

REFERENDUM OF DOMINIONS ON JAP TREATY

UNION GOVERNMENT MEMBERS FOR LONDON AND MIDDLESEX SEND STRONG PROTESTS TO OTTAWA OVER APPOINTMENTS

Major Hume Cronyn, M. P., and S. F. Glass, M. P., Insist That Londoners Fill Vacancies in Postoffice Caused by Recent Superannuations — Mayor Little and President of C. of C. Also Send Wires.

Disapproval of the proposal to bring into London men from outside places to occupy vacancies created recently in the civil service was voiced today in messages of protest forwarded to Ottawa. Major Hume Cronyn, member of Parliament for London, has already presented to Ottawa the grievance of the postal employees relative to the proposed appointment of deputy postmasters, which becomes vacant on July 1.

This morning S. F. Glass, member of Parliament for East Middlesex, forwarded by wire strong representations against the suggestion made that John Ross or others from outside points be brought to London to fill vacancies occurring by the late sweep of mail service.

Mr. Little, on behalf of the London and Middlesex Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. S. F. Glass, M. P., in a message this morning to the postmaster-general, asserted that "I am not going to make any statement on the question for a moment. I am strongly irritated over the bare suggestion that men might be brought from outside places to take duties such as those being required by Col. Fisher, the postoffice director. I am assured that there are some members of the London with years of continuous, faithful service, who could be just as well as the case that there is no person in London office capable to assume various positions—then I say that Government has been wrong from the start. Why should it be after these years, that there is not one man in the local office competent to take over the work. It is really the excuse that the Government that such 'conditions should prevail'."

"I want to make my stand clear," continued the member for East Middlesex. "After the excellent manner in which London has handled its unemployment situation to date, looking after its own citizens, it is certainly a disgrace for any other place to be made a dumping ground for the unemployed. Capable Londoners should be given the preference, and whenever feasible, returned home."

Major Hume Cronyn. "A deputation of postoffice employees have already waited on me," declared Major Hume Cronyn, "and I made representation to Ottawa, explaining how the local situation would be affected if in outside men were brought in to take over a move of this kind would affect them throughout the office, and would or perhaps eliminate their."

Jersey City, N. J., June 29.—Another skirmish, possibly two of them, was expected today between the International Reform Bureau and Promoter Jack Dempsey and Georges Carpentier, who are to be allowed to walk one another here Saturday.

Three Jersey cities declined yesterday to stop the fight, and the reformers were a prize fight. So counsel for the bureau announced that they would appear before Promoter Garvan and ask him to let the grand jury that Rickard, Dempsey, Carpentier, et al., were planning to return to the state boxing law, and that they should be indicted as conspirators. The grand jury, however, is not scheduled to meet before Friday.

Meanwhile other bureau representatives were expected to appeal to the supreme court to stop the fight, but the appeal was expected to be rejected. The appeal was expected to be rejected. The appeal was expected to be rejected.

ELLENHURST NURSE DIES IN HOSPITAL
Death of Miss Annie McKay Took Place at Victoria on Tuesday.

[Special To The Advertiser.]
Ellenhurst, June 29.—A death of a young lady of this town, who was a member of the Victoria hospital, was reported yesterday from London, where she was being treated. The deceased was in the person of Miss Annie McKay, passed away in the hospital yesterday morning. Miss McKay was taken to London a short time ago to undergo an operation for an ailment of the head. She was brought back to the hospital by the Victoria hospital, and was being treated by the Victoria hospital. The operation was successful, and she was expected to be discharged in a few days.

WILL BE EXCEPTIONS.
Quebec, June 29.—The mayor stated that no man against whom charges had been proven would be accepted back, and that, therefore, it was impossible to state at present how many of the engaged since the strike will be replaced by the returning employees.

MOTHER OF NOTED BRITISH STATESMAN DIES VERY SUDDENLY

Lady Randolph Churchill Succumbed to Hemorrhage Early Today.

WAS MARRIED THRICE
Woman of Diversified Talents and Keenly Interested in Politics.

London, June 29.—Lady Randolph Churchill, who was Miss Jennie Jerome of New York, died today. She recently underwent an operation on her right foot, which was injured in a fall down a flight of steps. She married Lord Randolph Churchill, second son of the seventh Duke of Marlborough, and one of Great Britain's most influential political leaders of his day, in 1874.

Lady Randolph Churchill's death occurred suddenly from heart failure following a hemorrhage. Her son, Winston Spencer Churchill, secretary of state for the colonies, was with her at the end.

