

VOL. XXXI.-NO. 49.

BY IRELAND'S REPRESENTATIVES.

Gladstone Attacks the Irish Members

TREMENDOUS CHEERS!!

THE LAND COMMISSIONERS.

LONDON, July 12 .- Last night Sir S. North-

cote severely condemned the attack upon Mr.

Forster by the Irish members as abuse of the

right to move an adjournment, inconsistent

with fair rules of party warfare, and deserv

ing of general reprobation and general dis-

Clause 25 of the Land Bill passed. On

reaching clause 26, Mr. Campbell (Liberal) moved an amend-

ment imposing as a preliminary condition

that arrangements for promoting emigration

be dependent upon obtaining sufficient

security for the money advanced. Mr. Gladstone did not object to the amend-

ment, but believed its principle was fully

provided for in a subsequent part of the

clause. It was inaccurate to suppose that the

Canadian Government contemplated the

mere emigration of laborers, but the emigra-

tion of families was expected, and that pro-

vision shall be made for them of means for

did not view favorably the decrease of popula-

under the circumstances in which Ireland was

avowal

to emigrate.

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1881.

CATHOLIC NEWS.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT. very high even on the benches where hitherto the Home Rulers found generous support

localities from the emigration clause of the THE LAND BILL. Land bill. The total to be expended on emi-gration is limited to £200,000-not more than a third to be expended in a single year. LONDON, July 15 - The House of Commons The EMIGRATION CLAUSE **Strongly Opposed**

third reading any day this week. It is now the middle of July, and only four weeks remain before grouse shooting begins. The country members and the majority of all others are anxious to get away by that time.

bill. LONDON, July 18.-Mr. Gladstone announced that the Commissioners under the Land Bill would be as follows :--Sergeant O'Hagan, Edward Falconer Lytton (Liberal member of Parliament for Tyrone) and John E. Vernon. The Homo Rulers received the last name with prolonged groans.

Mr. O'Donnell will divide the House on each name. Mr. Vernon is Lord Pembroke's agent, and well-known in Ireland. Clauses 42 to 45 of the Land Bill were passed and the discussion on the 46th clause was begun when Mr. Gladstone moved to report progress. The Opposition and Home Rulers opposed the motion until Mr. Gladstone explained that the object was to allow the House to go into Committee of Supply. Mr. Gladstone's motion was carried, 116 to

Mr. Gladstone appounced that the Scotch Endowment Bill would be persevered with and the Bankrnotcy Bill abandoned.

MR. BIGGAR AND THE CANADA PACIFIC R.R.

in yesterday's debote on the emigration clause of the Land Bill attacked the promoters of what he called land jobbing companies in the colonies, and in dealing with the Canada Pacific Railway Company, which is represented by Mr. H. S. Northcote, son of Sir Stafford Northcote, and member for Exeter, accused that gentleman of being associated with swindlars. Mr. Northcote to-day made their maintenance as was done in Ireland. He a personal statement. He said the companies he represented were not swindlers. tion, but the Government felt it their duty, The directors were honest men. One of them, Sir John Rose, was the son of a gentleman placed, to provide assistance for those desiring well known to many members of the House. Sir John was an ex-Finance Minister of

Mr. Campbell's amendment was rejected.

Loxbox, July 15.-The House of Commons destroyed by fire on Saturday. has eliminated all mention of particular The mother of Vicar Sansfacon, died suddenly on St. Joseph street, Quebec, while on the way home from confession.

to day made unexpected progress on the Irish Land bill. In committee of the whole the York. 37th clause of the bill was reached, and its remaining clauses are of so unimportant a character that their passing may be very speedy, and the bill may be reported for its Catholic Colonization Society.

LONBON, July 16 .- The House of Commons | can. ast night reached clause 42 of the Land

Grosse Isle. Mullen, of Chicago, as Bishop of Davenport, have arrived, and the ceremony will take

Monday, July 25. from St. Peter's to the church of San Lorenzo, according to his wishes, at 12 o'clock July 12th. An immense number of members of the Catholic Association followed the body with torches.

of the Government in not preventing the rocent disturbance, and declaring that he will protest, in the face of Europe, in regard to the position occupied by the Pontifi at Rome.

