

SENATE REACHES DEADLOCK WITH OPERATORS AND MINERS IN TRYING TO ADJUST WAGES

After Six Hours' Session the President's Advisers Who Were Trying to Straighten Out Difficulties Adjourned. NO STATEMENT FROM MEETING. Secretary of Treasury Preparing Some Interesting Figures for the Public to Which Considerable Significance is Attached.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 25.—Like the miners and operators, whose troubles it was trying to adjust, President Wilson's cabinet tonight seemed hopelessly deadlocked on the question of a wage increase in the bituminous coal industry.

After a six hour session, the cabinet, which took up the wage scale agreement with operators and miners left off last week, adjourned until tomorrow when another attempt with the aid of Fuel Administrator Garfield will be made to agree upon a pay scale that will satisfy the mine workers and owners and the people in all sections of the country who are clamoring for normal production of coal.

The proper basis for calculating the proposed wage advance and the ratio of dividing the consequent increase in cost of production of coal between the operator and the public are understood to have been the points of difference among the cabinet members. Dr. Garfield, who took a leading part in the discussions, took issue with Secretary of Labor Wilson as to the method of applying the figures accepted by both.

Cabinet Says Nothing. No statement was forthcoming after the meeting, except an announcement by Dr. Garfield that the cabinet would meet again tomorrow, and that he would not see either the miners or operators meanwhile. He declined to say whether progress had been made, but one member of the cabinet declared prospects of an agreement were not hopeless.

Secretary Wilson's estimate that the cost of living had increased 75 per cent. over 1914, was accepted, it was understood, but a difference of opinion arose as to the application of this and other figures in computing an increase in wages.

Glass Was Surprised. Secretary Glass said tonight that he might have "some very interesting figures" tomorrow emphasizing that they had been compiled for the public and not for the cabinet. He declined to say whether they were the income tax returns received by the treasury department on excess profits from the coal industry. Significance was attached to this announcement in view of the fact that the amount of profit made by the coal companies during the last two years, and the percentage of increase in any possible wage advance which the operators might be asked to bear have been the most bitterly disputed points in the controversy.

The statements of former Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, charging that some coal concerns made enormous profits during his incumbency, came in for discussion at the cabinet meeting, it was learned, but no one would say what form the discussion took.

Before the meeting this morning, Attorney-General Palmer said that if the figures as to operators' profits given yesterday by Mr. McAdoo were correct, it was not likely Dr. Garfield would permit an increased price for coal.

Sudden Shock at Son's Honor Kills Father. Elevation of Hon. W. E. Raney to Attorney Generalship of Ontario Was Too Much of Joy for His Father.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 25.—The shock at the honor of the elevation of his son to the post of attorney general of the province of Ontario is attributed to the death of Hermann Raney, aged 84, father of the Hon. W. E. Raney, who was recently appointed to that important position in the Drury provincial cabinet. The remainder of Mr. Raney are being interred today in the little village of Aultville, in Dundas county. He died in Rochester last Sunday night at the home of his daughters there.

German Troops in Baltic Region Reported in Desperate Situation. Berlin, Monday, Nov. 24.—German troops in the Baltic region are in a desperate situation, according to reports printed in the Tagesblätter. Legions, including several free corps, have collected south of Mitau and have been attacked by Lithuanian forces near Kraku. The enemy advancing from the Northwest in an attempt to seize the railroad running from Mitau to Shvili. Five trains along this road carrying refugees from Mitau have been fired upon by Lithuanians. It is said, fifty persons were killed and one hundred and fifty wounded. Efforts are being made to keep the railroad clear so that the refugees can escape.

Premier Lenine Boastful in His Remarks To All Russian Congress

London, Nov. 25.—Impudent attacks by enemies of the revolution have brought about a miracle. We have gained a full victory over Koltchak, which will be of historic importance for the peoples of the East. This statement was made by Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik Premier in the course of an address to the second All-Russian Congress of the Moslem Communist organizations of Eastern Peoples, according to a wireless message from Moscow today. He continued: "At the same time attacks from the West are weakening. The Versailles Peace is the greatest blow the Entente could inflict upon itself. The peoples see clearly that President Wilson is not bringing liberty to democracy, even for the victorious nations, and are indebted to unmasked America."

