

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Subscribers remitting Money, either direct to the office, or through Agents, will find a receipt for the amount inclosed in their next paper. All remittances should be made payable to A. Milne Fraser.

Twenty-six protests have been entered against newly elected members of the Ontario Assembly.

Messrs. Fairbanks, pork packers of Chicago, intend opening extensive lard works in Montreal.

The Roman Catholics of Dartmouth have begun the construction of their new \$30,000 church.

The rate-payers of Yarmouth have voted against the proposal to buy land for the purpose of making a public park.

Mr. Desjardin, Liberal Conservative, was elected in Montmorency, Quebec, last Friday by a majority of 73 votes.

The annual excursion of the Maritime Press Association will take place during the third week in August to P. E. Island.

The body of Peter Day, the Dartmouth oarsman, who was drowned in Bedford Basin, has been found. The funeral took place on Tuesday.

Some twenty girls in the employ of the Telfer Corset Manufacturing Company, of Toronto, went out on strike for an increase of wages and got it.

The first sod of the Calgary and Edmunston Railway was turned at Calgary on the 22nd ult. by Hon. Mr. Dewdney. Great festivities were held.

The *Gripsack* for July is as usual full of useful information for travellers. There is also much interesting reading matter and some more or less amusing jokes.

It was reported in Halifax a few days ago, that "Jack the Ripper" had been arrested in England. It is being kept a profound secret and we have heard no more of it.

Forty-five thousand pilgrims have visited the shrine of Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, so far this season, thirty thousand of them during the present month.

An explosion of high wines took place in H. N. Bates' wholesale warehouse, Ottawa, on Monday. Two clerks were so badly burned that they may not recover.

The orders recently received as to the departure of the West Riding Regiment from Halifax have been countermanded. The regiment will not leave until next March.

C. V. C. Hobart, of the Royal Military College, has been given a commission as second lieutenant in the second battalion of Grenadier Guards, sent from London to Bermuda.

Miss Bella Law, a society lady of Ottawa, was married to Dr. Merkhim, a Hindoo oculist, on the 22nd ult. The wedding is said to have created a sensation, and was a case of genuine true love.

The Maritime Province Lawn Tennis Tournament will be held at Truro on the 5th, 6th and 7th of August. A large representation is expected, and Truro will do its best to entertain the strangers.

The Yarmouth Steamship Company have found it necessary to add another steamer to their line in order to keep up with the rush of business. The company is to be complimented on its enterprise.

The *Dairy Bulletin*, with notes for cheese makers for August, has been issued. It may be obtained free in English and French by application to the Dairy Commissioner, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

The Windsor and Annapolis Railway has issued a neat little folder timetable and map of their route giving connections with railways and steamships. "The land of Evangelino" route is certainly picturesque and lovely.

The calendar of St. Francis Xavier's College for 1890-91 has been received. The College was founded in 1854 for the higher education of students aspiring to the priesthood and the learned professions. The library consists of about 2,500 volumes. During the past term 106 students have been in attendance. An effort is being made to organize an alumni association.

Newfoundlanders seem to have forgotten their grievances for the nonce, and all hands joined in having a good time at the public ball on the 22nd ult. The ladies could not be induced to forego the pleasure of a dance and so the hatchet was buried. Admiral Watson and Staff, Sir Terrence O'Brien and Staff, and Sir Baldwin Walker, captain of the leading vessel of the Newfoundland squadron, were among the principal guests.

Dr. A. C. Smith, inspecting physician to the Tracadie Lazaretto, reports to the department in reference to the alleged case of leprosy on Anticosti island, that he finds that some years ago several families removed from Caraquet, N. B., where leprosy has been found to prevail, and that these are likely responsible for the alleged existence of the disease on Anticosti. The family affected consisted of fourteen persons. Prompt measures to segregate these people will be taken.

Prizes of \$50, \$30, \$20 and \$10 will be given by the *Toronto Week* for the four best short stories by Canadian writers only on subjects distinctively Canadian, on the following conditions:—1. The MS. must not exceed six thousand words, and must be type written, and on one side of the paper only. 2. It must be delivered at the *Week* office, 5 Jordan Street, Toronto, not later than 1st November, 1890. 3. Each competing story must bear on the top of the first page a type-written motto and be accompanied by a sealed envelope marked with the same motto and the words *Prize Story Competition*, and enclosing the name and address of the writer. 4. All the MSS. sent in to become the property of the *Week*. 5. The *Week* will award the prizes and will be judge of the fulfilment of the conditions.

Mrs. Lyman Abbott, wife of the successor to Henry Ward Beecher as pastor of Plymouth Church, is to become one of the editors of *The Ladies' Home Journal* on September 1st next.

