hursday

DERSKIRTS $1.89

zes, all colors, reg. $3.25, ... $1.89

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l, Special..... $14.50

lack Co.

for Women

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Mr. James Latimer had with

-White poodle dog. Apply 75 street. 10-8-2i.

er suit case, between Kitch. Waterloo, return to Record Of rd. 10-8-1i.

ME PEOPLE OU KNOW

n P. Bosch who has been St. Jerome's college ha Havana, Cuba.

W. Bell of Winnipeg is s town today renewing old ces.

V. Martin, city and Reeve of Waterloo are visitors t his afternoon.

riage of Miss Mary Lang f Mr. and Mrs. G. C. H Queen street, to Mr. Wm Toronto, will take place at church at 10 o'clock to rning.

aruthers of Montreal wa visitor in the city thi

Pherson House in Kempt een purchased by Stanley turned soldier.

olland, Iroquois, who i al in Cornwall on a charg threatening letters, attempt mit suicide by hangin m the bars of his cell.

THURSDAY BARGAINS

Boys' Wool Sweaters in greys, browns and reds, special.... 69c
Boys' Red Wool Jerseys, button on shoulder..... $1.00
Men's Black Cashmerette Sox, special..... 30c
Grey Wool Mixture Sox, special..... 39c
Men's Fine Merina Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, special.... 95c
Men's Sweater Coats in khaki and heathers with and without collars, special..... $3.50
Women's fine Dongola elastic front slippers, leather soles and heels, sizes 3 to 8, special $1.95

Women's felt house slippers, various colors and styles, sizes 3 to 5, special to clear.... $1.48
Women's black felt Juliet style house slippers, leather soles and heels, sizes 3 to 5, special $1.98
Women's grey kid high cut lace shoes, made on the newest last of good quality kid with Louis or sport heels, special..... $7.95
Women's white washable kid high cut lace shoes, made on the newest lasts with Louis or sport heels, special price..... $8.95

ERNST'S Head to foot outfitters to Men and Boys'
32 E. King St.

Thursday Extra Special at

J. J. WELKER'S

Corner King and Cedar. Phone 320

Choice potatoes, per bag	$2.25	Saniflush, per tin	30c
Lima beans, reg. 25c lb.	18c	Dingman's electric, 3 bars	25c
Small soup beans, 3 lbs.	25c	Castile soap, reg. 45c bar	35c
Choice rice, reg. 20c lb.	15c	Castile soap, reg. 9c bar	5c
Sago, reg. 25c lb.	17c	Palm olive, 3 cakes	29c
Split peas, reg. 15c, 3 lbs.	25c	Ammonia powder, 15c pkg.	10c
Fresh oatmeal, 10c, 3½ lbs.	25c	Ammonia powder, 10c pkg	5c
Kellogg's corn flakes, 2 pkgs	25c	Lux, 2 pkgs. for	25c
Shredded wheat, 2 pkgs.	25c	Pearline, reg. 10c	7c
Post tosties, 2 pkgs.	25c	Old Dutch, per tin	10c
Puffed wheat, 2 pkgs.	27c	1776 Babbit's powder	5c
Puffed rice, reg. 18c pkg.	15c	Washing soda, 3 lbs.	10c
Best bread flour, 24 lbs.	$1.48	Clothes pins, 3 doz.	10c
Best pastry flour, 24 lbs.	$1.38	Fine salt, 7 lbs.	10c
Cream of wheat, 3 lbs.	25c	Regal shaker salt	10c
Graham flour, 3 lbs.	25c	Salmon, reg. 35c tin	25c
Baking powder, large tin, Welker's special, reg. 30c, to-day only, tin	20c	Salmon, reg. 45c tin	35c
Vanilla and lemon extract	8c	Salmon flats, reg. 20c tins, 2 for	25c
Granulated sugar, 8½ lbs.	$1.00	Salmon, flats, reg. 25c tin	20c
Light brown sugar, 9 lbs.	$1.00	Sardines, reg. 20c, 2 tins	25c
Icing sugar, per lb.	14c	Sardines, reg. 10c tin	8c
Guaranteed lard, per lb.	32c	H. A. Margarine, per lb.	38c
Pure leaf lard, per lb.	36c	Creamery butter, fresh from the churn, per lb	60c
Dromedary dates, pkg.	25c	Corn starch, pkg.	13c
Seedless raisins, reg. 22c pkg.	16c	Gloss strch, lb.	13c
Seeded raisins, reg. 18c pkg	15c	Matches, 2 large pkgs.	25c
Currants, reg. 35c lb.	28c	Matches, 3 pkgs.	25c
Breakfast tea, reg. 65c lb.	49c	Toilet paper, reg. 13c, 3 rolls	25c
Choice mixed tea, reg. 65c lb.	49c	Black Cat, reg. 25c bottle	18c
Choice Santos coffee, lb	37c	Shoe polish, 2 tins	25c
Royal blend, reg. 55c	45c	Toilet paper, reg. 10c roll	5c
Mocha, Java, reg. 65c	50c	First quality broom, reg $1.25	85c
Comfort soap, 3 boxes	25c	Brooms reg. 85c	65c
Lennox soap, large 7 bars	50c	Brooms, reg. 75c	58c

