WHY LUMSDEN THREW UP HIS N.T.R. OFFICE

Continued from Page 1.

FOR SOLID ROCK IS DOUBLE OR MORE THAN DOUBLE WHAT IT SHOULD BE.

He also complained of the excessive overbreak, i.e., the material removed in excess of the width of cutting designed by the engineer. By June 19 Mr. Woods was complaining that OUT OF 500,000 CUBIC YARDS OF OVERBREAK 350,000 WAS EXCESSIVE.

The Arbitration Begins.

By March 22, 1909, this stage of the proceedings was closed by the constitution of a tribunal of arbitration consisting of Mr. Lumsden, Mr. Kelliher, the chief engineer of the Grand Trunk Pacific, Collingwood Schreiber.

It is to be noted here that Mr. Woods submitted a list of 196 POINTS at which he held the classification to be excessive.

The arbitration tribunal set out on its work on June 19. Mr. McArthur, the contractor, was protesting that the contractors should be heard before action was taken on its report.

Objections by the Accussed.

On June 22, Mr. Poulin, the engineer who succeeded Major Hodgins in charge of district F, addressed a long and angry complaint to the commission. The burden of his protest was that the party had travelled over the ground at a too rapid pace, having attempted to reclassify the work on 195 miles between May 21 and June 5. He also complained bitterly that he had been given the cold shoulder, his explanations and arguments being received with marked coldness.

On June 23 Mr. Doucet, engineer in charge of district B, also protested that the arbitration tribunal had been too speedy in its methods. Mr. Huestis, assistant district engineer, entered a complaint to the same effect.

Commission Tries to Burke Enquiry.

On June 25, the Transcontinental Commission entered a protest against proceedings on the grounds:

(A)—That they were based, in whole or in part, on the draft agreement of May 14, which had been rejected and which had no existence at the time.

(B)—That the examination of the work was of a hasty, insufficient and superficial character.

(C)—That the engineers on the line who classified the work were not afforded a sufficient hearing and an opportunity of presenting evidence.

(D)—That the CONTRACTORS were not afforded an opportunity of showing cause.

"And further that they insist in the public interest that the proceedings of the arbitration tribunal shall be exhaustive, final and conclusive, shall cover all the objections filed on behalf of the G. T. P. Railway Company and that the report of the arbitrators when made, shall be supported by substantial evidence including details of quantities, etc., which will SAFEGUARD THE POSITION OF THE COMMISSIONERS in any litigation which may arise with the contractors as a result of any action which may follow the report of the board of arbitrators."

Too Much for Mr. Lumsden.

This letter was based upon a long resolution adopted by the N. T. R. Commission on June 25 in which reasons were given which supported the four claims put forward.

Mr. Lumsden resigned at once his letter bearing the same date as this resolution.

As a result of the action of the commission the arbitration commission seems to have SUBMITTED NO REPORT. AT ALL EVENTS NONE APPEARS AMONG THE PAPERS BROUGHT DOWN.

The remainder of the return has regard to the attempt to re-establish the arbitration tribunal broken up by Mr. Lumsden' disappearance from the scene. The point of a long series of letters and telegrams is that the commissioners were striving to keep the arbitration confined to the specific cases which Mr. Woods had adduced as unusually bad instances of a general practice, and that the Grand Trunk Pacific was anxious to have the arbitration go into the whole question.

Narrowed it Down.

Finally on November 11 last the commission made application apparently with success to Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, chief justice of Canada for an order forcing the Grand Trunk Pacific to come to terms. The papers close with an agreement dated Wednesday, November 17th, in which the Grand Trunk Pacific is obliged to accept the terms of the commission. The arbitration is to be restricted to specific complaints made prior to 10th January, 1908.

Thus the outstanding features are:

(1) The VERY SERIOUS CHARGES MADE BY THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC.

(2) The SUPPRESSION by the commission of the report of the arbitration tribunal the MOMENT ITS DECISION WAS SEEN TO BE UNFAVORABLE.

(3) MR. LUMSDEN'S DISTINCT STATEMENT that his instruction had been disregarded and that OVER CLASSIFICATION had been practised.

