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the buccal mucous membrane, which had recurred after removal. She was seen six weeks after treatment, and there had been no re-appearance; she will, however, have to be kept under observation from time to time.

A case of epithelioma of the lip, with glandular involvement, considered inoperable, referred by Dr. Howitt, Guelph:

Mr. B., referred by Dr. Partridge, of Burk's Falls, with a recurring epithelioma of the buccal nuccus membrane.

Mr. A., referred by Dr. N. A. Powell. It is an epithelioma of the lip in which extensive dissection had been done. There was constant pain and two masses which had recently begun to increase iz size. Since beginning treatment the pain has ceased, but it is too early to report further as yet.

Fungating Epitheliomata.—Fungating cotaneous epitheliomata are particularly suited for radium action, and various techniques can be adopted depending on the individual case under observation. "Cross-fire" action often gives excellent results with the use of different forms of filters. A preliminary currettage and removal of the vegetations is of help in decreasing the time required for cure, but is not absolutely necessary.

T. F. T., at. 54, referred by Dr. Bowman, of Penetanguishene, Ont., presented on October 29th a fungating mass, as large as a 50 cent piece, below and behind the left ear. There had been a small ulcer for about five years, but latterly the growth had been very rapid. The growth was covered with cauliflower excrecences and projected three-quarters of an inch above the surrounding skin. The edges were hard and everted, and the tissues about were quite hard, as though the growth extended to some depth. There were no enlarged glands to be felt. Under local anesthetic the vegetations were removed, and the next day radium applications were made. These were repeated for four days, and then the patient returned home. He was seen again in three weeks, at which time all that was observed was a small, healthy ulcer, one-half inch in diameter. The epithelium was growing over it, and it looked as though it should be healed completely in another two weeks. The edges were quite soft, as were all the surrounding tissues. A few

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