

WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Victoria Meteorological Office, 30th April to 6th May, 1902.

During this week the weather has been generally fair and mild, with sunshine on each day in this vicinity, while on the mainland rain fell upon four days and was unusually heavy in the Kootenay district. For the first three days of the week the barometer was high along the Pacific Coast and abnormally low over the Rocky Mountain slope and the Territories. These conditions caused showers this side of the Cascades and considerable rain in Kootenay, while in Alberta and Montana several inches of rain and melting snow fell. By the 2nd of May a heavy and general rainfall spread eastward to Manitoba, amounting to nearly two inches in 24 hours at Winnipeg on Saturday, the same barometer rose over this province and correspondingly fell over the American Pacific slope. This change caused our weather to become more settled and the winds to shift from the southward to the northward. These conditions continued until the close of the week, and in place of the weather in California, rain became general in the Territories and Manitoba. The weather has been generally mild, the warmest day being Tuesday, 6th, when the thermometer was above 60 at all stations, and reached 70 at Medicine Hat and 80 at Regina. Victoria—Amount of bright sunshine recorded, 44 hours and 42 minutes; rain, 3.07 inch; highest temperature, 70 on 5th; and lowest, 42 on 30th. New Westminster—Rain, .16 inch; highest temperature, 74 on 6th; lowest, 40 on 5th. Kamloops—Rain, .50 inch; highest temperature, 78 on 6th; lowest, 39 on 30th. Barkerville—Rain, .06 inch; highest temperature, 64 on 6th; lowest, 29 on 30th and 1st.

and Chemainus, Cowichan and Kilmikinit. He goes to Saanich to-day, and expects to get two canoes from there. This will make eight canoes exclusive of any from the American side, from where several are expected. —This morning between 9 and 10 o'clock a prisoner at the provincial gaol succeeded in making his escape, and till the time of going to press is still at large. His name is Moller, alias Tobin, and he was sentenced to 16 months' imprisonment with hard labor on December 23rd on two charges of stealing and one of assaulting an officer. He escaped from the chain gang and was seen near the Protestant Orphanage, going in the direction of Cadboro Bay. —The rapidly growing business of Messrs. Dixie H. Ross & Co. has made it necessary for them to lease the premises formerly the Mammoth Clothing Store, which will be renovated and fitted up with every modern convenience. An addition will be erected in the rear, and the premises will have a frontage of 32 feet and a depth of 125 feet. In the building also will be the firm's bonded warehouse, another great convenience. Maxwell Muir is the architect. —The Dairywomen's Association met at 10 this morning to confer with the Minister of Agriculture, but were informed that he was slumbering and could not be disturbed. Messrs. Neill, Munro and Oliver were present by invitation, but exceptation was taken to their presence by Major Muttter, who held that they should have accepted an invitation only of the minister. Messrs. Neill and Munro thereupon withdrew, but Mr. Oliver said he attended out of deference to an invitation, and declined to withdraw, especially as the meeting must be public, reporters being present. The association then passed a resolution relating to the members, and an adjournment was made until 1 o'clock. —P. J. Kierce, supreme president of the Y. M. C. A., arrived in the city yesterday and last evening delivered an address before the members of the local branch of the Y. M. C. A. at the Institute hall. There was a large attendance. He told of the progress of the association during the past year, both financially and numerically, and stated that numerous applications to become affiliated with the society had been received from new associations throughout the past year. Owing to a short notice given of Mr. Kierce's visit here no formal reception could be tendered to him. On his arrival, however, he was