(4) The commission's determined and SUCCESSFUL FIGHT TO RESTRICT THE NEW ARBITRATION.

Proceedings of the House.

At the opening of the House Col. Sam Hughes rose to a question of privilege relating to the answer given yesterday as to the individuals to whom were issued the Ross rifle mark II double star. It will be remembered that a dozen rifles were issued to members of parliament of whom Col Hughes is one. There has been on foot, he said, a conspiracy on the part of some old country firms to discredit the Ross rifle, and he as president of the small arms committee had been interested in having the rifle put into the hands of the members of parliament.

How to Meet Conspiracies.

He wished that every member could have one. It would be an eye opener to the members (loud laughter) to see the merits of the rifle of whose performances he spoke with enthusiasm.

Mr. Staples who also had got a rifle, explained that he had procured it for a constituent of his, a keen marksman. If any blame was attached to him, he would wire "and have it back at once." More laughter from the House at this tribute to the rapid transit obtaining between Manitoba and Ottawa. Sir Frederick Borden explained that there was no idea that there was an impropriety on the part of the members who had obtained these rifles which were on loan.

Mr. Monk's Bill.

Mr. Monk introduced a bill respecting the co-operative credit societies act. He explained that in deference to the objections on the score of provincial rights made last year, he is limiting the bill this year to limit on loan business.

The House went into committee of supply. On the motion being made, Mr. Borden brought to the attention of the Minister of Railways a memorial from the Dartmouth Board of Trade protesting against the train service between that town and Windsor Junction. A recent change in the train service the memorial stated, had caused great inconvenience.

Mr. Graham stated that he would send the memorial to the board of management. Since that board had been established he had left it in full control and had not interfered in any way confining himself to suggestions. Mr. Brady who was in charge of the train service, was one of the best transportation men in America.

H. G. MARR BECOMES OWNER OF LONDON HOUSE BUILDING

Purchase Of Property Occupied By F. W. Daniel & Co. Announced Yesterday--Change To Take Place May 1st.

Up-town shoppers will be interested in the announcement of one of the most important property deals arranged in St. John within recent years by which Mr. H. G. Marr becomes the owner of the building on the corner of Charlotte and Union streets now occupied by F. W. Daniel & Co.

Mr. Marr will move his growing milinery business across from the opposite corner on May 1st next, and Mr. Daniel will seek a suitable location elsewhere. He is not yet prepared to make a definite announcement as to his future plans.

The London House building was owned by the Horton estate and the purchase was arranged by Mr. W. B. Tennant. The price mentioned is $28,000. This building was occupied by the old firm of Daniel & Boyd, of which the late Governor Boyd was a member and after the latter's death the business was taken over by F. W. Daniel & Co. Previous to being used as a mercantile establishment, the building was known as Humberfield Academy, a private school taught by the late Mr. Samuel Chamberlain.

BANKER MORSE WINS IN APPEAL TO COURT

His Counsel Secures Permission To Apply For New Trial —The Move a Preliminary One.

New York, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Chas. W. Morse, who is a federal prisoner in the Tombs awaiting the outcome of a legal fight which is being made to keep him from serving a 15-year sentence in the penitentiary for violation of the national banking laws, will have cause for thanksgiving Thursday in that he won today, a preliminary move for a new trial.

The petition of Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Morse, seeking an amendment to the mandate of the United States court of appeals which affirmed Morse's conviction by the United States Circuit Court, was granted in a decision handed down late this afternoon and gives Morse the right to apply to the lower court for a new trial.

In conceding the amendment to its mandate, however, the court of appeals notes that the decision is not to be taken as indicative that the Circuit court must entertain a motion for a new trial. The simple right to apply therefore is granted.

Mr. Littleton's efforts to obtain a new trial have been based on charges of irregularity in the conduct of the jury which found Morse guilty. It is alleged that certain of the jurymen were under the influence of liquor and that the entire jury was in charge of improper guardians, six of whom were former secret service men from Washington.

MRS. GOBELL OUT ON SUSPENDED SENTENCE

Special to The Standard.

