

NEWS OF WORLD TOLD IN BRIEF

Another Wilson Note to Insist on Humane Conduct of German Submarine Warfare

2nd. DIVISION COMPLETED

General Steele's Canadian troops at Shorncliffe—Zeppelins Seen Near London—Submarine Base Found.

President Wilson intends to shape the course of the United States Government in the international crisis which has arisen as to leave no doubt abroad of the country's purpose, not only to speak, but, if necessary, to act, for the cause of humanity, says a Washington despatch.

The second Canadian division is now completed, according to a statement of General Steele at Shorncliffe. The commander expressed satisfaction with his quarters and the general organization, and paid a high tribute to his staff and to the men as a body.

The British Official Press Bureau issued the following announcement last night: "Zeppelins are reported to have been seen near Ramsgate (on the Kentish coast, 57 miles east-south-east of London) and Brentwood (17 miles west-northwest of London) and in certain outlying districts of London."

A despatch to the London Times from Mytilene, dated Sunday, says: "An enemy submarine shelter has been discovered in the vicinity of Alvalon, on the West Coast of Asia Minor to which place British warships proceeded to-day. Sixty shots have since been heard coming from that vicinity, leading to the belief that useful work has been accomplished."

The battle on the Sen in the vicinity of Przemysl is developing in favor of the Russians, according to an official announcement. Furthermore, the Russians, between May 12 and May 24, captured nearly 19,000 of their antagonists.

The Italian invasion of the province of Trent is progressing from the south along the Adige and Chiese rivers, from the west across the Tonale Pass and from the east by way of the Lavarone plateau. The attack of the Italians is continuing all along the zig-zag frontier up to the highest part north, where they have occupied the Ampezzo Valley, together with the town of Cortina.



A SESSION OF THE COURT OF KING'S BENCH (Crown Side), holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, will be held in the COURT HOUSE, in the CITY OF MONTREAL, on Tuesday, the FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

L. J. LEMIEUX, Sheriff.

The Quebec Streams Commission

Proposed Storage Dam on the St. Maurice River

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tender for Storage Dam on the St. Maurice River," will be received at the office of the Quebec Streams Commission, Room 364, Parliament Building, Quebec, until twelve o'clock, on Tuesday, the 15th of June next (1915).

Plans and specifications can be seen on or after this date at the said office or at the Quebec Streams Commission's office, Room 363 McGill Building, Montreal.

Parties tendering will be required to accept the fair wages schedule prepared or to be prepared by the Department of Labor of the Province of Quebec, which schedule will form part of the contract.

Tenders are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms.

An accepted bank cheque for the sum of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00), made payable to the order of the Provincial Treasurer, must accompany each tender, which sum will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work, at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective contractors whose tenders are not accepted.

The cheque of the successful tenderer will be held as security, or part security, for the due fulfillment of the contract to be entered into.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order, O. LEBEVRE, Chief Engineer.

The Quebec Streams Commission, Montreal, April 29th, 1915. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Commission will not be paid for it.

GHOULISH PROFITS FROM ONE OF THE LONDON WAR STOCKS

New York, June 1.—The Sun says: The Financier of London speaks as follows of one of the "war stocks" on the London Stock Exchange: "The turnover of Courtauld, Ltd., the great manufacturers of crepe, advances 'part passu' with the war casualties and the profits at the present time are simply enormous. The ordinary one pound share, the purchase of which we strongly recommended when they were selling below 40s., are consequently still creeping or crackling, having changed hands above 50 shillings. There is no prospect of an early subsidence of the 'raison d'etre' of the rise, but this can be carried too far, and those of our readers who hold the shares might perhaps do well to salt down their slim profits."

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD PAYS TRIBUTE TO ITS EMPLOYEES.

New York, June 1.—"The Pennsylvania Railroad believes the company's greatest asset is the loyalty and efficiency of its men." This is the theme of a large bulletin headed "The Greatest Asset of the Pennsylvania Railroad," which was posted to-day in all the stations on the entire Pennsylvania Railroad East of Pittsburgh. The bulletin also says: "In normal times the Pennsylvania System has 250,000 employees. The company pays the highest prevailing rate of wages received by railroad employes in the territory in which it operates. The policy of the Pennsylvania System is to insure that all its relations with its men shall be characterized by fairness and friendliness. The Pennsylvania System early realized the importance of training its own employes. This, of course, carries with it the training of its own men. To make the service attractive it is essential that employment as far as possible, be permanent. The man of to-day is the officer of to-morrow. The organization is in substantial respects a civil service. This company is endeavoring continually to develop its organization, to assure itself of the loyalty of its men, and to build up an efficient and economical transportation enterprise."

