PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Tuesday, April 12.—The Bill to amend the Charter was read a third time, not without some faint opposition. Sent to the Council and there read a first and second time, and passed Committee. The Bill to continue the Lamp and Watch Act, St John, passed Committee—on motion it was read a third time, as the Governor comes down on Thursday to assent to Bills. Sent to Council and passed there.

The Bill for the protection of the Fisheries, &c., passed Committee without discussion.

Robinson brought in a Bill to make Campo Bello a free port.

The House in Supply—£20 voted to Dr. Ruddick, St. Martins, to reimburse him for Medical attendance on Indians. £10 to Dr. Wilson for like service at Richibucto. £40 to the African School at Loch Lomond. £100 to pay Michael White for services in the office of the Clerk of the Pleas.

Several grants to Old Soldiers, &c—£50 grant to Mr. Allen for publishing reports of Supreme Court, rejected after a long debate. Also, a grant to the publisher of the Charlotte Gazette for publishing Crown Land Advertisements some years since. £30 granted to Restigouche for expences of transient paupers and lunatics. Several returns were brought in by Partelow. Bill to empower Government instead of both Branches of the Legislature to appoint certain Directors of St. Andrew's Rail Road, passed Committee.

Wednesday April 13.—The House has been the greater part of the day in Supply—several grants recommended by the committee of trade passed, among others, £700 for a Breakwater at Sand Point. £250 to aid the extension of Wharf in rear of the Military grounds in Fredricton. £100 in aid of a Wharf in Maugerville to defend the road there. £25 to Grieves, Fredericton, for ferrying Mails for seven years. Several grants to old Soldiers, &c.

The bill to prevent intermural burial at St. Andrew's, and the bill to allow the Rector and Vestry of St. Mary's, Richibucto, to sell lands, &c., passed in committee.

Several grants were entered on the Supply Book.

Thursday, April 14*th*.—The Attorney General brought in a bill to amend the Act for the collection of the Revenue.

Mr. Harding, a bill to allow the issue of letters patent, for the manufacture of malleable iron from ore. Mr. Wilmot, a bill to facilitate the construction of a Bridge at Courtney Bay.

A Bill relating to inland posts, giving discretionary power to the Governor to regulate postage of books, &c., passed Committee. Also, Mr. Gray's Patent Bill—a debate of many hours—Mr. Cutler moved an amendment to the first section, to exclude from the Assembly all holding offices of profit removable by the Government—For this—Cutler, Needham, Hatheway, McPhelim, Pardy, Pickard, Ryan, Harding.

Mr. Johnston proposed an amendment for the exclusion of Deputy Treasurers, Excise Officers, Clerks of the Peace, Registrars, Commissioners of Public Works, Contracters, &c. For this—Barberie, Harding, Lewis, Williston, McPhelim, Kerr, Botsford, Johnson, Smith, Pickard, Hatheway. Against it—Speaker, Street, Partelow, Gray, Wilmot, Montgomery, Hayward, Cutler, Read, Gordon, Rice, Stiles, Taylor, McPherson, McLeod, Purdy, Thomson, Boyd, Porter, Jordan, Needham, Earle, Godard, Robinson.

Mr. Needham proposed an amendment doing away with the exclusion of Clergymen—only five supported the motion. First and second sections passed, and progress reported, after five o'clock. Much confusion on points of order, &c.

Several sums entered in supply, including £400 for roads to the Suspension Bridge.

The Governor was down to-day and assented to several Bills, previously passed.

The Committee on Telegraphs reported in favor of an incrsase of £5000 Stock to the Miramichi Company to be applied in the building of lines from Chatham to Restigouche, and from Chatham to Fredericton, and branches which shall not run paralell and near to the present existing lines.

Friday, April 15.—The Election Bill all day under consideration. Needham proposed an additional member for every County and for City of Fredericton—lost. Taylor moved a member for City of Fredericton—lost. The members for King's and York, Wilmot, Godard, and one or two others voted in favour. Section then passed without amendment. Smith proposed amendment for Biennial Parlinment, few supported, lost. Needham proposed universal suffrage, lost, yeas—Needham, Cutler, and Thomson. Harding proposed franchise be extended to persons owning £25 real property or £250 personal, a long discussion followed—only Harding, Needham, Johnson Smith, Botsford, Hatheway, English, and McPhelim supported.

Partelow declared he wished it known that he is in favour of Ballot and franchise extended to persons assessed on real estate, but opposed to any extension without the Ballot and would prefer the existing law; he wished the question of Ballot tried. Botsford proposed the Ballot—a fresh discussion. Gray pressed the necessity of registration, &c. Thomson argued that the Ballot would necessarily lead to universal suffrage.

For the Ballot—Speaker, Partelow, Botsford, Smith, Barberie, Williston, Rice, Ryan, Purdy, English, M'Phelim, Gilbert, Needham, Cutler, Hatheway, Harding, M'Leod, Johnson—18.