Montreal, Nov. 23.—Miss Gobell was this morning found guilty by the Kings Bench Jury, of the manslaughter of a patient named O'Neill who died in her sanatorium while under treatment, for a disease which Miss Gobell diagonised as "Cancer of the Stomach."

The jury, who had been locked up all night, as they were unable to agree yesterday afternoon, added a strong recommendation to mercy, which Mr. Justice Trenholme received with the words: "I will give effect to your recommendation."

This he did this afternoon by suspending sentence on the accused giving bonds of $2,000 and agreeing not to re-open her sanitorium.

Concert at Seamen's Institute.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Seamen's Mission Society have made extensive preparations for the meeting to be held in the institute this evening. The programme will be under the direction of Mr. Wallace, of the Virginian, assisted by members of the ship's company. Refreshments will be served. Seats will be provided for citizens and seamen.

M'DOUGALL GIVEN EIGHT MONTHS JAIL

Sentenced By Judge White In Circuit Court Yesterday—Eleven Months In All With Three Expired.

At the adjourned session of the September sittings of the Circuit Court, which opened in the Court House yesterday morning at eleven o'clock, Mr. Justice White sentenced C. Bruce MacDougall convicted of publishing defamatory matter tending to injure the reputation of the late Dr. A. W. MacRae, K. C., His Worship Mayor Bullock, Magistrate Kay of Moncton, and two obscene paragraphs in a news sheet called "Free Speech" printed at Newscastle but edited by MacDougall in Moncton, to a term of eight months in the common jail of the city and county of St. John.

Shook Hands With Friends.

When the court opened the room was filled with spectators. MacDougall was brought from the jail, where he has been confined since his arrest on August 19th last. He looked none the worse from his confinement and on entering shook hands with a number of his friends.

Shortly after eleven His Honor took his seat on the bench and after the court was opened Attorney General Hazen moved for sentence and announced that it was not the crown's intention to prosecute the two counts on which the jury had disagreed.

Mr. Scott E. Morrell announced that on the strength of a telegram received from Mr. J. G. Sherren, MacDougall's counsel, he appeared for the prisoner.

Mr. Morrell—"It would seem to me Your Honor that if the prisoner promised not to publish Free Speech again or any paper of that nature that the ends of justice would be served.

His Honor—"I have considered the matter very carefully, Mr. Morrell."

Mr. Morrell—"I would ask that a fine be imposed and the prisoner allowed his liberty."

His Honor—"Have you any affidavits to submit as to the character of the prisoner?"

Mr. Morrell—"No, Your Honor."

The Sentence.

His Honor to MacDougall—"C. Bruce MacDougall, stand up."

"The sentence of the court is that in respect of the offence which you have been convicted under the second count of the indictment (MacRae libel), that you be imprisoned in the common jail of the city and county of Saint John for the term of four months from today.

"That in respect of the offence of which you have been convicted under the fourth count (Bullock libel) of the indictment, the sentence is that you be imprisoned in the common jail of the city and county of Saint John for the period of three months to commence at the expiration of the term of which you have been convicted under the second count.

"That in respect to the offence of which you have been convicted under the tenth count (Kaye libel), the sentence is that you be imprisoned in the common jail of the city and county of Saint John for the term of three months to run concurrently with the sentence imposed upon you in respect of the term under the first count. I may say I make this to run concurrently with the sentence under the fourth count in consideration of the fact that you have now been three months in jail, and that when your counsel moved for sentence at the trial it seemed to me that it was better to postpone sentence so long as any question existed as to the validity of the conviction.

The Obsenity Count.

"As to the eleventh count and the offence of which you have been convicted under it the sentence is that you be imprisoned in the common jail of the city and county of Saint John for the term of one month, to commence at the expiration of the sentence imposed upon you in respect of the second count of this indictment."

In passing sentence His Honor commented on each count on which the jury returned a verdict of guilty. He thought the MacRae libel the most serious and for that reason gave MacDougall four months. Referring to the Bullock and Kaye libels His Honor said that these offences were not so serious as the former, and in regard to the obsenity paragraphs, His Honor intimated that he did not think them very serious.