Lady Randolph Churchill was a woman of diversified talents, with a literary and artistic ability, and from the time of her marriage to Lord Randolph Churchill took a keen interest in political affairs. This interest did not cease with the death of Lord Randolph Churchill in 1895, and her influence on her son, Winston Spencer Churchill, has been generally set down as of no small importance.

Lady Randolph Churchill was thrice married. Her second marriage occurring in 1900 to Lieut. George Cornwallis-West, her son, Winston, was born in 1904. They were divorced in 1914. Her third marriage occurred in 1918 to Montagu Perch, a British army officer.

Lady Randolph Churchill was born 67 years ago. She was the daughter of the late Leonard Jerome of New York.

DE VALERA SEEKS TO COUNTER CRAIG'S INVITE TO MEET
Asks Four Other Men To Join Conference in Dublin.

CRAIG DECLINES
De Valera Claims He Must Consult Representatives of Minority.

Belfast, June 29.—Sir James Craig, the Ulster premier, declined today the invitation extended him by Eamon De Valera, president of the Irish republicans, to meet him in Dublin. The invitation was contained in a letter to the Ulster premier and four other prominent Irishmen outside of De Valera's party, asking them to meet him at the Mansion House in Dublin on Monday for a conference.

The other men invited by the republican leader were Earl Middleton, Sir Maurice Doolan, member of Parliament for the Rathfriland division of Dublin County, a Unionist supporter of the Government, and two other prominent Irishmen.

De Valera's invitation was a surprise, as he had previously refused to meet Sir James Craig. De Valera's invitation was a surprise, as he had previously refused to meet Sir James Craig.

De Valera's invitation was a surprise, as he had previously refused to meet Sir James Craig. De Valera's invitation was a surprise, as he had previously refused to meet Sir James Craig.

De Valera's invitation was a surprise, as he had previously refused to meet Sir James Craig. De Valera's invitation was a surprise, as he had previously refused to meet Sir James Craig.



The Vicar—Nothing to be thankful for, Ebenezer? Why, think of poor old Tom Copping, who's just lost his wife. Ebenezer—That's don't help me, Parson. I ain't Tom Copping. —Passing Show, London.

NEW METHODIST MINISTERS WILL RECEIVE A HEARTY WELCOME BY A ASSESSMENT COMMISSIONER

"However, I Doubt If Many of Them Will Be Liable For Income Tax When \$2,000 Is Exempted, With \$200 Additional For Every Child," Says Stephen Grant — Pastors Preach First Sermons Sunday.

Incoming Methodist ministers, who preach their initial sermons here next Sunday, will receive as part of their welcome from Londoners, an unpleasant greeting from City Assessor Stephen Grant, who has been instructed by the city council to immediately assess the new ministers for income tax, which is payable in 1921.

Mr. Grant informed The Advertiser that he was assessing the new ministers at once. "However, I doubt if more than one or two of the five or six new pastors taking over charges here will be liable, when \$2,000 is exempted, with \$200 additional for every child," he informed The Advertiser.

The assessment department has always assessed new ministers coming to the city, but the council of revision merely instructed us to do so, following an appeal entered against 1920 income tax by a well-known pastor, who is leaving London this year. It is very seldom that we miss a new minister on our rolls.

It has been pointed out that as the new pastors in London Methodist churches will not take over their duties here until the first Sunday in July, which date is some time after the assessment roll has been prepared, and it is for this reason that their names are occasionally not entered on the roll until the following year, the minister concerned thus escaping payment of one year's income tax. To escape assessment in charges they are leaving, ministers are resorting like the local pastor mentioned above, to appeal to the council of revision to have their names struck with the assessment rolls on leaving their respective charges.

ALBERTAN FARMERS ENCOURAGED BY THE MEDICINE HAT VOTE
U. F. A. Will Have Candidates in All Provincial Constituencies.

Calgary, June 29.—Canadian Press.—The success of the Medicine Hat progressive candidate in the Medicine Hat election, has stimulated Alberta farmers to greater action in the provincial election, which will be held on July 18, and the United Farmers of Alberta will have candidates in most of the rural ridings. There is not the opposition to the Stewart Government, however, among the farmers since there is no broad question of policy at issue. It is quite probable that the U. F. A. and Government forces will unite on a candidate in certain constituencies.

One of the strongest riding for the U. F. A. is at Redcliff, the seat of Speaker Pringle.