FOREIGN GRAIN CONDITIONS.

The following is the foreign grain situation as reported by Shearson, Hamill & Co.: United Kingdom.—Weather continues unfavorable, being wet and the low temperatures check growth. France.—Weather is unfavorable and backward in parts in the district of Nantes the plant is forward. Russia.—Weather and crop advances are generally favorable. Private advices as received here state that growers are holding fair quantities but not offering. Roumania, Bulgaria and Hungary.—According to official statements the crop outlook is favorable, rain is wanted. Italy.—Condition officially reported as medium to good forecast of yield over that of last year. Spain.—Weather seasonal and general outlook favorable. India.—Wheat offerings larger and prices lower; weather favorable for the movement. Australia.—Scattered showers are reported and recent rainfall good.

SUGAR MARKET ACTIVE.

New York, June 1.—Sugar market opened active and steady.

ZEPPELINS APPROACH LONDON.

London, June 1.—Zeppelins are reported to have been seen near Ramsgate (on the Kentish coast, 57 miles east-south-east of London) and Brentwood (17 miles east-north-east of London) and in certain outlying districts of London. Many fires are reported, but these cannot be absolutely connected with the airship visits.

SNOW'S WINTER WHEAT REPORT.

New York, June 1.—Snow's report indicates a winter wheat crop of 669,000,000 bushels, against 685,000,000 a year ago. Condition is 85.6. Indicated spring wheat crop 281,000,000 bushels, an increase of 1,400,000. Oats indicated crop 1,277,000,000 bushels.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE.

New York, June 1.—M. Alvin Wachsmann, who for the past eight or ten years has been connected with the firm of Renskorff, Lyon & Co., has been elected a member of the New York Cotton Exchange.

NORTH AMERICAN GRAIN SHIPMENTS.

The grain shipments from North America during the past week, according to Shearson, Hamill & Co., follow:

Wheat 6,091,000  
Corn 1,466,000  
Oats 4,463,000

N. Y. COFFEE MARKET OPENED STEADY.

New York, June 1.—Coffee market opened steady.

September 6.53  
December 6.62  
January 6.66  
May 6.68

ATCHISON DECLARES DIVIDEND.

New York, June 1.—Atchison has declared its regular semi-annual dividend of 2 1/2 per cent. on the preferred stock, payable August 2nd to stock of record June 2nd.

FORTNIGHTLY COPPER REPORT.

London, June 1.—Fortnightly statistics of copper show:

Stocks increased 1,188 tons  
Visible supply increased 1,538 tons

LIVERPOOL GRAIN STOCKS.

Liverpool, June 1.—The Liverpool weekly grain stocks follow:

Wheat 2,848,000 increase 240,000  
Corn 1,129,000 decrease 11,000

PRICE OF LEAD ADVANCES.

New York, June 1.—American Smelting and Refining Company has advanced the price of lead 15 points to 4.90.

BOOKS OPEN TO-DAY.

Union Bank of Canada.  
Can. Bank of Commerce.  
Bank of Hamilton.

Heard Around the Ticker

Around the first of the year, or about six months ago, Herr Von Jagow, the German secretary for Foreign Affairs, indulged in a few prophecies. We do not like to say "I told you so," but we cannot refrain from reminding the gentleman in question that all his guesses are wide of the mark. Here's his outburst: "We do not need to worry. Things are progressing excellently for Germany. Let me make the following forecast: By the end of February we will have smashed up the Russians. The end of March will see the end of the French army. In April we will finally start reckoning with Great Britain, which I expect will be finished by the middle of May. All Germany's enemies will be beaten before June at any rate." He should have added that Germany would have the United States wiped off the map by the fourth of July.

New York has just had a "tooth-brush day" in its schools. Every day should be a tooth-brush day, so far as we can see!

The United States is becoming a creditor nation through her sale of munitions of war and foodstuffs, and is receiving gold from many countries. Since the first of January she has received \$79,845,000 in gold, of which Canada contributed \$42,920,000, France \$11,500,000, Japan, \$8,375,000, and other countries in smaller proportions. Some Americans think that if the war keeps up indefinitely that Uncle Sam will have all the world's gold in his possession.

The United States Census Bureau estimates the wealth of that country \$187,000,000,000, an increase of \$80,000,000,000, or 75 per cent., in the past decade, if that keeps up for any length of time Uncle Sam may soon be able to help some of his poor relatives.