LONDON, July 16 .--- Mr. Biggar (Home Ruler)

Priest and Martyr. He was born at Espalion, in the diocese of Rodez, France, and Canada, and a gentleman of high honor and integrity. Another was Mr. Greenfall, a member of the firm of Glyn, Mills, & Co. "The President of the Company," said the speaker, "has been for many years at the head of a banking company in Montreal, is a connection of mine by marriage, and a gentleman of the most stainless honor. The other members of the Company are gentlemen against whose character not one word was breathed in the Dominion Parliament when the Pacific Railway contract was under discussion. 1 do not wish to say anything personally offensive to the member for Cavan, or do anything more than clear the character of my associates" Mr. Biggar replied that he was justified in saying what he did. He continued :- " It is nctorious that the great bulk of the promoters of public companies in the city are simply adventurers. That is my opinion. I think I was thoroughly justified in saying the fact that the Company was promoted in London for the purpose of land jubbing in Canada proved that its original promoters, whoever they were, were persons of a dishonest character I simply intended to convey that idea, and 1 think I was justified in doing so. The member for Exeter is duped by designing persons who have used his name and high character for the purpose of promoting their dishonest ends.'

or codicils there are legacies, principally of relics, pictures, and crucifixes, to the King of The Catholic Orphanage at Halifax was Naples, the Duchess Downger of Modern, the Grand Duke of Tuscany, the Duka of Par-of the late Pius IX. Henceforth he must ma, Don Alfonso di Bourbon, Count di Ohiambo, the Princess of Thurn and Taxis, Father O'Connor, one of the delegated Queen Isabella of Spain, and others; and to clergymen to the United States and Canada, several churches and charitable institutions, is now lecturing to crowded houses in New Surrogate Calvin, of New York, rendered a decision refusing to admit to probate the will Negotiations have been concluded for the of Caroline A. Merrill, who died leaving an purchase of sixty thousand acres of land on estate valued at \$500,000. The will is dated the Little Rock and Fort Smith Bailway by a May 2, 1871, and is witnessed by Cyrus W. Field and Benj. Cartwright. After bequeathing small sums to relatives, she gave \$50,000 to the New York Hospital, \$50,000 to Cardi-A despatch from Rome says :- Bishop Schiaffino will be created a Cardinal at the nal McCloskey or his successor, and the resinext Consistory. He has hitherto been due of her estate to Bishop Bacon, of Maine. director of the Aurora, the organ of the Vati-Moses Taylor and R. G. Rolsto were appointed executors. Bishop Bacon having died, A portion of Archbishop Taschereau's staff, accompanying him on his pastoral tour, she executed a codicil in Rome on December 9, whereby she bequeathed the residue of her were nearly run down by a passing schooner estate to Cardinal McCloskey, or should he die on-Friday, while crossing from L'Islet to before her to Rev. Thos. S. Preston for charitable purposes. When the will was offered for

Mastai, and one-third to Anna Araili, daughter of Virginia Mastal. By the subsidiary papers

Papal bulls for the consecration of Dr. Mcprobate in 1878 it was contested by George Merrill, a nephew and alleged adopted son, and by others next of kin, no nearer than he, place in the Cathedral of the Holy Name, on putting in issue the mental capacity and freedom of restraint of the decedent. Testimony was taken by a commission in Europe and in The body of Pope Pius IX. was removed the West, and after thirty eight sessions were held the case was submitted in the summer of 1880. The Surrogate finds that the will and codicil were executed by the decedent while laboring under an insane delusion as to the character and conduct of her nephew, Geo. Merrill. Had it been admitted Cardinal The Pope has written privately to King Humbert, complaining bitterly of the conduct McCloskey would have received over \$300,-000.