Thanksgiving Chicken at Welkers per lb. 35c.

THURSDAY AT

A. W. DIETRICH

Phone 74.

Best granulated sugar, 8 lbs.	$1.00	Pure leaf lard, per lb.	38c
Best light brown sugar 9 lbs.	$1.00	Guaranteed lard, per lb.	33c
Best icing sugar, 2 lbs.	25c	Choice creamery butter, per lb.	60c
Crown wine quarts, per doz.	$1.45	H. A. Margarine, per lb	40c
Crown Imperial quarts, per doz.	$1.55	Crisco, worth 50c per tin	40c
Wine half gallon jars, per doz.	$1.70	Solid cooking onions, 3 lbs.	25c
Stone crocks at lowest prices.		New solid cabbage, per lb.	5c
Zinc jar rings, per doz.	45c	Choice rice, reg. 15c at 2 lbs for	25c
Parrowax, reg. 25c pkg.	20c	Choice pot barley, 4 lbs. for	25c
Choicest cooking potatoes, per pk.	50c	Vanilla or lemon extract	8c
White wine vinegar per gal.	45c	Matches, reg. 15c pkg., 2 for	25c
Cider vingar, per gal	45c	Toilet paper, large rolls	5c
Best bread flour 24 lbs	$1.48	2 in 1 shoe polish, 2 tins	25c
Best pastry flour, 24 lbs.	$1.38	Black Knight or Quick Shine, per tin	10c
Choicest factory cheese, per lb.	38c	Corn starch, reg. 15c pkg.	13c
Baden limburger, per lb.	38c	Gloss starch, reg. 15c per lb.	13c
Good coffee worth 45c per lb	38c	Richard's pure soap, 5 bars	25c
Choice blck tea, per lb.	50c	Lennox soap, special 4 bars	25c
Choice mixed tea, per lb	50c	Happy home soap, 4 bars	25c
Fry's cocoa, per tin	25c	Dingman's electric soap, 3 bars	25c
Cocoa, reg. 13c tins	10c	Comfort, Gold, Surprise, Sunlight, P. & G. Naptha	10c
Choicest cocoa, reg. 40c per lb.	30c	Ammonia powder, 3 large pkgs	25c
Dromedary dates, per pkg.	25c	Pure castile soap, long bars	35c
Excelsior dates, per pkg	20c	Pure castile soap, 9c bars	6c
Seedless raisins, per pkg.	20c	Fine salt, 7 lbs. for	10c
Fancy seeded raisins, per pkg.	20c	Shaker salt, large box	10c
Choice clean currants, per lb.	30c	Wonder wash, per pkg.	15c
Eggo baking powder, per tin	25c	Sani flush, reg. 35c tin	30c
Maple leaf baking powder, per tin,	20c	Dutch cleanser, per tin	10c
Farina or Graham flour, 3 lbs.	25c	Washing soda, 3 lbs. for	10c
Fresh shredded wheat, per pkg.	14c	Lux, 15c pkg.	12c
Good health food, 2 pkgs.	25c	Choicest cooking apples, per pk.	50c
Kellogg's corn flakes, 2 pkgs.	25c		
Fresh oatmeal, 3½ lbs.	25c		
Carnation milk, large tins	18c		

Thursday Specials at

J. A. HUBER

Cor. King & Eby. Phone 677.

