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GERMAN BANK MEN IN NEW YORK TAKEN

Seized by Secret Service as Dangerous Enemy Aliens

In London When War Began; One Prisoner, Baron George von Seebeck, Son of German Army Corps Commander

(New York Times.) Secret service agents acting under instructions from the navy department, arrested two German bankers yesterday. One was George von Seebeck, said to be Baron von Seebeck, whose father, General Baron von Seebeck, commanded the Tenth German Army Corps at the outbreak of the war, and the other, Fritz Kuhn, who is the son of one of the best known bankers in Mannheim, Germany. Seebeck came to this country in August, 1914, having fled from England to escape internment as an enemy alien. Both he and Kuhn held important positions in the London branch of the Deutsche bank at the beginning of the war. In New York they were for a time employed by the Guaranty Trust Company, but were discharged, because of their German allegiance, several months ago.

Kuhn is a cousin of Mrs. Irving Lehman, wife of Supreme Court Justice Lehman. Justice Lehman said yesterday that Kuhn and von Seebeck made their home in Port Chester, and that so far as he knew both had observed the war regulations promulgated by President Wilson.

Baron George von Seebeck arrived in New York on the Cunarder Campania on August 22, 1914. His father was then exercising an important command on the west front, while a brother was an officer with the Third German Corps at Liege. In England the young man is said to have moved in the highest social circles. He was at the German embassy in London when word came that England had declared war on the side of France. He realized that he would be interned if he remained in England, and a few days later he fled to the United States as "Mr. Seebeck." He was accompanied by Count Minotti, an Italian nobleman.

The German Who's Who says that General Baron August W. J. von Seebeck was, prior to the outbreak of war, one of the infantry chiefs of the German army. He is a former member of the imperial general staff, and comes from a family of distinguished German soldiers. For years he is said to have been one of the Kaiser's most trusted friends.

Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox, when asked about the case said that the men had not been made at the instance of the department of justice, and added that he had not been informed as to the details of the affair. Because both Kuhn and von Seebeck were at one time in the employ of the Deutsche Bank, it was suggested that that connection may have been the reason for the government's action. The revelations in the Bolo Pacha case proved that the Deutsche Bank was the financial connecting link between Ambassador Bernstorff and Bolo.

All of Bernstorff's plot payments which figured in the Bolo case were made by Hugo Schmidt, New York agent of the Deutsche Bank, who in each instance acted on instructions from the Berlin foreign office. These payments, according to the sworn admission of Schmidt, totalled in one year nearly \$2,000,000. Schmidt has not been interned and is still at liberty.

Adolph Pavenstede was even closer to Bernstorff than was Schmidt. Pavenstede was the man in whom Bernstorff confided regarding the proposed French plot, and Pavenstede has admitted that he was the go-between for Bernstorff and Bolo. Pavenstede makes his home at a prominent New York hotel.

Later yesterday federal agents of the department of justice took into custody three Germans, whose names were given out as Ernest Gruesbach, Karl F. G. Pagenkop, and George Fuchs. The men were arrested in the waterfront zone, which is barred to all enemy aliens under the regulations promulgated by President Wilson. No details were given out by the department of justice agents. The three men were taken to the Ellis Island internment camp.

WATCHING ENEMY ALIENS AFTER FIRES ON NEW YORK WATERFRONT

New York, Oct. 18.—Destruction by fire or more than \$8,000,000 worth of foodstuffs and property along the waterfront, within the last few days, although not proved to be the work of German agents, may cause the revocation as a measure of precaution of permits issued to alien enemies allowing them access to barred zones. This was intimated today by federal authorities.

Agents of the department of justice were busy today, watching alien enemies in waterfront districts with more than ordinary care.

Infants—Mothers

Thousands testify

Horlick's

The Original Malted Milk

Upbuilds and sustains the body No Cooking or Milk required Used for 1/3 of a Century Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price.

USE THE WANT AD. WAY

GROWN-UPS GOING TO SCHOOL NIGHTS

Bangor Teachers and Other Adults Taking Business Courses

Fewer Foreigners Now—Permanent Residents Interested—135 Students Now—Plan Evening High School

(Bangor Commercial.) Grown-up Bangor people, most of whom had thought their school days were all over, are now at their books again in the city's evening school, which has been established three years, but up to now has been largely devoted to foreign-born, who studied elementary subjects.

Now more ambitious subjects are offered, stenography, typewriting and bookkeeping, as well as domestic science, which has been given from the start. The result has been an astonishing response on the part of Bangor citizens—not the immigrants, but taxpayers, and sons and daughters of taxpayers, who are glad to take advantage of the opportunity the city offers them to improve themselves mentally.