Against—Street, Wilmot, Gray, Thomson, Montgomery, Porter, Read, Lewis, Robinson, Gordon, Stiles, Taylor, Godard, M'Pherson, Jordan, Boyd, Hayward—17. Scoullar in the Chair.

Gray then moved an amendment, rendering registration necessary. Sustained by a large majority.

Taylor then proposed the Bill be postponed. Barberie seconded. Wilmot said he would oppose the Bill while Ballot is in it. Progress reported.

Partelow brought in a Bill to amend the Currency Bill.

Committee of Accounts reported on the accounts of the Penitentiary and Lunatic Asylum.—*Tel. to News Room.*

Saturday, April 16.—House in Supply—£50 to Chas. Johnston, for Sheriff of St. John, Election expenses; £100 towards the erection of a Seaman's Hospital at Shediac; £25 for a Wharf in King's County; £100 for a Bridge on the Nerepis Road; £40 to the Catholic School at Bathurst; £150 to aid in the erection of a Steamboat Wharf at St. Andrews; £300 to the Legislative Library. The latter part of the day was devoted to entering on the supply Book. £1000 was entered for expenses of the Law Commission; £500 to enable the Province to contribute to the New York and Dublin Exhibitions; £500 re-entered by Kerr to send home a delegate to lecture on emigration; several sums for increase of salaries to Clerks in Post Office, St. John, Post Masters and others recommended by the Post Office Committees' Report, Fishery Committee reported, and several special Committees, amounts recommended to be entered on supply; £150 for expense of enquiring into the state of Grand Manan; several sums for Reporters, &c.; £38,000 entered for Roads; £2000 for the importation of six horses recommended by the Agricultural Committee.

Reporting Debates.—Mr. Taylor moved that £50 be put on supply to remunerate William Watts, Jr., for Reporting the Debates during the present session.—After a little discussion the grant went on supply. Subsequently Mr. Taylor moved that £50 be paid John G. Lorimer for Reporting the Debates of the present session; also, £50 to J. P. Taylor for reporting the Debates in the Legislative Council (a similar sum being put on supply to James Hogg the previous evening.) These several sums were placed on supply. Mr. Jordan then moved that £50 respectively to T. W. Anglin and John E. Hooper for the same service, be placed on supply; to be adjudicated upon hereafter.

Monday, April 18.—The Bill to regulate weights and measures passed committee—several amendments and much discussion—weight of a bushel of oats fixed at 36 lb., &c.

The House in supply, £100 granted to Mr. Stewart, Deputy Treasurer at Dalhousie, as additional salary. £40 for a wharf at New Bandon. Some small sums for carrying mails, &c. £30 to a School at Cambelton. £24 for return duty on fire engines for St. Andrews. Grants for teachers to Indians at Tobique; for erection of Schools in Charlotte and Queen's Counties; for return duties on brewing apparatus imported into St. Andrews; and to provide for a Tide-waiter at Richibucto.

The Observer.

St. John, Tuesday, April 19, 1853.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND!

Arrival of the Pacific.

[*By Telegraph to the News Room, via Quebec.*]

NEW YORK, 18th April, 1853.

The Pacific, from Liverpool, 6th April, arrived at 2 P. M., on Sunday 17th.

In England the weather was fine.—Sales of breadstuffs limited, prices tending downwards—1d. on wheat, and 3d. to 6d. per barrel on flour is the decline noted since the America sailed.—Cotton lower, from 1-16th to 1-8th of a penny.

Both Houses of Parliament resumed the session on the 4th. M. DeLacy Evans gave notice of call for correspondence between England, France, Spain and the United States, concerning the alleged Cuba annexation project.

In the Lords, Lord Campbell called the attention of members to the address recently presented by the London merchants to the Emperor of France, which he characterized as an interference with the prerogative of the crown, and a violation of the laws of nations.—He wished to know if it had the sanction of the Queen's Government. The Earl of Clarendon dissented from Lord Campbell's views; and the Earl of Ellenborough supported them.

A schooner of about 140 tons was run down on the night of 29th ult., off the Isle of Wight by the steamer Minerva—all on board were lost.

The steamer Duke of Sutherland, a trader between London and Aberdeen, was wrecked on 1st inst., in the river Dee, and went to pieces—from 15 to 20 were drowned.

By recent arrivals from Australia very large quantities of gold have been received.

The difficulties between Switzerland and Piedmont with Austria and Prussia, threaten trouble the part taken by France in the question is attributed to the refusal of the Pope to visit Paris, for it is now said his Holiness has given a positive refusal.

A treaty for the mutual extradition of criminals is announced between Prussia and the United States.

The *Cologne Gazette* says—Lord Westmoreland had presented a note to the Austrian Government, declaring that England would keep an eye on Kossuth, Mazzini and other refugees, to prevent them from again engaging in any plots; and that if they come within the reach of the law they will be prosecuted.

The London Police are said to have prepared a list of all the refugees in that city.