CLEANINGS OF CITY AND CONDENSED FORM.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) —Yesterday afternoon an executive meeting of the Anglican Synod was held. The annual synod, which was held on Wednesday and Thursday, July 9th and 10th, in this city. The Lenten offering returns are \$1,100, materially more than last year. —A petition is in circulation to strengthen the hands of A. E. McPhillips in his many stand against the railway measure brought down by the government. The petition is being largely signed, and is an adequate counter expression to the petition which friends of the government are circulating, urging on the city members to support the bill. —The saloon passengers of the quarantined liner Kinshin Maru went ashore this morning and commenced their first day in the quarters provided for them at Williams Head. The task of fumigating the crew and Asiatics will be completed by to-night. The vessel will be ready to leave quarantine to-morrow if another crew arrives. The steamer has been cabled, and further action will be delayed pending reply. —Three of the sealing schooners which have been in port on the coast lanes and their Indian hunters, came in this morning after being detained in the Straits for a few days by unfavorable weather. The arrivals are the Victoria, Capt. S. H. Betcher, with a catch of 143 skins; the Zillah May, Capt. Harry Balcan, with a catch of 75 skins, and the Favorite, Capt. McLain, with a catch of 73 skins. All three are anchored alongside the sealing company wharf. —The five Chinese who escaped from the trans-Pacific liner Iyo Maru while she was at the outer wharf yesterday, have been captured by the coast launch. A newspaper contains a very complete detailed description of the movements of the fugitives, the only points lacking being the number and size of the foot-prints they left in the sand as they stealthily crept along the shore line. As a matter of fact three were seen to cross the foot bridge in the direction of Dallas road, and two others boarded the car near the Montana restaurant. The city police in charge of the pursuit, the constables engaged in it being Constables Munro, Abbott, Hendley and Special Constable Sheverson. —A meeting of the F. Y. M. A. was held May 6th, at which the semi-annual election of officers took place. The officers elected were: Hon. president, A. A. Hunter; vice-president, G. J. Foster; secretary, H. M. Wilson; treasurer, A. Peden; subscription clerk, H. MacMillan. The executive committee consists of the officers above named. It was decided to enter the Intermediate Baseball League, and A. S. Burgess was appointed to represent the club. The financial report showed the club to be in a very healthy condition, quite a large amount of the mortgage being paid off, besides the running expenses met. The sports committee reported the success of F. Y. M. A. games during the winter season. The meeting then adjourned. —H. C. Diers, of the Skagway Dailyaskan, is preparing a report for Eastern capitalists, who are contemplating investing a smaller in that part of the coast. His report will demonstrate the worth of five acres of land, respectively, at Skagway, White Horse and Atlin, the best of landing coke and fluxing ores from each of these localities, the cost of shipping ores from each of these localities to the other named localities, respectively, and the cost of labor at all these points. He is also to furnish a summary of freight rates from all mining centers in the Yukon Territory, and forward samples of ore from all the promising ore bodies in the country in 100 pound lots. Mr. Diers is instructed to furnish the information he may gather to others than his clients, not in the ordinary deductions based upon his own findings. —Chief Cooper, of the Songhees, has returned after a visit to Indiana and order induce them to take part in the Victoria Day regatta. Two canoes will come from Valdez, one each from Cooper's

LOCAL NEWS.