> We have received a most remarkable printed report, namely, the statement of the Rev. Bede Wrigley, the Catholic priest of Stratford, respecting the religious education of the Roman Catholic children in the West Ham Union schools from 1874 to 1881. Father Wrigley shows that the Catholic children it the workhouses are not supplied with prayer books, that they are not supplied with catechisms, nor is he allowed to supply them ; that the hour set apart for instruct. ing Catholic children is the recreation hour, so that children lose their play-hour for their faith ; that the result of all this was that it knowledge of their religion. "It," says over. Father Wrigley, " is quite cortain that under existing circumstances the children can-

lish Workhouses, __Athole Times.

THE BODY OF POPE PIUS IX.

REMOVING IT FROM ST. PETER'S TO THE CHURCH

OF SAN LORENZO- DISGRACEFUL SCENE,

night the body of Pope Pins IX. was re-

moved from its resting place in St. Peter's to

the tomb provided for it in the Church of San

Lorenzo. Immediately after his death

the body of the late Pope, encased

in several coffius, one within the other, was

elevated to a niche prepared for it high up

on the walls of one of the chapels of St.

Peter's. Meauwhile, in accordance with his

will, a simple and inexpensive temb had been

prepared as its last resting place, under the

altar of the Church of San Lorenzo, which is

some distance from the Vatican. Pius IX

had certain tender reminiscences connected

with this church, and wished the body to ro-

posethere. The tomb in the Church of San

Lorenzo has been completed for some time.

but for reasons satisfactory to his executors

the removal of the body was postponed until

last night. During the day the stones form-

ing the outer door of the niche were

removed, and soon after sugget the coffin was

drawn out and let down to the pavoment of

the charel. A careful watch was preserved

over it until the all the arrangements were

complete. At midnight the coffin was car-

ried from the chapel, and placed upon a bier

drawn by horses. The bier was surrounded

by a large body of priests bearing lighted

candles, and was followed by an immense

with torches. The scene was solemn and

sombre in the extreme. Hardly had the pro-

ber of young roughs swarmed around it hust-

number of members of Catholic associations

Rome, July 13 .- At twelve o'clock last

Rome, July 16 .- Cardinal Jacobiai told THE LAND WAR the Ambassadors and Ministers accredited to the Vatican that the Pope desired them to inform their Governments how deeply

IN IRELAND !!

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE PEOPLE UNITED

moved the Pope would have found an early FATHER SHEEHY Wants NO FAVORS. occasion for passing the deers of the

> ARRESTS UNDER THE "PRO-TECTION " ACT.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS

ON THE LAND COURT!

HOW IT IS CONSTITUTED:

JAMES STEPHENS. (From the New York Sun.)

consider himself more than ever a prisoner

in the Vatican, and prevented from attending

religious services in any Basilicas of Rome

Jacobini read a circular to the Papal Nuncios

abroad, which is to be handed to the respective

Ministers of Foreign Affairs. Part of the Pope's message relating to religious services

in the Basilicas confirmed the assertion that

had the body of Pius IX. been peacefully re-

Six mon wore fined and imprisoned for

There was great disorder at the trial, and the

Court was cleared twice. The sentences

were received with shouts and hisses. A

crowd of three thousand cheered the prison-

ers when coming cut of Court, and fol-

lowed them shouting, "Down with the Clericals!" Soldiers dispersed the mob,

which re-assembled at the office of one of the

Clerical newspapers, fore down the bulletins.

and started for the railway station to protest

to the King and Queen, just arriving from

Naples, but the police prevented a demonstra

nisturbing the funeral procession of Pius IX

Vatican.

tion.

Sin :- Being a participator in James Stephens' rescue from Richmond Prison, I will give a plain, truthful statement of all the facts, not compromising any-body now within the reach of the Brilish Government. To the truth of this statement I am prepared at any time to make affidavit. John J. Breslin and Daniel

Byrnes, now residing in New York, were at that time Wardens in the prison; they had charge of the inside arrangements for the release. I and thirteen others, armed with revolvers and daggers, acting under orders, assembled at the "Bleeding Horse" liquor store, near the prison.