Among those enrolled are numerous Bangor teachers, who are studying shorthand, typewriting and other business subjects. Better still, Principal Lee T. Gray reports that he has had several inquiries about other subjects, and he wishes to see it understood among the residents of Bangor that if any group of a dozen or fifteen people can agree on a course of study they would like to take, it will be arranged for them.

Several have spoken to him about forming a class in French. Later a class in advanced English may be formed.

Evening High School So great a demand is there for more high school subjects that Principal Gray expects that by 1918 or 1919 at the latest, Bangor will have a regular evening high school, which will enable a girl or boy who has to leave school after graduating from the grammar grades, to continue his studies and get a high school diploma.

In the three years that the evening school has been established, two or three persons who were almost entirely without education before going to school, have fitted themselves for high school, and while they have not enrolled for high school subjects, it is expected that by next year there will be a considerable demand for these branches. In other words, it will be possible soon to work and at the same time get an education from the first grade to senior in high school, by going to school nights.

One of the night school pupils hangs listlessly over their books, waiting for the closing gong to ring. In fact, a Commercial reporter noticed, when he visited the school on Tuesday night at 9 o'clock, the hour when the session was supposed to be over, that the pupils kept right on working. They are volunteers and all interested and determined to master their subjects. Everyone knows that results follow when this spirit prevails.

There are 185 pupils at present, 73 taking commercial studies, 80 domestic science, and 30 elementary subjects. Lee T. Gray, sub-master of Bangor High, is principal, and the lecturers are: Miss Alden B. Hayes and Miss Alfreda Byer, beginners' department; H. E. Congdon, commercial department; Miss Ethel Nichols, shorthand; Rachel Hall, typewriting; Miss Frances Dugan and Miss Frances M. Dunning, domestic science.

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 18.—Mrs. Zechariah Lutes, of Lutes Mountain, received official notification from Ottawa that her son, Private Oley Lutes, was killed in action Oct. 5. Private Lutes was a son of the late Zechariah Lutes, and was about twenty years of age. He went overseas about a year ago.

That Private Edward Kirkpatrick, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Kirkpatrick, of Rousesville, is suffering from gas poisoning and has been admitted to the Western General Hospital in France, was the information that Mr. Kirkpatrick received last night from Ottawa.

Private Kirkpatrick is well known in Rousesville and the vicinity and his many friends will hope for a speedy recovery.

CASUALTIES

Official List.

Ottawa, Oct. 18.—In a casualty list of thirty-five names, issued tonight from the record office of the militia department, one Canadian soldier is reported killed in action, two died of wounds, three died, three wounded and missing, eighteen wounded, seven ill and one previously reported missing, now with unit.

Maritime names:

Wounded.

J. A. Melver, Hazeldele (N. S.)

D. Curtis, Currenton (N. B.)

D. Dugan, Campbellton (N. B.)

Ill.

C. L. White, River Hebert (N. S.)

E. Perrie, address not stated.

E. Sargent, Campbellton (N. B.)

Engineers.

D. J. Boyd, Caledonia.

Farwell Presentation

Friends of Alexander Jamieson of the 28th Kiltie Battalion, assembled at the home of his brother, John Jamieson, 58 Wall street, on Tuesday evening and tendered him a farwell. During the evening Rev. Mr. Thompson of the Calvin church presented to Private Jamieson a Bible and fountain pen on behalf of those assembled.

SOLDIER HAZED; OFFICER ACCUSED

Captain Sullivan Said to Have Led Five Non-Coms in Mud-Bathing Gottschalk

Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S.C., Oct. 18.—According to a report now in the possession of Colonel George A. Wingate, commander of the Second Field Artillery, Captain Howard T. Sullivan, Battery D, of the Bronx, is accused of having directed four non-commissioned officers, who on Saturday night took Otto Gottschalk from his tent, stripped him, threw him out into a ditch of black muck, forced him to drink filthy water, and then beat him with sticks till he was raised.

An investigation which Major Wilbur Wright undertook by order of Colonel Wingate has been embodied in the report, which Colonel Wingate says, bears out Gottschalk's version of the affair. The colonel's recommendations in regard to Captain Sullivan will be submitted to Brig. Gen. Phillips, commanding the camp.

According to the story told by Gottschalk, he violated one of the camp's sanitary rules on Friday evening. Apparently, he said, this violation came to the ears of his captain, for on the night following Sullivan, with the four non-coms, appeared before the squad at containing Gottschalk and eight others.

"That fellow needs to be punished," Gottschalk quotes Captain Sullivan as saying to the non-coms, indicating the offending private. The four sub-officers, the private continued, then entered the tent and forced him to dress. Putting him before them, with Captain Sullivan bringing up the rear, they led him to a broad ditch running back of the second mess hall. This trench contained black mire, with a discolored stream running through it, the water being used in washing mess kites.