CANADA IS HARD HIT BY SHORTAGE IN COAL SUPPLY

Foundries Are Apparently the Hardest Hit in the Matter of Fuel—Many Foundries May Have to Close Down.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—There is no change in the bituminous situation so far as Canada is concerned, according to information given out at the fuel section of the Canadian trade commission this morning. Mr. D. H. Connor, assistant to Mr. Magrath, who is in charge of this work, said no further news had been received from Washington as to releases of coal for Canada, though it is hoped that some supplies may be secured.

Foundries in Canada are apparently being hardest hit in the matter of fuel, as the one hundred and fifty car of foundry coke promised to the fuel section some days ago has not yet been made available in Canada. One Ottawa foundry has informed the board that it is eking out a sort of hand to mouth existence in the matter of fuel, and several others report that they have but a few days' supply on hand.

Unless relief is secured within a few days many foundries may have to close down. Several other industries may be in the same straits within a short time. Preparations are being made by the management of the Canadian National Railways to haul from the eastern seaboard all available supplies of coal as a reserve should the tie-up across the line continue. It is expected that when the details have been completed not a single car will be brought back from the maritime provinces to either Ontario or Quebec, but that these empty, which are constantly moving from the seaboard to the interior will be utilized to haul in a big reserve supply for the interior provinces. This will be available should it be needed for emergency.

T.N.T. FOUND IN POLICE RAID ON RUSSIAN WORKERS

Large Quantity of Chemicals Which Could be Easily Converted into Explosives Captured.

New York, Nov. 25.—A large quantity of chemicals, which could be easily converted into explosives, were found in a secret room in the headquarters of the United Russian Workers in East 15th street, raided late today by detectives attached to the bomb squad. One bottle which was found was labelled T. N. T.

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REDUCTION IN PRICE OF COAL STIRS LONDON

Amazement and Satisfaction is Tempered With Mystification as to How it Was Done Now and Not Done Before. CALLED A VOTE CATCHING DODGE. Coal Owners Declare the Reduction in Price Ordered by Government Means Only Ruin for Them.

London, Nov. 25.—(Associated Press).—No domestic event in a long time has so stirred the press as the reduction in the price of coal, announced in the House of Commons yesterday by Sir Auckland Geddes, Minister of National Service and Reconstruction. This action, coming as it did shortly after a statement by the Minister that even a six shilling decrease was impossible, caused general amazement, and satisfaction at the prospect of cheaper household coal has been tempered by mystification as to how it was done, on the one hand, and why it was not done so on the other. In consequence, a deep move is imagined in some quarters at the bottom of the matter. One edition suggested that as several by-elections are pending, the concession to householders is a vote-catching dodge. While the coal owners, through some of their spokesmen, declare the reduction in price means ruin for them, as coal cannot be produced under these conditions except at a grave loss, the miners' leaders contend that the reduction ought to be carried much further.

Industrial Coal Not Affected. The latter, and the section of the Press which support them, point out that the net reduction does not affect industrial coal, which remains at what is declared to be an unreasonable price and will have to be paid for by the public in high prices for commodities which depend on coal for production. They contended that the increase of six shillings in July was utterly unnecessary, and that the Government had made a huge profit from it.

Frank Hodges, secretary of the Miners' Federation, says that the cost used by domestic consumers amounts to fifteen per cent. of the total and that its reduction by six shillings amounts only eleven million pounds sterling of the surplus money obtained through the July incident, there still being forty million pounds at the Government's disposal for a further reduction.

LABOR TO FIGHT FURTHER. The Laborite members of the House of Commons and their supporters, it is stated, intend to carry on an agitation against the Government on the surplus has been applied to lowering the price all around, and especially on the fact that the situation thus seems to contain the seeds of a lively political upheaval. Sir Auckland is severely criticized by several of the industrialists, some of them attributing the disparity between his statements to mere blundering, and others imputing to him a crafty political move which is yet to be exposed.