Hon. A. J. MacLean, minister of public works, will be given acclamation in Taber. The farmers will be glad to see the U. F. A. in power. The U. F. A. is not likely to be opposed by the U. F. A. in Sedgewick, but Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture, is likely to be opposed by a farmer in Olds.

POSTOFFICE HOURS ON JULY FIRST
The public are hereby notified that as Friday, July 1, is a public holiday, the postoffice will be closed at 8 a.m. and 10 a.m., during which period postage stamps will be on sale, and the general delivery and registration windows will be open.

There will be no delivery by letter-carriers, but special delivery letters received at the London postoffice will be specially delivered.

POLICE AND FIREMEN GO BACK TO WORK

Quebec Strike of Municipal Workers Ended At Noon Today.

INCREASES GRANTED
Terms of New Agreement Are Based On Arbitration Board's Report.

Quebec, June 29.—The strike of the municipal firemen and policemen here ended at noon.

Mayor Samson, announcing the end of the strike, stated that the men had agreed to return to duty on the conditions submitted to them by the city, and which were based on the report of a board of arbitration which recently inquired into the demands of the men for increases in pay.

The men will get increases of 75 cents and \$1 a week, according to length of service. The wage scale of the firemen and police now runs from \$18 to \$28 per week.

MORE SABOTAGE IN QUEBEC STRIKE IS REPORTED
Quebec, June 29.—Further cases of sabotage in connection with the police and firemen's strike have been discovered here. While testing harness in one of the stations, volunteer firemen replacing the strikers discovered that it had been cut with a knife. A further examination of the fire fighting apparatus revealed the fact that the contents of some of the chemical extinguishers had been tampered with.

All the strikers arrested by the police have been released without bail. No further action will be taken against them, but they have been advised that they are liable to be ordered to court at any time.

At last night and this morning there were rumors that volunteer firemen were to be assaulted by sympathizers of the strikers. The city authorities were prepared to read the riot act and use the military to protect the volunteers. This was not found to be necessary, however.

MASSACRE AT MASSA FEARED BY THE ALLES
Situation On Peninsula Is Reported As Very Obscure.

London, June 29.—The position on the Ismid Peninsula, where the Greek and Turk Nationalist forces are opposed to each other, is obscure. Cecil B. Harmsworth, under secretary for foreign affairs, stated in the House of Commons today that he had received this morning, however, added that the town of Ismid had been evacuated by the Greeks and was being held by the Turks. The situation was very obscure.

Mr. Harmsworth said there was danger of a considerable massacre and that Allied representatives were taking steps to prevent such an occurrence.

MORE RAIN! MORE RAIN! IS STILL CRY
Toronto, June 29.—"Give us more rain" is the cry of farmers and fruit growers in many districts of Ontario. While this week has produced heavy showers in some parts it appears that many districts are still suffering from long continued drought and no territory in Ontario has had sufficient moisture to satisfy the husbandman. Niagara Peninsula particularly is still "hard" and the crops are picking up.

The official temperatures for the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 80; lowest, 64.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following are the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 81; lowest, 68.

THE WEATHER
TOMORROW—FAIR AND COOLER.
Toronto, June 29.—8 a.m. Forecast.

Today—Light to moderate winds; mostly fair and very warm; thunder showers in a few localities.

ANGLO-JAP TREATY MAY BE REFERRED TO THE DOMINIONS

Lord President of Council Declares Alliance Treaty Must Be Brought Into Line With Requirements of the League of Nations—Meighen's Speech Occupied Whole Morning Session.

London, June 29.—Debate upon the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, in which the attitude of the various overseas dominions of Great Britain will be thoroughly explained, began when the imperial conference, in session here, opened this morning. Arthur Meighen, the Canadian premier, was expected to open the debate, laying the views of Canada before the conference.

Lord Curzon, secretary of state for foreign affairs, laid before the conference yesterday the details of the proposed renewal of the alliance, together with the political situation bearing on the subject.

IN LINE WITH THE LEAGUE.
A. J. Balfour, lord president of the council, insisted that the alliance treaty must be brought into line with the requirements of the league of nations, saying that there should be no special British interests observed nor should there be an imperial aspect to the convention.

Premier Meighen's speech entirely occupied this morning's session of the conference. This afternoon Premier Hughes of Australia will give his views.

Refer To Dominions.
Mr. Meighen, speaking by Lord Curzon, advised the Dominion Government on foreign affairs, and Capt. Armstrong, his private secretary, it is understood, was made that the question of renewal of the treaty should be postponed several months—in which case the dominions would continue in order to enable the Canadian and Australian premiers to return home to consult with their leagues, and, if necessary, to have referendums of their people to uphold or reject the proposals settled at the imperial conference.

