test was long and stubborn, for the "Invincibles" found the "Wayfarers" foemen worthy of their steel. But in the end they vindicated their name and the game was theirs with a score of 8 to 5

When the conquerors and conquered left the grounds the excitement repidly subsided. Ellis found himself next to Mr. Burgess, who had come down to see the game at Allan's request. He shook hands with Ellis in a friend ly fashion, looking keenly at the lad from under his bushy eyebrows.

"Pretty well-played game, eh?" he said, good-humor-

edly

"The 'Invincibles' would look out for that," he said

proudly.

"Well, I'm ravenously hungry," interjected Nelson Rwans, the son of a Millboro millionaire and the "biggest swell," as the boys said, at the Academy. "Wonder where a humble fellow like myself can get a bite. The 'Invincibles' are to be lunched by their friends, the enemy, but we rag tag and bob-tail must forage for ourselves."

"Here comes Mother Bunch," exclaimed Bert Mac-donald with a laugh. "She's got a big basket and I'll warrant there's something to eat it. Horrah?" Ellis looked in the direction indicated with a face sud-denly grown crimson. He knew what he would see—a little, stout old woman in an old-fashloned bonnet and shawl, selling cookies to the crowd as she plodded through it.

shawl, selling cookies to the crowd as she plodded through it.

For a minute he turned away. All his crontes were there, as well as Allan Burgess, who had come up to speak to his father. For one brief instant Ellis was tempted to walk swiftly away. The "old cooky woman," as the boys were calling her, had not yet seen him. "I believe I'll go and invest in some of those cookies myself," said Mr. Burgess. "They look good—like the ones my mother use to make when I was a little shaver. Suddenly Ellis stepped forward and elbowed his way through the crowd. A flush of shame was on his fact, but this time it was shame at himself. His voice we clear and steady when he reached the cooky woman's side.

but this time it was shame at himself. His voice was clear and steady when he reached the cooky woman's side.

"That basket is too heavy for you, mother," he said gently. "Here, let me take it "He turned and faced the boys squarely. "Ct me on, boys, I'm running this thing now. Mother woman and sid down over there by the fountain. I'll sell your cakes for you."

The old woman, whose tired, lined face had lighted up with love and pride, tried to protest, but Ellis put her saide with a tender smile. "You're tired out as it is. This is my place. I won't let them cheat you," he assured her, laughingly. For a minute there had been an smazed silence around them. Then Neil Biar laughed aloud. Ellis heard and litted his head a little higher. He did not see the furious look that Allen Burgess flashed at Neil Blair before he turned to him and said:

"Give me half a dozen cookies, Saunders, there's a good fellow. I'm so ravenous I can't wait until I get to the spread the 'Wayfarers' have for us. Thank you. As Allan moved away, munching his purchase, the other boys crowded around again at dought their cockies. Ellis passed out cakes and changed quarters with his usual easy manner. In a few minutes the basket was empty, and he turned to the little woman by the fountain. "Come now, mother, we'll go home. I want to spend the rest of my time here with you. You'll excuse me, won't you, boys!"

"Oh, certainly." said Neil Blair, with a faint sneer in his tones. But Nelson Evans walked up to Mrs. Saunders and held out his hand.

"I want to shake hands with the mother of the smartest boy at Millboro Academy," he said heartily. "He's going to carry off all the hoar rs, and we're proud of him for it, Mrs. Saunders' face flushed with pride.

"Thank you," she said. "Ellis is a good boy, and always was. I'm glad to think he's a bit clever, 'oo, and that his classmates like him."

When Ellis and his mother had gone the other boys hurried off in various directions. and Mr. Burgess, who had been a spectator of the whole affair, found himsel

way. Any one of his business acquaintances, seeing that would have said:

"Burgess has made up his mind about something."

The Millboro boys on the train that evening were even more hilarious than in the morning, if that were possible. One or two of Ellis Saunders' former friends avoided him significantly, but the others made no difference, and Ellis understood that most of his friends were worth having. For the first time since he had left the little bakery in Sheffield two years before he was rid of a vague feeling that he was sailing under false colors. He had never before been able to quite free himself of the belief, snobbish though he knew it to be, that if the Academy boys knew of the bakery and the queer, plain little woman who tended it, they would look down on him.