An English edition of *The Ladies' Home Journal* is to be brought out in London on a scale never before attempted by an American magazine, and Mr. Cyrus H. K. Curtis, proprietor of the *Journal*, and Mr. Edward W. Bok, the editor, sailed for Europe last week to perfect arrangements.

The last number of the *Chicago Graphic* is a particularly fine one. The Knights of Pythias encampment at Milwaukee is well illustrated and the picture on the first page "A portrait," from a painting by Zenisek, is extremely pretty, as is also "An afternoon in July," from a painting by J. Bellevoine. Subscription per year, post-paid in United States or Canada, \$3.00. The *Graphic*—69 & 71 Dearborn St., Chicago.

A disastrous cyclone visited Lawrence, Mass., on Saturday last. Eight people were killed, from 15 to 20 seriously injured, and several slightly injured. Upwards of a hundred buildings were destroyed, and trees, fences, etc., were thrown to the ground. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, and many people are in want. Four hundred dollars have been subscribed towards a relief fund. The injured are all doing well.

The U. S. cruiser *Philadelphia* has made her trial trip, and although her exact speed is not yet made public it appears that she will so far exceed the contract speed of 19 knots as to give her builders, the Messrs. Cramp of Philadelphia, a handsome bonus. For every quarter knot above 19 they will receive \$50,000, but will forfeit a like sum for every quarter knot below that speed. The *Philadelphia* is 335 feet long, 48 feet beam, and draws 12 feet 2 inches.

The *Independent* for July 31st contains two important articles, a brief paper by Miss Elaine Goodale on the first Indian Teachers' Institute lately held under her supervision, and a review of the Newfoundland Fisheries difficulty, by Mr. Edmund Collins, whose intimate acquaintance with the Colony and its affairs adds weight to his clear statement of facts. There is also an article by Dr. Philip Schaff on "The Calvinistic System," and a complete statistical exhibit of the religious denominations of the United States, showing how many churches, ministers and communicants each has, and also the gains of each for the year.

This is the 92nd anniversary of the battle of the Nile.

International navigation of the Zambesi and Shire Rivers will shortly be proclaimed.

Baron Wissmann has been placed on the retired list. His health has become affected from rheumatism.

It is officially announced in Odessa that there have been seventy cases of Asiatic cholera in Baku and vicinity. The heat is intense.

The Vienna Board of Health has been informed that cholera has reappeared in thirty-one communes of Valencia and Alicante, Spain.

Barbarous Russian edicts against the Jews are to be enforced which will probably result in the expulsion from Russia of over 1,000,000 Jews.

A despatch from Vienna says that M. Stambuloff, the Bulgarian Prime Minister, will assemble the colonels of all the Bulgarian regiments and the deputies of the leading towns at Sofia on August 3, when Bulgaria will be proclaimed independent and Prince Ferdinand be declared King.

The *Standard's* correspondent at Sofia says: The English Ambassador, Sir W. A. White, arrived at Constantinople at an opportune moment to stiffen the Porte's resolution to resist the demands of the Russian note. If Turkey had yielded to Russia's menaces, a continuance of peace would have been impossible.

The maids of honor to the Queen, who, by the terms of the will of the late Lord Sackville inherited about \$50,000 each of that nobleman's fortune, have waived their claims in favor of the lineal heirs. Through the magnanimity of these ladies the new Lord Sackville, formerly British Minister to Washington, becomes the wealthier by many thousand pounds.

A despatch from Belgrade to the *Temps*, the most Conservative paper in France, announces that King Milan, feeling that he is legally free to marry again, will shortly take to himself as wife a young American lady of great wealth whom he met last winter in Paris. The name of the lady is not given, but the truth of the story is vouched for. We feel sorry for the woman who would marry the debauched and degraded ex-King of Servia. He is deeply in debt, so that probably the money of his prospective bride will go to his creditors.

A large crowd of Armenians assembled at the Cathedral at Constantinople on Sunday last to remonstrate with the patriarch of the church for his weak action toward the Porte regarding the outrages upon Armenians by the Turks. There was much excitement, during which the patriarch was seized by the mob, dragged from the pulpit and otherwise maltreated. Military assistance arrived in the shape of a body of Turkish soldiers. They were resisted and a bloody conflict ensued, in which four soldiers and three rioters were killed. Several were injured.

A revolution broke out in Buenos Ayres on the 26th July. Fighting was carried on in the streets, and many were killed on both sides. A revolutionary government is announced with Senor Arena as President, and Senor Romero as Minister of Finance. The authorities hold out, but the revolutionary movement is spreading even to the Provinces. Negotiations are being made with the insurgents. The insurrection is probably due to the bad financial condition of the country. Despatches are contradictory, and it is impossible to tell whether the report of the triumph of the provisional government is correct, or that the struggle is still going on.