Choice potatoes, per pk.	45c	Currants, reg. 35c	27c
Choice potatoes, per bag	$2.60	Santos coffee per lb	38c
Lima beans, reg. 25c per lb.	15c	Our special blend per lb.	45c
Small white soup beans, 3 lbs.	25c	Comfort, P & G, Lennox and Dingman Electric 3 bars	25c
Choice rice, per lb. 15c and	18c	Castile soap, reg. 45c	35c
Split peas, 3 lbs.	25c	Castile soap, reg. 8c	5c
Fresh oatmeal 4 lbs.	25c	Ammonia powder, 3 for	25c
All oatmeal in pkg.	33c	Lux, per pkg	12c
Kellogg's cornflakes, 2	25c	Pearline, reg 10c	7c
Shredded wheat, 2 pkgs.	27c	Old Dutch cleanser	10c
Post Toasties, 2 pkgs	25c	1776 Soap powder	5c
Good Health Food, 2	25c	Babbits Cleanser	5c
Puffed wheat, 2	27c	Washing soda, 3 lb	10c
Puffed rice, reg. 18c for	15c	Clothes pins, 3 doz	10c
Best bread flour, 24 lbs	$1.48	Regal salt per box	10c
Pastry flour, 24 lbs.	$1.45	Red salmon, flat tin, reg. 25c, 2	35c
Cream of wheat 3 lbs	25c	Salmon, flat tins, reg. 20c, 2	25c
Graham flour, 3 lbs.	25c	Salmon, large tin, reg. 50c	39c
Baking powder, large tumbler, reg. 25c	15c	Sardines, reg. 20c	15c
Cornmeal, 4 lbs.	25c	Sardines, reg. 15c	10c
Vanilla and lemon extract	8c	Oleomargarine	38c
Granulated, 8 lbs	$1.00	Creamery butter, per lb.	60c
Brown sugar, 9 lbs.	$1.00	Baking butter, per lb.	53c
Leaf sugar, 2 lbs.	25c	Cornstarch, per pkg.	13c
Icing sugar, per lb.	14c	Gloss starch, per lb.	13c
No. 1 shortening in 3 and 5 lb. pails, per lb.	53c	Matches, 3 pkgs	25c
Good lard, per lb.	35c	Matches, 2 large pkgs	25c
Dromedary dates	24c	Toilet paper, large 3	25c
Excelsior dates	20c	Toilet paper per roll	5c
Seedless raisin, per lb.	20c	Carnation milk, large tin	18c
Picnic ham, 5 to 7 lbs., per lb.	28c	Carnation milk, small tin 8c, 2	15c

MR. W. D. EULER ON THE BALLOT MANIPULATION

Last Wednesday Mr. W. D. Euler spoke in connection with the motion of the Opposition Leader for an investigation into the mysterious Meighen telegram with reference to placing soldiers' votes in doubtful ridings:

The Meighen Telegram.

Mr. Speaker, the resolution before the House has elicited a most remarkable speech from the Minister of the Interior (Hon. Mr. Meighen). The feature of that speech which attracted my attention most particularly was the enunciation of a new code of political morals which must come with a shock to the moral sense of the people of Canada. The motion of the Leader of the Opposition is based upon a certain telegram purporting to have been signed and sent by the Minister of the Interior to the Prime Minister of Canada in December 1917, while the Dominion elections were in progress. That telegram is dated at Winnipeg, and reads as follows:

Would like one thousand soldier votes at large for Manitoba, of which 300 for Selkirk, balance divided between Provencher, Macdonald, and Springfield, or same proportion of division no matter what our allotment may be.

