

entrance requirement generally accepted in the province in question (see reverse of sample form attached for notes on classification of students). Only such students studying for a Bachelor's Master's or Doctor's degree or to those studying for a diploma for which a degree is prerequisite, may be considered eligible.

Eligible institutions include all member institutions of the National Conference of Canadian Universities, except Federal institutions that are members, all colleges of such member institutions considered to be an integral part of their system of higher education, and any further institutions that Provincial authorities may deem to be eligible. In effect, independent theological colleges (those not affiliated in any way to a parent university) were excluded for grant purposes.

Appended are tables showing amount of grants paid for the academic years 1951-52, 1952,53, 1953,54 and 1954-55. It will be noted that the government of the Province of Quebec, while accepting payment on behalf of eligible institutions for 1951-52, refused such payments in the following three years on the grounds that such payment violated provincial autonomy in education as laid down in the British North America Act of 1867.

In the provinces receiving grants, payment is made to all eligible institutions (i.e. to affiliated colleges separately rather than to the parent university only for distribution to the affiliates).

It should be noted that the grants are paid on the basis of total provincial population and not originally on the basis of eligible student population. Hence the per student rate varies between provinces (see tables attached). This explains the high rate for Newfoundland where the ratio of students to population is lower than in the other provinces.

In summary, the grants are paid from Ottawa directly to eligible institutions, as determined by the provinces, on the basis of 50¢ per head of total population within each province. Only full-time students in degree credit courses of university standard are eligible with payment to institutions in each province being determined by each institution's eligible total as a proportion of the total eligible students in the province. While no restrictions are placed on how the grants are to be used, it is understood that they should be used for current purposes, rather than for establishing trust funds, scholarships, etc. (i.e. for current rather than capital expenditures). The grants are distributed by the Department of Finance with the provinces supplying the list of eligible institutions. The education Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics assists in the collection and compilation of the enrolment statistics involved.

Que.	1,230,000	38,565
Ont.	1,002,000	31,171
Man.	861,000	24,524
Sask.	809,000	24,051
Alta.	827,000	27,939
B.C.	1,230,000	38,565
Total	10,487,000	385,680

\* Province of Quebec not in receipt of grant in 1952-53 and 1953-54