On the bank of the ditch, Gottschalk said, his captors dressed him, and then, knocking his feet from under him, at him into the water. Jumping down, the private charges, the four non-coms rubbed the mud all over him, grinding it in, and then pushed him into the polluted water and forced him to drink.

After this, Gottschalk said, they yanked him back to the brink of the ditch, and, with the captain witnessing the whole procedure, hustled him down to the shower bath buildings. There he was showered under the blows, he charges, and black mud had been washed away Gottschalk said his tormentors vigorously brushed the rest of it off with brushes that this was followed by his being led back to the shower bath building, and without a stitch to protect him from the blows, he charges, he was beaten with sticks.

The private's story, the report of the investigating major, and a statement made by a divisional staff officer, based on his personal knowledge of the matter, agree that Captain Sullivan witnessed the beating and made no effort to halt it. Captain Sullivan declined to discuss the matter.

Because of military regulations the attitude of other officers could not be ascertained. "I stipulated, however, were outspoken in condemnation of the hazing of Gottschalk. It was said that Captain Sullivan in civil life is a customs inspector at the Port of New York.

ODDFELLOWS HAVE GRAND MASTER AND WIFE AS GUESTS

George S. Ryan, of Charlottetown, grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oddfellows of the Maritime Provinces, and his wife, arrived in Moncton for an enthusiastic gathering of Oddfellows and Rebekahs last evening in their hall in German street.

Master W. Frank Hatheway, made a few opening remarks, and was followed by Thomas White, of Pioneer Lodge, No. 9, who is now a resident of Charlottetown, and who gave an interesting address.

Deputy Grand Master Hatheway presented a beautiful bouquet to Mrs. Ryan on behalf of the two Rebecca Lodges.

During the evening solos were nicely sung by Mrs. Gladys Grant. Refreshments and dancing followed.

Mr. and Mrs. Ryan left this morning to pay a visit to the lodge in Sussex.

BELGIANS PLEAD GUILTY

New York, Oct. 18.—Ten Belgians pleaded guilty to charges of complicity in a conspiracy through which it is estimated Germany received \$25,000 worth of contraband goods and munitions.

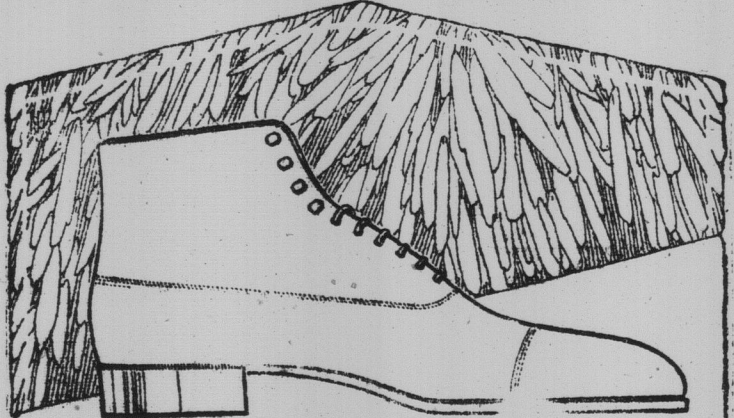
They were arraigned in federal court here today. It is alleged the goods were carried to Holland on Belgian relief ships and clandestinely shipped by the Dutch across the border. The arrests were made Aug. 10.

The court was told by the federal prosecutor that they entered the plea for fear, in case of acquittal, they would be deported to Belgium where they would be tried for treason. They will be sentenced later.

On hot nights when you can't sleep

—Shake Menen's Borated Talcum generously between the sheets.

Get back into bed—Yawn—sign—Then wake up refreshed in the morning.



To those who never wore IN-VIC-TUS shoes—

way back in the days of Solomon, men did not know the meaning of corns and bunions—seldom were their feet covered by more than sandals.

Today, foot troubles and other ills may be traced to the use of inferior and improperly fitted footwear.

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IN-VIC-TUS

THE BEST GOOD SHOE

GERMAN FORECAST LUSITANIA SINKING

Diplomat Wrote That Liner Would Be Sunk "Without A Moment's Hesitation."

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 18.—Addressing a mass meeting at Racine, Wis., to further the Liberty loan campaign, Levy Mayer, a Chicago lawyer, read a letter to an American from a person who, he said, was an official high in the German diplomatic service, bearing date of March 25, 1916, and forecast that the Lusitania would be torpedoed. The letter was received in this country the latter part of April and the liner was sunk on May 7, 1916.

Mr. Mayer quoted the German diplomat as writing this: "As far as the United States is concerned, the possibility of a conflict will not be considered likely (in the United States) in view of the Japanese danger, the Mexican embolism, the general unpreparedness for war, and the huge German-Irish element in your country. You do not suppose for a moment, if the Wilson-Bryan administration involves your country in a war for the benefit of England, that those twelve or fifteen million German and Irish would sit quietly? Surely an eventually might put the union to a dangerous test."