What does the telegram mean on the face of it? Does it mean that the Minister of the Interior is merely expressing a desire that the Prime Minister should supply him with a thousand votes or so, which might be thrown into any constituency in which the Opposition candidates appear dangerous, or in which their election seemed probable? It means more than that.

Votes Ready to Distribute.

There is no doubt whatever that it indicates that there was a stock of votes somewhere that was at the disposal of Unionist candidates. That presumption is borne out by the very significant word "allotment" in the telegram. That word "allotment" implies that there is a supply of a certain commodity on hand which may be drawn upon at the will or discretion of those who wish to avail themselves of it. I am quite sure that none of the members are so credulous or innocent as to imagine that anything else was meant than that there was an allotment of votes which could be used practically at will to defeat any candidate of the Opposition who seemed likely to win his election.

I had thought that possibly the Minister of the Interior would disclaim all responsibility for sending the telegram, but he did not do so. I did not believe, however, that he would actually justify the sending of a telegram of that kind or the object that it sought to attain, which was nothing less than to defeat the will of the people. When the Minister of the Interior says that is was a perfectly lawful proceeding that these votes of the soldiers should be applied, to use his own cynical expression, where they would do the most good, I did not think he would also justify it by any contention that it was a right and decent and proper thing to do in a democratic country. The Minister does not deny sending the telegram. He does not remember that he sent it but he does say that the Prime Minister did not receive the telegram. After all that has no very great significance in view of the fact that the Minister claims that it was a perfectly lawful and proper proceeding.

Cannot Forget Some Things.

I was disappointed at the attitude of the hon. member of Red Deer (Dr. Clark) in his speech on the resolution. If it is his view that it is well to forget all, to bury the matter altogether, I cannot see eye to eye with him; I cannot understand his position. Perhaps it should be remembered that it is the traditional practice of the members of the medical profession to desire as quickly as possible to bury their mistakes, say, about six feet deep, in preference to calling in the coroner to investigate and establish the wrong-doing if such there be. I was still more disappointed when, throughout the whole of his speech, he gave the impression that he subscribed to the vicious doctrine that the end justifies the means. I contend that that is what his speech implies.

While he admitted—perhaps not in so many words— that things which had taken place during the election were not just what they should have been, yet, after all, he took the position that they had brought about the desired result and that all was well. I do not believe in the policy of hushing up matters, nor in the doctrine that the end justifies the means. If that be the principle, then may we expect this country to enter upon an era of corruption such as has never been known. I venture to say that there never was a government, bad as it may have been, that did not believe that it was about the best government the country ever had. It necessarily follows that, believing that the end justifies the means, that they will naturally act upon that principle and adopt any plan whatever that may bring them back into power. Surely the hon. gentleman does not desire that.

The hon. member also stated that that which was irrevocable might as well be forgotten and the dead past be permitted to bury its dead. I do not subscribe to that policy in all cases. If that is a good principle to follow then we might as well abolish the criminal law entirely. If the man who slays his fellow man shall be allowed to escape simply because the life of his victim cannot be restored to the body, then, I say, we may as well do away with our criminal law altogether. It is not difficult to imagine the results which will flow from the policy that exposure and punishment shall no longer follow wrong-doing.

It may be well under some circumstances to let bygones be bygones. Perhaps some of the things which have been discussed in this House might very well be treated in that way. But, Sir, when a shameful wrong has been perpetrated upon the Canadian people, when their constitutional rights have been set at defiance, when a minister of the Crown practically glories in what has been done and attempts to make wrong appear right, black appear white, then I think it is the duty of the Canadian Parliament to disavow the wrong that has been done and to reaffirm its belief in the principles of democratic and responsible government.

Defeat Will of People.