There has been a fall of snow in Bohemia which lasted seven days, and blocked up all the roads.

CARLETON COUNTY ELECTION.—The election for a member of the House of Assembly, to fill the seat vacant by the death of the late H. H. Beardsley, Esq., took place yesterday. The following is the result, received this morning at the News Room, by Telegraph.—Candidates, Mr. Charles Connell, and Mr. B. C. Beardsley, father of the late Member:—

	CONNELL.	BEARDSLEY.
Richmond,	113	88
Woodstock,	112	83
Wakefield,	203	40
Simonds,	93	43
Wicklow,	58	70
	579	324

Majority for Mr. Connell, 255.

NEW MAGISTRATES.—At a recent meeting of the Executive Council, at Fredericton, the following gentlemen were appointed Justices of the Peace for this City and County:—

N. S. Demill, Thomas Harding, F. A. Wiggins, P. Bernard, Francis Ferguson, Geo Carvill, John Humbert, Edward Sears, Stephen R. Foster, and Wm. Doherty (Victoria House) of St John; Robert Douglas, and Otis Crookshank, of the Parish of Simonds; Francis Ruddick, and John F. Goddard, of Portland, and Jas. Olive, 2d, of Lancaster.

We learn that the Treasurer of the New-Brunswick Auxiliary Bible Society is in receipt of the following additional contributions to the Jubilee Fund of the *British and Foreign Bible Society*:

From the Sunday School of St. Andrews' Church, in connection with the Church of Scotland, Chatham, under the Superintendence of James Millar, Esq., £2 10s.—From the Parish Church, Bathurst, remitted by the Rev. N. Disbrow, 15s.—From the Parish Church, Loch Lomond, remitted by the Rev. James W. Disbrow, £2 7s. 5d.—From the Parish Church, Douglas, remitted by the Rev. Mr. Stuart, £1.—From Mrs. Morris, 5s.

THE EASTERN CITY.—The fine steamer *Eastern City* arrived in our harbour on Saturday night, from Boston, Portland and Eastport, and moored alongside the wharf at Reed's Point. She has received new boilers, which have been constructed in the best possible manner and of the very best material, and altogether she presents a very fine and substantial appearance. For speed and seagoing qualities, the Eastern City will bear comparison with any steamer which plies between St John and Boston; while Capt Winchester and the officers of the boat are well and favourably known to the travelling public, and will always be found at their post, regulating everything in the best manner for the safety, comfort and convenience of the passengers.—*New Brunswick.*

The *Eastern City* left this morning, at 8 o'clock, on her return trip to Boston, with a large number of passengers.

The scrutiny between Messrs. Littlehale and Olive, for the Aldermanship of Guy's Ward, has resulted in favor of Mr. Olive, by a majority of three votes.

We are sorry to learn, says the Quebec Morning Chronicle, that his Excellency the Governor General is labouring under an attack of erysipelas.

AUSTRALIA.—We have been favoured by Mr. O'Brien, with a pamphlet of 159 pages, bearing the following title:—

"Australia and her Gold Regions: a full description of its Geology, Climate, Products, Natives, Agriculture, Mineral Resources, Society, and Principal Cities, accompanied by a *Map of the Country*, and Statistical Tables, showing the Regulations and Results of Mining Operations, Cost of Passage, Necessary Outfit, and every particular of Information requisite for those desirous of Emigrating. The whole forming a complete Guide-Book to the Gold Mines. By R. G. JAMESON, M. R. C. S. E., two years a resident in, and late Medical Superintendent under her Majesty's Commissioners of Emigration to Australia."

To judge from what we have had time to read of it, it appears to be an interesting work, furnishing a large amount of information in relation to the gold regions, climate, products, and general resources of the country. For sale at Mr. O'Brien's Book Store, King-street. Price 2s. 6d.

"FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.—*A Key to* UNCLE TOM'S CABIN, *presenting the original Facts and Documents upon which the Story is founded; together with corroborative statements verifying the truth of the Work.*" By HARRIET BEECHER STOWE, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."—A copy of this work, just issued from the Boston press, has been put into our hands by Mr. B. O'Brien. It contains about 260 octavo pages, well printed in double columns, comprising a mass of documentary evidence and details of facts, corroborating the truth of the original story. Those who are in possession of the history of poor "UNCLE TOM," will of course obtain a copy of the key, to substantiate the Story; while those who have not yet perused the original have now an opportunity of obtaining both together. For sale at Mr. O'Brien's Book Store.

We learn that a large number of railway laborers and emigrants are shortly expected to arrive at this port from England. 250 are to come in the *Imperial* from Liverpool, 50 in the *Speed*; and a ship is to proceed to Shediac with passengers.

The Halifax Gas Company, at a recent meeting, resolved to reduce the price of Gas one shilling per 1000 cubic feet; the charge will, for the future, be 15s. per 1000 feet.

