

The capital sentence passed on the three Birmingham rioters, has been commuted by Her Majesty.

The trial of Mr. Stephens, the Chartist, for seditious language, &c. has taken place, and the *Revd. Gentleman* was found guilty, and sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment.

The Great Western steamer from New York, arrived at Bristol on the morning of the 14th, and the British Queen, also from New York, at Portsmouth on the morning of the 15th—making a difference about twelve hours in favour of the Bristol steamer, allowing for the relative position of each vessel from the point of starting.

A lengthy and highly interesting discussion took place in the House of Lords on the 13th, on the subject of the government support of Idolatry in India!

The *Dublin Freeman's Journal* intimates that the Repeal agitation is about to break forth in Ireland with renovated vigour.

Numerous atrocious robberies, in some cases attended with murder, have lately taken place in Portugal. Among the most recent of these occurrences, it is stated that the house of Mr. NOBLE, at Oporto, was entered by fourteen men, and Mr. Noble and his family were bound with cords, while every thing of value in the house, which was capable of removal, was carried off by the robbers.

A steamer of very great tonnage was to be launched at Chatham dock yard—having been begun and finished in the incredibly short period of eight weeks,—as an experiment by direction of the Government, to ascertain in what time such a vessel could be completed.

An extensive revolt among the Carlists in the Northern Provinces of Spain is said to be rapidly progressing; and it is thought that *Don Carlos* will soon be obliged to abandon the contest and retire from Spain.

The 27th August is the date named for the prorogation of the Imperial Parliament.

From the *New York Enquirer*, September 9 to 17

Late and Important from Buenos.—We have been favored by a commercial house in this city, with the following important intelligence, contained in a letter, dated—

MONTVIDEO, July 6, 1839.

"Our last advices from Buenos Ayres, give the following information, and the report seems to be generally believed.—On the 27th ultimo, supposed at the instigation of Rosas, a mob entered the Senate Chamber; whilst the house was in session, and put to death the President in his Chair—shot his son, a Colonel in the army, and several others, and about 200 persons had been arrested and thrown into prison. The cause of these proceedings is said to have been an attempt prematurely discovered to upset the present administration."

The above report appears to us as extremely doubtful, and entitled to but little credit. A letter from another source under the same date, say Montevideo, July 6, says—"We learn nothing further relative to the blockade, nor have we any late news from Buenos Ayres which may be relied on; there are various reports of disturbances there, but they want confirmation. The neutral vessels of war have refused to take up from here any mercantile correspondence, and most of the letters received per Brutes, which were destined for Buenos Ayres, are still here, and will probably not be sent up till next British Packet."

Bridging the Mississippi.—We understand this subject has been brought before the Council, and is likely to receive a careful consideration from that body. They have raised a committee to inquire into the proposition, and we trust that committee will make a full report, embracing the plan, estimates and all other matters necessary to be considered in the undertaking of such a work. Such a report would at least have a great effect in enlightening the public mind and leading to the favorable consideration of the proposition.

The bridge will certainly be built. As an evidence just look at the fact, every newspaper in the city is in favor of it. When were we altogether on one subject before?—*St. Louis Republican*.

Among the true bills found by the Grand Jury at Montreal, at the late criminal term of the Court of King's Bench, are bills against Papineau, Nelson, O'Callaghan, Brown, and others, for High Treason.

son. These proceedings against the absconded leaders of the late rebellion, are founded on an ordinance passed by the Governor and Council in March last. *Ibid*

During the night of Sunday before the last the whole of the ceiling or inner roof of *St. Paul's Church*, of Montreal, with the rafters and beams, fell into the body of the Church. Such is the height of the ceiling, and the mass which fell with it, if the accident had occurred during divine service, almost the entire congregation would have been inevitably crushed to pieces. *Ibid*.

Mobile. An extract of a letter from Mobile, dated the 6th inst., to a gentleman of this city, gives a fearful account of the mortality in that place. It says that the deaths for the two days past had been very numerous, that the city had become like an hospital, and that out of the present population, computed at 3,500, the doctors state about 1,200 are sick. Some of the deaths were very sudden. "say in 24 hours, others from three to five days. *Ibid*.

Florida. Indian hostilities have broken out afresh. On the 2d ultimo the Indians attacked Fort McClure, wounded one volunteer and killed ten horses. On the 27th they attacked a party of volunteers on Orange Lake, killed and took prisoners the whole party with the exception of one horse, number not ascertained, two whites killed.