ROBBERS SECURE \$20,000 WORTH OF LIBERTY BONDS

Drilled into Safety Deposit Vault of Bank at Vincennes, Ind. Vincennes, Ind., Nov. 25.—Robbers early today drilled into the safety deposit vault of the Freedlansville State Bank near here and escaped with Liberty Bonds valued at \$20,000. About half of the bonds were registered. The safe in which the bank's money was kept, had been tampered with, but the robbers had not effected an entrance. No clue has been found.

STEAMER AUBURN REPORTED AFIRE

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 25.—The steamer Auburn, of the United States Shipping Board, which is under charter to the Red Star Line, with a cargo of grain and live cattle, is reported on fire at sea and proceeding to Halifax. The fire is in number three hold.

DUDLEY MALONE GETS TANGLED IN SOVIET AFFAIRS

New York, N. Y., Nov. 25.—Ludwig Cak Martens, who calls himself ambassador of the soviet government of Russia, admitted late today that he paid Dudley Field Malone, former collector of the port of New York, \$1,000 on September 12, for help in a commercial transaction. He told the joint executive commission investigating radical activities that it was for advice in trying to arrange a \$3,000,000 shipment of books, maps and chemicals to be paid for on delivery in Petrograd.

Prince In Farewell Message To Canadian Fellow Countrymen

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 25.—"I can never forget it, nor can I express the whole of my deep gratitude for the open-hearted welcome which my Canadian comrades in arms and all my Canadian fellow countrymen and women have given me." The foregoing from a farewell message from His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, which has been received by His Excellency, the Governor General. The message follows: "H. M. S. Renown, Barrington Passage. "The Renown is weighing anchor and I feel that my first visit to Canada is really at an end. I can never forget it, nor can I express the whole of my deep gratitude for the open-hearted welcome which my Canadian comrades-in-arms, and all my Canadian fellow countrymen and women have given me. "Will you please convey this message of thanks, most inadequate though it be, to Sir Robert Borden and the whole Dominion Government, whose care and hospitality throughout my visit have been so generous and so kind. The last four months will influence the whole of my life and I shall never be happy if many months elapse without a visit to my home on this side of the Atlantic. "My best wishes to all the people of Canada till we meet again. (Signed) "EDWARD P."

MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION URGE GOVT TO REVISE TARIFF IN KEEPING WITH NEW CONDITIONS

Realize They Have Let Tariff Issue Go by Default During the Turmoil of Past Five Years—Changed Conditions at Home and Abroad Require Tariff Readjustments and Ask for a Permanent Advisory Commission to Assist in the Work.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 25.—A resolution to the tariff policy of 1913 is what was asked by the Executive of the Manufacturers' Association in an interview with the Government today. The manufacturers have realized, at last, that in the turmoil of the past five years they have let the tariff issue go by default, while the low tariff and free trade advocates have steadily and persistently carried on an effective advocacy of their views. The manufacturers now ask for the appointment of a permanent advisory commission to assist in making tariff adjustments made necessary by changed conditions at home and abroad. They would have this commission drawn from our midst, irrespective of occupation, and would not have it usurp the Government's responsibility, but to act as a court of investigation and recommendation. In addition to this request, the Manufacturers' Executive protested against the Government's proposal for an immediate tariff revision based on the recommendation of a Cabinet Commission chosen to investigate this problem. While the Government was

LEADERS DENY R.R. STRIKE TO OCCUR DEC. 1ST

Reports That the Big Strike Was to Take Place Had Gained Considerable Credence in Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 25.—Reports that national leaders of the four railway brotherhoods in session at Cleveland were holding secret discussions as to whether a strike of railway workers in the United States should be called by December first, and which gained wide circulation and considerable credence in Chicago, today were denied tonight by W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and by Timothy Shea, acting president of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen. President Lee, however, admitted having received a telegram from the Kansas City local saying that the trainmen and yardmen there had decided to strike tomorrow and that he had warned them that if they thought they were "bigger than the United States government," he had no advice to give them. Knowledge of the Kansas City situation and of similar pressure from other locals, is what gave impetus to the reports which spread so rapidly here tonight.

GEN. ANGELS FOUND GUILTY AT TRIAL BY COURT MARTIAL

He and Two Others Sentenced to be Shot—Execution of Sentence Held in Abeyance.