It is now reported that the German Ambassador is to make proposals to President Wilson which were not included in the Lusitania reply out of "consideration to the feelings of the German people." The German nation has had some rude shocks and surely should be accustomed to them by now. The Government's care appears to be more for its own reputation with its people than for the feelings of those people. Having lost all regard in the eyes of other nations it naturally desires to conserve what little respect is left to it.

Talk about a reversion to type. The modern Huns certainly have their earlier prototypes faded to a diminutive and attenuated frazzle.

Bank clearings both in Montreal and Toronto make a comparatively good showing for the month of May. The decrease in Montreal was slightly larger than that shown in Toronto but the aggregate clearings both in May and a year ago were very much larger in the former city than in the latter. Montreal's figures gave a total of \$202,618,435, against \$224,782,296 in the same month a year ago, a decrease of \$31,163,861. In Toronto last month the clearings amounted to \$150,352,850, compared with \$180,771,533 in the similar month a year ago, a decrease of \$30,418,683. In Montreal the clearings for May are the highest, with the exception of October, in any month since the war began. In Toronto a similar record is established, the months of December and October being the exceptions.

The Journal of Commerce is informed that the annual meeting of the Peter Lyall Construction Company is to be held next Tuesday.

Certainly almost every action of the Germans since the war began indicates them to be a nation of poor, benighted fools. What other people would stand for expressions of this kind from their sovereign? And yet the Kaiser talks as follows: "I will walk among you and will be your God, and ye shall be my people. Ye shall walk in all the ways which I have commanded you. Without me ye can do nothing."

In the past ten months the United States and Canada exported 370,308,000 bushels of wheat, as compared with 232,828,000 for the corresponding period of last year. These two countries are feeding the warring nations.

The Crown's Nest Pass Coal Company is about to undertake an important addition to its plant in British Columbia. There is to be installed a complete system for the treatment of by-products, which, up to the present, have been comparatively neglected by the company but which, in other quarters, have proven the source of considerable profit. Mr. Elias Rogers, the president, has been abroad securing plans for the necessary machinery and these are shortly to be submitted to the company's superintendent in the West. For three of the by-products which are to be produced—ammonia, ammoniac liquor and benzol—there will be a ready market, but it is likely that for the fourth—tar—an additional plant may be required for its further and marketable production.

Some people have evidently got the idea that this war is being carried on as a species of amusement. Hundreds of tourists are at the Swiss border towns in the hope of seeing the expected Alpine clash between the Italian and Austrian armies.

Mr. A. R. Alloway, editor of Printer and Publisher, was appointed assistant manager of the Canadian Press Association at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the organization held yesterday. The office is a temporary one created by the board of directors because of the illness of Mr. John M. Imrie, the manager, and the appointment is for six months. During that period Mr. Alloway will be in charge of the manager's office under Mr. Imrie's supervision, and at the expiration of that period Mr. Imrie will, it is hoped, be able again to discharge all the duties of his post.

New capital applications in the United States in May amounted to only \$96,208,000, including the \$62,000,000 Pennsylvania Railroad bond issue, compared with \$162,606,300 in May a year ago.

Germans have evidently lost the little remaining compasses they possessed. For we are told that Count Reventlow's organ, the Deutsches Zeitung, under the caption: "The American Call to German Fear" says: "The only German answer to the American note worthy of our empire is that submarine war against British trade must be carried out by all means and without consideration. America may then do or not do what she likes. We neither care for her bluff nor her deeds."

Two hundred butcher shops in Glasgow, Scotland, were closed because the shortage of cattle has resulted in almost prohibitive prices for beef.

FINANCIER SAYS GERMANY MUST HALT OR BE HALTED

Boston, June 1.—Clarence W. Barron, of the Boston News Bureau, interviewed by the Boston Post on Germany's reply to the United States, said in part: "The reply of Germany is unworthy of a great nation. It says nothing relevant to the case except that after a thorough investigation it has information that the Lusitania had cannon aboard which were mounted and concealed below decks. "If this were true information Germany would not withhold her final decision nor would it be necessary for her to give the definite report of her submarine commander that the quick sinking of the Lusitania is primarily attributed to an explosion of the ammunition shipment caused by a torpedo. "The United States' signature is on the Hague conventions that Germany trampled under foot. She has now violated the laws of nations for the high seas and slain 100 defenseless Americans, every man, woman and child of whom was the equal of the Kaiser under our law and as fully entitled to the protection of international law. The President said and says, 'Halt!' Germany should know the next command. I was in Washington when he said it. I saw the lights burning brightly by night in the White House and I knew the President's law was set. Germany will 'Halt' or be halted."