The steamship Niagara, Capt. Lang, sailed from Boston for Liverpool on Wednesday last, via Halifax, with 116 passengers for the former and 12 for the latter port. The Niagara took out on freight $33,880 in sovereigns.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.—This popular and interesting work, neatly printed in large clear new type, is for sale at Crawford's Book Store, King-street, at the low price of 1s. 6d. per copy.

Angus McCaskill, the Cape Breton giant, was at last accounts being exhibited at Havana. A mammoth placard represents the giant as dressed in full Highland costume, with particulars of him given in Spanish.

The Washington Union states that Mr. Buchanan will not supercede Mr. Ingersoll at the Court of St. James, until the first of July next.

☞ The lines of "*Chirivari*" are received, and will appear in our next paper.

We have very great pleasure in giving insertion to the following letter and reply:—

To the Rev. ALEXANDER STEWART, late Assistant Minister in the Parish of Saint John.

Reverend and Dear Sir,—

We, the undersigned Parishioners of Saint John, beg your acceptance of the sum mentioned in the enclosed Bank Receipt, as a small token of the sense we entertain of your devoted and faithful services as a Clergyman in this Parish during the last twelve years; and with all good wishes for the welfare of yourself, Mrs. STEWART and family, beg to subscribe ourselves, your faithful friends and servants.

[Signed by Eighty-nine Parishioners, and accompanied by a Bank Deposit Certificate for £202.

Saint John, April 9th, 1853.

REPLY.

St. John, April 11th, 1853.

MY DEAR CHRISTIAN FRIENDS,—

I thank you for the address you have presented to me, in which you express the opinion you entertain of my services as a Clergyman in Saint John, during the last twelve years.

In retiring from my Ministerial duties in this Parish, it is most gratifying to know that I take with me the approval and good wishes of so large a number of the Parishioners. While I have always felt deeply sensible of my deficiencies and short comings as a Christian Minister, it is no small consolation to find that those, among whom I have ministered, give me credit for having a sincere desire to be faithful to Him that sent me.

My warmest acknowledgments are due for the munificent sum mentioned in the Bank receipt handed to me, and which has been contributed by your bounty. Be assured I shall always cherish a grateful recollection of that, and the numberless other acts of kindness I have received from those among whom it has been my paid ege to minister for so many years.

In thanking you for your kind wishes for the welfare of myself, Mrs. STEWART and family, and praying that every blessing may attend you.

I am, my dear friends, your much obliged servant,

A. STEWART.

Hon. Mr. Justice PARKER, STEPHEN WIGGINS, Esq., and others, Parishioners of Saint John.

At a meeting of the Clergy of the Rural Deanery of St. John, held at St Luke's, Portland, on Tuesday last, present, the Rev. Dr. W. Cox, F. Coster, W. Harrison, J. W. Disbrow, W. Scovil, A. S. Swan, J. Armstrong, C. Lee, and H. Armstrong—the Rev. William Harrison, Rector of Portland, was elected Rural Dean for the next three years, subject to the confirmation of the Bishop.—*Com.*

A VALUABLE SALMON.—On the 15th March, young Mason, fisherman, of Margaret's Bay, caught a Salmon, which he shipped to New York—received $40 bounty for the first salmon in the market, and $18 for the Salmon—making £14 10s. for one fish.—[Halifax Br. North Am.

ITEMS.

Pardon of the Cuban Prisoners.—The steamer Isabel arrived at Charleston on the 11th, having left Havana on the 8th, and reports that the lives of the political prisoners had been spared. They were taken to the scaffold, when their pardons were read.

A fatal accident occurred last week in Williamsburgh, N. Y. A house, No. 177 Grand-st., fell to the ground, crushing a lad to death and injuring one man so badly that his recovery is considered doubtful.

Bishop Doane of New Jersey, has issued a pastoral letter to his clergy, informing them that he has again been presented for trial at the House of Bishops, and that the Court is to meet at Camden on the 1st of September. The Bishop says there are new charges in the presentment, and seems to be astonished at this revival of the matter.

The steam propeller Alps, Captain Wickham, arrived at Boston on Thursday last, in 15 days from Liverpool, with a large cargo of goods, a part of which is to be discharged at that port, and the residue carried to New York. The Alps brought only about 80 letters and no passengers.

The New York Collectorship.—Touching this office and its profits, the Providence Journal says, "we suppose that, one way and another, a man may get $50,000 a year out of the office, and keep clear of the State Prison."

The grand canopy of Franconi's Hippodrome in N. Y. was raised to its place on Saturday week. It is composed of 90,000 square feet of canvass. A large number of workmen are at present engaged on the decorations and arena. Some of the saloons intended for refreshment in the Hippodrome were rented last week for $400.

Papers by the Arce.—It is stated, on the authority of a well known statistician, that the New York daily papers consume twenty-eight acres of paper every day.

PEOPLING THE PACIFIC.—The *New York Herald* says, "nearly fifteen hundred men, women, and children, left this city on Saturday for California. Twice a month a like number leave our shores for those of the Pacific. The places left vacant by them are immediately filled by others crowding in from Europe. They are only a drop from the string of human beings running into this metropolis."