MILITARY PART OF TREATY MUST BE DROPPED
London, June 29.—By Gratton O'Leary, Canadian Press Staff Correspondent.—The Anglo-Japanese alliance is not to be renewed in its present form. Although the discussion of the treaty by the conference of British premiers has just begun, that much has already been said, that the treaty, as it is, is not acceptable to the dominions. It is true that Right Hon. Arthur Balfour and Lord Curzon, the only members of the conference who have dealt with the subject, used due diplomatic caution in their speeches, but according to information which has been received from the dominions, a clear impression that while the British Government would like to have some form of understanding with Japan, it is not inclined to continue the present purely military agreement.

Inasmuch, therefore, as Right Hon. Arthur Balfour, premier of Canada, and Lord Curzon, premier of Australia, will urge against an alliance of any kind, but will advocate a British-Australian understanding, it is clear, instead, the clear prospect is that if the alliance is renewed at all it will be little more than a shadow of its former self.

Premier Meighen is to be heard when the conference meets today. He will speak on the subject of the treaty, and it is understood that he will state a case against the alliance, which it is understood will be circulated in the dominions. It will not, of course, be given out for publication, but will elaborate the arguments of the dominions, which are indicated in previous dispatches. General Smuts, who is to follow, will support Mr. Meighen, and will urge a mutual understanding of the nations through moral and intellectual sympathy.

Meighen's Principles.
The discussion of the treaty, which might constitute the voice of the dominions against the alliance, has already been already made, arrived at no definite conclusion. It is understood that Premier Meighen's speech is proceeding, presented the suggestion that the demand that the alliance be renewed, is proceeding, presented the suggestion that the demand that the alliance be renewed, is proceeding, presented the suggestion that the demand that the alliance be renewed, is proceeding.

The conference today took its first definite action when a section of it, meeting under the chairmanship of Lord Curzon, the British premier, appointed a sub-committee to investigate proposals for keeping British emigrants of good class within the Empire. The tentative plan is for the British Parliament to vote \$10,000,000 to aid such immigration, and the dominions to vote a like amount between them. This proposal has been turned over to the sub-committee, which is to report in a few days.

Two Cases Typhoid Fever In The City
Both Contracted Outside of London, Says Dr. Downham.

Dr. W. S. Downham, medical officer of health, reports today two cases of typhoid in London, having been detected this month. While among members of the medical profession an outbreak of typhoid fever is considered "a black eye" to the purity of drinking water, which is the cause of the disease, Dr. Downham points out that both these cases, in his opinion, were contracted outside of London, and he casts no reflection upon London.

"One of these typhoid patients is a railway employee, and he picked up the disease while on a trip," he declared to The Advertiser today. "The other case, a young man, was picked up in London, where the disease was discovered. The other chap was out of town during the period required to contract the disease, but returned to London just in time to be stricken with typhoid. He rides a motorcycle, and most likely contracted typhoid by drinking water from some polluted well."

"We always trace these cases as far as possible, and there has not been one develop from drinking water here in my memory. London's water supply is pure, and typhoid from drinking it is out of the question entirely. However, there are some private wells here, which are not too free of coliform bacilli, one being declared unfit for human use following tests of the water conducted at the Institute of Public Health, and it will be ordered closed. Others, while not so bad, could stand improvement."

Typhoid fever is communicated to patients by polluted drinking water, typhoid often resulting from an infected public well. However, weekly tests on London's water supply have shown it to be free of coliform bacilli, the organisms blamed for the spread of this disease.

Dr. Downham states that tourists in the summer often drink polluted water in other centers, and come to London, where they become ill, and the disease manifests itself, a period of incubation in the human digestive system being necessary ere the typhoid fever makes the patient ill.

ITALIAN WAS MURDERED.
Windsor, June 29.—James Saunders, the Italian of Hamilton, Ont., whose body was found in a field near here, came to his death by some person or persons unknown, through being stabbed in the body, according to a coroner's jury here tonight. Saunders was found murdered on June 28.

BRITISH MAILS
The next mail for Great Britain and Europe will close at the local postoffice on Thursday, June 30, 1921, to be forwarded via S. Netla, sailing from Montreal on July 1. This mail will consist of all classes. Letter and registered matter at 10 a.m. Parcel post and newspapers at 2 p.m.