COTTON PRICES WERE OFF.

New York, June 1.—On the first call the cotton market was off 50 cents a bale. This was not surprising in view of news over the holiday. The German note, while causing anxiety, did not appear to affect this market as much as it did Liverpool. Cables from that place were lower, although later despatches indicated a recovering tendency.

CHICAGO WHEAT WAS WEAK.

Chicago, June 1.—Wheat was active and weak. Decline in Winnipeg on Monday, favorable harvest weather in southwest, weaker cables from Liverpool, and general unsettled political situation were the depressing factors. Corn and oats easier.

GLEANED FROM MANY SOURCES

U. S. Supreme Court meets at noon  
London announces a Turkish defeat on the Dardanelles.

The American press generally say that the German reply is unsatisfactory.

Average price of twelve industrials 83.94, up 0.10; twenty railways, 92.06, off 0.08.

Zeppelins have raided a suburban district around London, setting many buildings on fire.

Approximately \$19,500,000 Missouri Pacific notes are deposited. The directors meet to-day.

Standard Oil of Kentucky declared the regular quarterly dividend of \$4 a share.

Women voters defeated a proposition to erect a new \$175,000 city hall in Mount Vernon, N.Y.

The National City Bank does not believe that the United States will go to war with Germany.

The French claim further gains north of Arras, and Berlin admits the loss of trenches east of St. Michiel.

A bill limiting the work-day of women to nine hours was defeated in the lower house of the Illinois Legislature.

Aluminum Co. of America has begun work on erection of new plant to cost \$1,000,000 and employ 5,000 men.

Victor Typewriter Co. of New York is planning to erect a \$1,300,000 factory employing 1,500 hands at Lawrence, Mass.

Controller of the Currency Williams issued a charter to the First National Bank of Richmond, Mich., capital \$25,000.

An order for \$1,000,000 worth of empty fuse heads, or detonators for shells, has been received by the American Steam Gauge Co. of Boston.

The Italians are invading the Province of Trent in three directions, and are reported to be menacing the important Austrian railroad lines.

The Russians are holding the Germans before Przemysl, and Petrograd asserts that they have assumed the offensive.

President Wilson has granted the request of Ambassador Von Bernstorff for a conference on Wednesday.

U. S. Cabinet meets to-day, after which it is expected that President Wilson will issue his note to Mexico.

Kaiser Wilhelm pardoned five nuns of the convent at Roye, France, convicted of having concealed a wounded French soldier in the convent last December.

The Master Cotton Spinners' Association announced in Manchester, England, that unless striking employees return to work before June 7, the mills will be closed, locking out 140,000 operatives.

It is learned from a member of family of late United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich that his estate would not exceed \$5,000,000. Estimates have varied from \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000.

International Harvester Corporation for the year ended December 31st, 1914, reports 5.40 per cent earned on the common stock against 12.6 per cent the previous year.

International Harvester Company of New Jersey, for the year ended December 31st, reports 12.4 per cent on the common stock against 14 1/2 per cent the previous year.

Comparison published by London "Bankers Magazine" of the aggregate value of 387 securities dealt in on the Exchange shows a depreciation during the past month of \$27,404,000, or 0.9 per cent. This follows an advance of \$25,336,000, or 1.1 per cent, during previous month. Heaviest decline is shown by American securities, which fell off \$13,802,000, or 40 per cent.

SANGUINARY BATTLE ON FLETCHER'S FIELD

Reporters Defeat Mechanical Force by Score of Twenty-two to Twenty-one

HEAVY CASUALTY LIST

Journal of Commerce Staff Plays Baseball on Holiday—Close Score Ends in Favor of Pen-pushers—Reporters Win Out by Margin of One Run.

Representatives from the National American and Federal Leagues were said to have been present yesterday morning on Fletcher's Field for the purpose of picking up a few Ty Cobbs and Christy Mathewsons from among the two teams from the Journal of Commerce who battled for supremacy. The mechanical staff of the paper challenged the reportorial forces to a game of baseball in an effort to retrieve their lost prestige when the pen-pushers walloped them at hockey last winter. Yesterday's conflict was of a most sanguinary nature, and resulted in another victory for the editorial force by a score of 22 to 21.

The mechanical force, captained by "Scotty" Bodding, who also pitched for them, started off the winners scoring 12 runs in the first innings. The pen-pushers found that Scotty was using apocalyptic bombs as well as fast incurve, and it was not until they got their respirators, or in other words, their second wind, that they began to land on his slants. Once they got going they pounded the ball to all corners of the lot, and nosed out ahead by a margin of one run. As a matter of fact, he fanned the writer twice, which accounts for these caustic remarks.