At 11 o'clock at night we concealed ourselves in a ditch outside the walls, where we lay until 1.45 a.m., having orders to let nobody pass after 12 o'clock until Stophens was rescued; to use only daggers, not revolvwas impossible to get the boys to learn any-thing, an 1 that with the girls, with only one instruction per week, it was impossible for hoisted a rope ladder at 1:45 to the them to acquire more than a very imperfect walls, by which James Stephens got Having succeeded in the release, six of us acted as a special guard, the remainder keeping within supporting distance bohind. not grow up Roman Catholics in the I will give the names of some of these six, schools of the Union. In the who are alive and out of reach of British

LONDON, July 12 .- Two hundred persons are now imprisoned in Ireland under the Coercion Act including a member of Parliament, a priest, a magistrate, soveral town councillors and many poor-law guardians.

LONDON, July 13.-- A movement having been started among the public bodies in Iroland and trish organizations in Great Britain to memoralize the Government for the release of Father Sheeby, arrested under the Coercion. Act. Father Sheehy has written to his friends requesting them to discontinue any petition to the Crown. He asks no favor, nor wishes to accept any not given to his fellow "suspects,"

It is stated that it has been resolved to start bana side trish agricultural laborer for one of the Parliamontary constituencies in the south of Ireland at the first available oppor-

tunity. O'Brien and Hyde, members of the Middleton Board of Poor Law Guardians, have been arrested under the Coercion Act.

LONDON, July 14 .- The World's London special says :- As the success or failure of the Land Bill turns altogether upon the Land Court, in which the entire machinery of the Act will be vested, great interest is felt in the year 1880 a numerously signed requisition tyranny: John Devoy, Denis Dugan (one of probable composition of that tribunal. A signed by the Catholic ratepayers of the the Catalya rescuere), Col. Thomas Kelly, court of landlords, however liberal, would probable composition of that tribunal. A on the other hand if the extraordinary powers created by the Bill should be placed in the hands of men notorious for their leanings towards the popular side, the landlords would at once set themselves to defeat the measure and the result might be traught with peril, not only to the Bill itself but to the peace of every one acquainted with Fenianism would the country. ity that the three members of the Court will be Lord Monck, Mr. Justice Barry and Mr. William Shaw, M. P. for the County Cork. If this report is true the choice of the Government will assure the efficient working of the measure and command the confidence of landlord and tenant alike. Lord Monck (best known to Americans as Governor-General of Canada from 1861 to 1868) has had large experience in dealing with the land question as one of the Irish Church Commutation Fund Commissioners. He is a poor peer and has had to work hard to support his family and his sisters, two of whom are afflicted with blindness; but probably no man in his station in Ireland enjoys the respect and esteem of the general public in a greater degree than Lord Monck. Mr. Justice Barry is also an extremely popular man for an Irish Judge. Ile is a Limerick man and obtained an intimate knowledge of the land question while he went the Munster circuit and as Solicitor. General and Attorney-General for Ireland in 1869.'70. He represented Dungarvan in the House of Commons for four years, and was considered the best authority in the three kingdoms, next to the late Chief-Justice Whiteside and Mr. Butt, upon the Irish system of land tenure. Mr. Shaw of Cork (who hesitates about accepting the position), has long been identified with the land question as an earnest and consistent champion of fixity of tooure and compensation for disturbance. His letters, pamphlets and speeches upon the subject have been of inestimable value to Mr. Gladstone in perfecting the Land Bill. Mr. Shaw is a man of large means, being a considerable landowner and Chairman of the Munster Bank . The Land Court. or Land Commission as it is termed in the Bill, is the Appellate Court to which landlords and tenants may appeal from the decisions of the Civil Bill Courts, and it also possesses very extensive nowers to help tenants to buy their holdings by advances up to three-quarters of the price, and by purchasing estates and re-selling to tenants. LONDON, July 18 .- The Times says of the Land Commission :--- "O'Hagan, as a strong Nationalist, ought to have the confidence of the masses of Irlshmen. Vernon enjoys the highest reputation for ability and experience, while Lytton is well known as a thoroughgoing champion of Ulster tenant right. While O'Hagan will be appointed for life his colleagues hold office only for seven years."

