady Astor said "let the rich drink if they want to, it would hurt no one but themselves." She thought liquor dulled

the brain, and for that reason disliked it.

"If you think the people of America want drink, put it to a vote," she said, "but you'll never get it."

"Do you mean the liquor or the vote?"

"The vote," she replied.

She contended that England was fair toward America, while many in this country attacked Britain bitterly and unfairly.

"I don't think spiritualism has got anything to do with religion," she said. "Let Sir Arthur talk spiritualism, but leave religion alone. Spiritualism is not sweeping England. They are too steady a people for that."

Lady Astor expressed opposition to the bonus, but favored all possible aid to the disabled and to all ex-soldiers in the matter of finding employment for them. "Men ought to be paid for fighting for their country," she thought.

"I believe in democracy, but I find it hard to find democracy," she remarked. "My husband is a real democrat, and so is Lloyd George. The heart of Lloyd George has ever been with the great majority of the people, and it always will be."

Comments Made By Mayor Schofield

Replies to Remarks Made by Hon. Mr. Robinson of Moncton—Matter of Mr. Phillips and His Taxes Explained.

Commenting on the report in the Telegraph as to the requirements of Moncton, and the remarks of the Hon. Mr. Robinson that he would be glad to show the Mayor around Moncton for half an hour and convince him that the needs of that city were much more than two million k.w.h., Mayor Schofield said he would be delighted to have this opportunity with Mr. Robinson, and that so far as the quantity of electricity that the city of Moncton was willing to take, all that he had to go by in his report on that was from the officials themselves.

With regard to the Telegraph's "boomerang" concerning Mr. Phillips and his taxes—the Mayor said that he would not for a moment have thought of introducing this subject had it not been for the fact that this gentleman was the leader of an organization that stamped the city into his way of thinking, and according to his own statement now, he was a taxpayer in the Parish of Westfield, and a taxpayer in the City of Fredericton, and a taxpayer in the City of Moncton, and in the meantime had made a trip to England, and only having been absent for a few days, he returned to the City of St. John for 1918 and 1920, according to our official records, which are open to and available to every taxpayer in the city, though of course this does not include the statement made by taxpayers. But in view of the facts recited by Mr. Phillips himself, I still say that it would be presumption on any one's part similarly situated to organize to lead the citizens, especially taxpayers who have carried the city for generations.

He is the first taxpayer that I personally, have known of who has been willing to pay a tax bill without being sure that he owed it.

So far as the Telegraph's comments are concerned, the Mayor stated that the tax records, so far as payment and non-payment are concerned, are open to every one, just the same as they are open to him, and if those who had not paid undertook to form associations for the purpose that Mr. Phillips has, he would certainly have no hesitation in publishing their names.

There is nothing official or confidential in the payment or non-payment of taxpayers' taxes. The Telegraph knows this full well, and yet it goes up to the time that both Mr. McLellan and Mr. Phillips criticized me personally.

SOVIET RUSSIA HAS SIGNED 75 TREATIES

List Does Not Include Several Agreements Concluded Under Duress.

Moscow, April 22.—Soviet Russia, despite its isolation, has signed 75 voluntary treaties, agreements and conventions with foreign powers since the revolution of 1917. It is announced by an official state publication recounting the progress made by the Bolsheviks toward world recognition. This list does not include three compulsory conventions, which were concluded at Brest-Litovsk, which were concluded under duress.

The treaties are arranged in three groups, the first of which were concluded with the so-called independent Soviet republics; the second with states bordering on Russia, and the third with states of Western Europe, including England and France.

The only agreement between Soviet Russia and the United States is the one signed last August with the American Relief Administration for the feeding of Russia's starving millions in the famine districts.

Twenty-one treaties are embraced in the first group between the Soviets and Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bukhara, Georgia, Ukraine, White Russia and the Far Eastern Republic. In general, according to the official publication, those alliances provide for the unification of various departments of the several governments with Russia.

Treaties between the Soviets and the border states comprise 31 agreements concluded with Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Rumania, Turkey, Afghanistan, Mongolia and Persia. The most important of these, the publication declares, is the treaty with Persia, which provides that Russia may send armed forces into Persian territory should a hostile nation at any time attempt to attack the Soviets from that quarter.