Juarez, Mexico, Nov. 25.—General Felipe Angeles and his two companions, Major Nestor Enciso De Arco, and soldier Antonio Tellez, captured near Parral, Chihuahua, November 15 by Major Gabino Sandoval, were found guilty by a court martial at Chihuahua City this morning and sentenced to be shot at noon today, according to information received by Judge Gonzales Medina, of the Mexico Federal Court here this afternoon. The sentence was not carried out, it was stated, because the attorneys for Angeles appealed to the Federal Court,

CABINET GIVES MEXICAN AFFAIR CONSIDERATION

No Intimation as to What Washington Gov't Would Do Over Carranza's Refusal to Answer Note.

ARMY AND NAVY READY TO ACT

Officials Put But Little Faith in Report from Laredo That Release of Jenkins Was Momentarily Expected

RELEASE OF U. S. CONSULAR AGENT EXPECTED SOON

Laredo, Texas, Nov. 25.—The release of Wm. O. Jenkins, American Consular Agent at Puebla, Mexico, "was expected momentarily," according to a despatch from Puebla to Excelsior, a Mexico City newspaper, under date of Sunday, November 23.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 25.—The new flare-up over the Mexican problem growing out of the Jenkins case, was given serious consideration today at a meeting of the president's cabinet. There was no intimation as to what this government might do in event of President Carranza refusing to answer the note from the state department demanding immediate release of William O. Jenkins, consular agent at Puebla, held on a charge of conspiring with bandits who kidnaped and held him for a \$100,000 ransom.

Ready to Meet Trouble. Officials said the three departments, state, war and navy were ready to meet any trouble, and deal with any situation arising out of any trouble with the Carranza administration toward the United States. In the absence of advice from the embassy at Mexico City officials were not inclined to put much faith in reports coming by the way of Laredo, Texas, that the release of Jenkins "was immediately expected." There was no word to the department from the Mexican embassy here, and while nobody seemed to know what the next day might bring forth, officials said they would not be surprised to hear that Jenkins actually had been released.

R.R. Brotherhood Officials Discuss Hines' Proposition

Accept "Away from Home Rule" But Opinions Differ on the Overtime Suggestion

Cleveland, O., Nov. 25.—The five hundred general chairmen of the four great railroad brotherhoods called in conference here by the four chief executives to consider the offer of Director General of Railroads Hines granting time and one-half for overtime in slow freight service and uniform system hour rule for crews held away from home terminals, today voted to accept the "away from home rule," but did not reach a vote on the overtime proposition. Discussion of the overtime proposition occupied most of today's session, many delegates bitterly opposing the overtime proposition. From a reliable source tonight it was learned in all probability the delegates will reject the offer of time and one-half for overtime in slow freight service at tomorrow's meeting.

EGYPTIANS MUST BE SHOWN WHERE THEY BELONG

Adelard Curzon Declares Great Britain Could Not Wash Her Hands of a Country Standing at the Door of Africa.

London, Nov. 25.—Adelard Curzon, the foreign secretary, speaking in the House of Lords today, said that Egypt neither was able to protect her own frontiers from aggression nor to guarantee a stable internal government. He declared that Great Britain could not wash her hands of a country standing at the door of Africa and the highway to India. "The idea that the aspirations of the Egyptian nationalists were to be crushed, however he said, was an extravagant misconception. The Egyptians, Earl Curzon continued, could not be shown too clearly that whatever peace was imposed on Turkey, recognition of the British protectorate would be one of those terms. Therefore, no provision in the peace treaty with Turkey would alter the task with which the mission, headed by Lord Milner, secretary for the colonies, to investigate the unrest in Egypt was entrusted. Lord Milner, he said, had no constitution in his pocket, but was going to consult with the Egyptians with regard to how they could cooperate in the management of their country under British guidance.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—Ten thousand men and women, public school teachers of the province of Ontario, are to be some organized shortly. They are to be in the federations of male and women teachers of Ontario, respectively, but will cooperate whenever their mutual interests become affected. Headquarters for the time being have been established in Peterboro. The male teachers' club of Ottawa is the latest organization to join up with the new federation of men. A substantial donation has just been forwarded by the secretary to the executive to be devoted to the organization. The women teachers here are also going to join and will shortly undertake a financial grant.