LONDON, JULY -In the flouse of Conamons last night O'Donnell (Home Ruler) declaimed against the proposal to depopulate an already under-populated country, and pledged the Irish members not only to obstruct the emigration clause in the Land Bill. but to make it ridiculous and inoperative if passed.

Richard Power (Home Ruler) said the Irish members could use every form in the House to prevent its introduction into the Bill.

Mr. Parnell and other members appealed to the Government to withdraw the clause.

Sir S. Northcote hoped the Government would not give up the clause, which he regarded as a valuable portion of the Bill.

The end of July is now mentioned as the time the Land Bill will reach the House of Lords. Even that can only be accomplished by the abandonment of the emigration provisions, which it is believed the Government now contemplate. The end of August will probably find Parliament still sitting.

Losdon, July 14. - The amendment of Mr Forster, omitting the words "Canada" from the emigration clause of the Land Bill, was adopted. Mr. Parnell advocated the United States as a field for assisted emigration.

Mr. Trevelyan, Secretary of the Admiralty, said there were nine French iron-clads on the African coast, including six first-class. Admiral Seymour has six on the Meditermanenn, which were quite sufficient to cope with the French nine. (Cheers.) England has, besides, in the Channel squadron four iron-clads and nine coast-guardships.

Mr. John Bright complained of the Irish obstruction against the Land Bill, and said the Irish members dared not vote against the emigration clause.

Mr. Parnell protested against Mr. Bright's statement. Reintended to vote against the clause himself. Mr. Parnell asked Mr. Gladstone what limitation the Government proposed to place on the emigration expenditure.

Clause 26 was finally passed at 3.30 a.m., 126 to 23.

Mr. Leamy (Liberal and Home Ruler) moved to report progress. Mr. Gladstone then energetically attacked

the Home Rulers, who sought, by obstruction to the Emigration clause, to re-establish their damaged reputation as true friends of Ireland (tremendous applause). The House had sat daily, witnessing with indescribable pain the success of a small baudful of members, and the degradation inflicted upon this noble assembly, which for generations had defended the right of the minority. An insignificant minority were attempting, by mere persistence of words without thought, to prevent the deliberate convictions of the House, and take the legislative functions out of the hands of the majority to replace them in the power of the minority. The House must now choose between succumbing to attempts made with such unblushing openness and carrying the clause to a definite conclusion at this sitting. (Tremendous cheers.)

Progress was then reported, and the House was counted out at 340 a.m. It is stated that the Ministers had arranged to sit all night, to pass the Emigration clause if necessary, the six members who impeded the Bill ran with a sabre.

With this the subject dropped.

CANADIAN RIFLEMEN AT WIMBLE-DON.

WIMBLEDON, July 16 .- In the competition for the St. George's Challenge Vase, seven shots at four hundred yards, Capt Balfour of the 8th Battalion, Quebec, and Sergt Richards of the 78th Battalion, Levis, secured prizes. In the Alexandra, seven shots at five hundred and six hundred yards with the Murlini-Henri Rifle Sergeant T Mitchell of the 10th Battslion, Toronte, Staff Sergt Walker, Queen's Own Rifles, Toronto, Col-Sergt Hancock, 13th Battalion, Hamilton, and Wheeler Oge, Wellington Field Battery, Guelph, secured prizes. In the Wine mill competition, seven shots at 600 yards, Sergt. Wayman, of the 8th Cavalry, Apohoquoi, and Sergt. T. Mitchell, 10th Battalion, Toronto, have gained prizes. The results of the first stage of the Queen's Prize was declared late yesterday afternoon. Sergt. T. Mitchell, 10th Royals, Toronto, made 90 points out of a possible 105, and was one of the sixty entitled to compete in the second stage; prize, £12 and the N. R. A. badge. Staff Sergt. Walker, Queen's Own, Toronto, made 89 points, and received £12 and the R. N. A. badge, entitling him to fire in the second stage. The other prize winners are Wheeler Ogg, Wellington Field Battery, Guelph, 86 points, £4; Color-Sergeant Hancock, 13th Battalion, Hamilton, 86 points, £4; Private Rogers, 1st Prince of Wales, Montreal, 84 points, £3; Private C N Mitchell; 10th Royals, Toronto, 84 points, £3; Captain Thomas, 54th Battalion, Melbourne, 82 points, £2; Sergeant J Ross, 50th Battalion, Dewittville, 82 points, £2; Sergeant D Mitchell, 15th Battalion, 81 points,