The game was replete with spectacular plays in which were sandwiched a sufficient number of errors to add to the uncertainty of the contest. Some daring base running was performed by Jack Dougan, and there are prospects that Ty Cobb will shortly lose his job with Detroit. "Skipper" Wallace, of the winning team, kept thinking that he was playing cricket, and bowled curves in from the outfield in a way that proved disconcerting to his own side. Captain Stan Bates was a big factor in winning the game, his heavy hitting and all round work at first base being distinctly above that of the average Bash Leaguer.

Verner, who played second and pitched, started generally as a utility player. He occasionally threw his feet twisted in the pitcher's box, but never lost his head, and had some of the batters backed a block away.

Campbell, as a catcher, stopped everything in sight, although his white ducks suffered somewhat when he had to slide to the home plate. Rogers at third got all the hot ones which came his way, but for all round good work Wilby, the office boy, takes the cake. In the past we have wondered why he came down late in the morning and strayed away in the afternoons, but the secret is now out. He has been practicing on the corner lots, and is almost ready to break into the Big League. That boy can hit field, retail buses and gobble up the fast ones like a Home Run Baker. Undoubtedly he saved the day for the editorial staff, and any requests hereafter that he makes for attendance at his grandmother's funeral will be granted with alacrity.

The mechanical force took their defeat in good part, although it was a hard pill to swallow after starting off with a 12-run lead. In Scotty Bodding and Jimmie McCallister they have a battery that is hard to beat. The would-be brothers played a classy game, although Herb found it hard to run the bases. He also covered so much ground at the plate that the opposing pitcher could hardly get the ball over. Wilson and Wylie roved around the outfield like a couple of two-year olds. The former could hit anything; high ones, low ones, inshouts, outcurves, fadeaways and slow benders were all alike to him. He says that he never played before, but the management are looking up his credentials and expect to give him his disqualification as a professional.

Wylie was also a slugging note, and came away with a batting average of about .957. He would pull his cap down over his ears, shut his eyes and swing at everything that came his way. He always connected with something, either the earth or the ball, and once he got on first, stole bases like a Napoleon.

Fred Howden was another innocent abroad. He posed as a former cricket and chess player, and had never seen a baseball until he hit a home run and then pitched curves that would have gladdened Sammy Lichtenhein's eyes.

Altogether it was a fearful and wonderful contest, but the result clearly demonstrates the superiority of the pen-pushers when it comes to such manly contests as hockey and baseball. Of course some revengeful souls from the mechanical force might mention bowling, but the season for that is over, and there is no use bringing up dead issues.

All the players agree that if it is a Long Lang Way to Tipperary via the baseball diamond on Fletcher's Field.

THE GILES COTTON REPORT.

New York, June 1.—The Giles cotton report gives the average decrease in acreage at 15.5 per cent, or a loss of 5,800,000 acres. Average condition May 25th was 82.8, against 77.5 in 1914. Amount of land still to plant is 6 per cent, against 15 per cent, year ago.

DIVIDEND DECLARED.

New York, June 1.—Guggenheim Exploration Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 4 per cent, an increase of 1/4 of 1 per cent, quarterly, payable July 1st. Books close June 11th, re-open June 17th.

RITZ-CARLTON HOTEL

Special Winter Apartment Rates: Luncheon, \$1.25, Dinner, \$1.50

or a la carte.  
Balls, Banquets, Dinners, Wedding Receptions,  
Lectures, Concerts and Recitals, Solicited.  
Suppers from 9 to 12 p.m.  
Music by Lignante's Celebrated Orchestra

PERSONAL.

THE REV. M. O. SMITH, B.A., Instructor in the Languages and Mathematics After April at No. 544 Sherbrooke St. West. Or apply at Miss Poole's, 45 McGill College Ave., Tel. Uptown 210.

WEATHER: SHOWERY.

VOL. XXX, No. 23

THE MOLSONS

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

COLLECTIONS.

At the annual meeting of the Montreal & Power Company, held at the company's office to-day, the annual financial statement for the year ended April 30 last, was presented to the shareholders.

The statement showing a gross revenue of \$1,250,000, net revenue of \$3,085,907 and a profit of \$2,046,742, has already been published in the Journal of Commerce.

Sir Herbert Holt occupied the chair and the shareholders' acceptance of the report was unanimous. Sir Herbert said that the company's statement, which showed a profit of \$2,046,742, was a record for the company.

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