On the 20th, as the steamer *K. Call* was proceeding down the Savannah, she was twice fired on by a party of Indians, about 20 in number. Captain Wood and the pilot returned the second fire and killed one Indian. One of the deck hands of the *Call* was wounded.

Strong intimations are thrown out by the *Mobile Mercantile Advertiser*, of a heavy defalcation in the Post Office in that city. The supposed amount of the deficiency is stated at 30,000, dols. a mere trifle compared with some others that we have heard of. Occurrences like this, furnish strong arguments in favor of the sub-treasury system; the expense, however, is so great that the people will hardly be able to stand it another four years.

Murderers Hung. Three of the murderers of the *Wright* family, in Washington county, have been taken by the citizens, and hung, without any former trial. Their names we understand to be *Turner, Farnes* and *Richmond*. We regret this step, although we have no doubt the villains deserved their fate. *Arkansas Gaz.*

We have stricken out from the above article an argument intended to prove that this summary infliction of punishment was a "step to be regretted" inasmuch as in this section of the country it would probably be admitted as a self-demonstrating proposition. We apprehend, however, notwithstanding this application of the Code Lynch, that there is about as much law just at this time in *Arkansas* as in *Pennsylvania*.

Main Crops. The *Portland Advertiser* says that the Crops in that State, 'all in all,' never looked better, even in their most favorable season, than they have for the last four weeks. The wheat crop will be very large, and abundantly supply all the demands for consumption in the State, and leave a surplus for exportation. Even the corn, in spite of the heavy

raints, which have been as frequent as in Cumberland, looks flourishing, and promises a good crop. Apparently, Potatoes enough will be raised in the State to supply the whole Union.

The Aroostook Expenses.—We are rejoiced to have at last from something like an official source, viz. the *Augusta Age*, a statement of the expenses of the Aroostook war. This paper says, "We learn on the best authority that the whole expenses of the Aroostook expedition, including those of the military and civil posse, will not exceed 400,000! dols. *Not exceed!*"

Let the sober minded citizens of Maine calmly reflect upon this fact. Here we have a public debt of near half a million of dollars added upon the people of this State by the rash and unjustifiable and wholly useless act of the present administration of the State. This is but one of the burdens which have been imposed upon us by the inconsiderate experiment of changing the government. This item creates a tax of nearly 1 dol. upon every man, woman and child of the State, and is about 8 times the amount of the annual State tax previous to its suspension.

And what has been gained by this vast expenditure? Nothing but ridicule and loss of character.

International Courtesy.—It will be recollected that the United States Exploring squadron, whilst at Cape Horn, met with very boisterous weather, and some of the vessels suffered damage.—The store ship *Relief*, it is understood, lost all her anchors at that time. She arrived at Valparaiso in April last, and was of course obliged to lay off and on, having lost all her anchors. Her Britannic Majesty's corvette *Fly* was lying in the harbor at the time, and the condition of the *Relief* was inferred from her movements. The commander immediately despatched his boats, with an anchor and cable, for the *Relief*, which were bent on, and the store ship came to anchor.

The *Relief* was at Callao on the 16th May, and she then had the anchor and cable of the English corvette. Such expressions of international courtesy always merit a distinguished notice.—*Washington Globe*.

Whales on Shore.—The *St. John, N. B.*, Courier of the 25th ult., publishes the following extract of a letter from a respectable gentleman in Shediac to his friend in that city:

"On the morning of Sunday last were found lying on the shore at Reedish, in this parish, sixty-four Whales, the largest one twenty-three and a half feet in length, from which were taken about 350 barrels Oil. Of their species, &c., I am unable to state, and as the weather for some days previous had been uncommonly calm and fine, no opinion can be formed as to the cause of their having run round."

The Tournament. Lord Glenlyon, who is to be one of the "knights of chivalry" at the approaching tournament at Eglington Castle, is actively preparing to appear there in all the state and splendour of the ancient feudal times. It is understood at Dunkeld, that he is to be accompanied to Ayrshire by a guard of honor, composed of a hundred stalwart youth, the flower of the upper district of Atholl, clad, of course, in the ancient costume of their sires, equipped in all the "pomp and circumstance" that were wont to attend the less peaceful incursions of their forefathers, into the territories of their lowland neighbours. *Edinburg Post*.