MacDougall was then removed to jail to commence his sentence.

It is understood that he will not, under the sentence, be sent out with the chain gang, but will be compelled to eat prison fare and to do prison labor.

Mr. L. P. D. Tilley applied for a certificate of naturalization in the matter of Alessio Bruchesio, the petition and affivatit having been filed on the opening day of court. The application was granted.

The court then adjourned sine die.

A. O. H. Assembly.

The members of Division No. 1, A. O. H., and their friends, anticipate an enjoyable evening at their private assembly which will be held in the A. O. H. hall on Union street on Friday evening next. Dancing will begin at 8.30 o'clock. The chaperons will be Mrs. M. L. Peters, Mrs. James McCarthy, Mrs. John T. Sheenan and Mrs. M. Cavanaugh. The floor will be in charge of Mr. Wm. H. O'Neil, assisted by Messrs. Wm. Gillen, Edward Carr, F. L. Barrett, Chas. O'Neil, Frank O'Brien and J. J. Donovan.

Temple Fair.

In spite of the inclemency of the weather another large crowd attended the Temple Fair in Alexandra Hall last evening. The door prize last evening was won by Master Beverly Appleby of Albert street. The prize was a load of coal. Ticket 656 which won the prize on Monday evening has not yet been found and the prize is still unawarded. The prize in the bean board contest was won by Mr. John Sutherland, and in the bowling game Mr. Esmond Barry captured the prize, which was a handsome jackknife.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE OF N.B. AND P.E. ISLAND ASSOCIATION MEETS

Plans Discussed Yesterday For Year's Sunday School Work —Delegates To Convention In Washington.

At a meeting of the Central Executive of the New Brunswick and P. E. Island Sunday School Association held in their rooms in the Ritchie building yesterday afternoon, plans for the year's work were discussed and arrangements made for representatives to attend the world's triennial convention to be held at Washington in May next.

About fifteen members were present at the meeting which was presided over by Mr. Andrew Malcolm. After considerable routine business had been transacted, the matter of delegates from this province and P. E. Island was brought up. Thirty delegates will attend from New Brunswick and 8 from the Island. So far only two applications have been received, these being from Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Parsons of Woodstock.

Rev. J. B. Ganong, field secretary, reported that for the remainder of the calander year the work would be carried on in Victoria, Carleton, Kings and St. John counties.

At the next meeting plans for the convention year will be fully discussed and the plan of campaign mapped out.

FOUR LAYMEN ADDED TO EVANGELISTIC CAMPAIGN BOARD

Meeting Of Committee In Charge Held Yesterday—City To Be Divided Into Four Or Five Sections.

At a meeting of the committee in charge of the simultaneous Evangelistic campaign held yesterday afternoon in St. Andrew's church, Rev. C. R. Flanders, D. D., was appointed chairman and Rev. J. Charles B. Appell secretary. It was proposed that the city be divided into four or five sections each being in charge of the clergymen of the district together with the laymen to be appointed and a Salvation Army officer. An outside evangelist will conduct the whole campaign.

As only a few lay representatives have thus far been appointed the meeting yesterday was not largely attended and another meeting will be held at 8 o'clock on Sunday evening in St. Andrew's church. The following delegates were appointed at the meeting yesterday: Mr. M. D. Austin, Portland Methodist; Mr. J. Hunter White, Centenary; Hon. G. Forbes, St. Andrews; Mr. J. E. Vanwart, Victoria street Baptist.

ST. LUKE'S CELEBRATIONS.

Interesting Programme of Young People's Evening—School Children and Cadet Corps Play Leading Part.

The young people's evening held in St. Luke's church last night in connection with the 140th anniversary celebration, proved to be one of the most interesting affairs which has been held in the church for some time. Reflectoscope views were shown of all the rectors of the church since its institution, also of the curates and lay readers and each picture was explained by a child in the Sunday school. Several choruses were also sung by the children.

After the views had been shown tableaux were given by the boys of St. Luke's cadet corps showing incidents and scenes at the camp at Day's Landing in the summer. Rev. R. P. McKim, the rector spoke a few words to the children and congratulated them on their progress and interest in Sunday school work. He also congratulated the boys on their orderly behavior while in camp, and stated that he had been informed that their conduct was the best while on the river.