A law student of the University of Bonne

£2.

 $e^{-i\theta} e^{-i\theta} e^{-$

flourished at the time of Charlemange, being a disciple of the great Alcuin. He died by the hands of the Saracens, and in the land of his | requisitionists called on the Board to follow birth his memory has been held in great veneration down to the present day.

OBIT.-A good many of our readers who were acquainted with the Rev. Father John

Conlon, P. P., will regret to learn that that

much beloved and genial gentlemen died at

Keeseville, N. Y., last Friday. He was a

first cousin of our well-known townsman, Mr.

The Holy Father, at an audience of the

Secretary of the Sacred Congregation of

Briefs, ordained that for the future the In-

dulgence of 50 days granted to those who de

voutly kiss the foot of the small statues of St.

Peter should be available only once a day.

This indulgence is referred to in the Raccolta,

p. 302 (Rom. Ed.). (S. C. Briefs, 27 April,

The Sacred Congregation of Rites has under

examination the cause of Blessed Hilarion,

Richard McShane. Requiescat in pace.

1880.)

The death is announced of the Right Rev. Dr. Danell, Catholic Bishop of Southwark. Dr. Danell was in his sixtieth year, and his death was very unexpected. He was ordained in '46, being sent to the mission of St. George's, Southwark, and on the death of Bishop Grant, in '71, he was consecrated Bishop of the diocese, which comprises Surrey, Berkshire, Hampshire, Kent, Sussex, the Islands of Wight, Guernsey, Jersey, and the adjacent islands.

The New York Sun says: Wm. G. Pownall and Miss Lizzie Wells, both of them deaf mutes, were married in the Church of SS. Peter and Paul, in Second street, Brooklyn, recently. The groom is a member of the firm of Harvey and Pownall, art stained glass works, 469 Hudson Avenue, Brocklyn. He is well to do, a man of education, and not more than 28 years old. Soon after his arrival in this country from London a year or two ago he became a teacher of a class of deaf mutes in St. Francis Navier's Sunday school in this city. One of his pupils was Miss Wells, with whom he thus first became acquainted. She was able to hear and to speak until she was five years old. She then had a fall which destroyed her hearing, and upon this misfortune followed loss of speech. Her parents subsequently sent her to be educated in the Buffalo deaf mute institution. Last May she removed from this city to Brooklyn and became a member of Fr. Malone's church of SS. Poter and Paul.

The first funeral in the Midhurst district with Catholic rites, since the change of religion in England, took place lately in the churchyard attached to Woolbeding Church. The deceased Catholic was a native of Ire. land, but had not seen his native land for forty years. He had reached the advanced age of 97 years, many of which had been spent in the neighborhood. The Protestant rector of Woolbening, who is a son-in-law of the late Dean Hook, of Chichester, with the rural-dean of the district, witnessed the ceremony. It was a singular sight to see a Catholic priest walking in advance of the collin to the sound of the Protestant church bell, which, by the courtesy of the rector of the parish, was tolled during the arrival and the procession of the body to the grave. Woolbeding is one of the loveliest spots in the most romantic part of Western Sussex. Olose to the churchyard stands the mansion of the late Lord Nanerton, a brother of the Earl of Carlisle.