The packet ship New World has arrived at New York from Liverpool, with a large number of articles for exhibition at the Crystal Palace.

Bunker Hill Monument was twice struck by lightning a few days since. Persons who were in the monument thought it was going over. The bottom of one of the rods, where it entered the earth, was slightly melted, and a gentleman near the top, who was passing down and holding by the iron rail, received a shock from which he did not recover entirely for a couple of hours. The second shock sounded like the crash of a large quantity of glass thrown down the inside of the monument.

Another Victim of the Spiritual Manifestations.—We learn that Mr. Christian Snively, a very worthy and industrious citizen of this borough, has become insane on this ridiculous and absurd subject. This is the first instance that has occurred from this vile and sacriligious practice in our borough, and has caused a considerable sensation among our people. He has been conveyed to the Pennsylvania Lunatic Asylum, and is now a raving maniac. We trust that this sad result may prove a salutary warning to all who have made a practice of attending spirit rapping meetings, and giving countenance to this base and wicked system of imposition.—[Harrisburg, Pa., Union.

FROM JAMAICA.—We have Kingston papers to the 4th inst., inclusive.

The yellow fever still prevailed among the shipping. Among the recent victims was the Captain of the Coolie Immigrant ship Wm. Jardine. A number of his seamen were also down.

The Coolie trade was quite active—vessels frequently arriving and departing. The Australia, at Trinidad, brought 413 Chinese Coolies, who were landed in good order and condition.—*N. Y. Mirror.*

The sugar crop of Barbadoes and St. Lucia is likely to run short.

The Sultan has granted a large piece of ground for a cemetery for Christians of all communions, and it was said that he would even pay the expense of building a wall around it.

From English Papers by the America at Halifax.

The steamship *America*, arrived at Halifax at 8 o'clock on Wednesday last, with Liverpool dates to the 2d inst., and 98 through passengers.

A prevailing subject of interest in England is a revision of the Income Tax, and it is known that the Ministry cannot agree in their views respecting it.

The colliers at Glasgow have struck successfully for higher wages. Also the Liverpool Railway clerks; and the operations of the movement have extended to Manchester and most parts of the country. At Southampton and elsewhere the merchants are entering into agreements with their clerks to remain with them a certain number of years.

All classes of employees are receiving increased remuneration.

Sixty-four ships were up at Liverpool for Australia.

From Ireland the emigration sets chiefly to America.

The Canadian Company had held their annul meeting. Their affairs are flourishing. Surplus over the year's expenditure, £43,000.

Arrangements are completed by the anti-slavery committee to give Mrs. Stowe a puclic reception in Glasgow City Hall.

The steamship Great Britain, from Australia, arrived at Liverpool on the 2d inst.

Banquet to the Ministers at the Mansion House.—On Monday, according to annual custom, the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor entertained Her Majesty's Ministers and a large and distinguished party at the Mansion-house. The banquet was, as usual, laid out in the Egyptian Hall, and was remarkable for the profusion of the delicacies and the completeness of the general arrangements—*London Patriot.*

GOLD IN MAYO.—The fact of the existence of gold in the soil of Mayo was perfectly established here last week in the yard of Mr. Brennan, where his workmen were sinking a hole for the erection of his gasometer. The ore found has been tested by Dr. Atkinson, who pronounced it to be pure gold.—*Castlebar Telegraph.*

Apsley House, the London residence of the late Duke of Wellington, had remained open to the visits of the public, on tickets delivered to all applicants to the 26th ult., when it had closed. There had been many thousand visitors of all classes of persons, and no instance of misconduct or abuse of privilege had occurred.

Thirty-eight dead bodies had been recovered from the Wigan coal mine, in consequence of the late explosion, and it was supposed that there were ten or twelve more.

The amount of the new copper comage is to be 500 tons.

Edinburgh is projecting a Great Industrial Exhibition, to be held in that city next year.

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT.—Only fifteen public Acts of Parliament have been passed in the present session, which assembled in November, and after a short sitting adjourned to the beginning of last month.

ACTIVITY IN THE NAVAL YARDS.—"The Prince Regent," 90, Captain Hutton; "London," 90, Captain Mundy; "Sidon," steam-frigate, 22, Captain Goldsmith; and "Leopard," 12, steam-frigate, Captain G. Giffard, all at Portsmouth, have been ordered to prepare for sea, supposed for the Mediterranean. At Chatham, the "Imperieuse," screw steam-ship of 50 guns, was ordered to be completed, in all her departments, by the 24th inst. The "Duke of Wellington," 131, Captain H. B. Martin, C.B., is progressing very rapidly with her outfits at Portsmouth.

The Bishop of Melbourne has applied for a loan of £5,000 or £6,000, to import into his diocese a number of iron churches, to be set up at the diggings and elsewhere.