A week later Ellis Saunders was notified that the Steel Manufacturin Company had accepted his application for the vacant positive would expect him to begin work immediately and has graduation. Allan Burgess met him the same afternoon on the campus.

"Congratulations, Saunders. Father has informed me that they've taken you in Wallace's place. Good for you!" It is mood for me "said Ellis frankly. "But I don't

that they've taken you in Wallace's place. Good for you!"

"It is good for me," said Ellis, frankly. "But I don't understand how I came to get it. That man from Shattuck now—and Neil Blair."

"Neil Blair's chances fizzled out finally the football day," answered Burgess, with his characteristic shrug, "and by the same token yours went up. Father took a fancy to you that day—said that you were a man after his own heart. When he came home from Sheffield you had as good as got the place then. And look here, Ellis, will you sak you mother for her recipe for those cookies? I never tasted such delictous ones, and father savs so, too. My mother never can make good cookies, bless ber, but she says she'll try to learn if yours' will give the recipe."

recipe."
"I can give it to you myself," said Ellis, with a laugh
"for I've helped mother make them hundreds of times."

# . The Young People .

W. L. ARCHIBALD.

All communications for this department should be sent to Rev. W. L. Archibald, Lawrencetown, N. S., and most be in his hands at least one week before the date of publication.

Daily Bible Readings.

Mon ay. - Jesus calling and teaching sinners. Mark

: 13-17. Tuesday — Jesus forgiving a sinful woman. Luke 7

Wednerday.-Parable of the great supper. Luke 14

15-24.
Thursday.—Parable of the lost sheep and the lost coin. Luke 15: 1-10.

Friday.—Parable of the lost son. Luke 15: (1-32 Saturday.—Parable of the marrisge feast. Matthew

Sunday .- God s great love. John 3: 14-16; Romans

Prayer Meeting Topic-May 3.

What does the Parab'e of The Prodigal Son Teach Us? Luke 15: 11-32.

This, the third of the parables on the saving of the lost, is given, it would seem, to reveal the heart of the Saviour and the saved. Not now sympathetic care, only as revea'ed in the Shepherd and his sheep, not now extrem value alone as illustrated by the woman and the lost drac' ma; but now a parent's love as revealed by father

The two sons represent two types of human character, each of which is common enough. The parable is concerned, however, mainly with the younger son, the elder serving mainly as a background for the illustration of the one sublime fact, the Father's love for the lest.

In a general way the parable may apply to either unsaved or saved, for God's children sometimes become prodigal and go "into a far country." Even God's children may waste their substance, property, ability, position. opportunity-in careless, if not "riotous living" The Father will welcome them back.

Our Lord, however, intended the prodigal son to represent the gentile, and hence the sinner in all ages. salvation is the thought of Jesus. In this there are three

### I HIS HUMILIATION.

(a). Destitute, he joins himself to a citizen of that " far country,"—one of the companions of sin with whom he had found his pleasure and lost his money. For such companions see Rev. 22: 15

(b). He "filed himself with husks"-the so-called pleasures and satisfaction of sin. Evil can never permanently satisty a hungry soul. Pro. 2:11.

II. HIS PESTORATION.

He recognized his fall-"came to himself." man in sin is not himself, but an enemy to himself. Rom. 7: 24.

He represented-" I have sinned." There is no salvation without repentance for Christ said so. Luke 13; 3.

He called upon his will-"I will arise." Repent ance alone is not sufficient. Judas repented. Matt. 7:7.8

III. HIS EXALTATION

(a). The Father's welcome-"saw him a great way f.'' He ever watches for his own. Rom. 10; 21.
"Had compassion and kissed him." off."

passion and kissed nim."
For the love of God is greater
Than the measure of man's mind
And the heart of the Eternal
Is most wonderfully kind."
Leaish

-Isaiah I : 18. (b). His restoration-properly clad; "put the best robe on him," Our robes of righteousness will be a beautiful life the Saviour will give us

"A ring on his finger,"—a position of kingly authority shall be ours. Rev. 1:6,

"I'm the child of a king."

"Shoes on his feet"—no longer a servant. Ino. 15, 15. (c). The household joy, "bring hither the fatted lif." God has his banqueting house (song 2:4) and

ever feeds bis people. God's childr'n are the happiest people 'Be merry.'' in the world. Salvation brings only joy. Phil. 4:4

The leader should previously select those who will read the proof texts. E. L. STEVES. Glace Bay, N. S.

