

WONDERFUL.

For sale by all first-class grocers.

ASK FOR IT.

THE FRENCH AND SIAM.

Twenty Natives Killed and 14 Wounded on Thursday.

GREAT ANXIETY IN BANGKOK.

France Explains That it Was All a Mistake.

COUNT HERBERT BISMARK RAISES A FUSS.

Second Reading of the German Army Bill in the Reichstag - The Paris Blackmail Case - Outrage on Anarchists - A Tipperary Murder - German Press on the Samoan Difficulty.

London, July 14, midnight. Anarchists Expelled. Three German Anarchists named Muller, Peuckert and Eib have been expelled from Switzerland by order of the Government.

To Congratulate the Queen. The House of Commons has agreed to an address of congratulation to be presented to the Queen upon the recent marriage of the Duke of York and Princess Mary.

Belgium to Acquire Colonies. The Chamber voted to-day such a revision of the constitution as will enable Belgium to acquire colonies. The Government is known to contemplate the annexation of the Congo Free State.

Bavarian Returns. The reports from the Bavarian Parliamentary elections show that 73 Clericals, 63 Liberals, three Conservatives, seven members of the Peasants' League, five Social Democrats and one Democrat have been returned.

Dark Deed in Tipperary. Dennis O'Leary, a man who intended to sail on the American steamer Indiana from Queenstown for Philadelphia, was arrested yesterday just before the departure of the steamer, on a charge of murder. He is accused of having killed James Lonergan in Tipperary.

The Chronicle's Opinion. The Morning Chronicle of to-day says Mr. Herbert Gardner, the President of the Board of Agriculture, is too much inclined to attach weight to the utterances of the Central Chamber of Agriculture and of the Royal Agricultural Society. The remarks of the gentlemen composing these bodies are the result of hardly unbiased opinion.

Inhuman Treatment of Armenians. The British Embassy at Constantinople has received news that 200 police and Bashli Buzuks were sent out from Cesarea in February to arrest so-called refugees in Ewek. They looted every Armenian house in the town and abused the women. The Armenians were too weak to offer effective resistance. Two Turkish prisoners caught recently as they were escaping from the Angora jail, falsely accused the Armenian prisoners of having helped them in their plan to get away. Ten of the Armenians were beaten and tortured unmercifully and were thrown into chains.

A Great Scandal in Paris. The following special cable despatch has been received from Paris:—The facts will come out to-morrow (Friday) concerning the greatest private scandal Paris has known in recent years. M. Buloz, editor and managing director of the Revue des Deux Mondes, has absconded after paying out to blackmailers in the last three or four years the enormous sum of 16,500,000 francs. Buloz left his desk three weeks ago for a holiday in the suburbs. Letters from him were received daily at his office and home. A few days ago a note which he had made for 100,000 francs came into the possession of his wife. She made inquiries, and finally went to his holiday address. Her husband had not been there. An investigation was instituted, and it brought out amazing disclosures. It was found that the editor of the greatest literary periodical in France had been regularly blackmailed for a long time by demands on him based on his relations with three women contributors to his publication. The women were blackmailed by their own husbands, but by certain of their masculine friends, who were high in the society in which Buloz and his wife had long been in the foremost place. This led the literary and artistic society of the French capital. They presided over what is known as the Academie Salon of Paris. It was at a most brilliant social event in his own house that the last exorbitant demands were made upon Buloz; the last sum which was drawn from him, and which caused his flight, is said to be no less than 600,000 francs. The amount of the shortage to the Revue des Deux Mondes, of which company Buloz was president, is not known, but it is certain that not all the vast sum was taken from its treasury. The matter has been placed in the hands of the police. It is not known where he has gone to, and three blackmailers have also disappeared.



THE MOST STUBBORN Skin and Scalp Diseases, the worst forms of Scrofula, all blood-taints and poisons of every name and nature, are utterly rooted out by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For every disease caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, it is the only remedy so certain and effective that it can be guaranteed. If it fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back. Eczema, Tetter, Sals-rheum, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Enlarged Glands, Tumors, and Swellings, and every kindred ailment, are completely and permanently cured by it.

Second Reading of the German Army Bill.