The will, as contained in eleven different cession left the steps of St. Peter's than a numpapers, of His Holiness the late Pius IX., who died on February 7, 1878, at the Palace of the ling the priests, endeavoring to extinguish Vatican, Rome, has within the last few days the candles and to overturn the bier, and been proved in London by William Walker, shouting, "Long live Italy!" "Down with the Pope!" "Away with the black gowns," the attorney of Raphael, Cardinal Monaco, John, Cardinal Simeoni, and Theodolphus, and so on. The disturbance became so great Cardinal Mertel, the universal heirs appointed that the city authorities were compelled to in the will, the personal estate in England be- intervene. The police force proving inadeing sworn under £800. The full text of the | quate, some companies of soldiers were sent principal document was published at the time of the death in the Italian papers, and under | not belong to the cortege, and the procession has been killed in a duel. A student in Berlin | this, after making various bequests, the testa- | moved on to its destination. The ceremony The feeling of indignation against had his nose slashed entirely off in a contest tor gives one-third of the remainder of his of placing the body in the tomb at San property to Luigi Mastal, one-third to Ercole Lorenzo was compl ted before daylight.

Union, was presented to the Guardians. The all now living in New York city, and destroy public confidence in the Bill, while myself.

Being one who took part in the Fenian the example of twenty-eight out of thirtymovement. I feel it incumbent upon me to four London Boards, and under the Act of Parliament passed for this purpose, transfer say that the honesty and sterling patriotism the children to certified Catholic schools. It of James Stephens are unquestionable. I deapprars that within the limits of the Union cline to enter into any discussion of his leadare three spleudid Catholic Industrial Schools ership, and I feel perfectly safe in saying that -one for girls, and two for boys. To obviate all pecuniary questions the schools are ready Stephens being a British spy. Poor man, after a lifetime devoted to his to admit the children at a sum as little as or less than they now cost the ratepayers. The country, he gets for his reward the title Guardians had, however, the inconceivable meanness and bigotry to refuse to accede to of a British spy; but, thank God, there this proposition, and the Catholic children in is not a patriotic Irishman in the world, althe workhouse are now growing up without though differing with him on some points, but would stake his life that James Stephens religious instruction, as the clergy found it would only be a farce to continue the atwould never betray him, although a poor man tempt. We recommend the case to the earto-day. nest attention of all Catholic M P.'s, and espe-Now, it would be well to consider that after his escape all the officials of the prison, cially to Count Moore, the constant friend and

rovernor included, were discharged, and a reprotector of the Irish Catholic poor in Engward of £3.000 was offered for his re-capture, but nobody wanted the money. JOHN HARRISON, 448 Grove street.

Jersey City, June 27.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

The following is the total value, with the inty paid on goods entered for consumption in the Dominion (exclusive of British Columbla) during the month ending May 31, 1881 :

Value Duty. Total of duty..... \$1,611,687 33 The following is a statement of the goods exported from the Dominion (exclusive of British Columbia) for May :---

Manufactures..... Miscellaneous articles 69,2.6 \$5,119,305

Of the above amounts, \$5,602,620 were of goods the produce of Canada, and \$516,688 the produce of other countries.

The deposits in Government Savings Banks during May amounted to \$555,148 93, and there was withdrawn during the month \$342,-271.29. On May 31st the balance at credit of depositors was \$9,138,016 63.

The English Government are airaid to call out the Irish militia. The extinguishers might catch fire.

Mr Charles Dawson, Home Rule M. P., is to be the next Lord Mayor of Dublin. Mr. Dawson is a poet, an orator, and a graduate of the Dublin Catholic College.

It is understood that Mr. Davitt, now in custody in Ireland under his " ticket of leave." for. The military soon dispersed all who did intends to employ his time in prison in writing a political and historical work to be published simultaneously in the United States and Ireland.

Mr. Vernon is sgent for Lord Pembroke. A land bailiff has been nearly beaten to death near Limerick. One arrest has been made in connection with the affair.

Premier Ferry has issued a circular fixing the date for the elections for members of the French Chamber of Deputies on October 2nd

aya na sa