and deferring, being given seats of honor at the banquet and other ceremonies. The supper, supposed to say, was laid out in the most gorgeous style, and none of the delicacies which the most fastidious of epicureans could desire was omitted. The revels continued into the early hours of the morning. —A verdict of accidental drowning was returned at the inquiry presided over by Coroner B. C. Hart at Esquimaux yesterday in consequence of the recovery of late Lance-Sergeant Robertson's body off Kanka ranch on Sunday morning. The inquest disclosed no further particulars regarding the disappearance of the young man than those appearing in these columns last evening. The inquest was held at the Naval hospital, and the funeral took place afterwards, the interment being in the Naval cemetery. —A. R. Milne, collector of customs, was the victim of a very painful accident this morning. He was about to enter the post office building, when turning to speak to some one he slipped and fell, his face striking on one of the steps. Dr. Ernest Hall was summoned, and an examination it was found that the collector's nose was broken. He also sustained some bruises on his face. His injuries being attended to he was taken to his residence, where it is feared he will be compelled to remain for a week or more before he will be able to resume his duties. —The remains of the late Wm. H. Holman Ellis, second son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ellis, were laid to rest yesterday afternoon, the funeral taking place from the family residence, 62 Churchway. Religious services were conducted by Rev. Canon Beaudais, and among the burial offerings was a beautiful wreath from the children of the Fourth Division, South Park school, at which deceased was a pupil. The flag of the school was at half-mast in his memory during the day. —The course of Mr. McPhillips in adhering to his principles in opposing the monstrous railway measure now before the legislature is having a disquieting effect on some of the ardent supporters of the government in the city. The defeat of the government in supply last night and the fate which that spelled for the railway bill has roused them to the assistance of the government in winning over opposition members. A secret session of these gentlemen will be held in the Board of Trade this afternoon, when steps will be considered to bring pressure on Mr. McPhillips. —A change in the pastorate of the Centennial Methodist church is to take place shortly. Rev. W. H. Barraclough will leave about the second Sunday in June, but it will not be decided where he will be located in future until the Methodist conference, which will be held on the 15th. Rev. J. P. Westman will succeed Rev. Mr. Barraclough here. He was formerly of the Vernon Methodist church, and is possessed of a fine voice. —The Medical Council met this morning and elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, Dr. O. M. Jones; vice-president, Dr. R. E. Walker, New Westminster; secretary, Dr. McEwen; registrar, Dr. G. J. Fagan. The meeting took place in the board of health rooms of the government buildings, where the examinations of applicants for medical practice in this province is also taking place. Eleven applicants are writing, coming from many parts of the Dominion between Nova Scotia and the Northwest. The examination will continue for a number of days. —In reply to a query by Ald. Cameron at the meeting of the city council last night, the Mayor stated that copies of the Wood Saving By-law had been placed in the hands of the chief of police, with instructions to enforce it after a week's notice. This by-law was finally passed at the council meeting a week ago, and was subsequently duly signed by the Mayor. It provides that there shall be no sawing of wood within the fire limits of the city, and no wood must remain on the street inside this limit after 9 a.m. As regards the other portion of the city, the by-law remains practically a name. —The examination of medical men seeking permits to practice in British Columbia is proceeding to-day, and will be concluded by to-morrow morning. —Schooner Aurora, with a catch of 40 odd seal skins, and the Annie E. Point, with another 80 pelts, came in from sea this morning. The Enterprise, which arrived yesterday afternoon, has a catch of 201 skins. —Yesterday during the conference between the deputation of labor men and the government regarding Mr. Hawthornthwaite's Workmen's Compensation Bill, the Premier was unable to conceal his hostility towards the measure. Special reference should be made to the infinite tact displayed by Mr. Dache, of Nanaimo, to which to a large extent was due the harmony that prevailed. —The remains of the late Mamie Humber will be laid to rest to-morrow. The funeral will take place from the family residence, and later from the Centennial Methodist church. Members of Columbia lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F., are requested to be present at the hall, Douglas street, at 115 p.m. for the purpose of attending the funeral in a body. —W. H. Horr was arrested at Tacoma yesterday by Customs Inspector Brinker as he stepped to the deck from the steamer City of Aberdeen. In his possession were found twenty-five tael cans of opium, smuggled and unstamped. Horr was taken before Judge Griffin and held in \$1,000 bail to appear before the federal grand jury at Seattle. He has been operating for some time between Victoria and Puget Sound ports, it is said. Some eight or nine years ago he served a term at McNell's island for the same offence. —The annual general meeting of the Navy League will be held on the 9th inst. The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop

of Columbia will preside, and C. H. Lugin, Rev. Elliott S. Rowe, Rev. W. L. Clay and others are expected to address the meeting. —A deputation consisting of Messrs. Hamit, Hancock, McEwen, Kelly, Ditchburn, McEwen, Twigg and Patton, of Victoria, and Messrs. Shenton and Buckle, of Nanaimo, waited on the government to urge the passing of Mr. Hawthornthwaite's Workmen's Compensation Bill. Resolutions from labor bodies throughout the province in favor of the bill were presented. The government undertook to consider the matter. —Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Bullen celebrated their golden wedding last Monday evening, when a large number of friends gathered at the residence, Herold street. The couple were the recipients of many congratulations and presents. Mrs. A. Fox, of San Francisco, who acted as bridesmaid at the wedding ceremony, made the trip here especially for the purpose of being present at the anniversary, and wore the same attire as on that occasion. The affair took the form of a social. —At the regular monthly meeting of the Trades and Labor Council last night the "Workmen's Compensation Act" now before the legislature was discussed, and the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, That the Trades and Labor Council of Victoria object to any change being made in the fundamental principle of the Workmen's Compensation Act before the legislature, as outlined in section 2, sub-sections a, b and c of the bill, nor to any change whatever not introduced by or acceptable to the author and mover of the act, J. H. Hawthornthwaite, M. P. for Nanaimo. The report of the delegate to the Kamloops convention was deferred until a meeting next Wednesday night. —A Dawson dispatch of the date of May 6th says: "George White, Englishman, charged with removing an old Aaskan boundary post in the disputed strip, is here. He says he neither moved nor faced any post on the boundary. He says he was told by old Schowatka, a Chilkat Indian guide, who took Lieut. Schwatka across Alaska years ago, that there was a painted monument set up by Indians, but he failed to find it. Fraser ran the boundary between British Columbia and the Yukon Territory, following the six-