### 36 36 36

The Prodigal Son This parable teaches that it is a good thing to have a good father, and that it is a bad thing to run away from him. This father's home was a good place for a boy, and he was never as happy elsewhere as he was there. duty calls a boy away from a good home he must go, but the streets or the far country are very wretched and dreary in comparison with the home of a wise and good

And this father was wise. The time had come when there was no way for the son to learn save by experience Doubtless his father had told him everything that he subsequently learned by bitter trial, but it was not real to He must see for himself. So his father let him go, with a prayer and an anxious heart. Some boys go out so and walk upright, but they are not those who go off into far countries with their patrimonies to "see life Still, the discipline must be got in some way. God has let us get ours, though at terrible cost, when he might have depled us freedom, and, as we think, have saved us from the pain of our evil deeds. What God has sought, however, has been, not a world of men who could not go wrong if they would, but a world of men who could go wrong and would not.

Sin is never as sweet at the bottom as at the top. It looks fair for away, and very foul when we are near enough to see through the chesp tinsel and gilt with which its decks liself out. The prodigal saw the smooth side of sin while his money lasted Then he saw its seams, and from the princes he went down to the pigs.

At last the boy came to himself. It was not himself that had been running his life bitherto. It was a usurper. Now the true nature within, something of the inberitance from his father which had been buried under his sensuality and sin, began now to assert itself. The trouble with young men is that they are not themselves. Some body else's sneer, tomebody else's selfishness, overshad. body else's sucer, tomebody else's selfsbness, overshad, ows and controls their independent opinions and bottom convictions, and they go into slavery. But one day, the true self wakes up. The man comes to it and then he crashes through his bonds and impediments, and does the heroic and true thing. But why did he not do it at the beginning? I sit mrt nobler to be one's self in purity than to come back to one's self in shame?

The prodigal saw that he had done wrong He confessed it to himself. He was filled with shame. He saw what the manly course was. He resolved to follow it. what the manly course was. He resolved to follow it.

"I will arise. I will go. I will say." Up from this. On
from this. Out with this. When the true life awakes in
men it drops all cowardice, all furtive concealment, all
weak arologies. It confesses. It rises up out of sin. It
falls down at the father's feet. The boy did not say, "I'll
see it through. I'll stay in this till I die. I have brought
it on myself, and will plav the man." There would have
been a sort of bravado in that But he did the brave thing.
He wen' home. He preferred heroism to hardthood.

And the father was waiting. It is never too late. That is a true as that it may be too late. The father saw him and took him in.

"There's a wideness in God's mercy, Like the wideness of the sea."

"And the heart of the Eternal Is most wonderfully kind."

As for the older brother, he had a bad temper: and in Professor Drummord's "The Ideal Life" the chapter on the elder brother en'itled "Ill Temper." How pittable his wretched temper appears, set against the noble forgiveness of the o d father!

And some of us are the prodigals. In whole or in part. lave we risen?

And God is our Father, waiting. He will receive all

Is any one of us the elder brother? Malice always miscontrues .- (Selected.)

## 30 30 30

Illustrative Gatherings.

The bitterest rod may drive to the sweetest comfort. The evil of the world lies in sin and not in suffering.

A look the fainting heart may break Or make it whole; And just one word, if said for love's sweet sake. May save a soul.

The Great Physician never lacks patience, and he knows that the bitterest medicine often cures the quickest

What news in heaven do the angels tell What wasted life to the Master well?
What wasted life to the trnth has come?
What lost one found has been brought back home

It is not unworthiness, but unwillingness that bars any man from God. Thousands have missed him by their unwillingness, but he rever put off one soul on account of unworthiress .- Flavel

Only a word of sympathy spoken
To besits over burdened with care;
Only the class of the hand as a token
That we in their trouble would share;
Only a pause to sender assistance
To these overcome by the way.
These are the deeds that ennoble existence,
And turn the world's darkness to day.

God will help to regain lost virtue, to repair wasted energies, and to grow into fresh innocency of thought and feeling, a new strength to deal with daily problems, a new trust in the moral meaning and ends of life, a new joy in working a new patience in suffering and a new and abiding peace

When the heart of the church is with her Lord, her hands will be with his lost.—Baptist Union.