This evening the arrangements will be in charge of the Laymen's Missionary committee. Prominent members of the committee will deliver addresses.

Sixty-two Chinamen on Board.

The Elder Demster steamship Bornu, Captain Dutton, arrived here yesterday from Montreal via Halifax, is docked at Sand Point, where she is taking aboard potatoes and other goods for Cuban, Mexican and other ports. She has on board sixty-two Chinese passengers from Vancouver, who are being taken to Havana under bond. They were mostly merchants, and of a well to do class, some of them having $500 and upwards in cash. While the steamer is in port they are closely guarded by the local police and members of the crew of the steamship. The Bornu will take away 700 tons of cargo for the west coast of America, 2000 cases of cream for Coatyacoal, box shooks for Tampico, 8000 barrels of potatoes for Havana, Veracruz and Tampico. Also a quantity of oats and potatoes for Nassau and Progresso.

Cathedral High Tea.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather last evening the cathedral high tea being held in Keith's Assembly Rooms was crowded during the entire evening, upwards of 400 people being present. The St. Joseph's M. S. orchestra rendered some pleasing selections. Many participated in the games and amusements, and all enjoyed themselves thoroughly. In the voting contest for the most popular young lady on the committee, Miss M. Kennedy is leading with 165 votes with Miss Holland a close second with 124 votes. This evening the City Cornet Band will be in attendance. The tea and sale will be brought to a close on Thursday night. Friday afternoon will be devoted to the children.

ADVERTISING ADVANTAGES OF PROVINCE

Provincial Government Issues Booklet For Distribution In Great Britain — Good Results Expected.

In pursuance of its progressive immigration and agricultural policy the Local Government has recently had printed a pamphlet setting forth the advantages possessed by New Brunswick as a place for intending settlers. It will be distributed at the Colonial Fruit Fair in London and should have, together with the splendid exhibit of apples sent to the fair by the Provincial Government, considerable influence in inducing immigrants from the Old Country to settle in this province instead of in the west.

The pamphlet is entitled The Land of Comfortable Homes. Clearly and simply written it can be easily understood. It contains much valuable information and sets forth many of the chief advantages of the province as a land of settlement, and holds out many strong inducements to intending settlers.

The advantage of New Brunswick's geographical position within a week's sail of London; its good climate, having more hours of continuous sunshine than any province save one; the adaptability of the soil for fruits, roots and vegetables, and the possibilities of poultry culture, pork raising and other branches of agriculture are concisely dealt with.

Some Testimonials.

The pamphlet also contains the opinions of a number of well known men about the province. Among the number are the followng:

Lord Northcliffe—"I have long been of the opinion that New Brunswick presents opportunities to a certain class of north of England and Scotland farmers which are not offered by the west."

R. H. Court, Manager of "Canada," the well known illustrated weekly published in London, England, says: "You have a fine country for mixed farming, only a week's journey from London. It is an old and settled community, where the settler is in touch with many comforts of civilization."

Donald Innes, of Tobique River, New Brunswick, ex-President of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association of New Brunswick, himself an immigrant writes: "If a man is willing and able to work, he will make a good home and prosper here with very little to start with."

To summarize, in the words of Professor James Robertson, President of the MacDonald Agricultural College, and formerly Commissioner of Agriculture for Canada: "For myself, were I now coming to the Dominion as a new settler, I would rather come to New Brunswick to make a home for myself than try the fortunes of the West. Here one finds invigorating climate, good schools, a law-respecting population with high ideals and standards of life; running streams, plenty of treer, the fragrance of clover blossoms and flowers, fresh fruits, and innumerable other satisfactions. In fact, here is a satisfying place in which to found a home. The land is suitable for almost every crop of the northern temperature zone. It has a climate healthful and reliable as to rainfall and temperature, and good markets for all classes of products at the doors."

DEATHS.

Mr. Wilson Grggg.