sustained much damage by storm. In 1778 she was under Byron in his engagement with D'Estaing in the West Indies, in June, 1779, and suffered from her exposed position as leading ship of the British line in the hard-fought fight heavier losses than any other British ship, i. e. 35 killed and 63 wounded. After Rodney took over the command from Byron, the Grafton was appointed as leading ship of Rodney's three engagements with De Guichen, April 17th, May 16th, and May 19th, 1780. In the first and most notable of these the Grafton greatly distinguished herself. Her loss on the occasion was two men killed and thirty wounded. Her name disappeared from the navy list in October, 1814, and was not revived until the present Grafton was launched in 1892. The present Grafton is a twin screw cruiser of 7,350 tons, 10,000 independent horse power, N. D. In appearance she bears a strong resemblance to the Royal Arthur, which was on this station. H. M. S. Grafton, the new flagship on this station, which reached port today, was commissioned at Chatham on January 14th. She was one of the vessels laid down under the Naval Defence Act, the resuscitation of the name being due to Lord George Hamilton. The Grafton was built by the Thames Iron Works Company, Blackwall, and launched on January 30th, 1892, the ceremony being performed by Lady George Hamilton. She was built at a cost of £760,000, and she hoisted the pennant for the first time on September 10th, 1895, to take out reliefs to Malta. She subsequently served on the China station until September, 1899. The Grafton is a decided acquisition to the Pacific squadron, being superior in displacement, horse power, and fighting strength, to the vessel she relieves. The name Grafton first appears in the annals of the British navy in 1679, being that given to a two-decker launched at Woolwich dockyard. The Duke of Grafton, in whose honor the Grafton received her name originally, was the first captain to command the ship, when, in the spring of 1683, she was commissioned for service in the Narrow Seas. The commission, however, only lasted until the following July, the Duke leaving his naval employment for the time being to study military service on shore, for beside being a naval officer, the Duke of Grafton was colonel of the 1st Foot Guards (now known as the Grenadiers). In the year 1704 she was at the capture