ROUND THE WORLD.—Among the passengers by the "Bengal" is Mr. Pemberton, from New South Wales, who has, perhaps, for the first time, circumnavigated the world by steam, having gone out in the "Great Britain" to Melbourne and Sydney, and returned by the "Chusan" to Singapore, and thence by the company's other steamer to Southampton. He has been absent from England only seven months.

The Maidai are expected at Paris, where they will be met by a deputation of the London Bible Society.

Business was dull at Paris, both for manufacturers and shopkeepers.

Australia dates per Calcutta steamship are to Jan. 5th, from Port Phillip. Accounts of Gold favourable. The miners at all the diggings number 100,000. Political state of the colony unaltered; the social condition is much worse. Trade at Sydney, brisk; Flour, £25.

The Van Dieman's Land Assembly refuses to vote the supplies unless England will promise to immediately abolish penal transportation to the Colony.

The Liverpool Cotton Market has advanced ½d. on all descriptions of American, except the low qualities, which are partially ¼d. dearer.—Sales of the week, 82,620 bales.

Flour offered more freely at a decline of 6d. to 9d. Indian Corn in fair request, chiefly for Ireland. Yellow being scarce, sold at full prices. The imports of breadstuffs were very small during the week.

Iron Trade quiet; rather downward tendency. Common Bars, £8 5s. to £10s. Rails £8 10s. to £8 15s.

The Bullion in the bank of England has increased £185,000.

Freights were very steady during the week. Passengers more plentiful.

THE LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION.—It is no secret that Mr. Disraeli has been virtually deposed from the leadership of the so-called Conservative Opposition, and that the most respectable of the "large-acred squirearchy," whom he has by turns coaxed and quizzed during the last seven years, have pretty well made up their minds to accept Sir John Pakington as their chief.—*Morn. Chron.*

COMMANDER INGLEFIELD, R. N., had an interview with the French Emperor on Wednesday, when, as a mark of great esteem and full appreciation of his services in the Arctic Seas, Louis Napoleon presented him with a magnificent diamond snuff-box. Before he left Paris, the president of the Geographical Society forwarded to him a set of French charts of the world, just published, and containing his recent discoveries in the Arctic Seas.

TRANSPORTATION OF A WEALTHY MAN.—Andrew Saulsbury, a Leicester pawnbroker, occupying his own property (a house long in the occupation of the famous Miss Linwood), and reported to be worth £10,000, has been sentenced to seven years' trasportation. It would seem that he had palmed upon his dupes, as "unredeemed pledges," articles professing to be gold which were merely plated.

AN UNLUCKY HONEYMOON.—During the late snow-storms in Scotland, a bridal pair, returning from their wedding, wandered into a moss. For two or three days, cart and baggage remained there, obliging the "happy pair" to spend their honeymoon in an empty hut on the mountain side, little better than those subterraneous abodes scattered over the frozen plains of Lapland.

EMIGRATION FROM IRELAND.—According to the Irish journals, the "exodus" seems likely to be as great this year as last. For some time past we have read weekly statements to this effect. Another complaint is, that in spite of so many failures of the crop and their fearful results, the breadth of potatoes will not be materially less than heretofore.

THE SUPPLY OF GOLD IN AUSTRALIA.—Respecting the probability of the continuance of the yield, the Rev. Mr. Clark, geologist, writes:—"The more I see of the great backbone of this continent the more I am impressed with the high probability of the extension of the gold fields far beyond the present limits of search;" whilst the "Own Correspondent" of the *Times* says, "My belief is that the gold fields of Australia are of such an extent that they will yield the precious metal in at least the same proportion as hitherto, *for centuries to come.*"

NEW COMET.—On the 6th of March a comet was discovered at the Observatory of the Collegio Romano, at Rome, which Mr. Hind finds presenting strong indications of identity with that of 1664, one of the most minutely described comets recorded in history.

The Artesian Well from which Paris is supplied with water, was sunk to a depth of 1800 feet before a supply of water was found. A well in Flanders was sunk to a depth of 3000 feet, and a supply of warm water has ever since issued from it in copious volumes.

A Ukase prohibits Jews acting as agents for christian Houses in Russia.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—The news from the Cape of Good Hope is of a most satisfactory character, if full credit is to be placed in the declarations now made of peace with the Kaffirs. Sandili and Macomo have retired beyond the Kei with the other refractory chiefs; and a proclamation has been issued announcing that her Majesty's faithful friend Kreili has made peace, and promised to respect the boundaries of the Kei and the Indwe as the future limits of his territories. Gen. Cathcart is again making the attempt to procure free settlers, excluding natives and Kaffirs, to locate in the Amatola mountains, with military posts in strong positions, so as to defend the frontiers. If the hands of these settlers are not tied the experiment may succeed; but unless they can have recourse to the old commando system they will inevitably be exposed to incessant depredations and incursions from the Kaffirs. The sense of Parliament will probably be taken upon this new experiment, and unless General Cathcart's scheme is approved at home, the settlers are to receive compensation with land elsewhere. We shall be very glad if permanent tranquility is at length restored to the colony.