We have heard a good many startling revelations since the election of 1917 as to how the election was won by the Union Government. We have heard of perjury, subornation of perjury, personation, plural voting and the coercion of soldiers. I think every member of this House could add his quota of evidence to the charges that have been made in regard to that election. I do not propose to go into these details but to confine myself very largely to the atitude that was taken by the minister in regard to the legality and propriety of the placing of soldier votes. The minister states that the telegram in itself implied nothing that was not perfectly lawful. If that is the case it means that it was legal in this country to use certain votes that were cast by non-Canadians in an election to defeat the will of the bona fide Canadian people in the various constituencies and that the Government could destroy its opponents at will. If that be true then the law is a great deal worse than I thought it.

According to my reading of the Military Voters Act it was entirely the duty of the voter himself to designate where his vote should be placed. There was no provision whatever that he should vote by proxy or that he should assign his vote to some one else, not even the Union Government. Yet on the face of that telegram there can be no reasonable doubt that these votes were appropriated to use at the behest of the Union Government committee. That argues such a departure from what, in my opinion is fair, just and decent, that it strikes at the very vitals of democratic institutions.

I hope, Sir, that I am not Pharisee enough to claim higher standards of conduct than those of the ordinary good citizen who has a definite code which he lives up to in a more or less successful way. I assuredly make no such pretence. But, after all, such a broad and well defined line runs between what is essentially right and what is essentially wrong, that it is incomprehensible how men can mistake one for the other.

I stated a moment ago that if the law gave the right to any other than the man who actually voted to place that vote where he desired, then the law was a good deal worse than I had thought. The Minister of the Interior the other day in his address made the statement that the Opposition through their representative overseers had striven to give the impression that all soldier votes could be placed wherever the Government desired. I do not know whether or not that is the case but I do know that a similar impression was in the mind of at least one member sitting on the other side of the House. I will give the instance with which I am most familiar. Shortly after the election of 1917, and during the first session of this Parliament, I had the pleasure of a conversation with an hon. member on the other side of the House. We discussed the election. During the course of the conversation he made the statement that both the leader of the Government and the leader of the Opposition had the undoubted right to place the soldiers' votes wherever they pleased. I thought at first, Mr. Speaker, that he said it as a joke and I said so, but he adhered to what he had said.

He stated, "I can prove it, because our organizer came to me and said, 'Mr So and So, how many soldier votes do you want?' I told him I wanted about two or three hundred." I have no doubt that he got them. Now, Sir, I would not speak of that if it were not for the fact that it is evidence of the comprehensive plan whether the minister based his statement that the procedure as outlined in that telegram was perfectly legal or anything else but what is in the Act itself. It may be, Sir, that among the multitudinous Orders in Council which have gone forth from the Union Government there is an order which makes it legal to treat those votes in that manner; I do not know.

Remove all Opposition Candidates.

Now, Mr. Speaker, what did it mean if it was lawful that those votes could be used in this manner? It meant that it was within the power of the Union Government to compass the defeat of any Opposition candidate anywhere. There were, I understand, something like 10,000 or 12,000 votes available for use in this way, and which I suppose, according to the wording of the telegram, "no matter what our allotment may be," could be thrown into any constituency where there was a likelihood of an Opposition candidate being elected. There was not a single constituency in all Canada, I should judge, in which the vote could not be "fixed" beyoud peradventure. The Opposition candidates were not at the mercy of their electors; they were at the mercy of the Union Government Committee. Any man could be defeated with almost absolute certainty whether his own individual riding gave him a majority or not. The Opposition candidate was practically in the position of the man who sits in a card game while his opponent has the winning card up his sleeve ready to play it whenever he needs it—that surely is the very negative of representative government. The Prime Minister in the first session stated that in his opinion the election of 1917 was the fairest ever held in this country.

(Continued on Page 4.)

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MENNEN'S SHAVING CREAM

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Immediately a soft, luxurious lather spreads over your face.

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And note this—MENNEN'S SHAVING CREAM leaves behind it a non-irritated skin, because of the soothing properties of it.

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A real shaving companion is Mennen's Talcum for Men. Most men like to top the shave with a dust of talcum. Makes the face feel smooth, clean and well-groomed. Mennen's Talcum for men is specially prepared for after-shaving. It is a natural tint that does not show and is antiseptic and protective, distinct in character and package, retaining all the high qualities of Mennen products.

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