The death of Mr. Wilson Gregg occurred yesterday morning at his home 168 St. James street, West Side. Heart failure was the cause. He had been in failing health for the past ten days, but death was not expected. He leaves a widow, one son, Robert, shed foreman of the C.P.R. at Sand Point, and one adopted daughter, Sadie May, who resides at home. Mr. Gregg was born at Grand Bay, 65 years ago and came at an early age to the city, where he was employed as a ship's carpenter, in the days when ship building was a feature of this port. About eight years ago he was appointed keeper of the Beacon Light in the harbor, which position he held until his death. He was a man of sterling character and was highly respected by all who knew him.

Mr. Henry S. French.

The death occurred on Monday from heart disease, of Mr. Henry Stevens French, at his home, Wall street, one of St. John's best known citizens. Mr. French was 73 years of age, a son of the late Rev. Robert French and lived the greater part of his life in this city, and was known and respected by a large circle of friends. Mr. French is survived by his wife and one daughter, Miss Mabel Penery French, barrister-at-law. The funeral will take place from his late residence today Wednesday at 3.30 p. m., interment being in the Church of England cemetery.

Mr. Moses Kimball.

Mr. Moses Kimball, of 143 Adelaide street, was found dead in bed yesterday morning by his daughter, Mrs. Duncan Webster. Mr. Kimball, who was seventy-six years of age, had not been in robust health during the last few days but was out for a walk on Monday evening. His daughter went to call him and getting no response went into the room and found her father dead. Death was due to heart trouble. Besides his daughter, Mrs. Webster, with whom he had been residing, one daughter, Mrs. Earle, of Vancouver, and one son, William Kimball, of Cambridge, Mass., and two brothers, Allan, of Long Reach and Jeremiah, of Maplewood, Mass., survive.

Mrs. Henry A. Stiles.

Mrs. Henry A. Stiles died at Riverside, Albert county, on Saturday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fillmore. She was a daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Pearson, and for many years was a consistent member of the Hopewell Baptist church. She leaves her husband and five daughters—Mrs. F. C. and Mrs. John Fillmore, Riverside; Mr. O. P. Brown, Advocate Harbor; Mrs. C. L. Paul, Haverhill, Mass., and Mrs. C. D. Dugless, Pennsylvania. Mrs. A. O. Copp, Vanconver, is her sister, and Captain Joseph and T. Mark Pearson, California, are her brothers. Two other brothers, Nicholas and Isaac, and one sister, Mrs. E. E. Pack, are residents at Riverside.

Mr. Charles Smith.

Ensign Urquhart, of the Salvation Army corps, Moncton, has word of the tragic death at Wayburn, Sask., of Mr. Charles Smith, a former officer in the Salvation Army at Moncton. Mr. Smith was found shot near Wayburn, but whether by accident or otherwise has not been learned. He was an Englishman and belonged to Totnes, Devonshire. He was located in Truro, Yarmouth, Newcastle and Moncton, and went west with the harvesters.

FUNERALS.

Mrs. Annie McMonagle.

The funeral of Mrs. Annie McMonagle was held yesterday morning from her late residence, 20 Acadia street. The remains were taken to St. Peter's church, where Rev. J. Borgmann, assisted by Rev. A. J. Duke and Rev. J. B. O'Regan as deacons and subdeacons, celebrated Requieum Mass. Interment was made in the old Catholic cemetery.

Miss Sarah Taylor.

The funeral of Miss Sarah Taylor was held from her late residence, 224 Sydney street, yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. The body was taken to St. James' church, where Revs. R. A. Armstrong and W. O. Raymond conducted the burial service. Interment was made in the Church of England burying ground.

YOUNG MINISTERS SHOULD BE TRAINED FOR SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Teaching Department In Mt. Allison Is Recommended By Speakers At Young People's Conference Yesterday.

The convention of the local Methodist churches on religious work among young people, which opened last Friday, was brought to a close last evening in the Portland street church. Considerable interest has been taken in the meetings and it is believed that much benefit will result.

Rev. F. L. Farewell occupied the chair at last evening's meeting and after devotional exercises had been conducted by Rev. C. W. Squires and the chairman, Rev. S. W. Anthony read a paper on the help of God in religious work. He divided his subject into three parts: first, what is the help of God; secondly, what do we need it for; thirdly, what are the conditions on the human side which guaranteed it.