INDIA.—The telegraphic news from India is of a highly satisfactory character. Ambassadors from Ava had reached General Godwin's camp, and strong hopes were entertained that peace would be immediately concluded. The Emperor of Ava was besieged in a small fort by a younger brother, who had gained over the army, to his cause; and as he was certain of reducing the fort, and was very anxious to make peace with the British commander, we may anticipate that the next accounts will communicate to us the termination of this wretched "little war." We have to deplore the loss of Captain Loch, the flag captain of the Winchester, Lieut. Kennedy, R. N., and Capt. Pryce, 67th Bengal Native Infantry, with 88 men killed and wounded. A gallant body of 300 men were sent against a robber chief, near Donabow, and having made an attack upon a strong position defended by about 1000 men, the British were repulsed, with the loss of two guns and the serious casualties we have described. Captain Loch, had distinguished himself in the Chinese war, and in the boat expedition in the river San Juan de Nicaragua in 1846. Rangoon has almost been destroyed by conflagration. The rebellion in China was becoming more and more serious.

The following letter is somewhat amusing:—

Letter from Abd-el Kader to the Marquis of Londonderry.

BROUSSA, Feb. 19, 1853.

"Praise be to the only God. To his lordship, the magnificent, the highly exalted, the man of heart, the key of happy issues, before whom misfortune flees, the General Vane Londonderry, the Irishman; health to you and to your spouse, not less gracious than noble. We have arrived at Broussa—in health and happiness. Never can we forget you, and your friendship, so much the more precious to us as you are a man of honor, doing good to all men—because, likewise, you have loved us and have treated us with compassion; and, thirdly, because you are allied by an ancient friendship to our well-beloved, and our benefactor, his Majesty, the Emperor Napoleon III. We thank you always. Receive this sincere expression of our acknowledgments. May we not be lost to your recollection! Write to us.

"The greeting of

"ABD-EL-KADER, BEN-MAHHI-EDDIN."

Lord Londonderry, addressing the "Most illustrious heroe, and noble Chieftain," reciprocates, for himself and spouse, the feelings of delight and exultation felt by the Emir on regaining his liberty. He concludes pathetically:—

"If, unhappily, we should but seldom meet in this world, at least this 'Man of Heart and Honour' will always remain devoted to the good cause, and to the Emir Abd-el-Kader.

FRANCE.—The coronation has been postponed until August. The budget of next year is much reduced by the Council of State. The proposed expenditure is within the income.

On the 28th a deputation presented to the Emperor the address of the London Merchants and Bankers, expressing friendly feelings toward France. The Emperor replied that he had faith in the good sense of the English people. At one time last year he feared the English opposition was mislead respecting France; that he constantly labored to develope the prosperity of France. Her interests were not different from those of the other civilized nations, therefore, he said, like you, I desire peace; and to make it sure, I wish, like you, to draw closer the bonds which unite our two countries.

The Deputation from London with the pacific address of English merchants to the Emperor, comprised the following gentlemen:—

Sir James Duke, Bart., M. P.; Sir Edward Buxton, Bart.; Mr. Samuel Gurney, Mr. William Gladstone, Mr. St. Leger Glynn, Mr. Thomas Dent, Mr. J. D. Powles, and Mr. G. Barclay. They were commissioned by nearly 3,000 of the merchants, bankers and traders of London, to wait upon the French Emperor, and to present to him a declaration of the friendly feelings which exist in England towards the people of France, and to deprecate the ill-feeling which the tone of certain English journals has been calculated to arouse.

The next day the Emperor received a deputation of the English Atlantic and Pacific Junction Company.

The ambassadors from Peru and New Granada, accompanied the deputation.

Sir Charles Fox, President of the New Company, explained the plans to the Emperor, who promised the undertaking his superintendence, and added, "I am happy to have received your deputation, after that of the merchants of London, who yesterday expressed the strongest sentiments in favor of the maintenance of peace. These sentiments have at all times been my own."

Col. Hughes had a private audience with the Emperor respecting the New York exhibition. Col. Hughes suggested the appointment of a French commission to send out articles in a ship of war, and these suggestions were well received by the Emperor.

The Madiai are shortly expected in Paris from Marseilles. They have been visited at Marseilles by the British Consul and almost all the English residents in that city. Their hotel is constantly crowded with sympathetic visiters.

The health of M. de Lamartine, far from improving, is now (says the Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post*) in a state which causes the utmost affliction to his friends. The physicians give no hopes of his recovery.

The estimates of the French War Department have been reduced for 1854, from 324,232,663f. to 308,386,046f.

The grand ball of the *Legislative Corps* to the Emperor and Empress came off on Monday night. More than 4000 persons were present, and amongst them many of the friends of Gen. Cavaignac.