The Army Bill passed its second reading in the Reichstag to-day. All the articles of the bill will pass their third reading to-morrow. A vote was taken to-day on the amendment to the Army Bill offered yesterday by Prince Henry Zu Caroth Schoenach, providing that the two years' service system be fixed legally. The amendment was defeated, the vote standing 274 against the motion to 105 in favor of it. During the debate on article 1 of section 2 of the bill, which was started by Herr Goebel, a member of the Centre party, Count Herbert Bismark made a speech that aroused general interest. This section relates to the formation of the infantry, cavalry and artillery. When Count H. rose a movement denoting interest was visible throughout the House. He declared that he was satisfied with the adaptation of the bill, though he was opposed to the two years' service system because Socialists through the short term of a service might corrupt the army. His fears were mostly in respect of the young men from the towns, most of whom were Socialists. There would not be time in the two years to expel the Socialist poison from these recruits. At this point Count Herbert was interrupted by cries of "zuz zuz." Continuing, Count Herbert said that the third year of service would serve as a reformatory school. This remark caused a great uproar. When order had been restored Herr Von Karolff, a member of the Reichspartei, rose and appealed to the House to sustain the chair against a scandalous violation of the right of debate. Count Herbert proceeded with his speech. He explained that he voted for the bill because the Government had not fixed two years as the permanent term of service. He added that Chancellor Von Caprivi's original bill was a better one than the Hueno compromise measure now before the House. His amendment drew forth from the Conservative members of the House the support of Count Herbert. He said he was sorry to see Count Herbert had based his argument on wrong premises. The infantry had not performed three years' service for a long time, and therefore no such great change was proposed by the present bill. The two years' system could be carried through without the dangers Count Herbert feared. Count Herbert frequently interrupted the Chancellor, at last appealing to Herr Von Levetzow. The latter called Count Herbert to order. The Chancellor then proceeded. He said he doubted that a man poisoned with Socialism would return in the third year of service. The present custom retained only the worst soldiers for two years. Did Count Herbert, he asked, mean to retain only the Socialists for the third year? Herr Bebel, one of the leaders of the Social Democrats, said that in listening to Count Herbert's remarks he had learned the father speaking through his son. The great father had been unable to kill Social-Democracy, and still less was he able to do so. Socialism, Herr Bebel declared, was a living and growing force that Government would have to reckon with one way or other. With regard to Socialism permeating the army through the two years' service he could tell the Government that the movement had already been effected. From the ranks up to Socialism had its adherents. They could give an instance of a south German infantry corps in which most of the men and all of the sub-officers were Socialists. He could also mention a north German pioneer regiment which had assisted the Social Democrats to secure a meeting place when all the civilians in the locality had boycotted them. In a tone of triumph Herr Bebel concluded:—"We exist; you will not be able to get rid of us except by killing us." Herr Bebel's remarks caused a most decided sensation. Later, in the discussion of article two, Count Herbert Bismark planted himself before the chair occupied by the Chancellor, and said he desired to correct a statement made by the Chancellor in reference to article one of the bill, by quoting from the report of the committee of the last Reichstag. This gave rise to another uproar, and while the House was in confusion Herr Von Levetzow reminded Count Herbert that the article on which he wished to comment had been passed by the House. "Yes," Count Herbert retorted, "but you gave me leave to speak." "But not for repeating the debate," said Herr Von Levetzow. Count Herbert then returned to his seat amid a storm of howls from the Social Democratic and Reichstag members. Toward the close of the discussion Count Herbert apologized to Chancellor Von Caprivi for irritating him by his interruption. The Chancellor bowed his acceptance of the apology.

The Paris Blackmail Case.

At Paris, a great sensation was caused in literary, social and other circles to-day by the exposure of a gang of blackmailers who for a long time had M. Charles Buloz, editor of the Revue des Deux Mondes, of an immense sum of money, said by some persons to amount to the enormous sum of 16,250,000 francs. All the details of the scandal have not been made public, but enough is known to state that M. Buloz has been practically ruined by the demands made upon him for money by the blackmailers. The plans of the blackmailers were exceedingly simple, and it is thought strange that M. Buloz, who is essentially a man of the world, should have fallen a victim to them. The blackmailers are said to be men who moved and still move in good society, and it is said that some of the best Parisian families will be greatly shocked when the names of the conspirators are made known. These men had for their accomplices dissolute women who had carried on with M. Buloz. These women imparted to the men all the secrets of their relations with M. Buloz, and such other matters concerning him as came to them. Then the blackmailers would write to M. Buloz, threatening to expose him to his family and acquaintances if he did not pay to them certain sums of money. M. Buloz, it appears, was fearful lest knowledge of his wrongdoing should come to the hands of Mme. Buloz, who at once started an investigation that resulted in an exposure of the whole scheme. Mme. Buloz, who was married to M. Buloz in 1873, is daughter of Prof. Richet, a member of the Academy of Sciences. She is deeply grieved and angry at the manner in which her husband had treated her, and has entered an application for divorce. It is scarcely believed that any defense will be made to this action. It is reported among the women employed in the office are three who contribute articles to the Revue des Deux Mondes. The matter is now in the hands of the police, who are looking for M. Buloz. The shareholders of the Revue des Deux Mondes will hold a meeting to-morrow to consider the situation.