Regulation of military and civil prisoners and re-establishment of trade are dealt with almost exclusively in the third group. Trade agreements have been concluded between Soviet Russia and England, France, Germany, Sweden, Norway and Italy, as well as agreements of one kind or another with Austria, Belgium and Hungary.

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A Message to Employers

Group Insurance is an investment in human nature that pays—

It protects your employees and their dependents—

—bringing each home into closer touch with your business—

—relieving the distress of widow and children—

—insuring each home into closer touch with your business—

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Perfect Bread
ASSURED WHEN YOU USE
WHITE STAR YEAST
SIX CAKES—ONE MORE FOR YOUR MONEY
Samples Supplied on Request
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St. John, N. B.—Distributors.

ally I had never said anything to discredit them.

The Mayor referred to the fact that The Telegraph and Times still seemed to be keeping up the claim that he was connected with the Power Company. He can only repeat again, as many times before, that in no way is he interested in the Power Company, and if those who are expecting half price for their light and power from the proposal of the Telegraph and Times he would like them to tack their proposal up on the wall, and if it is ever put over in their way to follow along and see what the result will be.

There can be cheaper light and power the way suggested by the Mayor, but it is impossible to see where there is to be a cheaper light and power by civic distribution and going into business, as proposed.

SATURDAY'S MARKETS.

Prices showed little change in the market Saturday morning. Beef was a little higher by the carcasses, but there was no change in the retail sales, the price being 30 to 35c for good cuts. Most of the stock offered was Canadian, the Ontario supply while better than last week, not being

as good as usual. Spring lamb was scarce and most of what was offered was left from last week, the price being from \$2.50 to \$4 a quarter. Winter lamb sold at 20 to 25c, with little demand. Mutton showed a slight advance, selling at 16 to 18c. Chicken was scarce at 70c, and fowl sold at 50 to 55c. New cabbage was on sale at 9c a pound. Onions were much lower, 5 to 10c a pound. Other prices: Veal, 15 to 20c; ham, 25 to 40c; bacon, 45c; pork, 18 to 20c; cod, 12c; haddock, 15c; gaspereaux, 5c each; butter, 35 to 50c; eggs, 25 to 35c; potatoes, carrots, parsnips and beets, 50c; turnips, 25c; celery, 25 to 30c; radishes, 5 to 10c; rhubarb, 10c; apples, 35 to 45c; cranberries, 30 to 35c; maple sugar, 40c; maple syrup, 60c; \$3 a gallon; lettuce, 6 to 10c; parsley and mint, 5c; cucumbers, 30c; tomatoes, 30c.

PILES
Do not suffer from this itching, burning, or painful condition. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c a box. All dealers, or Edmundson, Bates & Co. Limited, Toronto. Sample free if you mention this paper and enclose 25c stamp to pay postage.

Feeling Drowsy, Eh!

—Got that tired feeling which makes you want to sleep all the time? You're run down and must take

Dr. Wilson's Herbine Bitters

The natural remedy for all common ills which so many people have at this time of the year. The Tonic is made from the curative principles of DANDELION, MANDRAKE, BURDOCK and other medicinal herbs, which make it quite harmless.

50c a bottle. Family size four times larger \$1.00. TRY A BOTTLE.

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The employee who knows that his firm is protecting his family from distress in the event of his death or disability has a load lifted off his mind.

He feels more like planning ways of doing his work better, of suggesting ideas for improving the output or the product—and so increasing his own earnings by cheerful co-operation with the management.

He has some of the load lifted off his purse too, so that his wages go farther for his regular expenses.

Our suggestion is that you buy Life Insurance, wholesale, for your employees, at group rates which are very low, and thus drive away the spectre of want from the widow and children—through Canada Life Group Insurance, which many, many times will be found to be

Their Only Protection

And not merely the only protection—but with many, the only possible life insurance with total and permanent disability benefits—because Group Insurance is obtainable without medical examination of the individual.

Thus there is created a strong tie of sentiment and interest between the employee, his family and the Business he works for.

Considering its low cost and its far-reaching effects, Group Insurance is one of the cheapest and greatest benefits that any business can have bestowed on it today.

We know all this to be true from the evidence of how Group Insurance works out with hundreds of firms all over North America.

It is indeed "a dividend-paying investment in humanity."

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