A shocking tragedy has occurred at Lyons. On Friday last M. Emile de Vauxonne, President of the Council-general, President of the Municipal Commission of Lyons, and a judge of the Imperial Court there, went to the shop of M. Gobart, a gunmaker, in the Rue St. Dominique, with a brace of pistols which he desired to have repaired. While explaining the defects in the pistols, he tried the lock springs several times, holding the hammer with his thumb, and letting it down gently upon the nipple. Presently the hammer slipped from his hold, the pistol went off, and M. Gobart, who was close to the muzzle, fell, exclaiming, "I am a dead man." He, however, rose almost immediately, and managed to walk into an adjoining room, where his cries for help alarmed his wife, who immediately uttered piercing screams. M. de Vauxonne completely lost his presence of mind, seized the other pistol, which was also loaded, and shot himself dead on the spot. It appears that M. Gobart has merely received a flesh wound in the breast, and is in no danger.

The Queen of Spain has commanded that the Countess of Montijo shall have a guard of honor on her journey from Irun to Madrid.

The Pope, it is said, has presented to the Emperor of Austria, through the Cardinal and Nuncio, a tooth taken from the blessed remains of the Apostle Peter, by the hands of his Holiness himself.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.—The United States' frigate St. Lawrence arrived at Valparaiso on the 27th of January. "She brought," says a Valparaiso paper, "advices of a very satisfactory nature from Honolulu to the 20th of November. An assurance of the benevolent disposition of the Prince President of France towards the Hawaian Government had been conveyed to King Kamehameha and a treaty similiar to those concluded with the United States and Great Britain had been prepared at Paris, to be sent to the said islands, putting an end to the long-pending discussions respecting brandy and religion.

PRUSSIA.—A telegraph from Berlin says that a conspiracy had been discovered, and 20 persons arrested. Eighty houses had been searched, and arms and ammunition found. About 80 persons were arrested for wearing the Calabrian hat, a revolutionary symbol.

A disastrous fire had occurred at Cronstadt. All the principal timber wharves were burnt.—Loss 600,000 roubles. Most of the houses in the timber trade suffer.

Armaments continue in the south of Russia, and stores for 15,000 men are said to be collected at Odessa.

AUSTRIA.—The Arch Duke Albert will take the place of Radetsky, in Italy.

General HAYNAU's sudden decease has not much surprised those who knew what his habits were. He was a great eater, and the large quantities of strong wines and coffee which he drank continually kept him in a state of unnatural excitement. His death is attributed to an affection of the heart, under which he had long laboured. The man who did so much to repress the revolution was cut down himself on the famous 13th of March, the anniversary of its breaking out.

GERMANY.—Matilda Hitzfeld, an American lady, apprehended recently at Hiedelberg, as an agent of the revolutionary committee, is condemned to six weeks imprisonment.

The Duke of Hesse Dramstadt, alarmed at the emigration going on, requests the neighbouring potentates to arrest any of his subjects attempting to leave without his permission.

LOMBARDY.—A proclamation is published announcing an amnesty to all concerned in the recent troubles.

TURKEY.—The agreement between the Government and the new Bank was signed on the 11th. English capitalists advance the bulk of the means.

A new tax of 1,700,000 piasters is imposed on the Island of Candia.

PERSIA.—A rumour is current at the Paris Bourse that Persia had broken off diplomatic intercourse with England, and sought the protection of Russia; but this requires confirmation.

HOW HARD IT IS TO BE CONTENT.—A laundress who was employed in the family of a Governor, said to him, with a sigh, "Only think, your Excellency, how small a sum of money would make me happy." "How little, Madam?" said the Governor. "Oh! dear Sir, twenty pounds would make me perfectly happy." "If that is all, you shall have it," and he immediately gave it to her, She looked at it with thankfulness, and, before the Governor was out of hearing, she exclaimed, 'I wish I had said forty!'—*The Moralist.*

Passengers per Mail Steamer *America*, from Liverpool to Halifax, and by the *Creole* from Windsor, on Saturday morning—Messrs. G. E. Snider, J. A. Morrison, J. Horsfall, J. Hardy, J. M. Anderson, P. McCullough, J. Storms, and Capt. D. W. Cronk.

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. John Armstrong, Rector of St. James' Church, Lower Cove, Mr. Robert Dalton, of the Parish of Portland, to Miss Margaret Jane Robinson, of this City.

On Thursday morning, by the Rev. John Allison, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. John Ennis, to Miss Elizabeth B., only daughter of the late Capt. William Lawton, all of this City.

On the 6th inst., by the Rev. R. Knight, Mr. Peter Lennin, to Miss Margaret Campbell, both of Westfield, King's County.

On the 13th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Elder, Mr. Robert Forsyth, to Miss Ellen Clingan, both of this City.

On Saturday morning last, at St. Malachy's Church, by the Rev. John Quinn, Mr. Thomas Dunham, to Miss Susan E., second daughter of Mr. James Olson, all of this City.

On the 13th inst., by the Rev. William Donald, A. M