The Tournament. We understand that upwards of 600 of the leading nobility have accepted invitations to be present at the chivalric fete at Eglington Castle. The company being so numerous the Earl of Eglington has caused two spacious marquees, each upwards of 250 feet long and 50 wide to be erected, one for the banquet, and the other for the ball or revels. For each of these temporary saloons, several costly ormolu chandeliers have been designed and manufactured after the antique but

admired style of Francis I. by Messrs. Phillips, of Regent-street. In the grand saloon of the Castle, great preparations are being made to render it in every respect gorgeously elegant. In that apartment a turquoise chandelier of considerable value is to be suspended from the richly enfilleted roof, also furnished by the above firm. The applications for seats have, up to yesterday, been particularly numerous. *Herald*.

A room has been recently licensed at Trowbridge, as a place of religious worship, for the Chartists; on the door of which is painted *Democratic Church*.

We are informed that upward of 1500 persons have already signed the requisition now in course of signature to the Postmaster of this city to retain Sunday letters, &c. till Monday. *Bath Chron.*

We understand that a private letter received in town, that a slave got on shore near Cape St. Agostini, twenty miles south of Pernambuco, and about one hundred and fifty negroes perished. *Liv. Standard*.

Timothy Higgins, secretary to the *Ashton-under-Lyne* Chartist Association, charged with the possession of two boxes of fire arms for illegal purposes, has been held to bail to appear at the next Liverpool Assizes, himself in £100 and two sureties in £50 each.

The Great Western and the British Queen.—Much curiosity existed in what might be denominated "the Steam World," to ascertain what had been the comparative performances of these noble steam-ships, on their voyages to and from New York. The arrival of the *Great Western*, on Wednesday morning at Bristol, satisfied this curiosity. The outward passage of the *Great Western* and of the *British Queen* had, it appeared, been made in nearly the same time—a few hours under sixteen days; the former which sailed from Bristol on the 6th of July, having reached New York on the 22d, and the latter, which sailed from Portsmouth on the 12th of July having arrived at New York on the 26th. Both vessels left that city on the 1st of August—the *Great Western* about half an hour before the *British Queen*. They kept in sight of each other until the afternoon of the 3d, when the former obtained an advantage which enabled her to distance the latter and leave her out of sight.—The voyage of the *Great Western* was accomplished in the unprecedentedly short space of twelve and a half days: that of the *British Queen* in thirteen and a half, an excellent run, both positively and comparatively. The *Great Western* brought home sixty-eight, and the *British Queen* seventy passengers.

The Star.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1839.

(From the Public Ledger, October 4.)

And so, the House of Assembly, after repeated declarations upon the part of its members, that the sum alleged in the Bill of Contingencies to be due for the general printing of the House of Assembly during the present Session, is a false account, inasmuch as it contains an item to the extent of £101 surreptitiously thrust in to cover some other charge which, standing upon its own merits, the Council may upon principle, refuse to pass;—after so many repeated admissions and acknowledgments, the House would attempt to cover this FRAUD, by denying the right of the Legislative Council to inquire into it—under the pretence that upon a former occasion the Council denied to the Assembly the investigation (facti-

ously sought) although very incurred under and extraordinary. This is a course which we consider flagrantly dishonest that the Assembly vote alone, but of the Bill which the Council forplies. It is that whilst the country have finishing, the Council of the House been still more and that when and publicly a DULENT T is it for Her M abstain from them!—The at of this inquiry ing disgrace to ful House of A only dishonour and dishonest in

PROROGATION OF His Excellency the Governor, in the Message, that it is intention to Prorogue Saturday next, the we hope dismiss t BLE batch.

ARRIVAL.—In the hagen, William Pe

Ship

Port of B

Oct. 4.—Elizabeth York, 30 pms
York, 100 bls
50 bls do, 1
do, 50 bls do
pitch, tar, &c.
8.—Narval, W
bls, 45
peas, 1185 bag
butter, 4000 b
Oct. 9.—Samuel C
1090 qts. fish
casks cod oil
dregs.

NEW PR
&c. &

FOR

BY

Subsc

Ex ELIZAB
from NE

307 Barrels Superfine
50 Half Do. D
50 Barrels Fine
100 Do. Prime BE
77 Do. Do. POR
50 Do. Very Fine
50 Boxes CRACK
22 Puncheons MO
10 Kegs Negrohea
1 Hoshed Leaf
20 Barrels PITCH
20 Do. TAR
4 Do. Bright VA
3 Do. TURPENT
2 Dozen Carpet B

RIDLEY, H
Harbor Grace,
October 9, 1839.

Not

WILLIAM ST
And St

HAVING returned city of Edin quaint his Friends an rally, that he is now F rent branches of his junction with his Fat dence, he may at any t

Harbor Grace, }
23d Sept. 1839. }