"The shipping question is extremely simple, to my mind. If one of our submarines should get the Lusitania, either under the English or American flag, she would sink her, if she could, without a moment's hesitation. Your fear that in such a case two or three hundred Americans might be drowned is quite justified, but nothing in the least would happen. Americans, as well as other neutrals, in spite of the least warning, are still careless enough to travel on English ships, they have only themselves to blame if they come to grief."

The Chicago Herald says the author of the letter is Adolph von Brumming, who at the time was minister without portfolio and attached to the German foreign office, and had been secretary to the German embassy in Washington. Oswald Schuetz, Berlin correspondent of the Chicago Daily News, today sent a cable dispatch from Zurich, in which he said:

"The report of the arrest of a man in New York on the charge that he put bombs aboard the Lusitania before the liner sailed on its last voyage, may verify a story current in German circles and credited to authoritative sources that internal machinations had been put on the Lusitania to explode after the vessel's arrival in Liverpool."

MURDER TRIAL AT PICTOU

Pictou has its first murder trial. Two men, Natali Neri and Carmello Soto Marabito are charged with the murder of Pietro Marabito in Stellarton in June last. Both prisoners have pleaded not guilty. A large number of witnesses were examined yesterday.

Sutherland-Goggin

In Elgin, Alberta county, on Oct. 16, Ruby Beulah, eldest daughter of Coun. Goggin, was united in marriage to William Stanley Sutherland of St. John, now of the C.G.R., at Moncton. The bride looked charming in a gown of white crepe de chine with pearl and maribou trimmings with bridal veil caught with orange blossoms and carrying a bouquet of bridal roses and ferns. She was given in marriage by her father. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Robert Barrows of Elgin. After a sumptuous wedding supper the bridal party of fourteen motored to Moncton, the young couple leaving on the Maritime Express for Montreal, Niagara Falls and Toronto. On their return they will reside in St. John. The presents consisted of a set of fox furs to the bride from the groom, cut glass, china, silverware and numerous checks.

Among the out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. William A. Warran and daughter, Thelma, of Moncton; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sutherland of St. John, parents of the groom; Mrs. Harvey Graves, Albert, mother of Mrs. Guy Goggin; Mrs. Hamm, St. John, sister of the groom; Mrs. Chira Milton of Shelton, Conn., and Mr. and Mrs. J. Chesley Stevens of Centerville, Carleton county, and Harold McGee of St. John.

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Soothe—Heal—Destroy Pain

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Table Kettles

Fitted with stand and ventilated Asbestos Burner.

Polished Brass.

Ebonized Handle.

Capacity, 2 Pints.

No. 488R \$4.50

"Universal" Percolating Coffee Pot

Copper Body, Nickel Plated. Aluminum Filter Cup and Spreader Plate. Ebonized Handle. Glass Top.

6-Cup Capacity \$4.75

"Columbia" Percolating Coffee Pot

Copper Body, Nickel Plated. Aluminum Filter Cup and Spreader Plate. Ebonized Handle. Glass Top.

6-Cup Capacity \$4.00

"Universal" Coffee Machine

Makes delicious coffee without boiling. Saves you one-third on your coffee bill because the full flavor and aroma is extracted from each grain of coffee. In other words, gives you better coffee in the cup from less coffee in the pot.

6-Cup Capacity \$9.00

9-Cup Capacity 11.00

Nickel Plated or Copper.

"Universal" Coffee Machine (Electric)

Made of Copper, heavily coated on the inside with pure tin. Has non-heating Ebonized Handles. Glass Top.

Nickel Plated, 6-Cup Capacity \$15.00

"Universal" Chafing Dish (Electric)

Clean, convenient, safe. Equipped with two heats—one intense for cooking, one mild for warming.

Nickel Plated with Ebonized Handles and Knobs \$17.50

"Universal" Bread Maker

Home-made bread is more nutritious than baker's bread and costs less. With the Universal Bread Maker there is no waste of materials, and the mixing and kneading is done in three minutes. Makes whole wheat, rye or graham bread as easily as it makes white bread.

4-Loaf Size \$3.00

8-Loaf Size 3.50

"Climax" Food Chopper

turns the left-over pieces of meat, vegetables, fruits, etc., into delicious nutritious dishes. Eliminates waste, cuts down your grocery bill and soon saves its cost on the food it saves.

No. 51 52 53

Each \$1.50 \$1.80 \$2.60

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are a necessity for comfortable living before the regular heating apparatus is started.

Gives you clean, odorless, economical heat—comforting warmth throughout the whole room.

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