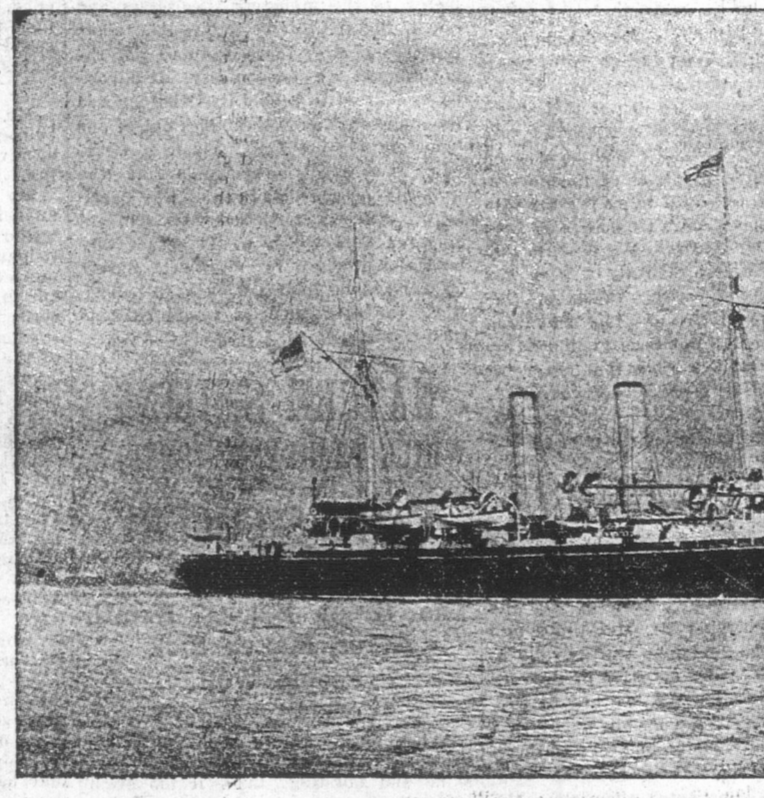
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Mr. Sawers, in order to sustain his contention that the building purchased from Bickle had not been utilized as a hospital, put in a quantity of the hospital accounts, and called in the auditor-general, who, looking at the accounts, said that generally speaking they were dated from April 28th, 1901, but that there was one for supplies to the isolation hospital dated April 26th. The first account for coal oil for the hospital was dated May 1st. Cross-examined by Mr. Bolyea, the auditor-general said that he knew nothing about the accounts except what appeared on the face of them. It did not follow that the goods charged for in an account were bought on the date appearing on that document. Mr. John, chief clerk of the lands and works department, produced a register of sales of town lots in Atlin. Examined by Mr. Sawers, the witness stated that the register did not show any sale of lots to Bickle or Grahame. In reply to Mr. Bolyea, he explained that the register only contained original sales of lots by the government and a transfer. Unless an application was made for a Crown grant, subsequent transfers would probably not come under the cognizance of the department. Mr. Sawers then gave further evidence himself to the effect that in September, 1900, he had been offered an excellent little building, 12 by 18 feet, for \$150. This building was a better one than that bought for the isolation hospital. There were two buildings, one of which he lent to the government, which could have been obtained for the hospital at very much less cost. Mr. Bolyea then addressed the committee. He said that no evidence had been produced to show that Mr. Grahame owned the building in question as charged by Mr. Sawers. In regard to the charge made that Mr. Grahame had been in the purchase of the building for the isolation hospital, Mr. Bolyea pointed out that Mr. Grahame had no jurisdiction. If the health officer demanded the building, Mr. Grahame could not be obliged otherwise than allow it to be utilized. Whether the building was worth \$750 or not, Mr. Grahame could not be blamed for paying that price. It had been shown in evidence that Mr. Grahame had offered \$500, but competent appraisers had been appointed according to the terms in such dealings, and these had valued the building at \$750, which Mr. Grahame was compelled to pay. The responsibility for that price rested upon the appraisers. Mr. Sawers had endeavored to show that no patient had been placed in that building, but there was sufficient evidence to the contrary. In conclusion, Mr. Bolyea declared that the charges, which amounted to an allegation of conspiracy to defraud the government, had fallen to the ground. Mr. Sawers, in reply, argued that the majority of the witnesses called to give estimates of the value of the building in question had clearly shown that it was not worth the price paid for it. Even if he was bound to accept the estimate of Mr. Stables, that was only \$361, as against \$750 paid by the government, the evidence showed that estimate to be excessive. He did not discredit Mr. Lowery's evidence, but he believed that Mr. Lowery had taken Mr. Olive's statements as true without satisfying himself of their truth. In regard to the ownership of the building, Mr. Sawers commented on the absence of all documents showing the transactions in real estate and buildings between Messrs. Grahame and Bickle, and asked the committee if they would believe that two business men like Messrs. Grahame and Bickle would buy and sell property without giving or taking receipts, or making any memoranda which could be produced. In conclusion, Mr. Sawers said that he thought he had proved his charges, and he asked the committee to say that, knowing what he did, he was doing what he was doing, and that he was doing what he was doing, and that he was doing what he was doing. The committee then adjourned. A letter has been received by Kingston from Lord Strathcona enclosing a check for \$500 towards the Grant hall at Queen's university, to commemorate the quarter of a century services of Dr. Grant. The donor spoke in his note of the eminent services that Dr. Grant had lent to education in the Dominion, and closed by saying: "For one, I am proud to count him a friend." Cancers and Tumors Permanently Cured. By the new Constitutional home remedy, with it the need of operation, paste or plaster. Statistics show that over ninety per cent. of cases of cancer and other operations terminate fatally. If drawn out by the plaster or eaten away by a corrosive paste, the results are equally discouraging. This superficial and extremely painful methods of treating cancers and tumors have been entirely superseded by the new constitutional remedy which searches out the cancer poison in the system and completely destroys it without causing the patient the slightest inconvenience or discomfort. It is a pleasant home treatment which has cured dozens of supposedly hopeless cases here in Canada. Full reports of some of these cases and particulars of the remedy are to be found in our book, "Cancer, Its Causes and Cure," which will be sent to you upon receipt of two stamps, V. Stott & Co., Bowmarville, Ont.

