

strictly evangelistic. Recently they have established medical missions in North India and the Holy Land. Forty European missionaries are employed, who have charge of about 275 schools, attended by 19,624 scholars. Some 380 zenanas are visited, with about 3,000 pupils. The annual income about \$35,000.

The Society publishes *The Female Missionary Intelligencer*, a monthly magazine of some sixteen pages.

II. Indian Female Normal School and Instruction Society; or Zenana Bible and Medical Mission. Established 1852.

This Society was organized in Calcutta, and the first work was the establishment of a Normal School in that city for Eurasian teachers. The Society extended its operations into three Presidencies, and added to the training of teachers, zenana visiting, establishment of female schools, employment of Bible women and medical missions. The constitution of the Society had been undenominational until 1880, when a division occurred, some adhering to the old constitution, others forming a new society in connection with the Church of England. Since the division the work has greatly extended, the societies working in different parts of India. Annual income about \$50,000. About 27 stations are occupied, with 52 female and 150 native workers. About 55 schools are supported, with over 3,000 pupils. The Society publishes a quarterly magazine, *The Indian Female Evangelist*.

III. Ladies' Auxiliary of the Wesleyan Missionary Society. Established 1859.

The prejudices against female education were giving away somewhat when this Society began its work. It has work in Ceylon, India, China, South and West Africa. This Society is auxiliary to the General Wesleyan Missionary Society. Their most successful work has been in Ceylon. Their annual income is about \$35,000. Their work is in 48 stations, with 30 missionaries, 35 native workers, 202 schools, with nearly 10,000 pupils. Much of their work is superintended by the wives of missionaries.

IV. British Syrian Schools and Bible Mission. Founded 1860.

This Society was organized soon after the fearful massacres of 1860 in and about Damascus. The Druses put to death about 11,000 Christians, and their widows and children were turned adrift and fled to the seaport towns. Mrs. Bowen Thompson, who had spent much of her life in Syria, went to Beyrout and at once organized schools, and then established others in various centers. The Society has now about 28 agents, with 22 male native workers and 94 female, and

supports 29 schools, with about 2,000 pupils. There are day and night schools, and for boys and girls and women. All are instructed in the Scriptures. The annual income is about \$25,000.

V. Ladies' Association for the Support of Bible Women and Zenana Work in Connection with the Baptist Missionary Society of England. Established 1868.

This Society has work in India, North-west Provinces, Bengal, Madras and the Punjab, which consists of schools, zenana, medical and dispensary work.

The annual income is about \$30,000. Forty-four European female agents are employed, and 105 native workers, with the support of 50 schools, with over 1,600 pupils, and over 20,000 dispensary patients.

VI. The Female Association for Promoting Christianity among the Women of the East. Irish Presbyterian Church. Established 1873.

This organization was established through the influence of Dr. Murray Mitchell and Rev. Narayan Sheshadri. Their first missionary sailed for India in 1874. Now there are eight lady missionaries, two of whom are medical. Three stations are occupied, Surat, Ahmedabad and Borsad, while girls' schools are supported in three other places. There are 14 schools with 800 pupils; some 30 houses visited. There are two dispensaries, one at Surat, the other at Ahmedabad. The Society employs 12 female native workers. This organization has some 160 auxiliaries, an annual income of about \$10,000.

Woman's Work is a small magazine published by this Society, quarterly, at Belfast, Ireland.

VII. Woman's Missionary Association of the Presbyterian Church of England. Established 1878.

The work done by this Association is in five stations in China and Singapore, and one station in India—Rampor Bauleah. Miss Ricketts was their first missionary to China, and went out in 1878.

The annual income of the Society is about \$10,000. Thirteen female (European) and 8 native workers are employed, and 5 schools, with 155 scholars, supported. A quarterly magazine, called *Our Sisters in Other Lands*, is issued by this Society, published in London.

VIII. Church of England Zenana Missionary Society. Established 1880.

This Society was formed by a separation from the Indian Female Normal School and Instruction Society. It works in connection with Church of England Missionary Society. At its formation it had 31 European mission-