

must in the present circumstances, to prevent war and preserve peace.

Miss Jewett: It is a fighting instrument.

Mr. Berger: Canadian security policy in the past 30 years has rested on three complementary foundations: First, deterrence of war through the collective security arrangements of NATO and NORAD; second, pursuit of verifiable arms control and disarmament agreements; and, third, commitment to the peaceful settlement of disputes and collective efforts to resolve the underlying economic and social causes of international tension. In this context, allowing the flight testing of the Cruise missile by the United States in Canadian air space is entirely consistent with Canadian arms control and disarmament policy.

Canada remains fully committed to the pursuit of equitable arms control and disarmament measures. The government has

advocated and will continue to advocate the negotiation of agreements between the two major nuclear powers to achieve balanced limitations and reductions of nuclear weapons.

In conclusion, I might add that, in his answer to the hon. member on March 18, the minister said he would consider tabling the agreement once it has been concluded.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: The motion to adjourn the House is now deemed to have been adopted. Accordingly, this House stands adjourned until tomorrow at two o'clock.

At 10.30 p.m. the House adjourned, without question put, pursuant to Standing Order.