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Even if he was bound to accept the estimate of Mr. Stables, that was only \$361, as against \$750 paid by the government, the evidence showed that estimate to be excessive. He did not discredit Mr. Lowery's evidence, but he believed that Mr. Lowery had taken Mr. Olive's statements as true without satisfying himself of their truth. In regard to the ownership of the building, Mr. Sawers commented on the absence of all documents showing the transactions in real estate and buildings between Messrs. Grahame and Bickle, and asked the committee if they would believe that two business men like Messrs. Grahame and Bickle would buy and sell property without giving or taking receipts, or making any memoranda which could be produced. In conclusion, Mr. Sawers said that he thought he had proved his charges, and he asked the committee to say that, knowing what he did, he was doing what he was doing, and that he was doing what he was doing, and that he was doing what he was doing. The committee then adjourned. A letter has been received by Kingston from Lord Strathcona enclosing a check for \$500 towards the Grant hall at Queen's university, to commemorate the quarter of a century services of Dr. Grant. The donor spoke in his note of the eminent services that Dr. Grant had lent to education in the Dominion, and closed by saying: "For one, I am proud to count him a friend." Cancers and Tumors Permanently Cured. By the new Constitutional home remedy, with it the need of operation, paste or plaster. Statistics show that over ninety per cent. of cases of cancer and other operations terminate fatally. If drawn out by the plaster or eaten away by a corrosive paste, the results are equally discouraging. This superficial and extremely painful methods of treating cancers and tumors have been entirely superseded by the new constitutional remedy which searches out the cancer poison in the system and completely destroys it without causing the patient the slightest inconvenience or discomfort. It is a pleasant home treatment which has cured dozens of supposedly hopeless cases here in Canada. Full reports of some of these cases and particulars of the remedy are to be found in our book, "Cancer, Its Causes and Cure," which will be sent to you upon receipt of two stamps, V. Stott & Co., Bowmarville, Ont.



H. M. S. GRAFTON.

teeth parallel and intersecting the Ataskan boundary at the extreme north of the disputed strip, two years ago." —The funeral of Assistant Engineer Badham, lately of H. M. S. Phoenix, took place at Esquimaux yesterday with a large number of guests. The coffin was carried by the noted marine honorees, the coffin being covered with a Union Jack and carried on a gun carriage and followed by a party of 14 blue-jackets with arms reversed. At the cemetery the body was carried to the grave by six leading stokers, who served under the late engineer on the Phoenix. The burial service was read by Chaplain Barrowdale. Among those present at the funeral were Captain Fleet, Lieut. Tomlin, Brendon, Rashleigh, Connon and Cornwall, R. N. Lieut. Ozanne, R. M., Staff Paymaster James, Chief Engineer Herwell, Chief Engineer Hussey, Assistant Engineer Howle and Mr. Willis, carpenter. —The members of the Liberal Association met last evening in Labor hall for the election of officers for the ensuing year. The following were elected by acclamation: Honorary president, Hon. Senator Demeulanaer; president, L. P. Duff; first vice-president, John Taylor; second vice-president, John Tierney; secretary, A. B. Fraser, jr.; and treasurer, Joshua Kingham. A ballot was then cast to elect fifteen members to act on the executive with the following results: Messrs. W. G. Cameron, A. G. McCann, A. Stewart, W. E. Ditchburn, T. W. Paterson, Dr. T. J. Jones, James Bell, John Bell, A. Sheel, P. C. MacGregor, Wm. Dalby, William Humphrey, Alexis Martin, Col. P. B. Gregory, and James Murray. Previous to this meeting the executive met and accepted for membership twenty-five new members, which is an evidence of the increased interest in the work of the Liberal Association.

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