France's Explanation.

The French minister has informed the Siamese Government that the commanders of the gunboats Comete and Inconstante understood the situation when they fired upon the Paknam forts and anchored in the Siam River. Their first action completed no such action. The anxiety which prevailed throughout Bangkok yesterday and last night has been partly allayed by the arrival of another British gunboat. The announcement was made this afternoon that an armistice had been concluded, and that the incident might be explained by France as regrettable. A semi-official note to be published to-morrow at Paris explains the Bangkok incident thus:—"France, learning that England and other nations were sending war vessels to Bangkok, notified the Siamese Government on July 8th of her intention to increase the French naval force at the mouth of the Me-nam River, where only the gunboat Lutia afforded protection to the French residents. In accordance with article 15 of the treaty of 1893, French men-of-war have a right of anchorage in the Me-nam River, and the Siamese Government accordingly notified the French Government accordingly. The order was received to-day by Humann, and the gunboats ascended to Bangkok. The Bangkok correspondent of the Times says:—"Last night passed quietly, the Inconstante and Comete dropping down stream to a better anchorage where they remained to-day cleared for action. Neither the forts nor the gunboats were damaged in the skirmish yesterday, but one Siamese gunboat ran down the French pilot boat, and it is said sank it. M. Pavie, French Minister resident, has informed the Siamese Government that the commanders of the Inconstante and Comete refused to accept his order not to enter the river. He states that he is awaiting instructions from Paris as to the next development of this extraordinary position. The Siamese wish to see no further action, and 4,000 troops are under arms around the palace. The city is tranquil, but intensely anxious. Other French and English gunboats are expected. British subjects are awaiting anxiously news of the steps which England is taking to prevent the great calamity of a bombardment of the city."

Mr. Gladstone's Statement on the Siam Trouble.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Gladstone stated in response to questions that the Foreign Office has received news of the Me-nam river advance by a French fleet, but it had not heard of active hostilities between the French and the Siamese. The Prime Minister added that he relied upon the assurances on the matter given to Great Britain by the French Government being kept. Mr. Gladstone's statement was greeted with cries of "Hear, hear."

Samoan Complications.

The Vossische Zeitung says the only practicable way out of the Samoan complications is to be found in annexation by one of the great powers and the removal of the native king and dignitaries. England is suggested as the smexing power. It is reported this evening the signatory powers have directed their men-of-war to cooperate to restore order in Samoa. The Kreuz Zeitung will express the opinion to-day that the situation is not likely to close. Says this journal, before the English and American war vessels will arrive at Apia, and Germany might injure her prospects seriously if meantime she should attempt to restore order with her vessels unsupported by those of other powers.

39th Batt., Turk, G. C. F. G.; Spearhead, 53rd Batt., Crowe, 57th Batt., Middle, Montreal Garrison Association; In the final match for the Association Cup of the 20th Batt., Boyne, Ont., scored 34 and for the Association Cup 69 out of a possible 70.

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A British War Vessel May be Sent to Behring Sea to Release the Sealers.

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Alterations Will Commence New in a Few Days.

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Men's Suits, Youths' Suits, Boys' Suits, Children's Suits, Odd Coats, Odd Pants

15 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

ON ALL PURCHASES OF \$3.00 AND OVER.

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ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

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THE ONLY MEDICINE

Radam's Microbe Killer

FOR ALL DISEASES

Wm. Radam Microbe Kill' Co. Ltd. 120 KING ST. W., TORONTO, ONT.

TO ORDER FOR \$20

Scotch Tweed Suitings

ONE WEEK ONLY

Commencing on Saturday, July 1st Only \$20 to order, all New Spring Suitings.

Burns

THE CLOTHIER

Smith Bros. SANITARY PLUMBERS HEATING ENGINEERS

376 RICHMOND STREET LONDON, ONT.