At the conclusion of his address the paper was discussed by Rev. George Ross and others.

Mr. E. R. Machum spoke on personality in the Sunday school. If it were, he said, a case of choosing between a trained teacher without the love of God in his heart and an untrained teacher with the love of God in his heart, it would be best to select the latter. The necessity of training, however, was emphasized. He strongly recommended the idea of having a department at Mount Allison for teaching young ministers how to take charge of Sunday school work. The minister, he said, was the leader of the people and the Sunday school was an important part of his work and unless he could receive such training in college where else could he receive it.

Rev. Mr. Farewell spoke on methods in Sunday school work and gave a number of ways by which the school could best be carried on. His remarks were discussed by Mr. Geo. Jenkins, Rev. Jas. Crisp and Rev. Geo. Ross.

On motion of Rev. Neil McLaughlin, seconded by Rev. Geo. Ross, a vote of thanks was extended Rev. Mr. Farewell for the excellent help he had rendered during the convention.

The meeting then adjourned.

LEBLANC GIRL FOUND HIDING IN WALTHAM

Continued from Page 1.

ing either of them is utterly preposterous." When told that Mr. Glover with his last breath had accused Hattie of being the means of his death, Mrs. LeBlanc replied, "If an angel from Heaven recorded the words I would throw the lie back in his teeth and declare my daughter was innocent."

Mr. Leblanc, Hattie's father, a stooped-shouldered, grey-haired man, was convulsed with grief when he heard the news of his daughter being wanted on a murder charge. "She did not kill Mr. Glover," he said with conviction, as tears streamed down his cheeks from worldworn, tired blue eyes. "My daughter could not do such a thing, why she was the gentlest baby that ever lived and at the bare sight of blood, should one of her schoolmates even cut her finger, would hasten home with a tearful tale of how the accident occurred. She was the light of our [illegible] continued the shaken old man. "[illegible] I would give my right arm now, rather that she should have left the old homestead. Her letters home were always full of good cheer and kind words for both Mr. and Mrs. Glover, who were like father and mother to her.

Prostrated With Grief.

When the reporter left the old couple they were both prostrated with grief, and feared for the mother as if she might lose her senses. Inquiry made of a number of people who had known Miss Leblanc before she left home, all bore out the conclusion that the girl had been of exemplary character and was beloved by all who knew her. She was a general favorite with the people and at the village fetes was usually declared belle of the occasion, both for her handsome appearance and good qualities in general.

Waltham, Mass., Nov. 23.—Found under the bed of Clarence F. Glover, the man with whose mysterious death she has been connected after hiding for three days without food and submitting to three and one half hours questioning, Miss Hattie LeBlanc of Arichat, C. B., collapsed in the police station early this morning under the stress of weakness and the interrogations. In a statement given out early today, the police say the 17-year-old girl admitted having been with Glover on Saturday night, claimed that he assaulted her in his laundry, that he drew a revolver and threatened her life, following which she ran from the building.

She said that as she was leaving by a window in the rear she heard one shot. Then she made her way to the Glover home, went to Mr. Glover's room and hid herself under his bed. No other person had any knowledge of her presence in the house, she said.

The young girl arrested on Monday night by the Portland police as the principal in the Glover murder, passed through the city last night en route to her home in Bathurst. Interviewed by a Standard reporter, she declared that she found but little difficulty in proving her identity to the somewhat over-zealous police of the Maine city.

"I was sleeping in the second class car," she declared, "when I was awakened by two men who shoved a copy of a Boston paper before me and asked if I did not recognize the subject of a picture it contained. While denying the supposed likeness, of course I felt that it would avail me nothing to create a scene and so I left the car."

"But were you not frightened?" queried the reporter.

"Not in the least. I felt certain of proving my identity satisfactorily, and was only anxious to reach home with as little fuss as possible. But please do not mention my name. I succeeded in silencing the Portland police, and I could not bear to have the thing come out now."

The wish of the Bathurst girl has been respected.

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